"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday; not much change in temperature.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,487. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1919. THIRTY-TWO PAGES.
TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

INTERBOROUGH STRIKE ENDED AT MIDNIGHT; MEN GET 25 PER CENT. MORE; NO FARE INCREASE; LANSING MAKES STRONG DEMAND ON MEXICO

MEXICO WARNED OF GRAVE VIEW OF KIDNAPPING

Note to Carranza Said to be One of the Strongest Sent Out by Washington.

RANSOM FOR AIRMEN SENT

Lansing Hears of Another Citizen Kidnapped, One Injured, and a Holdup in Mexico.

WAR DEPARTMENT BUSY

Preparing to Meet Any Emergency That May Arise as a Result of Latest Border Incident.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The United States Government has officially notified President Carranza of Mexico that it views the situation, which has arisen as the result of the capture by Mexican bandits of Lieutenants Paul H. Davis and Harold G. Peterson of the Air Service, and the holding of these young officers for a $15,000 ransom, as a most serious matter, and one that demands "quick action" on the part of the Carranza Government.

It was learned on high authority tonight that the note which the State Department has sent to Carranza, regarding the case of Lieutenants Davis and Peterson, is one of the strongest this Government has ever transmitted to a foreign power. Furthermore, it was ascertained from the same high source that the War Department is proceeding just as vigorously in the matter as is the Department of State and is preparing to meet any situation that may arise as a result of the Candelaria incident.

That this incident may prove to be the act that will lead to the adoption of the "radical change in policy," referred to by Secretary Lansing in his note of July 22 to the Mexican Government, is the view of many well-informed persons in Washington tonight.

Up to this time Secretary of War Baker and General March, Chief of Staff, have made no public utterance regarding the matter, but that both realize the incident is one demanding most serious consideration on the part of the authorities is well known.

Thus far the War Department has not been advised of the release of Lieutenants Davis and Peterson. To save their lives the Government has authorized the payment of the ransom demanded by the bandits.

Another Citizen Kidnapped.

Late this afternoon the Department of State received a telegram from the American Embassy in Mexico City which brought the news of another kidnapping in Mexico, in which the victim was an American citizen. This citizen, who is a Porto Rican doctor, is now held as a prisoner on Mount Ajusco, a mountain within a few hours' horseback ride of Carranza's own palace in Mexico City. Doctor A. Goenaga, the captive, was kidnapped nearly four weeks ago, and if the bandits kept their word he was killed last Friday, which was the time set as the limit for the payment of the ransom demanded by the bandits.

Secretary Lansing, in making public the facts in the case of Dr. Goenaga, said that the American Embassy in Mexico City promptly filed a demand on Carranza as soon as it was informed that Goenaga was a captive. This was when a letter, dated July 22, reached Mexico City from Dr. Goenaga.

Carranza claims that the kidnappers are members of a "rebel" force, which claim if true would verify reports that "rebel forces" are operating at the very gates of the Mexican capital.

The "rebels," according to official advices from Mexico City, apear to have a fairly well organized force under command of Valentino Reyes, who, it appears, is heading a band of bandits and anti-Carranzistas with headquarters in the mountains near Mexico City.

In his letter, written July 22, Dr. Goenaga wrote that the Mexicans had informed him that they would kill him unless the ransom, the amount of which the State Department's information fixed at "several thousand pesos" was paid by last Friday.

Late this afternoon Secretary Lansing, referring to the kidnapping of Dr. Goenaga, said that the Mexican Foreign Office had informed the American Embassy in Mexico City that Mexican troops had been hurriedly sent to the rescue of Dr. Goenaga and that the Mexican Government was inclined to pay the ransom if necessary to save the prisoner's life.

Other disquieting news that officially came out of Mexico today, and which was made public by Secretary Lansing, told of the attack on an American truck train in the State of Chihuahua

Continued on Page Five.

Out of the Mouths of Babes—comes the demand for IMPERIAL GRANUM, the Unsweetened Food.—Advt.

Big Increase in Wages for British Engineers

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Government today gave out details of the new offer which Sir Auckland Geddes, Minister of Reconstruction, on Friday promised the Executive Committee of the locomotive engineers and firemen would be communicated to it today.

The Government's offer amounts to an increase of approximately 100 per cent. over the average standard prewar rate of pay for the classes concerned and gives a majority of the engine drivers a new standard wage in excess of their present earnings. The offer is at present under consideration by the National Union of Railwaymen, which will hold an executive meeting tomorrow.

Sir Robert Stevenson Horne, Minister of Labor, announced today that the Government hopes at the next session of Parliament to introduce a bill providing for unemployment insurance on a contributory basis.

BRITAIN IN PERIL, PREMIER WARNS

Spending Too Much and Not Producing Enough, Lloyd George Tells Commons.

TO LIFT IMPORT EMBARGO

Rejects Nationalization of Mines—Wants United States to Guard Armenia.

LONDON, Aug. 18, (Associated Press.)—In a three hours' speech in the House of Commons, in which he dealt with Great Britain's domestic affairs generally, David Lloyd George, the Prime Minister, today disclosed three important decisions of the Government. Two of these had been widely discussed and the Government's purpose with regard to them was anxiously awaited.

One of the decisions was that the post-war plan of ultra protection, under which imports were limited to those for which special licenses were granted by the Board of Trade, will be abandoned Sept. 1, and the putting into effect of measures to prevent "dumping."

The second decision was the rejection of the majority report of Justice Sankey s Coal Commission, which provided for the gradual nationalization of coal mines, and in its stead launching a plan for partial Government control by which the Government will buy out the owners of coal lands who receive royalties from mining companies, give the miners a share in the control of the mines, organize the mines into districts and establish a fund for improving the living conditions of miners.

Under the third decision the Government will embody in a bill recommendations for a joint industrial council of employers and employes and a forty-eight-hour week and a living wage applying to nearly all industries.

America Delays Peace With Turkey.

During his address the Premier placed responsibility for the delay in making peace with Turkey upon the United States. Great Britain, he said, desired to know how far the United States was prepared to assume her share in the guaranteeing of the protection of people under the former Turkish yoke, and while awaiting this information Great Britain had occupied Turkish territory.

Mr. Lloyd George used strong words in dealing with the necessity for the promoters of the League of Nations to show good faith by reducing armaments. He said that those who believed most in the League of Nations must trust in it most, and the remainder would follow them. Great Britain was ready to reduce armaments as a first condition of real economy in world armaments, and if all other countries also were ready economy would result. If the nations increased their armaments, the Premier declared, the League of Nations would be a mere sham and a scrap of paper.

The Premier dealt at length with the economic situation. The war, he said, had cost Great Britain £40,000,000,000 and most of this sum was spent for purposes of destruction. The national debt had grown from £641,000,000 to £7,800,000,000. Pensions cost the Government £100,000,000 yearly.

"We have advanced some £4,000,000,000 to the world, from which we are getting something like £200,000,000 yearly in interest," he said. "We have sold £1,000,000,000 of foreign securities to pay for war material for ourselves and our allies. We have borrowed £1,200,000,000 from America and Canada for the same purpose. Our allies, including Russia, owe us £1,800,000,000."

An outstanding fact of the present situation, he went on, was an alarming adverse trade balance of £800,000,000, which, if the country continued in the way it was going, would reach £1,000,-

Continued on Page Three.

PALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES Cork and Plain Ends.—Advt.

TO ALLOW WILSON TO FIX FAIR PRICES ON ALL NECESSITIES

House Agricultural Committee Would Give President More Power Than He Asked.

PLAN TO REPORT BILL TODAY

Provides Heavy Penalties on All Dealers, Doing $100,000 Business, Violating Regulations.

HOUSE DEBATES HIGH PRICES

Many Representatives Favor Extending Igoe Resolution on Shoes to Other Commodities.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—President Wilson is authorized to fix a fair price on all necessaries and is given power to impose a heavy fine or imprisonment upon any dealer or producer, except retailers doing a business of less than $100,000 annually, who sells his wares above the "fair price" determined upon by the governmental agencies in the draft of the amended Food Control bill submitted to the House Agriculture Committee today by Chairman Haugen.

The proposed amendments, drafted by Representative Haugen, after a conference with Assistant United States Attorney General Ames, go further than was proposed by the President in his message to Congress. All necessaries of life are brought under the provision of the Food Control act, whereas the President merely suggested wearing apparel and food commodities. By the terms of the tentative amendments the President would have price fixing authority, in lieu of the licensing system in the food act. Because it would be difficult to re-establish the licensing system and because the price fixing scheme is more direct, Chairman Haugen thinks the House will accept the latter plan in place of the cumbersome licensing system used during the war.

The amendments prepared by Chairman Haugen, while giving the Government power to punish profiteers by a fine of $5,000 and imprisonment, spefifically exempts farmers, planters, ranchmen, and dairymen from the operations of the section dealing with profiteering.

Mr. Haugen said that the committee intended to amend the bill so that it would include necessaries and give the Administration greater power to cope with the entire cost of living program only for the period of the war, until peace is formally proclaimed. The committee, he said, was averse to extending war-time methods into actual peace times, and nothing would be done in this direction until the Judiciary Committee had passed upon the advisability of strict regulations for peace times.

Text of Tentative Amendments.

The tentative amendments to the Food Control act which Mr. Haugen believes will be adopted by the committee without material changes, follow:

"1. The President is authorized to issue regulations, prescribing requirements for systems of reports, and entry and inspection by the President's duly authorized agents to be observed by any person to whom the provision of this section applies and who is engaged in the importation, manufacture, storage, mining or distribution of any necessity. Whenever the President finds that any storage charge, commission, profit or practice of any such person is unjust or unreasonable or discriminatory, or unfair, or wasteful, he shall order such person within a reasonable time fixed in the order to discontinue such storage charge, commission, profit, or practice. The President may in lieu of such unjust, unreasonable, discriminatory and unfair, or wasteful, storage charge, commission, profit or practice, find what is a just, reasonable, nondiscriminatory and fair or nonwasteful storage charge, commission, profit or practice. In any proceding brought in any court such finding of the President shall be prima facie of the facts found.

"2. Any person violating any provision of this section, or any regulation or order isued by the President there under, shall upon conviction therefor be fined not exceeding $5,000 or imprisonment for not more than two years, or both.

3. This section shall not apply (a) to any farmer, gardener, horticulturist, vineyardist, planter, ranchman, dairyman, stock man or other agriculturist with respect to any necessary produced

Continued on Page Four.

CARDINAL GIBBONS URGES ALL CATHOLICS to use THE MANUAL OF PRAYERS.—Advt.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

See a Gain for Germany in Labor Troubles Here

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 15.—In spite of the pessimistice outlook of Germany's financial situation at present, THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that Minister of Finance Rechberg and other authorities are not so pessimistic as writers in the press, and believe the general situation would be improved by a loan from America on which they would base economic reconstruction.

They are also counting on severe labor troubles in America and England which they believe are now only beginning, whereas Germany, having started under labor troubles earlier, now considers herself at least a year ahead of the Entente countries in this respect.

Labor unrest in Germany is becoming subdued and the people are beginning to work, especially since the authorities convinced them they would not get food unless they did work.

STRIKERS CLOSE 5 MORE THEATRES

Only Three Houses Conducted by Managers' Association Members Open.

ACTORS PARADE IN THE RAIN

Playwrights Move to Bring Producers and Players Into Agreement.

Striking stage hands and musicians, called out in sympathy with the actors, compelled five more attractions to suspend in this city last night.

The closed theatres were the Selwyn, where "The Challenge" has been playing; the Astor, where "East Is West" reopened last Saturday night after the striking actors in the company had been replaced by the management; the Forty-eighth Street, where "Those Who Walk in Darkness" had its premiere last Thursday, and the New Amsterdam Theatre roof, where the Ziegfeld Nine O'Clock Revue and the Midnight Frolic had been previously undisturbed.

Last night only three New York theatres operated by members of the Producing Managers' Association gave performances of regular dramatic attractions, and indications were that the men in these three houses would walk out tonight.

With the closing of five of the managers' attractions, and as if in celebration thereof, the Actors' Equity Association launched the first of a series of strike benefit performances at the Lexington Theatre before an audience that filled every seat and stood ten deep in the rear of the auditorium. Late in the afternoon an injunction was served on Ed Wynn, who was to have been on the program, preventing him from appearing in alleged violation of the contract calling for his exclusive services. The managers announced that a test case would be made, to determine if the other performers also could be prevented from appearing.

In the afternoon the actors and stage hands, several thousand strong, paraded Broadway in the rain from Sixty-third Street to Madison Square, singing and cheering as they walked.

David Belasco, in an open letter addressed to the members of the Actors' Equity Association, charged that their President, Francis Wilson, sold out to the theatrical syndicate in 1899, and that on that occassion he had referred to actors as "an emotional, irresponsible and shiftless lot."

Brady Threatens to Quit.

At the Playhouse last night, after the second act of "At 9:45," William A. Brady announced that he would retire from the producing field if the strike should be won by the actors. Mr. Brady is the third manager to make this announcement, the others being David Belasco and George M. Cohan.

The closing of five attractions last night followed the walk-out of the men at four theatres on Saturday night and was the second step in what is probably intended to be a progressive strike. Charles C. Shay, President of the stage hands' union, said last night that his organization was determined to "go the limit," and there was no doubt that several more theatres would be closed tonight.

Those which seem most likely to be attacked are the Playhouse, the Booth, and the Winter Garden, which are being operated by members of the Producing Managers' Association. At the Playhouse a note in the program provides for such an emergency by calling attention of the audience to the fact that if scenery cannot be set a black screen will be lowered to indicate certain

Continued on Page Eight.

HOTEL WOLCOTT, 4 W. 31st St., by Fifth Ave. Restaurant pleases the most exacting.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

NIXON FIXES THE TERMS

Gains Strike Agreement After Series of Conferences Lasting All Day.

WAGES THE BIG OBSTACLE

Men Held Firm for 50 Per Cent. Increase Six Hours Before Compromise Was Reached.

ARBITRATE OTHER DEMANDS

Governor Argues with Brotherhood Leaders During Long Wrangle.

The fact that the strike on the Interborough had been settled, and that the rapid transit lines would be running again this morning, became known late yesterday when the conferences closed between Governor Smith, Public Service Commissioner Nixon, and representatives of the Interborough Company and the Brotherhood.

There were times during the six hours that the conference lasted when it appeared the strike would go on indefinitely, and that the hard words exchanged at the meeting before the Mayor on Saturday and threats made by prosecuting officials had built a barrier between strife and peace.

During the conference the corridors of the Public Service Commission's offices were crowded with labor men and various shades of officials, all eager to learn what the outcome would be. At the end of the day it was declared that the present administration would never agree to any increase in the rate of fare and that the Interborough would be forced into the hands of a receiver by Jan. 1, unless it got relief in the meantime.

City officials, it was said, would not be sorry to see the property pass into the hands of a receiver, because then a reorganization would be bound to follow, with a possible recasting of the city's contract with the company, resulting to the city's advantage.

There were all sorts of rumors as to compromises and secret agreements which would redound to the advantage of the company later on, but none was in any way substantiated. The talk began, circled around, and ended with discussions bearing directly upon the demands of the strikers. Nothing else was considered, and representatives of the Brotherhood appeared disinclined to discuss anything else. Whenever the talk drifted from this point, one of them would bring it back to what clearly was the main question to them.

Men Shy at Invitation.

Shortly after 10 o'clock, Commissioner Nixon and Transit Construction Commissioner Delaney asked John Mitchell, head of the State Labor Department, to meet with them. Mr. Mitchell arrived shortly afterward, and the situation was gone over until 11 o'clock, when Governor Smith arrived. The Brotherhood men emphasized that any settlement would have to be effected by officials disconnected with the Mayor's office.

The financial statement of the Interborough Company was studied. While it appeared that if the company should grant the demands of its employes it would fall into the hands of a receiver, it was certain that the roads could not be run if the men did not return to work. A telephone message was sent to P. J. Connolly, acting President of the Brotherhood, asking him to go to the office of the Public Service Commission, with the other heads of the Brotherhood.

Here an unexpected obstacle presented itself. None of the Brotherhood leaders would respond to the summons because they feared they would be arrested for failing to obey the injunction issued by Supreme Court Justice Lydon, forbidding the calling of the strike. There was delay until Commissioners Nixon and Delaney guaranteed that the Brotherhood men would not be molested. Shortly afterward Connolly and his associates arrived and were taken to the office of Deputy Public Service Commissioner Glennon.

Frank Hedley, General Manager of the Interborough Company, arrived a little later, with James L. Quackenbush, the company's general counsel. They were shown into Mr. Nixon's room. Later De Lancey Nicoll, consulting counsel of the Interborough, joined them.

Take Up Interborough Finances.

In the meantime State Senator Foley had answered a summons to join Mr. Delaney, Governor Smith, and Mr. Mitchell. The Senator was a member of the legislative committee which investigated the Rapid Transit Commission a few years ago. Fred W. Linders, chief accountant of the Interborough, also ar-

Continued on Page Two.

TRY McK & R CALOX The Oxygen Dentifrice.—Advt.

Terms on Which the Interborough Strike Ends Pending Arbitration of Men's Full Demands

Here are the terms of the agreement accepted by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and its striking employes:

1—The men to return to work immediately.

2—A flat increase of 25 per cent. of the rates of all the wages paid over and above those paid on Aug. 1, 1919.

3—All other questions to be negotiated between the Brotherhood and the company, and in case of the failure of such negotiations to be arbitrated as provided for in the Constitution approved by the Directors.

4—All members of the Brotherhood of the Interborough Rapid Transit employes to be restored to their former positions, and each to retain his individual seniority in the service.

One Woman Killed; Many Injured In City's Greatest Traffic Crush

Turmoil in the Streets as 2,000,000 Strike-Bound Subway and Elevated Passengers Struggle to Get To and From Their Work.

Cessation of travel in the Interborough subways and on the elevated lines, on which more than 2,000,000 passengers are carried daily, caused a congestion of vehicular traffic in all the streets on Manhattan Island yesterday that has never been matched in the memory of the Traffic Division of the Police Department. This unusual condition, caused by the efforts to carry on one traffic level the passengers usually carried on three levels, continued throughout the day.

Although emergency measures were adopted to absorb the crowds, the street cars and buses were unable to convey any of their passengers in comfort. More than fifty persons, three of them traffic policemen, were injured in jams and accidents during the day and one unidentified woman was killed.

When the city's 2,000,000 travelers who generally use the subways and elevated lines awoke with the problem on their minds of devising some new way of reaching offices and factories, they found that there was rainy weather to add to the difficulties of their travel. Persons who had expected to find a new means of travel an adventure found instead that the chill and rainy weather and the necessity of fighting through enormous throngs made travel a tremendous hardship.

Insufficient power to run all the cars that could be pulled out of the barns caused both the New York Railways Company and the Third Avenue Railway Company to withdraw a great part of their emergency service. The electricity for the "Red Cars" of the New York Railways Company comes from the plants of the Interborough and despite efforts to run all available dynamos at capacity there was not enough to run additional cars and to run the motors of cars that had additional burdens of passengers. The number of cars withdrawn by each railway was not more than twenty-five.

Increase Bronx Service.

No such difficulty was experienced by the Union Railways Company in the Bronx, which was able to run about ninety extra cars, nor by the Queens County Railway, which ran about fifty additional cars with power furnished by the power plant of the Long Island and Pennsylvania Railroads in Long Island City. A contract for the furnishing of this power was signed on the night before the Interborough employes walked out. It was estimated by operating officials that close to 200,000 extra passengers were carried on these lines.

In the crushes at the main traffic points throughout the city hundreds of persons were forced to abandon their efforts to reach the lower part of Manhattan Island so that they could work a few hours. Banks and other large institutions, employing hundreds of persons, reported last night that the journeys of many of the employes, particularly girls and women, had so exhausted them that they were not able to work.

Even with the regular and emergency bus lines, steamboat schedules, and all the other means of transportation it was estimated last night that not more than one-half of the usual north and south travel was carried during the day. Many factories operated with depleted forces, and Superintendents last night declared that the efficiency of the workers who did reach their desks or machines was lowered by battling with the throngs or by standing up in long rides of more than an hour.

Exercising the utmost ingenuity in choosing means of transit, passengers in the Dyckman, Washington Heights, and other sections at the north of the island, who generally travel to Wall Street in less than an hour, found that they could not make the trip during a "street car rush hour" in less than two to three hours. There were many persons who reported that it had taken them three hours to reach their offices in the unusual conditions of traffic.

Many Start Early.

As early as 5 o'clock in the morning throngs were waiting at 149th Street and Third Avenue, the Bronx, for cars to convey them to their work in Manhattan. These persons thought that they would get up early and get to their offices without inconvenience by avoiding the crowds. They were mistaken in their judgment, because thousands of others had had the same thought and were there waiting for the few cars that were running at that hour.

During the usual rush hour hundreds fought for standing room in the street cars that were departing on irregular schedules from their starting point at 181st Street and Broadway. A pouring rain drenched those who had neglected to bring their umbrellas and a brisk wind succeeded in depriving many who had brought them of that means of protection against the rain.

Long waits for cars, the heavy rains, and the crowding affected many tempers both in the morning and in the evening, and scores of fist fights were stopped by the police before combatants were able to injure each other.

At virtually every one of these traffic points, notably in the Bronx, at 125th Street, and in the financial district in the evening, the throngs were almost as large as those seen in Times Square on the night the city was celebrating on the false report that an armistice had been signed. The police officials declared that the reason for the jams was that most of the workers were following their usual routes in leaving their offices or homes, and that the transit systems were incapable of absorbing the crowds as rapidly as they had been handled by the subways and the elevated lines.

Try Many New Routes.

Hundreds of persons learned more about the city and the street car lines yesterday than they ever would have learned had the Interborough employes not walked out for two days. One man who thought that he would avoid the crowds besieging the surface lines arose early in the morning and took the Willis Avenue car in the Bronx and journeyed to the Fort Lee Ferry, at the foot of West 130th Street.

There he bought a ferry ticket and crossed to Fort Lee, N. J., where he paid another fare to ride on a Palisades street car to Hoboken. Alighting several times at junction points he finally reached the tubes at Hoboken. That was what had been his objective all the time, and he reached his office in Spruce Street more than three hours after leaving home. He was so tired that he started back home after a short rest.

The Hudson tubes of the Hudson & Manhattan Railway and the Broadway Subway of the B. R. T. operated their rush-hour schedules of trains all day in efforts to take up the traffic suddenly dropped by the two subway and four elevated lines of the Interborough. Thousands of persons used the Broadway Subway from Fifty-seventh Street and Times Square to reach the lower part of the city. Other thousands entered the terminus of the Hudson tubes at Thirty-third Street and Broadway for the trip southward. It was estimated that about 300,000 extra passengers were handled on these two routes during the day.

There was no street car on either the New York Railways or Third Avenue Railways lines during the rush hours, and even early in the afternoon, that did not have twenty or thirty men and boys clinging in bee-fashion to every projection. Young lads who, despite the rain, saw in a subway strike a great adventure, climbed on top of the cars regardless of danger. The threats of policemen and the jeers of throngs failed to unnerve these little chaps, and only served to increase their joy in their pranks.

Trolleys Overburdened.

Employes of the street car companies made no effort to dislodge the men and boys who rode outside the cars. There was no room for them inside the doors, and the conductors and fare takers only winked at these passengers who were taking their own risk of accidents in the breaking of steel bars or platforms. These burdens on some cars were so heavy that the motors had difficulty in starting up and it was necessary for the motormen to exhaust their supplies of sand on the slippery tracks.

E. J. Miles, chief of the New York Central police, declared last night that the throngs that besieged the station in the evening rush hour to board the trains for the Bronx stations were greater than he had ever seen in the station. He said that the crowds handled there during the rush over the New Haven to the Yale-Harvard football

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

MAGNIFICO—A cigar known by its bouquet. Mild, too. Of Key West make. Exclusively in UNITED CIGAR STORES.—Advt.

TRAINS START PROMPTLY

Company Predicts Normal Service for the Morning Rush Hour.

STRIKERS LOATH TO SETTLE

Leaders Had Difficulty in Persuading Them, But Men Resume Posts Quickly.

HYLAN REPEATS CHARGES

Declares Swann Will Push Plot Inquiry — Quackenbush Fears Bankruptcy.

The strike of the Interborough Brotherhood, which completely tied up the elevated and subway lines of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for 43 hours, was brought to an end last night by a conciliatory meeting called by Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon, in which Governor Alfred E. Smith took part, the men agreeing to go back to work at midnight.

At exactly midnight last night the first trains were started from the subway and elevated terminals, and station men were on duty at all stations. It was stated at the offices of the Interborough that service would be normal before the rush hour.

Before a single train could be started it was necessary to man additional units at the Interborough power houses, to have all train despatchers and signal men at their places, and the stations manned with guards and ticket choppers. The mobilization of employes essential to safe operation was completed shortly before midnight and there were hundreds of motormen, switchmen and guards at the terminals at that time.

When the strike caused work to stop, trains were stationed at every terminal, ready to start on fresh trips without delay as soon as the strike ended. After the first trains were started on their way crews were put to work pulling in trains from the switches, where they had been left, in accordance with the State law, by the strikers.

Word was flashed by the private telephone system of the company to each station, telling when the first trains were due, so that the stations could be opened up for business a few minutes before the arrival of the trains. It was stated that the trains would probably be few and far between for two or three hours and that service would then increase rapidly until the rush-hour.

By agreement with the strikers one unit at the Fifty-ninth Street power house was maintained to keep pumping water out of the subways, and the surplus electricity generated by this unit was the main source of power of the street railway lines. All other maintenance work necessary to keep the subways ready for instant operation was done with the consent of strikers.

The Interborough officials were induced by Public Service Commissioner Nixon yesterday to grant a 25 per cent. increase of wages, with arbitration of all other issues, including the difference between the 25 per cent. increase granted and the 50 per cent. demanded. Though contending that the road was practically bankrupt now and could not continue to pay the 25 per cent. increase, which will swell the Interborough payroll from $20,000,000 to $25,000,000 a year, the Interborough officials granted the demand, in the hope that an increase in fares will be granted in time to save the company from a receivership.

Meeting a Stormy One.

After a stormy meeting, the Interborough Brotherhood accepted the 25 per cent. offer last night, gave a standing vote of thanks to Commissioner Nexon for the part which he had played in settling the strike, and raced for the power-houses, shops and terminals of the company to start the lines in operation at 12 o'clock last night and restore normal service, if possible, before the rush hour this morning.

The only thing that prevented immediate restoration of service was the necessity for building up the fires in the furnaces of the power houses to generate enough electricity for the operation of the lines. Nearly all of the strikers attended the meeting, at which the terms were accepted after a great deal of noise and protest, and they quickly obeyed the request of their leader to return to work as soon as possible.

Governor Smith, who came down from Albany to aid in solving the strike, made the following statement:

The Governor's Statement.

"I have just telephoned Commissioner Nixon congratulating him on his great work in settling the strike. Although the tie-up lasted less than forty-eight hours, it worked appalling hardships upon the people of the city, and Commissioner Nixon in bringing about a settlement, performed a great accomplishment.

"Great credit is also due to Senator James A. Foley, who sat in the conference held by Commissioner Nixon and myself today. Because of Senator Foley's intimate familiarity with the details of the public service law, he was of material assistance."

General Manager Frank Hedley of the Interborough said that trains would be put on as fast as the men could be got together to operate the power houses and make up crews. He said that it would be some time this morning before service woould begin to resemble normal, because of the difficulty in putting a man at every essential spot in the power house, trains, terminals, and the signal and station service. It was hoped that trains might be started before midnight, but, according to Mr. Hedley, it would be some time in the early morning before passenger traffic could be handled again.

Doubts Receivership.

J. L. Quackenbush, chief counsel for the company, said that, despite the 25 per cent. wage increase, he felt safe in saying that there would be no application for a receivership in the near future, and that the company would not go into bankruptcy before Jan. 1, when the deficit would be more than $5,000,000. He said that he still hoped to avert bankruptcy at that time by obtaining from security-holders an advance of the money needed to enable the company to meet its obligations on the first of the year. When he was asked if the company would continue to agitate for an eight-cent fare, he said:

"Nothing will deter us in our interest and in the interest of the public from giving information leading to the formation of a strong public opinion in favor of an increased fare. We hope to avert bankruptcy, even though our losses are heavy, until such time as it is generally recognized that no one can continue to sell a commodity at less than cost. In this case the commodity happens to be transportation. At the present time the cost of carrying every passenger on the lines is more than the amount he pays to the company. Of course, if expenses continue to pyramid, we do not know how soon bankruptcy will come."

"The result of the settlement is that service will be restored to the public only so long as the cash holds out. If the credit of the company is not improved so that it can borrow enough to meet the increase, the result will be the bankruptcy of the company in the near future.

"I think it only fair to say that the company regrets the great inconvenience which the public has suffered because the men would not accept the best offer possible in view of the cash situation. We are conscious of the injury to the city and its inhabitants, due to this disorganization of business, and in order to stop that condition we have hurried on the period when we come to the end of our resources.

"This is evidence that the the company was not seeking to force an increased fare, since we have come to an agreement which means a heavy addition to our operating expenses, instead of sitting back and holding the public by the throat. We have put it up to the Public Service Commissioner to solve the problem.

"Of course, criminal prosecution lies within the jurisdiction of the court. As legal representative of the company, I wish to say that we have not the slightest reason to believe that any evidence will be found which will show that there has been any conspiracy or any collusion.

"I might add that there are provisions of the law which protect every citizen against malicious prosecution, and we have no doubt that the courts of this State will enforce all laws with an even hand. If there should be evidence that there has been conspiracy to coerce officers of the company by malicious prosecution it is to be assumed that the courts will see that justice is done to the officers.

"The settlement with the men was made for the reasons I have stated and not because of any fear of prosecution. We'll meet that when it is presented in any court."

One official of the Interborough said that the eight-cent fare was the least which could enable the company to operate economically.

Mayor Hylan, however, continued to insist that the strike was inspired by the Interborough and announced that strong evidence would be obtained to this effect. The Mayor disregarded a public invitation of the strikers, in reply to his public appeal to them, to address them at their headquarters, and concentrated his attention on his attack on what he described as "the great eight-cent-fare plot" and on plans for municipal operation of the roads. District Attorney Swann said that the Mayor and Corporation Counsel Burr were studying the legality of a move to put the city in control of the lines.

After the strike leaders and Interborough officials had been brought to an agreement by Public Service Commissioner Nixon the labor delegates sent a call to their headquarters for a general meeting of all the strikers and hurried there to meet them.

Hisses Greet Proposal.

There were more than 10,000 men in and outside of the New Star Casino at 115 East 107th Street at 7 o'clock last night when the Executive Committee took the platform. Hisses and groans from most of the audience, and cheers from a small minority greeted the reading of the proposal for a 25 per cent. increase and arbitration of other demands.

"The Brotherhood has won nearly every point!" shouted Connolly. "We have not given up the 50 per cent. increase, but taken 25 per cent. now, and left the rest to be compromised. We leave the rest to the people of the City of New York. We are sorry to have inconvenienced the people of this city, but it was the only thing that we could do. This is our report and all who approve of it stand up and wave."

A few started to stand up, but most of them took their seats when a roar of disapproval went up from all parts of the hall. There were shouts of "No! No! No!" "The public doesn't give a damn for us!" "We'll stay out!" Pounding on the table with a steel pipe, Connolly finally silenced them and said:

"All of your delegates have decided that this was the best thing for them to do. They decided it unanimously."

Shouts of "We'll stay out!" and groans stopped him. For several minutes Connolly pleaded for a chance to explain, but they would not listen to him.

"The other 25 per cent. is not lost," shouted Connolly.

"No, you bet it isn't!" "We're going to get it," and other cries checked him. J. Cochrane, the delegate from the Chief Engineers' Department, pounded with the steel pipe until he got silence, and then said:

Pleads With Men.

"We have got the right to go into the Interborough's books and to see what they're making hereafter. We have got a big increase and we will get more after arbitration. Don't reject this offer and lose public sympathy. It was mighty hard to get this. Public Service Commissioner Nixon tried hard and successfully to bring about this agreement and start things again. If we don't accept this, the Interborough will go into the hands of a receiver on Oct. 26."

"To hell with the company!" shouted a man on the floor, and the cry was taken up widely.

"We dickered with them for the 50 per cent.," continued Cochrane. "We didn't compromise on 25 per cent. We said that we would go back to you men and recommend it to your approval."

"We won't accept!" came shouts from several parts of the hall. One striker got up on his feet on the floor and yelled:

"This arbitration looks bad, if it is anything like the Brooklyn arbitration, where the men failed completely and got nothing."

"We have got 20 per cent. and a chance to arbitrate," said Cochrane.

"We don't want to arbitrat!" "We are going to win!" "We want everything or nothing!" came fro mthe floor.

"Well, let me tell you fellows," said Cochrane, "that if you don't accept this they will run the system anyway, whether you stay out or not. The police and the public will be with them. They'll get the men and start the lines—don't forget that."

This seemed to sober the hall a little, and the malcontents grew less aggressive.

"This strike was called for everything or nothing," said one of the delegates who had negotiated the settlement, "but I would like to know when a labor organization ever got all that it set out for."

"We'll get it this time," said one of the leaders of the dissenters from the floor. "Tell us when there was ever a 100 per cent. strike before."

Wins Crowd to Terms.

J. V. La Sala, delegate from the Car Equipment Division, who originally drafted the 50 per cent. demand, started to argue in favor of the terms, but was interrupted by a man who got up and said that he had taken part in three strikes of the Interborough employes and was sorry to say that they had lost them all.

M. J. Mangan, Secretary of the Executive Committee, finally got the floor when the house was wavering and won it over in favor of the terms. After he had described the negotiations, the rejection by the Strike Committee of less attractive offers and appeals of Governor Smith and Commissioner Nixon for arbitration, and argued strongly for the acceptance of the terms, the crowd began to turn and there were shouts of "Good enough"; "We'll accept it." There were other cries of "No, never" "We'll stick."

"We have a paragraph in this agreement," said Mangan, "which no other organization has been able to win, and that is that every man goes back to work without the loss of his seniority rights. That means that we kick out any man that 'scabs,' as soon as we get back."

This won great approval, and there was another battle of shouting between the two sides, with the pro-settlement element in a large majority.

Vote About 7 to 1.

Mangan here urged another strong consideration, which was that the Strike Committee had only rented the hall until 9 o'clock, that that hour was rapidly approaching and it was time to get down to business. Connolly came forward again with his steel gavel, pounded for order and asked the strikers to signify their choice by standing up, waving their hats and shouting. The men in favor of accepting the settlement were in the majority by about 7 to 1.

Secretary Mangan then proposed three cheers for Connolly, "best little fighting Irishman in New York," and several minutes were consumed in a tribute to the leader. Connolly bowed and, saying that he had been three nights and days without sleep, asked for quiet. When he started to speak some of his colleagues draped the American flag about him.

"Everybody must get back to work at once on his old shift," he said. "We must be in a position to move everybody up and down town tomorrow morning. We have promised that normal service will be restored, if we accepted the agreement. We must get operation started at 11 o'clock tonight. I make a special appeal to the powermen to get back on the job at once.

"I want to say, while I am here, that the credit for this settlement belongs to Public Service Commissioner Nixon. He is the best man in the City of New York. I want you to give him a rising vote of thanks."

This was given. Before the meeting broke up, A. J. Romagna, counsel for the strikers, told the men that there was no chance that their leader would be punished for contempt at the hearing before Federal Judge Lydon today, because the injunction had come too late to be acted upon. On adjournment the men rushed from the hall and started in all directions for their posts on the Interborough lines.

After he had heard that the strike had been settled, Mayor Hylan issued the following statement:

The Mayor's Statement.

"As Mayor of the City of New York I am more than pleased and gratified that the lockout perpetrated by the Interborough officials and their unions against the people of the city has been settled. This is no surprise to me because I know that the great majority of the 15,000 men who were misled into this lockout by their leaders, in violation of the rules of their organization, are good American citizens who believe in fair play to the public.

"As each hour of the lockout against the people continued it became more apparent to the general public that there was an understanding between the self-organized heads of the Interborough's unions and certan officials of the company.

"I trust the District Attorney of this county will continue his probe into the questions leading up to the lockout, so that in the future the traveling public of our city cannot be subjected to so great inconvenience at the will of a transit corporation which seeks to extort and whose sole purpose is to filch from the pockets of the public an increased fare.

"I want to thank the press for their fairness in publishing all statements issued by me as Mayor of the city pending the settlement of this trouble."

MAYOR IGNORED CHANCE TO SPEAK TO STRIKERS

Invitation from Men to Address Them Was Sent Through the Press.

Strikers of the Interborough Brotherhood, meeting at the New Star Casino, 115 East 107th Street, yesterday, voted, in response to the public appeal of Mayor Hylan Sunday, to invite him to address them at their meeting last night.

The motion to invite the Mayor directed that the acceptance of the Mayor's offer be conveyed to him through the public press, as his appeal had been conveyed to them.

The Mayor disregarded this invitation because it was not taken to him personally. He wrote a new appeal to the men to be sent to them individually, inclosing a stamped envelope for a reply.

In the middle of the afternoon he issued peremptory orders to draft all city employes from all departments in the Municipal Building to address the letters. More than 500 went to the City Hall, including Inspector Owen Eagan of the Bureau of Combustibles and two deputy corporation counsels. They waited in the City Hall lobby two hours, about half of them slipping away in the meantime.

Finally, the Mayor's new appeal came out for them to address, and they were sent to the Aldermanic Chamber. Then it was discovered that there was a shortage of ink and other materials. A call was made for volunteers possessing fountain pens. About 100 responded, and 1,000 letters to strikers were addressed last night. The remaining 13,000 will be sent today.

The Mayor refused to give out the text of his new appeal until the strikers should have received it. It is understood he invited them to listen to his appeal for arbitration and named the time and place.

Amid jeers and shouts of "No Red Mike for us!" P. J. Connolly, President of the strikers, started at the Brotherhood meeting to read the Mayor's appeal for the strikers to disregard their leaders and follow his advice in favor of arbitration.

"If Red Mike comes here we will throw him out the window!" shouted one striker, and the din drowned the voice of the leader. Connolly adjured the strikers to give a respectful hearing to the communication, and it then was read to them. Groans and hisses were heard occasionally at passages in which the Mayor protested his friendship for the people and the laboring man.

Mayor Fails to Accept.

At the end of the reading Connolly called for the will of the meeting. He urged that the Mayor be heard and receive such a courteous and patient hearing as the Chief Magistrate of the city was entitled to. Speakers insisted that the Mayor should come to their hall and that Connolly and the strike leaders should be heard in answer at the close of the Mayor's address. A motion was passed fixing the hour at 6 o'clock last night. The invitation was printed in the afternoon papers. The Mayor later said:

"I have received no word from Mr. Connolly. What you tell me is the first intimation I have had that he will let me address the men. I shall be glad to avail myself of such an opportunity if offered, and if I can be sure that the meeting is in good faith and not packed with Interborough sympathizers.

"I have already started plans to bring about such a meeting. If I can arrange it, it will be held in Madison Square Garden, or, if more convenient for the men, in one of the big uptown armories."

The report that the Mayor would not accept the invitation to address them was received by the strikers with jeers and shouts of "What's 'Red Mike' afraid of," later in the afternoon.

"'Red Mike,'" said one speaker, "is playing politics and bucking the laboring man. Our issue is more wages. We don't care where it comes from, so long as we get it."

Connolly denounced as a lie the statement that the strikers were being paid by the Interborough while they struck, or that they had a strike fund provided by the Interborough. He said they had no strike fund at all. After a meeting of the strikers' executive committee, the following statement was issued:

"A mistaken idea seems to prevail that the Brotherhood is fighting the public. That is not true. The Brotherhood is fighting the company. The Brotherhood is willing to meet with any neutral committee or party of citizens or business men, not of a political complexion and not interested in the company or its finances, but a neutral body which believes in fairness."

Reiterates Collusion Charge.

The Mayor began his effort to bring about a meeting of Interborough employes for him to address, by sending the following letter to Corporation Counsel Burr:

William P. Burr, Esq., Corporation Counsel, Municipal Building.

Dear Sir: Inclosed find a copy of a letter received from a committee of employes of the Interborough, which is evidence that the Intertorough and the leaders of the Brotherhood are working together in the tieup of the subway and elevated lines of the city.

The city is the owner of the subway and the Interborough is the lessee. The Interborough is making no endeavor to operate the lines, and evidently doing all that they can to inconvenience the public.

Call on Mr. Hedley or the Interborough Directors and secure for me the names and addresses of the employes on strike, so that the city officials may be able to communicate with them, to the end that the questions in dispute may be submitted to arbitration. Very truly yours,

JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

Mr. Burr requested the names of the strikers in the following letter:

Frank Hedley, Esq., General Manager of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

Dear Sir—In accordance with instructions from the Mayor, I hereby request to be furnished by you with the names and addresses of the employes of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company now on strike.

The object of this request is to enable the City of New York, which has invested over $200,000,000 in the rapid transit system to secure a 5-cent fare for the benefit of the people of the city, to communicate with each individual striker and place before him the true situation from the city's standpoint, with a view to inducing and arranging for arbitration of the claims of the strikers against the company, in their interest and in the interest of all of the people of the city.

Will you please let me know at once how soon I may expect such list, and oblige,

Very truly yours,

WILLIAM P. BURR,
Corporation Counsel.

The lists were furnished during the afternoon.

WOMAN KILLED IN CITY'S TRAFFIC JAM

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

games in the Yale Bowl "were mere picnics" compared to the crush that filled the station during the rush hour last evening.

At all the stations on the Harlem and Hudson divisions in the morning the New York Central police had had difficulty in handling the crowds that desired to get into the twenty-six extra trains provided by the railroad to take up 60,000 extra passengers. These 60,000 extra passengers, and thousands more, concentrated at the station between 4:30 and 7 o'clock in the evening, and at times ceaseless pressure threatened to overpower the 300 special and city policemen who were seeking to maintain order. The lines were held, however, and few persons were even slightly injured.

The twenty-six extra trains were being run into the lower level of the station and switched around the lower loop that was completed recently. Trains were run in and out of the stations at intervals of about one minute, although not all of them were for the use of these additional passengers. Many were expresses that served only the regular commuters and made no stops at the stations where the new passengers wished to alight.

Lines 500 Feet Long.

At the foot of the concourse leading into the lower level from Forty-second Street the railroad officials had wheeled several of their portable ticket booths, and the lines at the windows wound through the concourses for more than 500 feet. Thousands of other persons who had bought their tickets in blocks on Sunday went directly to the lower level and the standing room there became so packed that the special police threw cordons across the entrances to keep out those who were willing to fight to get home. Fearing that a crush on the lower level would be dangerous, the New York Central officials had put up a heavy pasteboard wall at all but one entrance to the lower level so that they would be able to control the crowds as they entered.

Outside the Grand Central Station the police took rigorous measures to prevent dangerous congestion. They established lines near the Hotel Commodore at Forty-second Street and Lexington Avenue and forbade persons from walking along the south side of the street there unless they were bound for the hotel. Persons who wished to enter the lower level of the station, however, were permitted to walk eastward along Forty-second Street and join the lines waiting to enter the station. At 6 o'clock last night there were four lines filing into the station, each more than two blocks long.

Increase in traffic at the Pennsylvania Station was almost imperceptible to officials there because only a relatively sparse section which the road could relieve was deprived of transit service. Extra trains were run over the Whitestone division, and some of the morning expresses stopped at local stations to pick up passengers. Much of the traffic had been taken up by the trolley cars of the Queens County Railway, and the extra trains were not crowded.

Ralph Peters, President of the Long Island Railroad, had given orders to the operating department to run all trains necessary for the convenience of travel. Additional ferryboats were put on to handle the railroad's traffic from the Long Island City Station to the foot of East Thirty-fourth Street, Manhattan, and before the settlement of the strike was announced Mr. Peters announced that the Long Island road was prepared to run a shuttle service from Corona, Elmhurst, Woodside, and Winfield to take up all the traffic suddenly dropped by the Queensboro Subway line.

River Boats Carried 100,000.

The schedules of the fleet of municipal and private boats that operated in the Hudson and East Rivers were so successful in relieving congestion that additional boats were to have been added today. Hundreds of persons who went to the Fort Lee ferry to make the trip to the Battery by boat overlooked the municipal boats Gowanus and Bay Ridge early in the morning, and both had to wait half an hour for enough passengers to warrant making the trip. Both these boats, as well as the police boat Patrol and the Correction of the Department of Corrections, in the East River, carried capacity loads on their later trips and in the evening.

From 1,000 to 2,000 persons each were carried on seven boats of the Iron Steamboat Company, running to the Battery from their pier at West 129th Street, and the traffic was so well cleaned up by 10 o'clock in the morning that some of the boats were withdrawn for refueling or were tied up at their slips until the evening rush hour. It was estimated that more than 100,000 persons were transported by the boats on both rivers.

Nor was the "river jitney" service overlooked by members of the Hudson, Sunset, and other power boat clubs in the North River. Many boat owners carried out their promises of taking their friends to work, although a brisk wind in the morning made tough going in the river.

It took the so-called "jitney busses" that invaded the city from Newark and other Jersey towns to teach New York that the jitney is a coin that varies in size and amount with the bus driver's idea of the high cost of living. It seemed to some who had to bargain with these traffickers that their idea of the name of the jitney bus was derived from the approximate value of the machine. Some passengers threatened to call to the attention of the State Controller that some of the gracious Jersey jitney opportunists would be liable to the operation of the New York income tax law, because they had derived the principal part of their incomes from citizens of this State.

Harvest for Jitney Buses.

From 181st Street and Broadway some of the bus drivers were willing to drive to Times Square for 50 cents a passenger. Others asked 25 cents to carry a passenger from Times Square to 125th Street or the Fort Lee Ferry, and the fare to Wall Street or to almost any point "downtown" was $1. Most of the buses were idle during the middle of the day, except in Times Square and the financial district, where passengers always were to be picked up.

The operation of these buses caused much of the traffic congestion at Times Square, Columbus Circle and downtown. They joined the regular automobile traffic and frequently delays of ten minutes or more were caused at some street intersections, despite the efforts of extra police to rush the traffic at all speed consistent with safety.

Many of these buses ran along the ten routes laid out by the police for the operation of "municipal buses." Not many buses were to be seen bearing the placard "city bus," but the officials said that about 1,500 cars were available for use under the auspices of the city.

All the sightseeing buses, as well as large motors cars used to convey children to private schools, were out in the rush hours, and no matter what their appearance or the charge made for service, all were crowded with passengers. They came out again in the evening, and there were promises last night from operating companies that more would have been out today, running on improved schedules, had the strike continued.

Anticipating that employes would have difficulty getting to work, companies that had motor trucks or delivery wagons attempted to furnish transportation for their own help. Hundreds of these vehicles so congested Third Avenue that it was almost impossible for them to travel during the evening rush hour. Few used Lexington Avenue or Second Avenue on the east side, and there was only a slight increase in the volume of vehicular traffic on Eighth Avenue, so slight that traffic policemen there said the increase was almost imperceptible.

Humor Despite Discomfort.

Although the rain and the inconvenience of traveling had caused a suppression of the carnival spirit that the New York crowd generally displays, despite misfortune and discomfort, there was an occasional flash of humor even for the worker who was wet through with rain and forced to stand up in a crowded motor truck on the way home. Throngs at Third Avenue and Forty-second Street had great merriment last night, while they were waiting for conveyances, in watching the peculiar equipages that passed in the procession of homegoers.

One packing company had furnished vehicles for its employes, and these vehicles were proceeding up Third Avenue in a fleet. As one truck went by, loaded with passengers who were dripping with rain, some one in the patient crowd noticed that the truck bore the words: "Fresh Hams." Cries of "You fellows are in the right place!" and "Oh, look at the hams," greeted the unfortunates.

The next truck was loaded with the stenographers and office force of the firm, but was labeled: "Chickens and Live Poultry." A closed truck, evidently for the service of de luxe trade, brought up at the rear. It had on it the sign: "Fancy Meats," and the faces of boys peered out the oval windows at the rear. This display stirred the interest and imagination of the crowd, and for half an hour a running fire of remarks swept to and fro from the curb to passing trucks.

A motor cycle rider who rode up and down Broadway excited comment by a sign mounted on his machine. The machine bore a California mark and in the side car he carried a girl. A carefully-painted placard bore this legend: "Better than a flivver! Two bits a mile! I count the miles! Pay in nuggets!" Whether the young man was indulging in a piece of sarcasm or actually seeking passengers was debated by those who saw the machine. Many insisted he was merely more frank than his rivals.

No Serious Disorders.

There were no serious disorders. More than 900 policemen were assigned to the Traffic Division on special duty, and the numbers at all important street intersections were augmented, and many new posts established for the day. At Columbus Circle new traffic standards were set up, and there was a policeman about every thirty feet during the rush hour. None of the usual traffic bars in one-way streets or in thoroughfares excluded to commercial or passenger traffic was abandoned, and officers of the division said last night that the congestion had been handled with a minimum of accidents, although many new chauffeurs were driving.

More than 7,000 police were on call for service in Manhattan, the Bronx, and sections of Brooklyn and Queens affected by the strike, but in only a few instances was it necessary to call out the reserves. Extra patrolmen were stationed in squads at important corners through the rush hours, so that they could give quick assistance in case of need, but rarely was there a call for their services. Mounted police were stationed at the street car loop around the Federal Building, as well as other places where large crowds were expected, but they were not needed for unusual work.

"We have found the answer to the question, 'What would New York do without the subways?'" said Inspector O'Brien, who was in charge of traffic rules. "Half of the city fights to ride on the street cars, and the others walk in peace or stay home."

1 KILLED, 60 ARE HURT IN TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

Unidentified Woman Run Down by Motor Truck—50 Cases Not Reported, Police Say.

An unidentified woman was killed and sixty persons were injured, many of them seriously, in street accidents yesterday caused by the congestion of traffic when vehicles attempted to take care of the travel that usually goes over the Interborough subway and elevated lines. The police reported that at least fifty other persons were slightly injured in traffic jams and were treated by private physicians who did not report the names to the police.

The unidentified woman was run down by an army motor truck at Eighth Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street. She was about 40 years old, five feet tall and weighed about 125 pounds. She had hrown hair and eyes, black dress and tan shoes. The driver of the truck was held on a technical charge of homicide, finally being turned over to the army authorities.

Several small boys were injured while they were stealing rides on the outside of street cars, but most of those who were run down were persons more than 50 years old. Among the injured were three policemen. The injured were:

AUDREY, MAY, aged 19, 447 East 116th Street. Run down by bus at St. Nicholas Avenue and 121st Street. Severe contusions. Knickerbocker Hospital.

BALLOT, BENJAMIN, aged 54, 72 East 119th Street. Run down by Lexington Avenue car at 118th Street. Not serious.

BRADSKY, SARAH, aged 26, 5 West 105th Street. Fell off bus. Not serious.

BRODY, ABRAHAM, Police Sergeant, aged 33, 2,818 Harrison Street, the Bronx. Injured by automobile near Mercer Street Station. St. Vincent's Hospital.

BURNS, ARTHUR, aged 30, 3,157 Broadway. Run down at Broadway and 157th Street. Not serious.

CHEIMES, ELEANOR, aged 39, 529 West Eleventh Street, collision, Eighth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street. Fractured leg.

COHEN, SAMUEL, aged 50, 25 East 109th Street. Run down by Third Avenue car at 107th Street. Contusions. Not serious.

CURLEY, CHARLES, aged 17, 559 Warren Street. Collision on Manhattan Bridge. Contusions. Not serious.

DESIRE, V., 192 Poplar Street, Jersey City. Run down at Eleventh Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street. Fractured shoulder and internal injuries. St. Vincent's Hospital.

DORAN, NELLIE, 357 West Fifty-eighth Street. Run down by automobile. Lacerations. Not serious.

DROSSER, DAVID, aged 11, 3,781 Third Avenue, the Bronx, fell off automobile at Third Avenue and Claremont Parkway, Bronx. Fractured shoulder. Fordham Hospital.

FABER, JOHN, aged 32, 205 East Eightieth Street, fell off automobile on Queensboro Bridge. Fractured arm. Reception Hospital.

FESTERO, FRANK, aged 25, 230 West End Avenue, run down at Broadway and Seventy-second Street. Not serious.

FINE, HARRY, aged 50, 55 Fourth Street, knocked down in Bowery. Severe contusions. St. Vincent's Hospital.

FOLEY, WILLIAM, aged 35, 754 Third Avenue, run down by Third Avenue car at Forty-seventh Street. Fractured skull. Serious. New York Hospital.

EDELSON, LEOPOLD, aged 14, 15 Corona Avenue, Long Island City, fell off car at Thirty-third Street and Fourth Avenue. Not serious.

FORD, HERBERT, aged 10, 53 East 130th Street, fell off street car at Columbus Avenue and Seventy-fourth Street. Lacerations. Not serious.

FOX, GRACE, aged 11, 31 Van Dam Street, run down at Sixth Avenue and Eighth Street. Not serious.

FRENCH, JAMES, aged 70, 3,191 Olinville Avenue, the Bronx, knocked down by street car. Not serious.

FRUND, OTTO, aged 25, 214 Audubon Avenue, run down at Broadway and 175th Street. Serious. St. Lawrence Hospital.

FURGERSON, GERALDINE, aged 38, 141 West 139th Street, fell off car at Amsterdam Avenue and 120th Street. Lacerations.

GOLDZINGER, ISADORE, aged 10, 2 West 118th Street; knocked down at Fifth Avenue and 118th Street. Not serious.

GEZMAN, MARY, 557 West Forty-eighth Street, run down at Tenth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street. Not serious.

GOLDMAN, SOPHIA, aged 53, 15 West 115th Street; run down at 117th Street and Third Avenue. Compound fracture of right leg. Harlem Hospital.

HELDMAN, ——, aged 25, 225 Barrow Street, Jersey City; collision of jitneys, Fifty-sixth Street and Park Avenue. Not serious.

HUESSEL, JOSEPH, aged 41, 211 West Sixty-sixth Street; run down at Eighth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street. Fractured leg. Roosevelt Hospital.

HOUCK, HENRY, 197 South Portland Avenue, Brooklyn; collision on Manhattan Bridge. Lacerations. Not serious.

JOSEPH, JOHN, 88 Culvert Street, Brooklyn; run down at Tenth Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street. Not serious.

KERLEN, MAX, aged 67, 105 East 118th Street; run down by Madison Avenue car at Sixtieth Street. Fractured collar bone. Reception Hospital.

LAMIRAND, JOHN, aged 65, 496 East Ninety-second Street; run down at Third Avenue and Ninety-first Street. Fractured leg. Flower Hospital.

LANGDON, LESTER, aged 7, 970 Prospect Avenue, the Bronx; run down near home. Fractured jaw and lacerations.

LONDON, ISAAC, aged 50, 450 East 139th Street; run down in West Thirty-fourth Street; scalp wounds; New York Hospital.

LOWRY, T., aged 65, 22 West Eighty-eighth Street; knocked down at Central Park West and Sixty-fifth Street; not serious.

MEDRO, AUGUST, aged 65, 415 West Thirty-ninth Street; run down in Eighth Avenue at Thirty-eighth Street; serious; St. Vincent's Hospital.

MURPHY, CORNELIUS, aged 46, 213 East Forty-third Street; collision at Park Avenue and 110th Street; not serious.

MURPHY, HENRY, aged 53, 510 East 116th Street; run down by jitney at Delancey Street and Bowery; not serious.

MUNZ, HERMAN, aged 35, 581 Westchester Avenue, the Bronx; ran truck into elevated pillar; condition serious; Harlem Hospital.

MOORE, GEORGE F., aged 67, 117 West 126th Street; run down at 125th Street and Park Avenue; not serious.

McGUINNESS, JOHN, aged 45, 434 West Thirty-third Street; run down at Columbus Avenue and Ninety-ninth Street; fractured ankle; Knickerbocker Hospital.

NEALON, PATRICK, patrolman, aged 38, 460 East 158th Street, the Bronx; knocked down at Third Avenue and 174th Street; not serious.

NOLL, CHARLES, 290 West 147th Street; automobile overturned at St. Nicholas Avenue and 158th Street; serious internal injuries; St. Lawrence Hospital.

PATTERSON, ELLA, aged 38, 106 West 128th Street. Run down at Lenox Avenue and 127th Street. Lacerations. Harlem Hospital.

PERLMUTTER, MILTON, aged 14, of 578 East 138th Street. Fell off car at Third Avenue and 124th Street. Fractured skull. Harlem Hospital. Condition critical.

ROBINSON, JOHN, aged 50, 213 West 131st Street; run down at St. Nicholas Avenue and 125th Street. Severe contusions. Knickerbocker Hospital.

ROSENWEIG, SANDOR, aged 22, 1,530 Bryant Avenue, the Bronx, run down at 173d Street and Southern Boulevard. Fractured skull, serious. Fordham Hospital.

SAMBLER, ALEXANDER, aged 29, 625 East 135th Street. Collision at 135th Street and Third Avenue. Abrasions. Sydenham Hospital.

SATTERFIELD, GEORGE, aged 46, 42 West 186th Street. Knocked down at Thirty-second Street and Seventh Avenue. New York Hospital.

SAMPSON, REVERE, aged 66, 538 West 124th Street. Collision at Amsterdam Avenue and Ninety-second Street. Knickerbocker Hospital.

SCHUTER, HARRY J., Patrolman, aged 36, 111 East 119th Street. Run down in Times Square. Not serious.

SHAFFER, GEORGE, aged 58, 195 Hopkinson Avenue, Brooklyn, run down at Church and Chambers Streets. Lacerations. Not serious.

SINSBERG, BELLA, aged 21, 48 Essex Street; run down at Third Avenue and Twelfth Street. Lacerations. New York Hospital.

TANNENBAUM, JOHN, aged 50, 1,439 Madison Avenue; run down at 110th Street and Madison; fractured leg; Mount Sinai Hospital.

TURBMAN, Philip, aged 8, 415 Claremont Parkway, Bronx; collision street car and mail truck; not serious.

VERBASKY, LEON, aged 23, 952 Simpson Street, the Bronx; knocked against elevated pillar while riding on street car; severe lacerations; Lincoln Hospital.

WANDT, GEORGE, aged 7, 407 Claremont Parkway; collision street car and mail truck; not serious.

WALSH, CARRIE, aged 37, 261 West Thirty-ninth Street; run down at Eighth Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street; not serious.

WHITE, GEORGE, aged 80, 1,139 Lexington Avenue; run down in East Seventy-fifth Street; lacerated scalp.

WHITMAN, LOUIS, aged 22, 2,945 West Fifth Street, Coney Island; hurt in B. R. T. Times Square station; not serious.

WINNIE, SAMUEL, aged 52, 602 West 137th Street; run down at Amsterdam Avenue and 136th Street; lacerations; not serious.

WOLMAN, HYMAN, 851 East 169th Street; collision at 180th Street and Crotona Avenue, the Bronx; lacerations.

Several of the chauffeurs responsible for the accidents were arrested by the police.

There's something about them you'll like
Twenty to the package
Herbert Tareyton London Cigarettes

NIXON FIXES THE TERMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

rived, with Dr. Weber, the commission's statistician.

The report of the Interborough Company showed that on Sept. 30 the estimated amount of cash on hand would be $12,584,000 and the estimated expenses would amount to $12,053,000. This would leave a balance of $531,000, out of which the company would have to pay bills totaling $400,000. It also appeared that the company would lose $60,000 by the sale of $1,000,000 of Liberty bonds and that city taxes due May 1, 1919, amounted to $1,100,000.

Leaving out the taxes and the loss on the Liberty bonds, the cash left at the disposal of the company would be only $131,000.

The conferees were discussing an increase of only 10 per cent., or at the greatest, 20 per cent. The mathematical experts were asked if this summary of the situation was correct and they agreed that it was.

Men Yield Except on Wages.

In the meantime, Mr. Nixon had been talking things over with the Brotherhood men. He found them willing to yield every point except that of more pay. They were fixed in their resolution not to accept the 10 per cent. increase offered by the company, and they were almost as firm in their demand for a 50 per cent. increase. Asked if they would not compromise, so that service could be resumed at once, they said they were willing to leave to arbitration the question of a forty-eight-hour week and time and a half pay for overtime.

This word was carried by Mr. Nixon to the two sets of conferees. Mr. Hedley and Mr. Quackenbush expressed dissatisfaction and indicated a determination not to accede to any demand for increased pay above the 10 per cent. offered. Governor Smith and his associates, in the other room, heard the ultimatum of the labor men with regret. They had just finished going over the figures, and were depressed at the outlook.

Mr. Delaney was the only one who saw nothing discouraging in the situation. He was convinced that the company lived riotously during the period of its biggest financial success, that it squandered money helping undeserving corporate friends, that it had paid large bonuses without reason, and that many salaries now paid to officials were unreasonably large. He displayed a disposition to side with the Brotherhood.

Mr. Nixon carried back to the Brotherhood representatives word that the company would not agree to pay an increase of more than 10 per cent., and that Governor Smith, Mr. Delaney, and Mr. Mitchell was almost hopless over the outlook. He urged them to come down in their demands. The labor men said the 10 per cent. increase would not be accepted, and if the company was firm in its stand, they had better go away. Some of them rose and started for the door.

Governor Pours Oil on Waters.

It was a precarious moment, but Mr. Nixon smiled at the men and asked them to give him another chance, and they agreed. The Commissioner then went to Governor Smith and escorted him before the men. The talk did not last more than a few minutes, and what was said was left out of the account of the proceedings obtained when the day ended. But the Governor put the men in a good humor. He discussed their jobs with them, it was said, and talked as he might have talked with old friends in his district before he rose to the Governorship.

This smoothed the way, but trouble appeared again when District Attorney Swann appeared and told reporters about the inquiry he was making into rumors that the Interborough and the Brotherhood were in a conspiracy to obtain an increased fare. Knowledge of this reached the Brotherhood representatives and set back the negotiations for a time. Finally the men told Mr. Nixon they were to meet the strikers within a short time and that a final offer should be discussed.

This sent Mr. Nixon again to the other set of conferees. When he returned to the men, he said he had arranged with the company officials to offer an increase of 25 per cent. in wages, and that it was the last word. If this offer were rejected, he said, the strike would have to go on.

Offer Finally Accepted.

The Commissioner then left the room. Returning to it, shortly afterward, he was told the offer was satisfactory to the committee, and that it would be submitted to the men at the evening meeting.

Governor Smith put on his hat and went away, remarking as he left that the Public Service had functioned. Mr. Swann said he would present the facts he had obtained concerning the alleged conspiracy between the Brotherhood and the Interborough Company to the Grand Jury tomorrow.

Louis Fridiger, counsel for the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes, which conducted the recent strike on the Brooklyn Rapid Transit lines, when asked if his association would continue enrolling Interborough employes, replied that it would gladly accept as members any Interborough men who wanted to join.

Representatives of the Brotherhood who took part in the conference were President Connolly, M. J. Mangan, Secretary of the subway trainmen, Harry Post of the subway motormen; William Fox, elevated motormen; J. H. Love, subway conductors; J. J. Quinlan, subway guards; M. E. McClintock, ticket choppers; J. V. Hawkens, elevated station department; P. Keenan, subway station department; J. J. Siebert, chief engineer's department; J. Bryant and W. E. Dodson, motor and power house, and W. Whalen, car equipment.

Deputy Public Service Commissioner Barrett escorted the committee to its meeting place in two motor cars, and waited until he heard the agreement had been adopted.

While the negotiations were going on Deputy Public Service Commissioner Glennon began an inquiry into the strike. George F. Daggett, the Commission's transit expert, testified that there was a strike and that the service furnished by the company was inadequate. This testimony was necessary as a basis for the negotiations, and it opened a rigid inquiry which Mr. Nixon was determined to begin today if the strike had continued.

When the agreement had been signed by the strikers' committee Mr. Nixon made this statement:

"Strikes are all in the day's work of late. This last one is over. People can travel in comfort again. At great inconvenience they have had an object lesson of what rapid transit means to New York. We must follow the daily grind of insisting upon safe, dependable, and adequate service."

STREET CAR EMPLOYES PREPARING DEMANDS

President of New York Railways Brotherhood Says Hedges Will Get Them This Week.

T. M. Fazackerly, President of the Brotherhood of New York Railways Employes, said yesterday that the Executive Committee of the Brotherhood was still at work on its schedule of demands and would present them to Receiver Job E. Hedges some day this week.

Receiver Hedges said that he had received no threats of strike and that practically all employes had been loyal to the company, while the subways and elevated lines were tied up.

Louis Fridiger, counsel for the Amalgamated, said that he was going right ahead with plans to organize both the Interborough and New York Railways Company employes as members of the Amalgamated Association, and that he expected to be successful without a strike. Fridiger, who announced some time ago that he was organizing the New York policemen into a union, called at the City Hall and left a letter to the Mayor, promising that his organization would not attempt to call a strike of the surface car employes, while the present strike was on.

Four Years To Print It

Have you ever wondered how a big magazine is gotten out on time each month? If you have ever visited the Butterick Building where The Delineator is printed, you would know what floors of presses it requires. If The Delineator were printed on one press only, running 8 hours a day, 300 working days a year, it would take 4 years, 1 month, 29 days to print a single edition. Yet 12 editions annually go out on time to a million anticipating homes. Are the goods you manufacture described in

The Delineator
The Magazine In One Million Homes

Office Help Without Exertion.
A small advertisement in the want columns of The New York Times is the best method of procuring high-grade business assistants. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Do you know Kansas City is the largest distributing point in the world for farm tractors and agricultural implements?

Chamber of Commerce

ADVERTISEMENT.

STRIKE NOTICE

all men who can't go home to-night are invited to sleep in the big cool dormitory at fleischman's turkish baths, sixth ave., forty-second street. baths and bed one dollar and a half.

What would become of my family if my earning ability should be seriously impaired? Should I not safeguard them *now* against such a possibility?

IT is a wise policy to take into consideration the possibility of reverses during life, and to provide for the future out of the plenty of the present.

This can be done by placing cash, securities or property in trust with this Company, the income and the principal to be paid as you direct.

The advantages of such an arrangement—known as a voluntary trust—are many. It provides experienced and efficient administration for the funds or securities set aside; it assures every safeguard for the principal, and the highest interest return consistent with safety; it relieves the maker of the trust of personal attention to the management of the affairs placed in our care, and at the same time gives him the opportunity to direct their handling in such manner as may be agreed; and the trust may be revoked at any time if the maker desires to reserve this privilege.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York

Capital and Surplus $50,000,000 Resources over $800,000,000

At any of our offices—140 Broadway (at Liberty Street); Fifth Avenue and 43rd Street; Madison Avenue and 60th Street—members of our Trust Department staff will welcome the opportunity to discuss your individual trust problems with you.

SWANN MAY PRESS CONSPIRACY CHARGE

Issues More Than 50 Subpoenas to Put Evidence Before Grand Jury.

HYLAN APPEALED TO WILSON

Said Amalgamated Offered 1,200 Men to Run Lines—Fridiger Denied This.

Mayor Hylan called District Attorney Swann of New York County, District Attorney Martin of the Bronx, Corporation Counsel Burr, and other legal advisers to his office yesterday and asked for a vigorous criminal action in the matter of the charge of conspiracy between the Interborough and its employes, described by the Mayor as the "great eight-cent fare plot."

After the conference, Corporation Counsel Burr said. "We have found positive evidence of a conspiracy between certain officials of the Interborough and certain leaders of the strike to cause a tie-up of traffic in an effort to force an eight-cent fare."

[illegible] statement on the investigation [illegible] issued by the Mayor's office:

"The Mayor, being convinced of the existence of a conspiracy between certain officials of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and certain of the strikers to bring about the existing strike and to stop the operation of the road for the purpose of having the fare of the Interborough increased to eight cents, called a conference of District Attorney Edward Swann of New York County, District Attorney Francis Martin of the Bronx, Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling, Corporation Counsel William P. Burr, President of the Board of Aldermen, Robert L. Moran, and Police Commissioner Enright. As a result of that conference certain facts were made known which resulted in Mr. Swann's announcing that he would apply to Judge Weeks on Wednesday for permission to place the evidence of the charge of conspiracy before the Extraordinary Grand Jury, and he immediately gave directions for the serving of over fifty Grand Jury subpoenas, returnable on Wednesday morning before the Extraordinary Grand Jury. Commissioner Enright placed the subpoenas in the hands of the police to be served on witnesses."

After learning that Governor Smith and Public Service Commissioner Nixon had worked out a plan with the strikers and Interborough officials, which might result in settling the strike, District Attorney Swann got in touch with the Mayor again and suggested that the serving of the subpoenas should be held up in order that there would be no danger of their interfering with the attempts of the Governor and Public Service Commissioner to adjust the strike. The Mayor advised that the subpoenas be sent out at once.

While asserting that they had strong evidences of the conspiracy neither Judge Swann nor Corporation Counsel Burr would talk of the nature of it, while the only support of the charge offered by the Mayor was the following anonymous letter which he made public:

> The Interborough Rapid Transit Co.
> New York, Aug. 18, 1919.
>
> Mayor John F. Hylan, City of New York:
>
> Your Honor: After reading your letter in the columns of The New York American this morning we find that you are an all-American Mayor and true to the workingmen, and that you are willing to do all in your power to save us (Interborough men) from the clutches of the octopus, (the I. R. T. Company.)
>
> We all understand the reason of this strike, and that the leaders of our Brotherhood are working with the company officials and double-crossing their brother members, but we are in danger, so to speak.
>
> I am sure and quite positive that 50 per cent. or more of our fellow-workers will gladly meet you and have you speak to us in order to get us out of this mess that makes us look low to the eyes of the public.
>
> We hope that some arrangement will be made for a meeting with you which will be successful.
>
> We must say, Mr. Mayor, that we men are not to blame for this strike, and we thank you, Mr. Mayor, for what you are willing to do for us.
>
> Respectfully yours,
>
> EMPLOYES OF THE INTERBOROUGH COMPANY.
>
> P. S. We represent eleven workers only, but there are hundreds of others like us.

The statement that the Amalgamated Association had offered the Interborough 1,200 men to operate its lines, which was characterized as a "lie" on Sunday by Louis Fridiger, counsel for the association, was repeated by Mayor Hylan yesterday in a letter to President Wilson, in which the Mayor told the President that the strike was collusive and asked for the use of army motor trucks to help the public out. The Mayor's letter to the President was as follows:

> City of New York,
> Office of the Mayor.
> Aug. 18, 1919.
>
> Hon. Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.:
>
> Dear Mr. President—Because of a traffic tie-up in New York City, with which you are familiar through the press, we are in serious need of motor buses to transport our population.
>
> Will you, as commander in chief of the army, loan the City of New York all of the army buses available within a reasonable distance of the city? We can man them with our own Police and Fire Department chauffeurs and the city will assume the responsibility for the buses until they are returned to you.
>
> As to the labor situation, the recognized union of such workers has offered the Interborough Rapid Transit Company 1,200 men to operate our subways, but the Interborough has refused to accept these men. The men who are striking are not affiliated with recognized labor unions and have merely been banded together by the Interborough Rapid Transit itself so such a move would not be regarded with disfavor by organized labor.
>
> It is unnecessary to recall to you how the citizens of New York stood by the Federal Government during the war, and now that we are in trouble we appeal to the Federal Government merely for a loan of these trucks so our city will not be paralyzed. Labor leaders here are approving my course publicly.
>
> Have wired Secretary of War about this also. JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

"We positively would not think of using our men as strike-breakers and have made no such offer to help the Interborough," said Mr. Fridiger at the City Hall. "We want to give these men a real union, instead of the fake that they belong to now, but we recognize that they are men who want and deserve fair wages and fair treatment, and we would certainly not fight any body of laboring men trying to better their condition."

Before telling the President about it, Mayor Hylan had put the matter before Secretary of War Baker in the following telegram:

> City of New York,
> Office of the Mayor.
> Aug. 18, 1919.
>
> Hon. Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.:
>
> New York City transportation service is grievously crippled because of unwarranted and unreasonable strike of certain employes banded together by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company itself. In this emergency, will you please permit this municipality to use army transport trucks for carrying passengers to help out the situation and prevent paralysis of industries? For your information, the recognized labor organization has offered the Interborough 1,200 men to operate subway, but Interborough won't take them. We ask War Department to assume no responsibility for damage.
>
> JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

Mayor Hylan received a number of telephone messages from men who said they worked for the Interborough, commending him on his stand, and promising to give aid in the search for conspiracy evidence.

NOW TALK OF HIRING MEN TO RUN CARS

Quackenbush Says Company Would Have Used Strikebreakers if Necessary.

1,340 DEFIED ORDER TO QUIT

Interborough Counsel Sees No Immediate Likelihood of Steps for Receivership.

James L. Quackenbush, counsel for the Interborough, said last night that if the strike had continued the company would have attempted today to break it with strikebreakers and loyal employes. He said the company was preparing an advertising campaign, offering good wages to men competent to run cars.

After consulting with directors of the company, Mr. Quackenbush said no immediate steps would be taken to put the company in the hands of a receiver. He said the directors opposed such a step and that the bondholders could bar such a move by an injunction proceeding.

He denied that the city had power to take over and operate the lines, even if it so desired. The representatives of the company have asserted that the city would not be likely to make such an attempt because, according to them, only an eight-cent fare could prevent the city having to make up huge deficits out of taxes.

According to the Interborough, 1,340 of its employes out of 14,000 in the departments affected by the strike reported for work yesterday. No effort was made to use them, it was said, because the strike of the power house employes was so effective that there was no current with which to operate trains.

One subway motorman reported for work, it was stated, and a train was made up for him to take over the line. He changed his mind when he found his train would be the only one running. Eighty-four men of the transportation department of the subways were on hand, and 301 reported on the elevated lines. The elevated has been in operation since 1878, and many old employes of the company would not strike under any circumstances. Of the 1,340 men who reported, about 900 did not belong to the Brotherhood. The others were Brotherhood men who disregarded the strike order.

Mr. Quackenbush again vigorously denied the charge of collusion between the company and its men in a plan to force an increase in fares, and repeated that the strike was the worst thing that could happen to the Interborough. He said the company would do its utmost to defeat the strike and to hold its leaders to account for their alleged violation of contract in declining to arbitrate the dispute, as provided for in their constitution and agreement with the company. He added:

"The injunction against P. J. Connolly, head of the Brotherhood, was served at 3:30 o'clock Sunday morning, and the papers were served on others as fast as they could be found. They have been served on fifty men. Whether the papers were served or the defendants learned of the injunction in some other manner, they were equally liable for contempt for violating it.

"There is nothing in the collusion charge. When Connolly and his associates met in this office Tuesday evening they were informed that the company would agree to a 10 per cent. increase in wages. They accepted this, and said they would advise the men to accept it.

"The next word we had was that the 10 per cent. increase would not be accepted. The statement that the men were being paid while on strike is absolutely incorrect. The Interborough has not paid a dollar to a striker."

B. R. T. AND UNION OPEN WAGE PARLEYS TODAY

Royce to Act in Garrison's Absence at Conference Over Demands Made in Recent Strike.

Frederick P. Royce, acting head of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company in the absence of Receiver Lindley M. Garrison, will today receive a committee representing the employes of the company to discuss the questions of wages and working conditions. The appointment was made yesterday over the telephone by P. J. Shea of the Executive Committee of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America. The committee will consist of Chairman Edward Smith and eight others.

Louis Fridiger, counsel for the union, said that he believed that it would be possible for the representatives of the B. R. T. and the committee of the men to come to an agreement on the demands that resulted in the recent strike without having to submit the matter to outside arbitrators. He added that since the strike the relations between the men and the company had been cordial. He would venture no opinion as to the amount of wage increase the men would receive as a result of the negotiations.

BROTHERHOOD VICTORY BLOW TO AMALGAMATED

Union That Managed B. R. T. Strike and Tried to Win I. R. T. Men, Talks of New Strike.

The big increase obtained by the Brotherhood after a peaceful strike of two days was a great blow to the Amalgamated Association, which obtained recognition and arbitration, but no flat increase, after four days of disorder and rioting in Brooklyn. Disappointment over the outcome was expressed at the meeting of the Amalgamated at Lyceum Hall at Eighty-sixth Street and Third Avenue, but Louis Fridiger, counsel for the association, asserted that they would continue to organize Brotherhood men and might call a new strike next week.

"Unless men who have been discharged and locked out by the Interborough for belonging to the Amalgamated are reinstated by Wednesday night a strike may be called at that time," he said. Fridiger refused to tell how many Interborough employes belonged to the Amalgamated. Before the Brotherhood called the strike and showed its strength the Amalgamated leader asserted that 75 per cent. of the Interborough employes belonged to his organization.

"The people look to New York for new things," he said, in addressing the meeting. "They have a new thing here, the only 'scab union' in the world."

Fridiger scored the union leaders and the Interborough officials, asserting that at the meeting on Saturday they had attempted to deceive "the finest city officials you ever had."

VANGUARD OF THIRD IN PORT

Chateau-Thierry Heroes Wear Six Service Stars.

The vanguard of the 3d Division arrived home yesterday on the transport Agamemnon, which had on board 2,550 officers and enlisted men, 69 war brides, and 80 children belonging to soldiers. The 3d Division contingent included 32 officers and 954 men of the 18th Field Artillery, 5 officers and 332 men of the Supply and Machine Gun Companies of the 38th Infantry, and 19 officers and 332 men of the 9th Machine Gun Battalion.

The returning members of the Third, which was the first division to get into action in Chateau-Thierry, wore six service stars on their victory ribbons. Officers of the division said it was the only one which engaged in the six major operations at Chateau-Thierry, the Aisne-Marne defensive and offensive, the Vesle, St. Mihiel, and Meuse-Argonne.

BRITAIN IN PERIL, PREMIER WARNS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

000,000, compared with £150,000,000 before the war.

"We must bridge the chasm or at the bottom of it is ruin," he said. "We are building a temporary bridge by borrowing, not only State borrowing, but traders borrowing for raw material, food, and so forth. That will only add to the catastrophe.

Spending More, Earning Less.

"In every direction we are spending more. We are earning less. We are consuming more and producing less. Private expenditure in the aggregate is more formidable than public expenditure. These are facts. It cannot last."

The production this year of coal, the chief factor in the industrial situation, the Premier continued, would be 200,000,000 tons, compared with 287,000,000 before the war, although 30,000 more miners were employed at present than in 1914. A ton of coal which cost 10 shillings in 1915 now costs 26 shillings. The outlook was indeed dark unless the conditions which he had stated were changed.

"In America," Mr. Lloyd George went on, "the wages are higher, hours of labor are no longer, and the labor cost in proportion to the articles produced is less. This being the case competition is impossible, and no tariff will remedy this."

After pointing out that the British pound at present was worth in the United States only 17½ shillings, the Premier said:

"We shall never improve matters until we increase production, or we will be driven later to reduce even lower the standard of living in this country. There is no other alternative except quitting the country for which we fought for four years."

One of the arguments in favor of reducing the number of working hours, the Premier said, was that the reduction in time would not involve a reduction in output. There had been a substantial reduction in the hours of labor and it had been found that the output had been reduced almost in the same mathematical proportion.

The Premier said he thought there was evidence of intentional slowing down of production, and that it was necessary for not only the workmen, but the managers and the foremen, to put their shoulders to the task of increasing production. It was a dangerous and fatal fallacy that the less men worked the more work there would be for others; and it was highly important for those having influence with the workers to do their utmost to explode this fallacy. Labor had made tremendous gains during the last two or three years, but these could not be maintained if production did not increase.

"We cannot prosper," Mr. Lloyd George said, "we cannot even exist without recovering and maintaining our international trade. We must bring up the trade balance, adding to our exports and lessening our imports."

Labor conditions in the United Kingdom had improved, he added. Of the 3,600,000 men demobilized, only 350,000 had not been absorbed in industries.

Alluding to the bill calling for a forty-eight hour week and what are considered living wages, the Premier said this measure was the outcome of the work of a joint industrial council that had been sitting for several months examining minutely the question of hours and wages, and that the Central Committee had reached a fair measure of agreement. The measure would apply to all industries, with a few exceptions, namely, domestic and indoor servants, except where employed for profit; masters and crews of seagoing ships and persons employed in agriculture.

Dealing with the coal question, Mr. Lloyd George contended that there was no evidence that harmony would prevail with the workers under State ownership. He instanced the recent miners' strike in Yorkshire, which, he declared, was a strike against the Government, and the experiences of the railways under Government control. Therefore, he thought the whole basis of the Sankey report that State ownership would promote harmony had been falsified.

The Government, the Premier continued, had accepted the principle of unification and reorganization, and there undoubtedly was cause for giving the miners greater interest and a voice in working conditions; and, in order to organize the mines and reduce working expenses to a minimum, the country would be divided into areas, in each of which amalgamation of labor in the mines would be undertaken for a limited period. The workers would have Directors representing them on the body controlling the policy of the area.

The Government, he added, would prepare measures at the speediest moment possible so that mineral rights could be purchased by the State, and that a fund would be raised for the promotion of the social welfare of the miners, but that the Government would not purchase or operate mines.

Summing up, the Premier said:

"We saw the country imperiled by under-production and proposed to deal therewith by bringing the facts home to labor; by dealing with the question of extended hours and a minimum wage and giving workers a voice in control and a share in the prosperity of the industry."

Turning to trade conditions, Mr. Lloyd George said: "We must forget pre-war conditions and deal with actualities." He declared that he regarded the adverse American Exchange rate as in itself protection against the importation of manufactured goods. To deal with the vagaries arising from the fluctuations in Exchange, the Premier said the Board of Trade would be equipped with emergency powers to check sudden and undue importations of goods at prices below the cost of production of goods in Great Britain due to the collapse of Exchange.

With regard to protection against unfair competition after Sept. 1, when the import restrictions were removed, there would remain obstacles to imports in the shape of low exchange rates and high freights.

"These will remain," the Premier said, "because we have decided that we cannot longer keep up exchanges. It is better we realize that it may have the effect of raising prices of food and raw materials, especially those from America. That is the result of under-production, and it is needful that it should be brought home to every one, otherwise it will never be cured. The Government purposes to abandon the support of exchanges, except where support may be necessary to prevent the complete collapse of any important exchange until our output increases."

Mr. Lloyd George then announced that legislation would be proposed to deal effectively with "dumping," and went at length into the powers to be conferred on the Board of Trade to check the importation of goods at prices below British cost of production owing to collapse of exchange. He said this was an emergency measure, made necessary because of conditions which had arisen during the war and which he hoped soon would pass away.

Another Government proposal, the Premier continued, was to shield unstable industries, namely, industries essential to the nation, such as dyestuffs and optical glass and the like, which were unable to maintain themselves on an adequate level of production. It was proposed, he said, that the Board of Trade should be empowered to prohibit imports, except by license, of such goods, and to prevent excessive imports where the import prices were considerably lower than the home prices.

The Premier declared that the Government purposed to submit at the Autumn session of Parliament a bill for the development and control of the water power of the country for industrial purposes. It would be necessary, he said, to supplement coal power by using water power.

Dealing with finance, Lloyd George asserted that it would be impossible to reduce the army to a peace basis until peace was ratified.

The delay in arranging peace with Turkey, said the Premier, was because Great Britain awaited the decision of the United States. Great Britain wanted to know whether the United States was prepared to take her share in guaranteeing protection for peoples who, if not protected, would be subjected to terrorism, plunder, and massacre. As soon as the American answer came, Great Britain would have to adjust its settlement to America's answer. Meanwhile Great Britain had occupied Turkish territory.

Dealing with the difficulties of economizing on defenses, the Premier said that, notwithstanding the fact that the great menace to Europe was gone, and it was under that idea that the Government was prosecuting its examination into army estimates where it was believed it could effect considerable reductions, in this matter it was essential that the great nations which had prompted the League of Nations should show their confidence in it and trust it. If they increased their armaments the League would be sham and a mere scrap of paper. Those who believed in the League most must trust it most, and the rest would follow. This was the fundamental and first condition of real economy in world armament. Great Britain was ready, the Premier exclaimed. Let all other lands be ready likewise, and economy would result.

In a moving peroration Mr. Lloyd George appealed in the House for fair treatment for the Government. It had had to deal with themendous issues where mistakes and errors in judgment were inevitable, and judgment on it should err on the side of generosity. It needed good will if at a crisis like the present confidence was to be restored between all sections of the people to enable the nation to cope with difficult problems.

"The Government have done their best to give direction," the Premier concluded. "Let all who will man the boats and save the nation."

Lord Robert Cecil, Great Britain's sponsor for the League of Nations, who followed Mr. Lloyd George, spoke feelingly regarding the League.

"It would be better to scrap it altogether," said Lord Robert, "unless the Government means to work it as a reality. I am not satisfied with the attitude of some of the officials and the spirit of the bureaucracy toward it."

The need for assisting Armenia, Lord Robert continued, was overwhelming.

"To take away the British troops," he said, "means to condemn these unhappy people to extinction, the remnants of them will be slaughtered almost to the man, woman, and child. If there is any competition between help for Denikin, (the anti-Bolshevist commander in Southern Russia,) and help for Armenia, Armenia surely has the first claim."

The Laborites sharply criticised the Government's coal mining proposal and its failure to nationalize coal mines. William Brace, Labor member for South Glamorgan and President of the South Wales Miners' Federation, described the Government's plan as "the establishment of a glorified combine."

T. P. O'Connor, President of the United Irish League of Great Britain and Nationalist member for the Scotland Division of Liverpool, complained that Mr. Lloyd George had not uttered even a word of sympathy for Ireland. He declared that one of the causes for the delay of the United States in ratifying the Peace Treaty was the failure of Great Britain to settle the Irish question.

Many members spoke with regret of the Premier's statement concerning the withdrawal of the British troops from the Caucasus.

Mr. Bonar Law, the Government spokesman, replying, said he had reason to hope that the expected dangers to the Armenians were greatly exaggerated; moreover, he added, the demobilization would be slow on account of the shortage in shipping and would continue well into October.

Bonar Law said if there were any signs of help coming from the United States for Armenia, Great Britain would gladly welcome it. It was an American, rather than a British affair, and the Americans were in a better position to deal with it. He added that American interests were even greater than those of the British, and said he was sure that if the United States Government in a similar case had asked the British Government to hold out a little longer until arrangements had been made the British would have done their best.

The speaker said he was unable to hold out much hope of keeping the British in that region for any length of time, but that he had reason to feel that, owing to the presence of the allied commissioners, the evil so much dreaded would not materialize.

LABOR VIEW OF SPEECH.

Admits Premier Made Out Strong Case Against Nationalization.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—Although Premier Lloyd George's speech certainly disappointed his critics because it did not deal with all the topics they had been pressing on his notice, it fairly redeemed the pledges the Premier gave when he last addressed the Commons.

The Irish question will be singled out as one omission, but the Premier had given clear indication that no further statement thereon would come from him before the recess. His statement upon the country's business and financial position amplifies what he has said before, but its general purport was not new.

Limited though it was to domestic problems of the day the speech aroused as much controversy in the lobby as if he had covered the whole field of imperial and external policy, the subject which perhaps aroused most discussion and provoked opposite views being the new scheme for co-ordinating coal mine management and the turning down of Justice Sankey's proposals for nationalization. While some declared the plan adumbrated by the Premier was unworkable others, including labor members, conceded he made out a strong case against nationalization. The Chronicle also says the reasons given by the Premier against Sankey's plan were carefully chosen and difficult to refute.

The Government intent is apparently on the lines of Sir Arthur Duckham's report to unify the ownership of mines by districts with a view to more economic working. The miners besides being represented on the advisory bodies will have the right to nominate some of the Directors on each district directorate.

As regards the abolition on Sept. 1 of temporary restrictions on manufactured goods, The Chronicle welcomes it as good news, and thinks all free traders with an open mind for concrete difficulties will acquiesce in the only reserves which the Premiar made.

In the course of his speech the Premier sent a shaft at his newspaper critics, which evidently was aimed at The London Times. He said:

"I notice in the papers today one egregious journalist who has been pursuing a kind of Corsican vendetta publishes columns of denunciation of a speech which never had been delivered and of proposals which never had yet been put before the country. If that is the spirit in which these proposals are to be considered I really despair of our properly approaching the problems which involve the prosperity and life of this country. Let all personal matters be set aside when we are dealing with questions of this kind and remember this is our common country, and do our best to help."

The Daily News says there is no question that the Premier's speech disappointed the hopes if it did not disappoint the expectations, adding: "On Ireland the Prime Minister had nothing to say, on Russia nothing, on agriculture nothing, on retrenchment nothing but an indefinite promise to reduce armaments if and when the other powers do the same. It is on this diet that the confidence of the commercial community is to be nurtured for the next two months."

LONDON TIMES AGAIN ATTACKS LLOYD GEORGE

Says He Has Discarded Parliamentarism and Governs Like a President.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Times, in the course of an editorial on the speech to be delivered by Lloyd George in the House of Commons today, makes the following indictment of his Ministry:

"Whether they know it or not, Lloyd George and his colleagues are in reality on their trial at the bar of public opinion. The nation is profoundly disquieted and not far from being deeply distrustful of the Government. It sees in them no distinct purpose, no loftiness of ideal, no consistent vigor of practices, no organic cohesion, no firm grasp upon events. It is not sure that the Ministers are always truthful. It has repeatedly detected them in evasion, and suspects them of caring at bottom for little save the salvation of their own Ministerial skins.

"It wants good government, and is conscious that it has not got it. Bred in the traditions of wise and well-ordered progress, the nation is scandalized by the Prime Minister's persistent habit of delaying thought and action until the twelfth hour and then of making decisions in a panic. This habit is primarily the consequence of the system of personal—almost Presidential—government which Lloyd George has evolved during the last two and a half years. It is a system wholly alien to the English conception of government. It cuts across the well-recognized theory of our historic constitution. At this moment Mr. Lloyd George enjoys all the advantages attaching to the offices of British Prime Minister and of President of the United States.

"While seeking to rid himself of the checks and balances with which each office is supposed to be surrounded, he has practically succeeded in separating the executive and legislative powers. While avoiding the House of Commons or throwing to it only an occasional scrap in the form of a 'statement,' he exercises through other members of his administration complete control over legislation. However much the House of Commons may dislike one of his hastily improvised expedients for meeting a critical issue, Mr. Bonar Law and the whips will force it through Parliament, surrendering at discretion on points of detail, the 'faithful Commons' being reduced to the position of a sounding board for the Prime Minister's messages, and to that of an instrument for the registration of his decrees.

"This is not Parliamentary government; it is not even Cabinet government, for the old doctrine of the responsibility of all Ministers for the acts of each has been abandoned, together with many other constitutional safeguards.

"The present restlessness and suspicion in the House is a healthy symptom, for it shows that the Members of Parliament are to some extent alive to the feelings of the country. Sooner or later it will revolt on some question that does not admit of compromise by a time-serving formula. In the meantime it will expect Mr. Lloyd George to answer the inquiries which it is tired of making of his deputy. When is the War Cabinet to disappear and a real Cabinet of perhaps a dozen responsible and capable men to be formed?"

The Times concludes:

"The confidence of the nation will go to public men in office or out of office who show adequate appreciation of the truly vital problems that confront it. Frankness, straightforwardness and honesty of purpose will gain support where the most cunning manoeuvering and the most subtle cajolery would arouse naught but aversion. It is for the Government, and in the first place for the Prime Minister, to choose whether they and he will be worthy of the nation's trust. If they are not, they cannot too quickly give place to honester men."

First Class Cabinet-made Store Fixtures for Sale

Extraordinary Opportunity!

590 running feet, 6 ft. 8 in. high, 2 ft. 9 in. wide.

Real Mahogany Sliding Door Hanging Cases complete with rods, for Women's or Children's Clothing. 49 cases with real mahogany panel, mirror or plate glass sliding doors and ends, in 6t ft. to 14 ft., finished unit lengths, all in first class condition. Will sell in several lots or one lot.

One 20 ft. Illuminated Hanging Case with plate glass sides and ends.

All to be sold because we are changing the color scheme of and refurnishing two entire garment floors.

Can be seen daily on our selling floors and particulars had from

Best & Co.
5th Ave. at 35th St., or from
R. B. Sherburne, 1 West 34th St.

The Silence that Gives Consent —to Thoughts

"Eureka!" says the gentleman in the dark suit. He has found the big idea. Now he will be able to clean up at four o'clock and get in that game of golf.

The Noiseless Typewriter is a big help in business. It enables your secretary to work helpfully beside you without annoyance. It eliminates the click-click-clack that used to make a mockery of concentration. *Have you SEEN it?*

Ask for Booklet and Impressive List of Users

The NOISELESS TYPEWRITER

The Noiseless Typewriter Company, 253 Broadway, New York
'Phone ★Barclay 8205

To achieve the utmost in line and tailoring is the aim that hits the mark of popular fancy for Fall Croydon clothes—Ready Tailored for immediate service.

Croydon Garments are tailored by Hickey-Freeman.

CROYDON LTD.
7 EAST 44TH STREET
Next to Delmonico's

NOVO
RELIABLE
POWER
Novo D H Hoist
Novo Saw Rig

Six Advantages of Novo Power

Reliability *Economy* *Efficiency*
Compactness *Simplicity* *Durability*

SIX reasons, in six words, for the general employment of Novo Engines and Outfits by leading contractors the country over.

Also, Novo Power doesn't keep a rush job waiting. Because Novo Equipment is light and compact, it travels fast by train or truck; it is quickly set up and at work.

Write us for complete information.

NOVO ENGINE CO.
Clarence E. Bement, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgr.
Factory and Main Office: Lansing, Mich.
New York Office: 1617 Woolworth Bldg.; Telephone Barclay 8458.
Standard Scale & Supply Co., 145 Chambers St.; Telephone Worth 1353.
New York Distributors.

FRANKLIN SIMON

Introduces for the First Time in New York

An August Exhibit of

MEN'S FALL CLOTHES

Having inaugurated a new era in Men's Clothes by hand-tailoring them, it is fitting that we should be the first and only institution to inaugurate a new era in exploiting Men's Styles, by showing the first complete August exhibit of Fall models and fabrics ever announced in the City.

THE IDEA IS THIS

If we except mid-winter, Men's Clothes, which are nearly always half-lined or skeletonized, do not vary much in weight all the year round. But the models and fabrics do. We have therefore, after great preparation, advanced the Fall season by four full weeks. This will enable our patrons to wear models *now* which elsewhere will be at the zenith of style—*later!*

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE
Men's Clothing Shop—8 West 38th Street—Located on Street Level

COPYRIGHT 1919 BY PHILIP MORRIS

"Call for Philip Morris"
BOND STREET CIGARETTES
Twenty-five Cents *Plain Ends*
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO THE LATE KING EDWARD VII

AFTER-WAR TRADE.
The Annalist, every Monday, publishes a survey of movements in every important branch of commerce. Published by The New York Times Company; 10c on news stands, $4 a year by mail.—Advt.

A&F Co

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

Madison Avenue and 45th St., New York.

The Gun of a Sportsman

The moor is calling—nimble yellowlegs are dodging in and out among the sand dunes.

Guns are coming down from their racks to be oiled and fondled—old acquaintances come back to their own.

What sentiment equals that of a sportsman for his favorite arm?

Every shotgun, every rifle has its personality—in choosing a new one its character is weighed at every point.

It is in this light that guns are regarded in this greatest collection of sportsmen's arms in the world.

They are animate things—not cold steel; guns that are genuine companions; that speak, when they do speak, in a language the hunter understands.

Abercrombie & Fitch Sporting Guns for Upland and Lowland

Made for us, to suit the whims of the most particular hunters and trap shoots.

Fitted to the purchaser by our pattern gun and shaped to meet exact requirements.

Largest selection of Parker guns to be found in the world, double and single barrel.

Fox shotguns and Smith shotguns — Winchester, Remington and Stevens shotguns and rifles.

Savage rifles and pistols, and Colt and Smith & Wesson revolvers and automatic pistols.

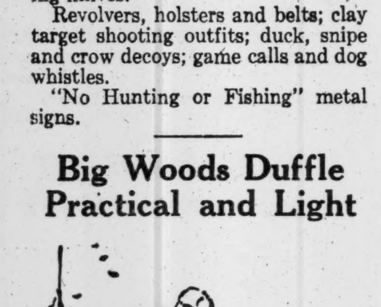
Military rifle accessories; specially recommended shotgun game loads; rifle, revolver and pistol cartridges.

Cartridge belts and bags, munition boxes, gun sights, gun cases and hunting knives.

Revolvers, holsters and belts; clay target shooting outfits; duck, snipe and crow decoys; game calls and dog whistles.

"No Hunting or Fishing" metal signs.

Big Woods Duffle Practical and Light



The kind of thing that appeals to seasoned sportsmen.

Packs, bedding, cook kits, portable camp furnishings—every useful thing in its very best form.

Hunting and camp clothing, boots, hats, shirts—Abercrombie & Fitch, world standards for both men and women.

Write for Circular on Shooting Equipment

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
Ezra H. Fitch, President.
Madison Avenue and 45th St., New York.

"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard"

VICIOUS FOOD CYCLE IS PALMER'S TARGET

Attorney General Comes to New York and Outlines Plans to Put an End to Profitteering.

RESTS WITH COMMUNITIES

Appeal to People and Honest Dealers to Crush Evils—Civil and Military Inquiry Into Gouging.

A. Mitchell Palmer, United States Attorney General came to New York last night to confer with the Fair Price Committee which has been formed by Federal Food Administrator Arthur Williams in an effort to arrive at some fair ration of profit between dealer and consumer. Mr. Palmer told the committee that he came to New York because in this city and Washington, what the authorities did to combat the high cost of necessities would be watched and imitated by every community in the United States.

"Without the enthusiastic support of you gentlemen and the people of this city," the Attorney General said, "we will be powerless to win our fight against profiteering."

The Fair Price Committee met last night in the Hotel Biltmore to hear the Attorney General. He began by telling of what he considered reasons for the high prices.

"The high cost of living, or, as the French say, the high cost of life," said Mr. Palmer, "is, I believe, due to a number of causes. Some of these are world-wide in their scope, the taking of men from production by the war, the increase in taxation, &c. Such causes we must wait for time to eradicate. The men will come back to work and the burden of taxation will gradually be lifted from the people.

"I am one of those who believe that a large part of the high cost of everything is due to the fact that a number of unconscionable men in the ranks of the dealers have taken advantage of these other conditions which we may term the abnormal causes, to gouge the public. Let me tell you right now that such men may be gotten if we go about it rightly."

Going After Dishonest Dealers.

Mr. Palmer then went on to say that there were a vast number of honest dealers who were injured by the widespread condemnation of the dishonest ones and he regretted that such was the case. That fact, however, he said, did not alter the necessity of going after the dishonest men with all possible energy.

"If we can make a few conspicuous examples of gougers and give the widest sort of publicity to the fact that such gougers have been and will be punished," he said, "in the future there will be little inclination to profiteer in this country. It is to pave the way to make such examples that we have asked the Federal Food Administrators to organize the Fair Price Committees in each State.

"Now, the Fair Price Committee, which represents, as it does, every element in the community, I expect to accomplish two things. First, by fixing what is a fair rate of profit between men and publishing that rate broadcast, the consumer will know how to protect himself. If he considers himself gouged he can take the matter up with the dealer and force that man to regulate his prices according to the list given out by the Committee. This one thing, in my judgment, will keep prices from rising.

"Then there is another thing the committee will do. It will enable us to make conspicuous examples. A jury in a community where a Fair Price Committee has fixed a list of prices will take that committee's word on the subject, and convictions of gougers will follow."

The Attorney General went on to tell how the Administration in Washington had decided to get two additional measures passed which would put teeth into the Federal Food Control act. These measures, he said, that had been already introduced into Congress provided that clothing should be included with food in the list of necessities of life, and that straight out profiteering should be considered a crime. Under the present law a combination formed to raise prices can be punished, Mr. Palmer explained, but there was no way to get at the individual dealer who deliberately started out to gouge his fellow-citizens.

"I may tell you," he said, "that I have assurances from both houses of Congress that these two measures will be passed within a week."

He took up the formation of the Fair Price Committees, declaring that it was not practicable under the circumstances to rebuild the machinery of the Federal Food Administration in force during the war.

"We don't want you to get the idea that you are going to work under directions from Washington," he said. "We are not going to isue price lists and expect you to follow them. We have tried to decentralize the whole organization to the best of our ability, and we are making each Fair Price Committee responsible only in its own community. All we ask is that you give what you consider a fair price list the widest possible publicity among your own people."

Only Three States Hang Back.

Mr. Palmer said that Fair Price Committees had already been organized in three-quarters of the States in the Union and would be in all in a few days. In only three States, he said, had Food Administrators declined to take up the work of organizing these committees when asked to do so by the Government. He prophesied that the result would be that if the method did not actually reduce the cost of living, it would hold prices level until they fell of their own weight.

"We must keep prices from going up any higher," he said, "and if we do that I think we will find the cost will gradually go down. But we must stop the vicious cycle of rising costs, rising wages and rising prices. One produces the other. If we do not catch that cycle and hold costs, wages and prices steady, it means that this country will face an industrial disaster."

Court and Military Inquiry.

Notwithstanding the fact that the traction strike is occupying the major share of the attention of New York City officials, the authorities, municipal as well as Federal and State, concerned in the fight on the high cost of food and other necessities spent a busy day yesterday. The county and Federal District Attorneys' offices, the Quartermaster Corps of the army, the Health Commissioner and the Commissioner of Markets were all active in the effort the entire nation is making to abolish the profiteer.

Assistant Federal District Attorney Ben A. Mathews announced that he is investigating a report that a certain sugar merchant of this city made an excessive profit out of a thousand pounds of sugar which he sold to an up-State orphan asylum. According to the information in Mr. Mathews's possession, the sugar was sold for 14 cents a pound. The Fair Price Committee has fixed a regular retail price of 11 cents and a wholesale price of 10½ cents for the food. Mr. Mathews said that he had telephoned the dealer in question who is to be in the Federal District Attorney's office today to defend himself. In case the allegation is true, Mr. Mathews will start proceedings to force the merchant to refund the excess profits, and will start a criminal action. The Federal agents are also investigating another case of profiteering in sugar in this city. A report has been made to Mr. Mathews that there are in New York three times the normal amount of cold storage fowls.

John T. Dooling, the Assistant District Attorney, who is investigating the food situation for District Attorney Edward A. Swann, said yesterday that the exigencies of the traction strike had forced him to postpone the inquiry into unlawful hoarding of foodstuffs until Thursday. On that day, he said, two men prominent in the milk business in New York will be questioned concerning the business practices of a so-called milk trust.

Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, said yesterday that he had held a consultation with William Fetherston of the legal department of the Board of Health. The Commissioner said that the scope of the investigation into the food situation which his department is making will be broadened to take in even the homes in New York. Nearly a thousand nurses and inspectors of the department will visit homes in various parts of the city to ascertain if the high prices charged for food menace the health of the people to any extent.

Dr. Copeland said that general facts touching on the public health had been under investigation for some time. Inspectors have been visiting merchants and manufacturers to learn whether they are violating the permits issued by the Board of Health as regard certain classes of food, chiefly cold storage products.

Big five-ton trucks hired by the Department of Markets started yesterday to carry the army foodstuffs from the three supply bases, two in Brooklyn and one in Newark, to the 203 public schools designated for the distribution of the food which is to be begun tomorrow morning. Captain A. A. Stewart of the Zone Supply office, said yesterday that the municipal authorities here would handle all the food for sale, and that the Post Office would not be called upon to help by parcel post.

Nearly eight hundred members of committees, comprising seventy-seven Community Councils of National Defense, have been organized throughout the five boroughs of the greater city to assist city officials in the distribution of stocks of surplus army food which will be placed on sale at public schools tomorrow morning. At headquarters of the Community Councils, Room 2205, Municipal Building, it was announced yesterday that with the exception of Brooklyn every section of the greater city has been covered with the organization of committees which will cooperate with the Department of Markets at the various distribution centres. Yesterday final instructions were given to the hundreds of volunteer workers who will be under supervision of Miss Mildred Taylor, Organization Secretary, in assisting Miss Laura A. Cauble, Deputy Commissioner of Markets, in charge of volunteer organizations.

Butchers' Conference Thursday.

A conference was held yesterday afternoon by Arthur Williams, Federal Food Administrator, and Emanuel Seller, Albert Rosen, and O. Edward Jahrsdorfer, representing the Master Butchers' Association of New York State. As a result a general conference will be held with representatives of all the organized master butchers of the city, about 2,500 in number, on Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at 130 East Fifteenth Street. The object is to review the maximum fair price margins and to get the butchers of the city to agree not to exceed these margins at the present time. It is also hoped that the organization will formally pledge itself to assist the Attorney General of the United States, A. Mitchell Palmer, and the Fair Price Committee in the local effort to secure fair food prices. Charles Grismer, President of the Master Butchers' Association of the State of New York, has been appointed a member of the Fair Price Committee.

FIND MEAT IN FRUIT STORAGE

Buffalo Authorities Unearth 4,000,000 Pounds.

BUFFALO, Aug. 18.—Nearly 4,000,000 pounds of dressed and cured meats have been located in fruit storage warehouses in Niagara County, according to a message sent to Attorney General Palmer today by District Attorney Lockwood. The message quotes a local agent of a packing company as saying that the fruit storage space was bought because all Western meat storehouses are filled.

Nearly all of the meat located in Niagara County is "borax cured," the sale of which is restricted under the pure food laws. Mr. Lockwood inquired of the Attorney General whether it would be possible to sell meats thus cured if the stores are libeled. Borax-cured meat is shipped abroad.

Libels were begun in Federal court today against firms and individuals owning 3,000,000 dozen eggs and 3,500,000 pounds of butter, alleged to have been "withheld from the market for the purpose of unreasonably increasing the price."

SUGAR INQUIRY IN BOSTON.

Other Commodities Will Be Considered Later by Federal Grand Jury.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—The sugar situation will claim the attention of the Federal Grand Jury tomorrow when it convenes in special session to begin an investigation of the high cost of living. Evidence gathered by the Department of Justice agents active in the Government's food investigation will be presented at that time, according to United States District Attorney Thomas U. Boynton, who said tonight that other commodities would be considered later.

Whether the unusually large supplies of several foodstuffs stored in Boston warehouses are being held unlawfully has not yet been determined, according to Mr. Boynton.

The State Commission on the necessaries of life was made virtually a food administration body today when the Department of Justice requested the commission to make up a fair price list for foodstuffs in this State.

Swift Manager Is Arrested.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 18.—W. G. Fletcher, manager of the local branch of Swift & Co., Chicago packers, and Joseph Nash, manager of the Cleveland Provision Company, two of the six Cleveland men charged by State officials with violation of the Smith Cold Storage law, were arrested today on affidavits furnished by State officials.

SAYS FIVE PACKERS FIX PRICE OF MEAT

Colver Indorses Kenyon Bill at Senate Agricultural Committee's Hearing.

WOULD BREAK UP MONOPOLY

Asserts "Big Five" Control the 12 Big Markets and Give Quotations to the Smaller Ones.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The five great packers control all meat prices from the producer to the consumer, except those of the retailer, W. B. Colver of the Federal Trade Commission told the Senate Agricultural Committee today when hearing began on the bill by Senator Kenyon of Iowa to place the packers under Federal control.

"You say even the producers are at the mercy of these five?" asked Senator Kenyon.

"I do," replied Mr. Colver. "That control is in twelve of the great markets. The smaller markets never get a quotation on prices until Kansas City or Chicago are heard from."

Senator Gronna, Chairman of the committee, put himself on record as warning "those in possession of great wealth" that a revolution might come about if the corporations themselves did not aid in solving the present difficult problems of life. The Senator appeared to favor checking profiteering by taxing all profits above a certain sum.

"Do you believe that corporations should keep on expanding and yet retain all their profits?" he asked Mr. Colver. "Would it not be possible to allow them to keep just so much, say not over $50,000, and have the Government take the rest by taxation? That, it seems to me, would be a real remedy. If they keep on making profits, they may be stronger than the Government."

"I don't think that taxing profits reduces prices, it usually tends to increase them," replied Mr. Colver. "Books can also be kept in various ways, and subsidiary companies can be formed, and more money can ultimately be taken out of the consumer."

Opposition was expressed by Senator France, Republican of Maryland, to give too much power to a licensing officer. He said a board "sitting in the open," would be much safer. The Senator added that there had been "sufficient arbitrary power during the war."

"I think it was a very dangerous thing for the representatives of packers and Government officials," said Senator France, "to fix prices in secret conference. As far as giving too much power to a possible Government official is concerned, I would a thousand times rather see Mr. Ogden Armour make big profits in private life than to see some man in the Government service make those profits. And you know, there are predatory men."

Senator Kenyon, in seconding his bill, said that while it provided for Government control, it did not provide for Government ownership.

"It is a radical bill, and it has teeth in it," he said. "But it is necessary. A monopoly of articles which the people must have is intolerable and indefensible.

"The bill provides a new method of corporate control in this country. It suggests the licensing of packers, the divorcement from them of stockyard ownership and the elimination of their control of refrigerator cars. The basis for it is the report of the Federal Trade Commission and information before this committee.

"Meat packing is no longer a private business. If the monopoly has grown to the degree we understand it has, it is indefensible and intolerable. There may be a little efficiency growing out of it, but that is temporary.

"We are not engaged in an attack on private profits, though the propaganda of the packers has frightened business since this bill came up, and may have frightened Congress out of the attempt to legislate. We are not trying to injure business nor to stop reasonable profits, but excess profits today are treasonable profits."

Mr. Colver said the Kenyon bill went even further than the commission had suggested.

"But," he said, "I believe it is necessary. It invites Congress to take notice of the new style of monopoly, that is, the uniting of unrelated businesses."

Opponents of the bill, including packers' representatives, will appear before the committee beginning Wednesday.

SEIZE EGGS IN PORTLAND, ME.

Federal Agents Take 4,571 Cases On Charge of Hoarding.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 18.—Under a libel against the New England Cold Storage Company of this city and J. R. Poole Company of Boston, United States Marshal Wilson seized 4,571 cases of eggs at the New England Company's plant today. The charge is hoarding to obtain an excessive profit.

This is the first seizure made in Maine under the hoarding law. The retail value of the eggs at present prices is $122,000.

WALSH URGES SENATE TO UNITE TO CUT PRICES

Contends Problem Is Above Politics and That Parties Should Draft Joint Program.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Senator Walsh, Democrat, of Massachusetts, appealed to the Senate today to have the steering committees of the Republican and Democratic sides of the Senate meet at once to determine upon what legislation should be adopted to fight the high living costs, and that the effort to reach a solution of the problem be taken out of politics.

Senator Walsh said frankly that his information was to the effect that the high living costs and the danger of industrial chaos were engrossing his constituents, even to the exclusion of the action which might be taken in regard to the League of Nations, and that he believed such a situation to be general.

He did not, he said, favor all of the legislation requested by President Wilson, but he believed it to be the patriotic duty of the Senate to drop partisanship, as it did during the war, and unite for immediate action. In the event that the Senate found itself impotent to supply remedial legislation, he said, he felt it was the duty of the members to make such a statement to the public, so that the people might know how matters stood.

Senator Walsh said also that the time had arrived when Senators should not permit the desires of any group of people, such as the farmers, or organized labor, to swerve them from the support of legislation which would be for the best interests of the nation as a whole. Mr. Walsh was stopped during his address by Senator King of Utah, who wanted to obtain Mr. Walsh's view as to the most serious cause of the high living costs.

"In my opinion," replied Senator Walsh, "the high prices are due primarily to the worst condition of criminal profiteering that any country has seen in recent years. I think when the evidence is made public as to the terrific amount of millions and millions of dollars of profit that has been made by the manufacturers and producers of foodstuffs in this country we will have all we can do to satisfy our people that they are living under a Government which will protect them and can protect them."

Another development today was the sending of a message by Attorney General Palmer to Governor Frederick D. Gardner of Missouri acquiescing in a suggestion made by the latter that a committee of the Conference of Governors, now in session at Salt Lake City, Utah, be sent to Washington to discuss the co-ordination of the Federal and State agencies. If such a meeting is held here Mr. Palmer will have a definite program to offer.

Senator Walsh's plea, which brought on the general debate in the Senate, expressed the hope that Congress would put itself in a position to aid administrative officers of the nation in carrying out some such a program.

"I sometimes think that we do not appreciate the depth of feeling in America today on this question," he said. "On a visit recently to my home State I was met with one query at every turn. It was not 'What are you going to do with the League of Nations?' It was not 'When are you going to ratify the treaty?' It was 'What are you going to do in Congress about the high cost of living?'

"It is the main cause of all the unrest, of all the discontent, of all the strikes, of all the business uncertainty in this country today. It is more than that; it is causing distrust of our Government itself.

"The point I want to emphasize today is that it is high time for action. Ten days have elapsed since the President publicly called this question to our attention. What have we done? What are we going to do? I ask these questions fully realizing that this is a very difficult and serious problem, but nevertheless its solution is the way to stop this rising wave of unrest; it is the way to insure the safety of the Government itself; it is the way to protect democracy in America.

"This Congress can at once restore confidence by showing that it is awake to the situation and proposes to act at once.

"Joint, immediate, nonpartisan action is what the American people have a right to demand. Let us forget party advantage and map out a program.

"When we stood for patriotism and for America and forgot party lines and divisions we accomplished things. Bill after bill of great importance was passed here after two or three days of deliberation. Now we are not fighting the Germans but we are fighting discontent in our own country, and we are face to face with serious unrest and the people want us to do something. I suggest that there is one way that I have seen since I have been here by which things can be accomplished, and that is for the leaders of both political parties to agree upon a policy. There is hardly a bill that cannot be passed through both branches of Congress in twenty-four hours if the leaders of both parties meet and agree to it."

SEIZES BUTTER IN SCRANTON.

Federal Agent Also Charges 10,000 Crates of Eggs Were Hoarded.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18.—Pennsylvania's first seizure of foodstuffs, alleged to be hoarded, was made today at Scranton. Five thousand tubs of butter and 10,000 crates of eggs were confiscated.

The seizure was made by a Department of Justice agent acting under orders from headquarters in this city. The butter and eggs belonged to a Chicago creamery company.

TO FIX FAIR PRICES ON ALL NECESSITIES

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

or raised upon land owned, leased or cultivated; (b) to any partnership, corporation, or association whose membership is composed of such individuals, with respect to any necessary produced or raised by its members upon land owned, leased or cultivated by them, nor (c) to any retailer with respect to any necessary actually dealt in or stored by him in his retail business."

"Retailers," as defined in a previous section of the act is any one in the retail business doing less than $100,000 worth of business a year.

In the opinion of Mr. Haugen the committee will report the amended Food Control bill tomorrow or the next day, so that the House can act upon it before the end of the week.

The House began today the consideration of the first of a series of measures aimed to bring about a reduction of the cost of living when the Igoe resolution for an investigation by the Federal Trade Commission into the increased price of shoes occupied the attention of that body. Despite the quorum call of the leaders of both parties, very few of the absent members had returned, and final action on the resolution was prevented today by a lack of a quorum.

House Debates Cost of Living.

During the debate of more than four hours many angles of the high cost of living were discussed by the House, which had its first opportunity to elaborate upon the economic situation since the President's message was delivered.

The resolution under consideration merely provides for an inquiry into the cost of shoes to the consumer, which investigation, Mr. Igoe and others said, could be undertaken easily by the Federal Trade Commission.

Representative Emerson, Republican of Ohio, offered an amendment to include an investigation into the price of clothing and food products, which was defeated by a vote of 79 to 7. Upon its defeat Mr. Emerson moved to recommit the resolution. Representative Kinen raised a point of no quorum at this juncture, and the House adjourned, with the resolution the first order of business tomorrow.

Republican Leader Mondell said the Federal Trade Commission could properly investigate the price of shoes, but would be helpless if it were called upon to investigate the cost of food products. Mr. Mondell called upon the House to stop its demagoging and to seriously consider the vital subject before the nation in a businesslike way.

Mr. Igoe agreed with the conclusions of the Republican leader and pleaded with the House to confine the inquiry to the price of shoes. Such an inquiry, he said, would show that the retailer is getting surprising profits, and would show that he was receiving the shoes from the manufacturer at a price which would permit him to sell the shoes to the public much below the present prices.

The debate, while it reached no conclusions, served to emphasise that the Republican leaders are of the opinion that Congress can do little toward forcing down prices and that they do not intend to follow many of the suggestions outlined in the President's message. Mr. Mondell said that Congress would give the Administration sufficient money to make the investigations, but he insisted that the remedy for high prices rested with the consumer to some degree, and that what was needed chiefly was peace.

Favors Embargo on Exports.

Representative James W. Good reiterated that prices could be reduced at once to the American consumer if an embargo was placed temporarily on the export of foodstuffs.

Despite the contention of Mr. Mondell that the inquiry proposed should be confined to shoes, there were constant demands from many members for a more sweeping inquiry. Representative Goldfogle of New York declared that the "mind of the country is in an awful state of unrest," and he wanted the resolution broadened to include clothing. Mr. Dyer of Missouri said that there was no need for legislation, insisting that the President had power to cope with the present situation. Representative Tincher of Kansas said that he did not have much faith in the investigations of the Federal Trade Commission, which had investigated the packers and recommended prosecution in 1918.

"The high cost of living is due to a world shortage of necessaries," said Representative Fordney, who compared the present prices to those prevailing after the civil war. He said that the cost of living could not be reduced until the cost of labor and production had been reduced.

Representative Good, Iowa, declared that there "is no use of the legislative branch of the Government attempting to do very much to reduce the high cost of living." He pointed out that "we are exporting as we have never exported before."

In June, 1914, Mr. Good said, $1,000,000 worth of shoes were exported from the United States, while in June, 1919, more than $8,000,000 worth of shoes were sent out from this country. Other commodities have increased to an even greater extent, he added.

"And, what's more," Mr. Good continued, "we are furnishing out of the Treasury the money with which to buy our products and send them to Europe."

Representative Siegel of New York offered a resolution in the House for an investigation by the Federal Trade Commission of the cost of men's collars. The resolution instructs the commission to ascertain the manufacturers' cost and selling price and the retailers' cost and selling price for 1918 and 1919.

Mr. Siegel said that the price of collars would be 35 cents in September.

Arrest Two in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 18.—Warrants were sworn out in Municipal Court today against F. X. Krug, manager of the Cincinnati Ice Manufacturing and Cold Storage Company, and Roland Meyer, general manager of the H. H. Meyer Packing Company of this city, charging them with having violated the State cold storage law.

French Dealers and People Clash.

PARIS, Aug. 18, (Havas.)—Several clashes occurred between food dealers and consumers yesterday in the southeastern provinces and elsewhere. At Brest the dockworkers seized provisions in the central markets and sold them at half prices. Consumers and retailers at Le Vallois, near Paris, decided to take joint action against the middlemen.

SUPREME COUNCIL IGNORES ARCHDUKE

Will Make no Reply to Request for His Recognition as Governor of Hungary.

CZECHS AND SERBS HALT

Stop Advance of Armies on Budapest in Obedience to Instructions of Allied Generals.

PARIS, Aug. 18, (Associated Press.)—The Supreme Council has decided that it will make no reply whatever to the communication of Archduke Joseph, Governor of State in Budapest, asking for recognition.

The Hungarian situation will be discussed by the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference at its meeting today. Frank Polk, the head of the American delegation, who visited the battlefields of France over Saturday and Sunday with A. J. Balfour, the British Foreign Minister, and Signor Tittoni, the Italian Foreign Minister, returned to Paris this morning.

The Budapest newspapers state that the Rumanians have presented new armistice conditions to the Hungarian Government, which has forwarded them to the Allies, according to a dispatch from the Hungarian capital. The Hungarian Government has declined to accept any modification of the terms of the armistice of November last, the dispatch adds.

BUDAPEST, Aug. 17, (Associated Press.)—Hungary is boiling over with the opposition of the labor element to Archduke Joseph, the Regent, and also with anti-Jewish movements started by the "Help Hungary" Party.

The Rumanians continue their requisitions, although late last night they acceded in principle to the demands of the four allied Generals that requisitions should cease.

The Czechs and Serbs have agreed to the request of the allied Generals to halt the advance of their troops.

King Ferdinand of Rumania, according to reports from reliable quarters, paid a visit to Budapest last week incognito.

Four Hungarian monitors, manned by British seamen, have arrived here. The monitors carried 5-inch guns, and were under the command of Vice Admiral Ernest Troubridge.

ARCHDUKE MAKES DENIAL.

Has No Letter from Charles Ordering Him to Assume Power.

BUDAPEST, Aug. 16, (Associated Press.)—Archduke Joseph, the head of the Hungarian State, denied today that he had received a letter from former Emperor Charles, as charged in dispatches from Budapest to Berlin newspapers. The letter, it is alleged, ordered the Archduke to take over the power in Hungary, and thanked him for the services to the Hapsburg dynasty.

The letter, as published in Berlin, according to those familiar with Hapsburg court documents, bears the stamp of forgery.

It was pointed out today on behalf of Archduke Joseph, that the Archduke could not exercise the powers of a sovereign, but could act only as regent for the interests of the former Emperor and his eldest son. According to the law of succession in Austria-Hungary, it is said, no Archduke can ascend the throne while a male descendant of a King is alive or even if the King has been banished.

The former Emperor, it is added, has been careful not to abdicate as such an act would unnecessarily jeopardize the position of his son and heir, Archduke Otto. Those in Budapest who are in touch with the former Emperor in Switzerland, say that Otto continues to take instruction in English, which he began last Winter at Eckartsa. The boy, it is said, also is interested in collecting American flags.

The uneasiness of the Czechoslovak Government over the position of Archduke Joseph in Hungary continues. The Czechs declare that his new Cabinet is reactionary and is leading toward a military dictatorship under Admiral Horthy, the commander of the Szegedin army, who is said to be a pronounced monarchist.

CHICAGO GETS ARMY FOOD.

More Than 20,000 Sales Made at 50 Per Cent. of Retailers' Prices.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—Hundreds of extra clerks were necessary to wait on the thousands of householders at two downtown department stores today, where army surplus stocks of foodstuffs were sold at about 50 per cent. less than retailers are charging.

When the stores closed it was estimated 20,000 sales had been made, and lines of purchasers were still formed about the stores. The sale will continue tomorrow at ten department stores in different parts of the city.

Postmaster Carlyle will begin delivery of foodstuffs by parcel post Thursday.

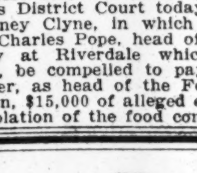
Prison terms instead of fines will be demanded by District Attorney Clyne for food hoarders and profiteers, Mr. Clyne announced today. He will meet State's attorneys and food administrators from ten counties in Illinois Wednesday to complete plans for the drive on the offenders.

John E. Bunker, Vice President and general manager of the John F. Campbell Company, accused of profiteering in sugar, was arrested today and held in $5,000 bonds for trial Aug. 28. Federal agents are still trying to locate John F. Campbell, President of the company.

According to Federal officials the company bought a great amount of sugar at $9.38 a hundred weight and sold it for $13 a hundredweight. The Federal statutes forbid a profit of more than 5 cents a hundredweight.

Other arrests will soon be made. Most of the men against whom action is pending are sugar dealers.

A test suit was filed in the United States District Court today by District Attorney Clyne, in which he demands that Charles Pope, head of a sugar refinery at Riverdale which bears his name, be compelled to pay to Herbert Hoover, as head of the Food Administration, $15,000 of alleged excess profits in violation of the food control act.



29 Years of Personal Service

FROM the first, our specialty has been personal trusts and personal checking accounts. The accumulated experience of our twenty-nine years works for your benefit as one of our depositors or clients.

FULTON TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
Established 1890
Member of Federal Reserve System
Singer Building
149 Broadway

CHARGES FIVE PACKERS CONTROL FISH MARKET

Mayor Gillan of Newark Tells House Committee Inexpensive Kinds Are Thrown Away.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Mayor Gillan of Newark, spokesman for the Mayors of fifteen New Jersey cities, appearing before the House Committee on Agriculture, considering legislation to relieve the high cost of living, charged today that the five big meat packers control the New York fish market, which held an absolute monopoly of the fish taken from the ocean along the New Jersey coast. The New York fish market, he said, sold only the costly fish and prevented the municipal markets in a number of New Jersey cities from operating successfully when attempts were made to reduce the price of fish.

As Chairman of the committee Mr. Gillan suggested legislative action along the following lines:

1. Creation of a Federal commission to regulate food exports.
2. Authorizing the Government to take over or control the operations of all cold storage warehouses.
3. Authorizing the Government to acquire possession of all refrigeration cars.
4. Providing that during the present emergency or any future emergencies of high living costs to undertake to sell direct to the public, not only food, but clothing and shoes.
5. Directing the Government to release to the public forthwith all remaining surplus of food and clothing.

"A year ago the municipality of Newark," testified Mayor Gillan, "when it was investigating the fish situation discovered that the fish dealers of our city were selling only the more expensive kinds of fish, and that the poor people of the city were unable to get the cheaper grades, such as herring, ling, and whiting. Upon further investigation we found that the New York fish market, or Fulton Market, as it is sometimes known, controlled the entire catch along the Jersey coast, and that it discouraged the bringing in of these cheaper grades.

"The fishermen were instructed either to throw all such fish back into the water or turn them over to fertilizer plants, despite the fact that nutriment of these lower grade fish is every bit as good as the more expensive. This policy was dictated by the New York fish market, which, we believe, is controlled by the big packers.

"So the City of Newark arranged with some fishermen to bring direct to Newark catches of these cheaper fish and placed them on sale direct to the public. The experiment proved an immediate success, but suddenly, after about three weeks, the supply of the cheaper grades began mysteriously to drop off.

"The men who supplied us the fish gave various vague excuses that these grades of fish were no longer in abundance, or had moved away from the Jersey coast, and finally the supply was cut off altogether, and for love or money we could get no more. We traced the influence we believe to the big wholesale fish combination in New York and found that even the State of New Jersey was powerless to effect a remedy."

"Have you any proof that the big five packers control the New York combination?" asked Representative Anderson of Minnesota.

"No proof, but a firm conviction exists in our community that this is a fact, and we are morally certain that an investigation would disclose it to be a fact," replied Mayor Gillan.

In Newark the retail price of milk, he said, was from 18 to 24 cents a quart and the children of poor people are dying for the lack of milk.

"We investigated the milk situation," he added, "and found that a small group of dealers in Newark had combined together and driven out all competitors and had contracted with the dairies for all their output at about 7½ cents a quart. The city of Newark went into the business and after much difficulty located some dairymen who were not tied up by the big dealers. We paid them the same price for their milk that the big fellows were paying—7½ cents, and this milk we placed on sale at three municipal milk depots at between 11 and 12 cents a quart, and the big fellows, after coming into the localities where our depots were located and cutting their price to 16 cents, tried to circulate propaganda to the effect that we were selling bad milk."

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK

IN view of the constantly rising costs of the essentials which comprise the development of beautiful fashions, it would seem advisable to make one's Autumn and Winter purchases as early as possible, thus avoiding the advanced costs which are bound to come later.

We have never been so well prepared so early in the season as we are now—having *anticipated* our requirements, we are in a position to take splendid care of our patrons at this time in things

FOR IMMEDIATE SELECTION OR MADE TO INDIVIDUAL ORDER

Reconstruction job for Lehigh Valley R. R.

Is industrial construction slack? We haven't found it so—our business so far this year exceeds our total for all of 1918

Going to build a factory or warehouse? Phone Bryant 2908 for our Book, "Speed with Economy."

Barney-Ahlers
Industrial Construction
"Speed with Economy"

BIXBY'S DOUBLE A AA
BROWN SHOE POLISH
FOR DARK TAN & BROWN SHOES.

Pay 25 cents and use the class of all brown polishes. Made for Army Officers' shoes. Now you can buy it. A dauber with each bottle.

A Liquid—25c

OLUS
the only COAT CUT UNION SUIT

In design and for the money "Obviously the Best"

A union of comfort and convenience
Silk or Cotton GUARANTEED FABRICS
One Dollar and up
Chain Shirt Shops
Largest Sales Specialists in America
For Addresses see Telephone Directory

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, flues and furnaces.
No payment accepted unless successful.
Frederic N. Whitley, Inc.
Engineers and Contractors
217 Fulton St., Brooklyn

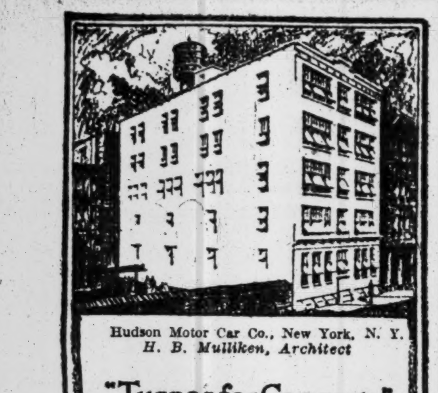
ONE complete Bath establishment is maintained exclusively for women at the Hotel Pennsylvania Turkish Baths.

Men's bath always open; women's daily (except Sunday), 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.

Special treatments for obesity, galvanic and hydriatic treatments, for aching feet, massage, manicuring, chiropody. Highly expert operators.

For New Yorkers, too.

The PENNSYLVANIA TURKISH BATHS



Hudson Motor Car Co., New York, N. Y.
H. B. Mulliken, Architect

"Turner for Concrete"

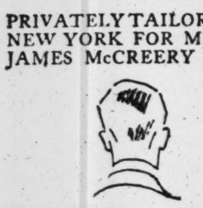
Building costs have advanced since May—they may go higher.

Build now while labor is working efficiently and materials are easy to get.

TURNER
Construction Co.

McCreery's
English
Clothes

PRIVATELY TAILORED IN NEW YORK FOR MESSRS. JAMES McCREERY & CO.



THE PRICES ARE UNQUESTIONABLY LOWER THAN THE QUALITY OF THE CLOTHES WARRANT

$33.50 UP

James McCreery & Co.
Second Floor
5th Avenue & 35th Street

There are three convenient elevators in the McCreery 5th Avenue Arcade

724—Buddha Bookends, Pair $3.50

MEASURED by time, Ovington's is 70 years old. Measured by its wares, Ovington's is the newest shop on Fifth Avenue. Measured by its charm, it's the most fashionable shop—and measured by its prices, Ovington's is the most reasonable.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
314 Fifth Av., near 32d St.

Resinol
for that eczema

Little watery blisters that appear on the skin and then break, accompanied by angry looking inflamed spots or sores that spread, with intense itching, generally can be described as eczema.

Resinol Ointment aided by Resinol Soap rarely fails to give immediate relief, and with perseverance, usually clears away the trouble entirely. Anoint thicker at night, then bandage.

Sold by all druggists. For free samples write Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

TELEPHONE BRACKETS

Equipoise Arm
Serving Four Desks

Great variety of styles—raising, collapsible, swinging—to meet any condition in office or home.

Representative will call to demonstrate. No obligation to purchase.

INSTALLED ON TRIAL FOR ONE WEEK
Circulars of All Styles on Request.
SCOFIELD & CO.
Tel. Beekman 4411 150 Nassau St., N. Y.

NOW! TURN YOUR DIAMONDS INTO CASH AT A PROFIT!

Diamond jewelry, if brought to us, will bring the highest prices ever paid. Ask about our brokerage plan for redeeming pledges. Appraisals free.
Phone Vanderbilt 3268.
PREMIER DIAMOND CO. 535 5TH AVE.

MEXICO WARNED ON KIDNAPPING

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

and of the robbery of the offices of an American corporation doing business in Tuxpam, a seaport in the State of Vera Cruz. Bandits, according to the information, were responsible for both of these crimes.

The truck train that was attacked belonged to the Alvarado Mining and Milling Company of Jiminez and Parral. The hold-up of the train occurred last Friday, near Jiminez, while the train was on the way to Parral. One American, Leslie Webb, an employe of the mining company, was wounded but not seriously. No other details of the hold-up have been received.

The American corporation whose offices at Tuxpam were raided and robbed is the Pennsylvania-Mexico Fuel Company. The news of the raid on the company's offices was telegraphed from Tampico. The bandits got away with about $12,500 in cash.

Secretary Lansing's first announcement of the day concerned the missing American Army aviators. He said that the aviators had been missing since a week ago yesterday. According to the State Department information, they were captured near Candelaria, Texas. The Secretary said that his information was that Davis and Peterson had been taken to a cañon, but he did not say that was the place where they are now supposed to be held prisoners.

Secretary Lansing's Statement.

When asked what action the State Department had taken in the case, the Secretary dictated the following reply:

"The Department of State has telegraphed instructions to the American Embassy at Mexico City to immediately call upon the Mexican Government for quick action to effect the release of Lieutenants Paul H. Davis and Harold G. Peterson of the United States Army Air Service, captured by Mexican bandits near Candelaria, Texas, while patrolling the border, and threatened with death on failure to pay $15,000 ransom.

"The instructions pointed out the seriousness with which the United States Government views this situation and called for immediate adequate action. The department also directed the American Consul at Juarez, Mexico, to take all possible steps with the Mexican authorities there to secure release and protection of the officers.

"The attention of the department was called to the Davis case late last night by Representative Barbour of California, and telegraphic instructions were rushed to the embassy and the consulate. The officer's father, Dr. Warren B. Davis of Strathmore, Cal., was advised of the steps taken in behalf of his son. The Governor of Minnesota telegraphed to the department today regarding the two Lieutenants, and was advised of the steps which the department had taken. Peterson is a son of S. C. Peterson of Hutchinson, Minn."

It was said today that the War Department, immediately following receipt of the information that Lieutenants Davis and Peterson had been captured, requested an opinion from the State Department as to whether it was permissible, under existing agreements entered into between the Mexican and American Governments, to order a pursuit by cavalry of the bandits, for the purpose of rescuing the aviators. The State Department is said to have replied in the affirmative, and there is an unverified rumor about the capital that such a pursuit was actually ordered, but subsequently stopped because of a fear that if the Americans crossed the border the bandits would kill their prisoners and flee for safety into the desert wastes to the south of Ojinaga.

Secretary Lansing was asked this afternoon if the above report was true. He declined to answer, and explained that in view of the fact that the War Department was remaining silent regarding the matter of the kidnapping he did not consider it proper for the State Department to make any statement beyond that included in the brief statement handed out this morning. Neither would he answer any questions regarding the possible future action of the Government in the matter.

Both Secretary Baker and General March refused to see newspapermen this afternoon. The Secretary earlier in the day acknowledged that as soon as it was permissible he would give out the full story of the "Big Bend affair," as the capture of the aviators is now termed in army circles.

Since early this morning the department has been anxiously awaiting word from Colonel George Langhorne, who is in command of the Big Bend, with headquarters at Marfa, Texas, of the release of Davis and Peterson. Colonel Langhorne, who commands the Eighth Cavalry, is charged with the payment of the ransom, which has been authorized by this Government.

Ready for Bandit Chase.

Should the negotiations to effect the release of the airmen fail, and the bandits carry out their threat to kill the men, it is believed the War Department will act with speed, and will order General Dickman, the border commander, to send a force of cavalry into Mexico to capture the bandits, dead or alive. In this event it is probable that the Eighth Cavalry, which is one of the veteran border commands, will lead the pursuit, reinforced if necessary by one or more mounted regiments which are within a day's run by rail of Marfa.

When, before the Senate Committee on Military Affairs today, Secretary Baker was asked concerning the Candelaria incident, he did not give any of the details of the affair, but did say that the country in which the officers were captured was very wild and sparsely settled, and that for years that part of the border had been subject to bandit raids.

"Nobody," he said, "apparently controls that territory, which is very wild and is hard to patrol."

Asked if the officers were captured on American or Mexican soil, the Secretary replied:

"It has not been established whether they were taken in Mexico or in Texas. We have only meagre information regarding that phase of the matter. Other aviators, however, think that they landed on American soil. However, they may have become confused and may not themselves have known whether it was in Mexico or in Texas that they came down. They may have been lost. For some weeks past bandit bands have been active along that part of the border."

In Mexico City propagandists are said to be responsible for the wide circulation of a report that this Government and that of Great Britain are co-operating in regard to the Mexican situation. The Mexican propagandists say the failure of Henry P. Fletcher, the American Ambassador to Mexico, to return to his post in Mexico City, is one of the fruits of this alleged Anglo-American understanding.

It was officially denied at the State Department today that there is any connection between Mr. Fletcher's remaining in this country and any attitude that the British Government may have adopted regarding Mexico.

It so happens that with the absence of the French Minister and the recent departure of François Dejean, the French Chargé d'Affaires, for Paris, France is now represented in Mexico City only by a head of mission. Minor Secretaries of the Diplomatic Corps of each country now handle the affairs of their nations in Mexico. This hurts the pride of the Mexicans and is reflected in attacks upon President Carranza for having isolated Mexico. It is believed in Mexico City that despite the claim of Alberto Pani that he has removed the hostility of France toward Mexico and has been received as Mexican Minister in Paris, the French Government is following the example of Great Britain in leaving affairs in the hands of a minor Secretary in Mexico.

Trouble with Great Britain.

The stand of Great Britain has been the subject of anxious discussion in Mexico City, according to the advices. That the cancellation of legal concessions held by British citizens in Mexico was at the bottom of the trouble was not doubted. Pastor Robaix, Secretary of Fomento in the Carranza Cabinet, first endeavored to placate the British Government by telling British Chargé Cummings that, although the concessions were canceled because of the failure of the British companies to live up to their obligations, he was able to say, by direct information from President Carranza, that the Government would welcome representatives of the British companies and listen to any defense they might make. This invitation has not been accepted, and the refusal was followed by Carranza ordering Mr. Cummings out of the country.

When the announcement was made that Great Britain would have nothing to do with the Carranza Government until foreign investments were protected, a Mexican newspaper compiled a list of British investments in Mexico, as far as the figures were available, from official sources. The total of the known investments was 1,643,416,668 pesos, of £75,000,000 sterling. These investments are scattered all over Mexico. They are divided as follows:

Railroads, 247,876,930 pesos; petroleum companies, 25,899,249 pesos; mines, 96,096,729 pesos; light, power and tramways companies, 950,585,000 pesos; agricultural projects, 19,350,000 pesos; industrial plants, &c., 33,534,500 pesos; banks, 63,537,500 pesos; insurance, 6,037,500 pesos.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The American and French Consular representatives in Mexico City have protested against the order of the Mexican Government expelling William Cummings, in charge of the archives of the British Legation there, it was intimated in official circles today.

Latest advices received here are that Mr. Cummings still remains in Mexico.

DICKMAN ORDERS PAYMENT.

Banker Under Guard Sets Out from Marfa with Ransom Money.

MARFA, Tex., Aug. 18.—Authorization for the payment of the $15,000 ransom asked by Mexican bandits for the release of Lieutenants Paul H. Davis and Harold G. Peterson, was received here today and the money will probably be delivered late today to an agent of the bandits at or near Candelaria, Tex., it was announced. The American aviators are being held somewhere in Mexico south of Candelaria.

The authorization for the payment of the ransom was received from Major Gen. Joseph T. Dickman, commander of the Southern department.

H. M. Fennell, Vice President of the Marfa Bank, left here early today for Candelaria with the ransom money raised here. He was accompanied by a military guard, commanded by Major C. C. Smith. It is not known here when the American aviators are expected to recross the border to the United States. Aviators on detached service at the Big Bend headquarters also left here today for the Candelaria border, presumably to watch from the air for the return of the aviators.

According to reports the bandit band is led by Chico Cano, who has been charged with many raids and killings in the Big Bend district, including the killing of Texas Ranger Hulan and Joe Sitters, a line driver, several years ago.

Cano has been attached to the Carranza garrison in Ojinaga, and has also operated with Villa, but has been acting independently as a bandit for more than a year. Feeling against the bandits is high in the Big Bend district today.

EL PASO, Texas, Aug. 18.—Assurances were anxiously awaited along the border tonight of the safety of Lieutenants Paul H. Davis and Harold G. Peterson, held by Mexican bandits for $15,000 ransom.

The payment of the money, authorized by the United States Government, was expected to be made late today to an agent of the bandits at or near Candelaria, Texas. The two army fliers are being held prisoner south of the Mexican border opposite Candelaria, it was stated, but what arrangements had been made following the payment of the ransom fund at Candelaria, or how soon the two officers might be expected at the border, was not announced.

The money was taken to Candelaria today by H. M. Fennell, Vice President of the Marfa Bank, under a United States Army military guard. The fund was raised last night at a cowboy camp meeting in the Big Bend district, but the subscriptions will be returned to the donors, it was announced, following receipt of authorization today from Major Gen. Dickman, commander of the Southern Department, to foot the ransom bill.

Aviators on detached service at Big Bend headquarters also left Marfa today for Candelaria, presumably to keep a lookout for their returning comrades.

The Big Bend district and the Ojinaga district opposite it in Mexico are one of the wildest stretches of country on the Texas-Mexico border. The rim rock, near Candelaria, is a gigantic escarpement standing on edge like a clamshell. The Rio Grande flows through canyons and in great curves along this part of the border, which has long been noted for its bandit activities.

It is over this same rim rock near Candelaria that the Mexican bandits rode to raid the Brite ranch Christmas Day, 1917, when they caught the American stage driver going to Candelaria, hanged him and cut his throat.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Aug. 18.—Officers of the Southern Department at Fort Sam Houston tonight were anxiously awaiting news that Lieutenants Paul H. Davis and Harold G. Peterson, prisoners of Mexican bandits in the canyons south of the Texas Big Bend district, had been released upon payment of the $15,000 ransom demanded.

Major Gen. Joseph T. Dickman, Department commander, who had remained on duty all last night, was still at headquarters at a late hour tonight keeping in personal touch with every development relating to the aviators.

Declining to say who would pay the $15,000 ransom, high officers of the department expressed confidence that payment woudl be made before the forty-eight hours time limit expired. Meanwhile constant vigil will be kept at headquarters.

MEN'S FATHERS ACT.

Mr. Peterson Sends Money Himself —Dr. Davis Wires Congressman.

HUTCHINSON, Minn., Aug. 18.—Sam G. Peterson, father of Lieutenant Harold G. Peterson, who is held for ransom by Mexican bandits, arrived here today, after a hurried visit to St. Paul, where he conferred with State officials. He announced that he has decided to raise the amount of the ransom himself and not depend on others for the safety of his son.

"I appreciate the fact that others have already raised the money required, according to reports," he said. "But I am going to get it myself and be sure that there is no mistake. It is a question of having a required amount of money at a certain time, or my only son will be killed. So I am going to get the money myself and be sure that there is no misunderstanding."

STRATHMORE, Cal., Aug. 19.—Dr. Waldren B. Davis, of Strathmore, the father of Lieutenant Paul Davis, American aviator, who is held with Lieutenant Harold Peterson by Mexican bandits for ransom of $15,000, stated today that Secretary of State Lansing had just advised him that the United States Government had demanded the immediate release of the prisoners.

Dr. Davis added that he had been in communication with Congressman H. E. Barbour, at Washington.

Lieutenant Davis is 23 years old, and left his studies at the University of California to enlist in the air service at the beginning of the war. Dr. Davis stated that he favored paying of the ransom, as he fears the intervention of troops to release the men would be the cause of their death.

MEXICAN TROOPS SEARCH FOR AIRMEN

Carranza General Orders Every Effort to Find Americans and Run Down the Bandits.

JUAREZ, Aug. 18.—Amrican Consul A. E. Dow, acting upon telegraphic instructions from the American State Department, today prepared a letter, in Spanish, to General Francisco Gonzalez, transmitting the request of the State Department, today sent a letter, in the American aviators held by Mexican bandits in the Ojinaga district.

The Ojinaga district, where the American aviators are held, is a part of the Juarez district under General Gonzalez's command, although General Antonio Pruneda is commander at Ojinaga.

General Gonzalez, in a reply, stated that General Manuel Dieguez, Division commander, had advised him that General Antonio Pruneda, commander of the Ojinaga sub-district, had previously been instructed to make every possible effort to locate the aviators and to run down the bandits. He has had cavalry patrols searching the desert and mountains, it was stated. The letter said General Dieguez declined to make any comment on the demand for the payment of the $15,000 ransom.

SAYS CANO IS CARRANZISTA.

Texas Ranger Heard He Was in Camp Six Miles from Border.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Aug. 18.—According to Captain Grey of the State Rangers, who arrived here today from his headquarters near Candelaria in the Big Bend region, Chico Cano, the Mexican bandit who is thought to be holding the two American aviators for ransom, has a roving commission as Captain in the Carranza army.

Cano has been operating along the border for more than a year and his band is made up of Carranza soldiers, he said. It was reported at the time Captain Grey left the Big Bend, two days ago, that Cano and his men were camped six miles south of Pilares on the Rio Grande. Captain Grey believes that the aviators were forced to land near Cano's camp and were taken prisoners by him, although it is possible that the bandits may have made a raid to this side and captured the Americans.

GOVERNOR FOR INTERVENTION.

Burnquist Says We Should Send an Army if Airmen Are Not Released.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Aug. 18.—The capture of two American army aviators by bandits and their detention in Mexico for $15,000 ransom will be made an issue before the conference of Governors, which opens here tomorrow, according to Major H. C. Garis, aid to Governor J. A. A. Burnquist of Minnesota. One of the aviators, Harold G. Peterson, is of Hutchinson, Minn. Governor Burnquist today telegraphed Secretary of State Lansing, asking for immediate action and information.

Governor Burnquist tonight gave out the following statement:

"The Federal Government should at once demand the immediate release of the American officers now held for ransom by bandits in Mexico. If they are not so released it is apparent that the Mexican Government is unable to cope with the situation and continues to be a menace to civilization, and the United States ought with other countries or, if necessary, alone, to put into Mexico an army of occupation to restore order and establish a stable popular Government. Our nation owes it to every one of her citizens to defend him and his rights wherever he may be."

ENGINEERS KILLED IN MEXICAN ROBBERY

Widow of One, an American, Tells of Train Holdup and Murders Near Salina Cruz.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—Mrs. Adele S. De Njemeyer, who arrived today on the steamer Newport, declared that her husband, who she said was a Mexican mining engineer, and several other engineers were killed by Mexican bandits on a train near Salina Cruz.

Mrs. De Niemeyer, who said she was an American, declared the bandits robbed the women and children of money and jewels before killing the men.

Captain C. J. Holland, master of the Newport, said Mrs. De Niemeyer's story was confirmed by the agent of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company at Salina Cruz. Captain Holland said he did not know the number of men killed.

Salina Cruz is a port on the Pacific in Southern Mexico and the terminus of the Tehuantepec Railroad across Mexico.

ARMENIA ASKS HELP AGAINST TURK ARMY

Delegation in Paris Informed That the Situation Is Very Critical.

PARIS, Aug. 18, (French Wireless Service.)—The Armenian delegation in Paris has received from the temporary Premier of the Armenian Republic, M. Sikhatissian, details of a vast movement by Turks and Kurds against the republic and the Armenian refugees who fled from Turkish Armenia and the Caucasus.

Kragim Bey, M. Sikhatissian says, with numerous Turkish officers, is at the head of the movement, while the leader on the ground is Enver Bey, former Turkish War Minister. From papers seized, the Armenian Premier declares, it appears that the movement is instigated by Young Turk agents. M. Sikhatissian continues:

"The allied troops have already evacuated the territory of the Armenian Republic and the Armenian Government's demands for help have been of no avail. Please insist to the French that allied detachments should be sent immediately to Armenia.

"We are in a very critical situation. The Allies must give us military assistance or send us ammunition. Protest to the Peace Conference and make the allied governments acquainted with the state of things."

The Armenian delegation says it learns from other sources that before this plot was discovered the Information Department of the Armenian Republic learned of the presence at Sarikamish, Armenia, of units belonging to the Turkish army in violation of the armistice terms imposed on Turkey. A Turkish Division is concentrated in Khorassan, Persia, and, encouraged by the withdrawal of the British troops is trying to get in touch with the Russian Bolsheviki, the mission says.

"Blood is already being shed in the regions of Uakhitchovan, Charouz, and Olti," the mission's announcement continues. "Nothing but the hope of efficient intervention by the Allies can frustrate this vast Turko-Kurd plot and save the Armenian nation, which has suffered so much already, from another catastrophe."

MAKING SOLDIERS OF GERMAN POLICE

Government Admits Treaty Does Not Permit This, but Hopes to Keep Them.

COBLENZ, Aug. 16, (Associated Press.)—The militarization of the German police, allegedly contrary to the terms of the Treaty of Peace, has already been begun, according to information reaching American authorities here. In the city of Cassel the police were recently completely organized on military lines by the Prussian Government, it is said, and are now equipped with steel helmets and rifles, and follow the routine of a military company in their barracks. Of the 300 State police in office in Cassel, 100 have elected to be transferred to the new organization, and the remainder have been given places in the civil service.

The ultimate size of the new militarized police organization has not been announced. Americans studying the demobilization and reorganization of the German army say that the significance of militarizing police in Germany is great.

American officers have records of an announcement that the Prussian State Government, quite apart from the National Government, was to organize a "schutzmannschaft," or state police force throughout Prussia, which would be virtually military units in garrisons with full infantry equipment, but would be under control of the Minister of the Interior, and used only for the repression of internal disorders. These troops, according to the plan, were to be quite apart and in excess of the army permitted Germany under the terms of the peace treaty.

A semi-official announcement, however, states that it is appreciated that these troops are not permitted under the terms of the peace treaty, but the hope is expressed that the Allies will be "reasonable," and permit their organization. The Cassel incident, it is contended by American officers, occurring long after the Treaty was signed but before the allied and interallied commission on military control of Germany had begun to function, shows that the Prussian Government is proceeding to organize a military force, trusting that the Allies will not take any action against it.

PLAN NEW LABOR PARTY.

Call Issued for a Convention in Chicago in November.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—The National Labor Party was born here today. The first national convention, with between 2,500 and 3,000 delegates will be held in Chicago in November. This national convention will determine the policy of the new party.

This was determined at a conference today attended by thirty executive committeemen, representing the nine States now having organized labor parties. The Nonpartisan League was present through a fraternal delegate. The Committee of Forty-eight, that held a preliminary conference Saturday and Sunday, looking forward to the organization of a new national party, was represented by J. A. H. Hopkins of New Jersey.

It will be up to the November national convention to say whether or not there shall be a Presidential candidate of the Labor Party in 1920.

Arrangements for the convention and preparation of the official call were placed in the hands of the following committee, which will act as a national committee until the November convention: Max Hayes, Cleveland, Ohio, Chairman; Abraham Lefkowitz, New York City; Charles R. Nuzum, Kansas City, Kan.; N. T. Bennett, Hartford, Conn.; William E. Rodriguez, Chicago.

RAISULI SLAYS SPANIARDS.

Brigand Force Ambushes Food Convoy; Kills 12, Wounds Several.

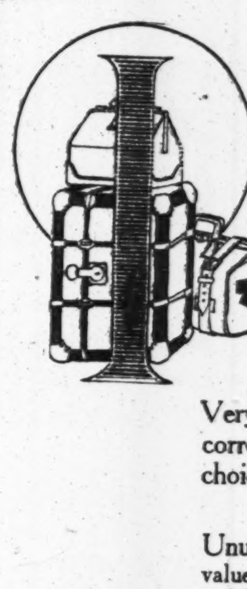
PARIS, Aug. 17.—Moroccan brigands under Raisuli are reported to have ambushed a Spanish force accompanying a food convoy between the towns of Saguedia and Ragia, killing twelve soldiers and wounding several, four officers being among the casualties. The column, however, succeeded in escaping.

Raisuli is said to be organizing a vast intrenched camp between Tangiers and Tetouan, near Fondack. Natives report that an elaborate modern system of Allegemine Zeitung says that Aug. 1 trenches and blockhouses has been constructed.

TIFFANY & CO.
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

PEARLS DIAMONDS JEWELRY SILVER
CLOCKS WATCHES CHINA STATIONERY

WELL-GROOMED LUGGAGE



INVARIABLY—for 56 years—Chas. W. Wolf luggage has measured up to the high standard insisted upon by well-groomed men and women. Our five shops are five *good* shops for Vacation-Luggage Purchasers to visit.

Very wide selection and the inevitable correctness of each piece insure happy choice, even when one must choose hastily.

Unusually interesting are the current values in our notable collection of Wardrobe and Short-trip Trunks, involving all the famous makes—as well as in highly presentable hand luggage and the various smart travel accessories required by both men and women.

Our own delivery service insures prompt deliveries to hurrying-away vacation folk.

CHAS. W. WOLF
225 BROADWAY
50 BROADWAY
22 CORTLANDT ST.
NEW YORK
102 NASSAU ST.
58 CORTLANDT ST.
DOWNTOWN AGENTS FOR BELBER LUGGAGE.

Exceptional Real Estate Opportunity

You are looking for a chance to get into business for yourself.

You are wanting to make a change.
You must not over 40 years of age.
You are not over 40 years of age.
You have real estate experience.
You have a clean record.

THESE ARE NECESSARY

I do not need financial help.
I need real estate brains.
I need an organization.
I have a real estate business.

Principals write all about your past, your present and your ambition to DRAWER Z 425 TIMES ANNEX.

IMPORTERS SINCE 1866

LONDON PARIS

McGibbon & Co.
3 WEST 37TH ST.
ONE DOOR FROM FIFTH AVENUE.

THE QUALITY LINEN STORE

For more than fifty-three years McGibbon household Linens have been used by the most representative families in America.

TABLE CLOTHS

72 x 72 Satin Damask Table Cloths,	$9.00
72 x 90 " " " "	11.00
81 x 81 " " " "	12.00
72 x 108 " " " "	13.00

Napkins, 25 x 35, $13.50 dozen.

STORE OPEN 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

McGIBBON FOR QUALITY

WANTED—
WHOLESALE
DRUG
SALESMAN

Manufacturer of a line of well-known products has an unusually attractive proposition to offer a salesman of extraordinary ability and earning capacity who has had successful experience in selling proprietary medicines. The field for these products is unlimited and the income from the position limited only by the capabilities of the man. Address in confidence.

Box Z 426 Times Annex.

Flat Work
Exclusively
for Restaurants and Private Houses
TWENTIETH CENTURY LAUNDRY CO. INC.
247-251 THIRD AVE.

Steady increase in sales demands enlarged facilities

July, 1919, almost doubled any previous month in the number of orders booked for Autocar Motor Trucks. The first six months were by far the biggest of any six months in the history of The Autocar Company.

The capitalization of The Autocar Company has been increased—manufacturing and service facilities are being enlarged—to care for the growing demand for Autocars.

The policy of The Autocar Company puts at the disposal of Autocar users complete service facilities.

Chassis (1½-2 ton)
$2300 97-inch wheelbase
$2400 120-inch wheelbase

The Autocar Company is represented by factory branches and dealers from coast to coast. Through them it assures complete aftersale service to every Autocar user.

THE AUTOCAR SALES AND SERVICE COMPANY

NEW YORK
549-557 West 23d St.

BROOKLYN
1026 Atlantic Ave.

BRONX
2431 Grand Concourse

NEW HAVEN
159-163 Commerce St.

NEWARK
418 Washington St.

Direct Factory Branches of The Autocar Co., Ardmore, Pa.

Autocar

SHUTDOWN THREAT AS ANSWER TO STRIKE

Builders Consider Complete Cessation of Work Rather Than Yield to Demands.

BASED ON BRICKLAYERS' PAY

Master Builders' Offer of $1 an Hour Refused — Workers Want $10 a Day.

No definite action was taken yesterday at the meeting of the Building Trades Employers' Association regarding the proposal to order a complete shutdown of the various building industries as an answer to the strikes called within the last few days demanding increased wages.

The labor situation in the building trades was accentuated last Friday when the bricklayers walked out. Frank E. Conover, President of the Mason Builders' Association, explained yesterday that the bricklayers made a demand as a basis of arbitration which the association could not consider. Bricklayers have been receiving a wage of 87½ cents an hour. They demanded that it be increased to $1.25 an hour. The Mason Builders' Association offered to pay $1 an hour until the expiration of the present agreement, Jan. 1, 1920. When this increase was refused, representatives of the unions met the employers and asked that the decision be left to an umpire.

"The question to be decided was," said Mr. Conover, "what wage shall be fixed between $7 a day as per the existing agreement and $10 per day as demanded by the unions. The bricklayers demanded that the limits to be considered should be between $8 and $10. This could not be accepted by the Mason Builders' Association, as the negotiations must include the $7 a day rate in the agreement, as well as the sum demanded by the unions. The bricklayers refused this and ordered the strike in direct violation of the agreement with the association."

STRIKERS RIOT AT OLEAN.

One Man Shot and Score Injured in Clash with Strikebreakers.

OLEAN, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Frank Sagerlamb was shot in the abdomen and will probably die, and more than a score of others were seriously injured here tonight in a fight between striking employes of the Western New York and Pennsylvania Traction Company and strikebreakers. Douglas Jennings, shot in the right thigh, was so badly mauled after being wounded that he will probably lose his leg.

The fight started shortly after dark when a number of strike breakers, who had been brought here to take the places of the striking carmen, ventured outside the car barns. They were set upon by strikers and hundreds of sympathizers. Wires charged with electricity were strung about the barns to keep the mob from rushing the premises.

At a late hour it was reported that a number of strikers and sympathizers had started out on a search for dynamite with which to blow up the car barns.

AUTONOMY FOR TIBET.

China and Britain Conclude an Agreement Guaranteeing It.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Official advices from Peking received today say that Great Britain and China have reached an agreement regarding Tibet. The settlement between the two Governments is represented as being satisfactory to both parties.

The Chinese Foreign Office some time ago agreed to grant autonomy to Tibet, while retaining Chinese sovereignty over that country, and this proposal is now understood to have met the approval of the British Government. Chinese officials in Peking are well pleased with this arrangement, which defines the status of Tibet and places the Tibetans on the same footing with the outer Mongolians.

China, the advices received explained, will be relieved of the burdensome and hiterto almost impossible task of keeping Tibet in order, and the British desire for the maintenance of Tibet as an autonomous buffer State is likewise realized. It was furthermore pointed out that the Chinese-British agreement regarding Tibet will lay to rest the rumors that have been circulated regarding Britain's alleged contemplated aggression along China's southwestern frontiers.

COOK CAN CUT 'HIGH COST.'

Vegetables, Under Her Art, Agreeably Replace Expensive Foods.

The public agencies that are co-operating to cut the high cost of living see, as one of the most potent factors for success, a reduction in the demand for the high-priced, so-called staples and necessities. At this season fresh vegetables are looked upon as a most satisfactory substitute for meat, fish, and cereals. They are suggested not only because they are relatively cheap but because their free use in the dietary is recognized as a great aid to health. The Department of Agriculture, having been asked for suggestions on this line, offers the following:

"The whole family will ask for a second helping if the vegetables are cooked so as to be refreshing and palatable.

"Vegetables just out of the garden taste best when simply cooked—steamed, boiled, or baked—and served with a little salt, butter, milk, or cream. Often a heavily seasoned sauce covers up the more desirable vegetable flavor.

"Overcooking of vegetables impairs their flavor. Very delicate flavors are destroyed, while vegetables with very strong flavors, such as cabbage or onions, become disagreeably strong if cooked too long. Overcooking also destroys the attractive color of some vegetables.

"Cook Summer vegetables as soon after they are gathered as possible, in order to preserve their flavor. If they must be kept over, keep them in the icebox or some other cool place.

"Let wilted vegetables soak in cold water to freshen them. If vegetables must stand after paring, cover with cold water, to prevent wilting and discoloration.

"Before cooking, put head vegetables and greens in cold water for one hour with a tablespoon of vinegar, to remove insects, then wash very carefully.

"Drain all boiled vegetables as soon as tender—they become soggy if allowed to stand undrained after cooking. The water drained off may be saved for soup stock.

"Most vegetables are better when cooked in a small amount of water, because a part of the mineral salt dissolves out into the water and is lost if the water is thrown away. Cook whole when possible.

"Tender spinach or lettuce leaves require no added water for cooking. If thoroughly washed, enough water will cling to the leaves to prevent burning.

"Delicately flavored vegetables should be steamed or cooked slowly in a small amount of boiling water until tender and the water boils away.

"Strongly flavored vegetables may be cooked uncovered in a large amount of rapidly boiling water, and the water changed several times during the cooking.

WAR SHOWS VALUE OF TYPHOID VACCINE

Less Than 500 Cases Reported Among 2,000,000 Men in Pershing's Whole Army.

CITY URGES VACCINATION

Health Department Says Fever Can Be Made Almost as Uncommon as Smallpox.

One marked result of the superior hygienic measures taken to protect the health of the American Army was the small number of typhoid cases developing among the 2,000,000 men sent to Europe. If vaccination had not been carried out, and if the same rate of infection had prevailed as in the Spanish-American War, there would in the American Expeditionary Force have been 384,113 cases and 29,266 deaths from typhoid fever. So far as the records show up to date, it is indicated that there have not been more than 500 cases. In the Spanish war, in a total strength of 107,973 men there were 20,738 cases, of which 1,580 were fatal.

If the mortality rate for typhoid were taken from the whole registration area of the United States and applied to the army which went abroad, 3,200 cases and 320 deaths could have been reasonably expected in a year. This estimate is based upon the male population of the registration area between 20 and 45 years, under conditions such as ordinarily prevail.

From the sanitary standpoint, according to the bulletin of the New York City Department of Health, conditions in many areas of this country are far from ideal.

"On the average, however," the report continues, "they are as good as, if not better than, the average sanitary conditions which were encountered by our troops abroad. In fact, there was a marked breakdown in sanitary control of the latter in many instances, especially of the troops engaged in actual combat.

"This was inevitable, in view of the following facts: The draft army was mobilized and trained in the shortest possible time, and sufficient instruction in hygiene was not possible—especially instruction which would have prepared the men to meet the different conditions prevailing in France. The Medical Corps proved, in many instances, inefficient, from the standpoint of sanitarians. This again was inevitable; only a limited number of trained sanitarians was available, and the time was too short to adequately supply the deficiency in numbers. The result was that the significance of continued fevers was not appreciated, in many instances, till a considerable number of typhoid cases had developed. All these difficulties were frequently enhanced by the lack of supplies and difficulties in transportation.

"In most instances the development of typhoid fever was due to contaminated water or to carriers. In other words, infection resulted, in spite of prior vaccination, only in instances where the degree of exposure was high. This was especially the case during the offensives. This again shows that typhoid vaccination is not an excuse for laxity in sanitation. Protection is relative, and can be broken down by exposure to unsanitary surroundings; that is, exposure to continuous and large amounts of infectious material.

"Everything considered, the contrast between 500 actual cases and a probable 3,200 cases, if the men had remained in civil life, is sufficiently marked to show that, even under unsanitary conditions, the protection was great.

"If each of the 2,000,000 men in the A. E. F. had actually had typhoid fever before entering the Army, and if 1½ per cent. be a very conservative estimate of the incidence of second attacks, there could have developed 30,000 cases, if all recurrences had developed in one year. In other words, the vaccination, even under adverse sanitary conditions, apparently gave as much protection as a previous attack of typhoid fever. We have given a very low percentage, as undoubtedly cases of paratyphoid fever have been included in these recurrences. Even if the percentage was still further reduced, the comparison would still be very suggestive."

From previous investigations and from the results in military life, the Department of Health concludes that the value of typhoid vaccine as a prophylactic is second only to that of smallpox vaccine, and that typhoid vaccination added to sanitary control, if universally applied, would go far toward making typhoid fever as uncommon as smallpox. After saying sanitation alone never will completely eradicate typhoid fever, the bulletin adds:

"There is every reason to believe that if typhoid vaccination were universal, this, combined with a reasonably feasible degree of sanitary control, would yeld far better results and cost the communty less than the most ideal sanitary system that could be devised. In other words, while vaccination is no excuse for laxity in sanitary control, the latter has a limit from the standpoint of expediency; a limit which could be compensated for by vaccnation. Vaccination would then reach its highest effectiveness because of the coincident protection from gross sources of infection."

The typhoid rate in the City of New York has been falling year by year, and, according to the Department of Health, one factor in this fall has been vaccination. While in 1900 the death rate was twenty-one in every 100,000 of the population, in 1919 it had fallen to three in 100,000. The co-operation of all physicians is asked in extending the application of vaccination, so as to break the vicious circle by which residual cases of typhoid act as carriers to infect others.

RAID AFTER ALCOHOL DEATH

Police Arrest Man and Wife and Seize Liquor Stores.

On information furnished District Attorney Francis Martin of the Bronx within the last few days by victims of alleged wood alcohol poisoning who have since died or are now in a serious condition in hospitals, Nathan Allowitz, 55 years old, a saloon keeper, of 1,728 Washington Avenue, and his wife Rose were arrested last night and locked up in the Bathgate Avenue Station charged with manslaughter.

The raid on the saloon, which resulted in the arrest of Allowitz and his wife, was made by Assistant District Attorney Michael Delagi and Detectives James Flynn and John Clark of the Tremont Station, accompanied by two chemists from the Department of Health.

According to the police, thirteen gallons of "whiskey" were confiscated, which an analysis conducted on the premises proved to be wood alcohol slightly colored, the police allege.

HOPES FOR AMERICAN AID.

Italian Paper Indorses Appeal of Premier Nitti.

ROME, Aug. 14.—Commenting upon the interview granted to The Associated Press by Francesco Nitti, the Italian Premier, in which Signor Nitti asked American aid in the building up of Italy, the Popolo Romano today voiced the hope that the statement of the Premier would be received "with sympathy by the noble and generous people of the United States.

"Italy is the most democratic country in Europe," the newspaper adds, "and admires the United States, which, by its intervention in the war, hastened the victory. Italy trusts that the American nation will listen to this appeal to her sentiment of justice regarding the defense of Italian nationality."

Kellogg's KRUMBLED BRAN

Ready to eat with milk or cream

For Constipation. Keeps you "regular"

Kellogg's
BRAN
RECIPES
TO KEEP REGULAR—EAT
Kellogg's
COOKED BRAN
READY TO SERVE
SUGGESTION: MIX ⅓ COOKED BRAN WITH YOUR FAVORITE BREAKFAST FOOD
THE ORIGINAL HAS THIS SIGNATURE
W. K. Kellogg
KELLOGG TOASTED CORN FLAKE CO.
BATTLE CREEK, MICH. AND TORONTO, CANADA.
© K.T.C.F.CO.

For Better Health

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

What is our Country up against?

The facts of Business, Labor, Social and Political Problems in the nation are being presented by

Carl W. Ackerman

in

The Brooklyn Daily Eagle

This noted writer is on a tour of the U.S. He is talking with R.R. and Bank presidents, train hands, stock yard workers, the farmers, the women. He is telegraphing daily of conditions in the U.S.

Read the Eagle to-night.

KOLCHAK'S RETREAT NOT A DISASTER

Has Really Improved the Position of the Anti-Bolshevist Forces.

DENEKIN'S PUSH HELPS

With Advance of Poles and Esthonians, It Forces a Withdrawal of Reds from Kolchak's Front.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The situation in Western Siberia and Southern Russia, where the anti-Bolshevist forces commanded in the north by Admiral Kolchak and in the south by Lieut. Gen. Denekin, are battling with the hordes of Lenin and Trotzky, has greatly improved within the last few days.

The change in the situation, which a week ago seemed to doom Omsk to an early fall and the retirement of Kolchak possibly as far east as Irkutsk, is due to several reasons, the most important of which is the hammering of the Poles, Esthonians, and the Cossacks under Denekin against the lines of the "Red" armies in the west and south, these operations having assumed such proportions that the Moscow "Red" Government has been compelled to withdraw five of its best equipped and trained divisions from the army operating against Kolchak. Also figuring in the causes responsible for the Bolshevist setback are the Anglo-Russian operations in the north, the airmen of which forces are now reported in combat over Petrograd.

That Kolchak was for a while in a position so perilous that not only the loss of Omsk but of his entire army was among the possibilities is confirmed in official quarters. During his retreat in which he withdrew a distance of about 600 miles—not 800, as first reported—he suffered great losses in equipment and in morale, but contrary to general impression, his losses in men are now known to have been very few when the scope of the operation is taken into consideration.

Furthermore, THE TIMES was informed today by a high ranking officer of the United States Army, who is familiar with the entire situation in Russia, that "at the present time, due to the fact that the Bolsheviki have transferred five divisions from the Ural front to the Southern and Polish fronts, it leaves Kolchak with an equal if not a superior force."

It was pointed out that owing to the present position of the Kolchak forces, near Tobolsk, where they are protected by marshes several hundred miles in width, the safety of Omsk would appear to be reasonably assured. It is now officially established that the Kolchak and Denekin forces have formed a junction near the city of Saratov on the Volga River.

From almost every point of military strategy the positions now occupied by the armies of Generals Kolchak and Denekin are superior to what they were before the recent withdrawal of the Kolchak forces began. At that time there was a gap of approximately 150 miles between the southern or left flank of the Kolchak army and the eastern, or right flank of the Denekin line.

The armies have now bridged this gap, and the combined Kolchak and Denekin forces cover a battle front approximately 1,940 miles long, extending from the Black Sea to the Tobolsk marshes northwest of Omsk.

The communications of the Bolsheviki are now 1,037 miles long, as compared with communications of only 437 miles that had to be maintained east of Moscow before the Kolchak forces made their retreat. So far as communications are concerned, the situation has been reversed and the Bolsheviki are now under the disadvantage which operated against the maintenance of the furtherest advance front of the Kolchak forces.

The Siberian Winter will come on early and with the communications much longer than those of the Kolchak forces it is probable that the Bolsheviki will face a very difficult situation. The guns that have been shipped from this country to the Kolchak Government will also materially strengthen the position of the Omsk Government forces.

PARIS, Aug. 17.—The Bolshevist movement to cut off the retreating forces of Admiral Kolchak's troops on the Cheliabinsk line has been checked, according to dispatches received here today from various allied representatives in Siberia and Eastern Russia. The military situation of the Omsk All-Russian Government was indicated by these reports to be much more hopeful than information during the last two weeks showed.

For a time, military observers said, it looked as if the retreat of Admiral Kolchak's army, both on the Ekaterinburg and Cheliabinsk lines, would be disastrous and disorderly. There were about 80,000 anti-Bolshevist troops in the vicinity of Cheliabinsk whose line of communications with Omsk was threatened by a Bolshevist wedge driven from the northwest toward the railway east of Cheliabinsk. This movement has been checked, the allied reports said, and withdrawal of the Kolchak forces eastward along the railway has been made possible.

Omsk, the anti-Bolshevist capital, apparently is not in danger, as Admiral Kolchak has been able to send reinforcements to his retreating armies, which will now take up defensive positions along the river Ishim. Representatives of the Omsk Government here said they believed these forces would be strengthened soon so they could again advance westward, toward the Volga River.

General Denikin's success on the South Russian front, it was said, apparently is having a good effect on the Siberian situation by heartening the Kolchak movement and breaking the morale of the Bolsheviki.

While Admiral Kolchak's supply lines have been shortened, it was pointed out, those of the Bolsheviki have been weakened because of the long distance from Moscow and the lack of rolling stock, which probably is being withdrawn in an effort to resist General Denikin's rapid advance upon Moscow from the south.

General Denikin's army is advancing toward Saratov, and its rapid movement along the Volga is making the Bolshevist position west of the Volga hazardous.

However, it was said, it is highly improbable that General Denikin can make a junction in force with the Kolchak army this Summer, because the latter's forces retreated more than 300 miles.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—A decree declaring Admiral Kolchak and the All-Russian Cabinet at Omsk to be outlaws has been issued by the Soviet Government, according to a wireless message received from Moscow.

Admiral Kolchak and the officers commanding the forces of his Government in Siberia are declared to be subject to immediate arrest.

NEW FINNISH CABINET.

Stahlberg, President of Republic, Takes War Portfolio.

HELSINGFORS, Aug. 18.—The new Cabinet of the Finnish Republic has been definitely formed, it was announced here today, with Professor Kaarlo Juho Stahlberg, President of the Republic, holding the War portfolio.

Premier Vennola, outlining the Government's policies, declared that its principal duty was to support kindred peoples in their struggles against Bolshevism. Finland, he said, hoped to strengthen its good relations with the Scandinavian countries. The Government would see to the enforcement of the prohibition act, he added, and was determined to suppress all attempts to disturb public order or to spread Bolshevism.

SEEKS TO FREE MRS. MEADER

Sister Obtains Writ for New Yorker Held in Sanitarium.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Laura Price Meader of 67 Riverside Drive, New York City, formerly of Mobile, Ala., appeared before Judge John J. Walsh in the Court of Common Pleas, Bridgeport, Conn., this morning, following habeas corpus procedure brought by her sister, Emma P. W. Hubbard of the Hotel Wellington, New York, who charged that Mrs. Meader was being kept at the sanitarium of Dr. Wiley here against her will, and that she was illegally committed there.

An application brought by her husband, Louis J. Meader, for commitment to the Wiley sanitarium was filed in the Probate Court last Saturday.

Judge Walsh adjourned the case until Friday morning. Drs. F. T. Brooks and William Burke were appointed by Judge Stephen L. Radford to examine Mrs. Meader, and the hearing has been set for Wednesday morning in the Probate Court, when the doctors will make their reports.

Mrs. Meader told of her ill treatment while confined in the sanitarium. She said she was strapped down in ice packs, served with milk containing cockroaches, and served on dirty plates. Her money was taken away from her, she said, and she was not allowed to receive mail or to communicate with any one.

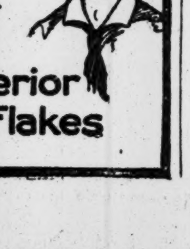
Mrs. Prince Williams, mother of Mrs. Meader, of Mobile, told how she was knocked down and ill treated when she came to the sanitarium recently.

Jewel Hanson, the nurse who attended Mrs. Meader, testified that Mrs. Meader was perfectly sane. Dr. Hartnar of the sanitarium stated that Mrs. Meader had signed an application that she be admitted to the institution, but Mrs. Meader declared she was forced to sign the paper against her will.

Tank Steamer Burns at Havre.

HAVRE, Aug. 18.—The American tank steamer George G. Henry caught fire today and 500,000 francs' worth of goods on the pier to which the steamer was moored, were consumed. The tanker was badly damaged.

The George G. Henry left New York on Aug. 2 with a cargo of oil. The vessel is owned by the Pan-American Petroleum and Transport Company of Los Angeles, Cal.



POST TOASTIES

Make your breakfast brighter —says Bobby

Superior Corn Flakes

THE CONDADO-VANDERBILT HOTEL
SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO

The Ideal Hotel of the Tropics

Newly completed and open for the first time this season

Situated between the Atlantic Ocean and the Condado Bay, in the City of San Juan, Porto Rico—the most fascinating city of the West India Islands. An 18-hole golf course—tennis—surf bathing—delightful motoring—and a cuisine of the highest class contribute to the enjoyment of the traveler. Direct steamer service from New York via the modern vessels of the Porto Rico Line.

Management—The Vanderbilt Hotel
New York

Open October 16th

For sailings, etc., address
M. Seckendorf, G. P. A.
Porto Rico Line
11 Broadway, New York

For hotel reservations, refer to
Walton H. Marshall
The Vanderbilt Hotel
New York

Necco Wafers
Assorted
Necco Wafers
3 oz.
Necco

6¢ at *Candy Places*

THREE HUNDRED

Necco products, including:—

Necco Chocolates—the de luxe creations, packed in fine art boxes.

Necco Lemon Drops—pure cane sugar, finely flavored with lemon.

Necco Sweethearts—little hearts of creamy sugar, flavored with peppermint and wintergreen.

Necco Chocolate Bars—cream and nut fillings, chocolate covered.

The seal to buy by

DELIGHTFUL

Fresh, crisp, disks of fascinating, flavory sweetness with the charm of absolute purity and wholesomeness. Stop at the nearest candy place and get a package.

In rolls of assorted flavors and rolls of peppermint, chocolate, wintergreen and cinnamon.

There are over 300 varieties of Necco Sweets; rich, creamy chocolate bars; delightful hard candies; and Necco Chocolates in handsome gift boxes. All bear the Necco seal, the distinguishing mark of the finest confections.

N E C C O
New England Confectionery Company

When a Perfect Ink is so easy to obtain

Signet Ink is made and guaranteed by the makers of LePage's Glue, for a half-century the glue-quality standard. It is made from American Dyes and American materials.

Signet Ink has been put to the most exacting tests known to science and pronounced *a perfect ink in all essentials.*

SIGNET THE PERMANENT INK

In comparative tests by leading American chemists (details of tests and names of chemists on application) Signet has been graded "A-1" for

Color Value
Paper Penetration
Specific Gravity
Acidity
Resistance to Acids
Resistance to Water Soaking
Resistance to Alkali
Corrosive Action on Steel Pens
Stability to Sunlight
Stability to Artificial Light

And all this means that Signet possesses each and every merit that a perfect ink, for any purpose, at the office, bank, store or home, should possess. Signet is the highest possible quality of ink at no more than usual prices.

Dealers who know that Quality counts have been quick to stock Signet Inks. Your dealer undoubtedly has it. Wherever you find LePage's Glue, Mucilage and other "LePage's" Products, you will find Signet Ink. Ink should not be bought carelessly. *Insist on Signet.* It is a perfect ink.

RUSSIA CEMENT COMPANY
125 Chambers Street New York

Makers of LePage's Glue, LePage's China Cement, LePage's Paste and Mucilage! also Signet Ink, Signet Metal Polish and Signet Oil

Laboratory and Factory
Gloucester, Mass.

BY THE MAKERS OF LEPAGE'S GLUE

ONE QUART
SIGNET
PERMANENT WRITING FLUID
BLUE-BLACK
LEPAGE'S
A PERFECT INK FOR FOUNTAIN PENS
LEPAGE'S MUCILAGE
LIQUID GLUE
SIGNET INK

That Film on Teeth

See How They Look Without It

All Statements Approved by High Dental Authorities

Free

A Ten-Day Tube of Pepsodent is sent to any interested person. Send the coupon for it. See for yourself what it does.

Watch Them Whiten
As the film disappears. You will know then what clean teeth mean.

Your teeth are not clean. You can feel a slimy film. Probably the film has dimmed them—some tartar may have formed.

Your present methods of brushing do not end film, and that is the teeth's great enemy. Now we ask you to try a new method—try it at our cost—and compare results.

Film Can Be Ended Now

Most tooth troubles are due to that film.

It is film that discolors—not the teeth. It is the basis of tartar. It holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay.

Millions of germs breed in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea.

The film clings to the teeth, enters crevices and stays. Brushing does not end it. No ordinary tooth paste can dissolve it. Night and day it may do a ceaseless damage. And millions find, as a result, that ordinary brushing does not save the teeth.

Now dental science, after many years, has found a film combatant. The facts have been proved by convincing clinical and laboratory tests. The method is today approved by leading dentists everywhere.

For home use this method is embodied in a dentifrice called Pepsodent. And we are mailing 10-Day Tubes to all who ask, to let everyone see its effects.

The Pepsin Method

Pepsodent is based on pepsin, the digestant of albumin. The film is albuminous matter. The object of Pepsodent is to dissolve it, then to day by day combat it.

Science has found a harmless method of activating pepsin. The usual method is an acid harmful to the teeth. So pepsin long seemed barred.

Now pepsin can be constantly applied—can be left to linger between the teeth. Now you can every day combat this film in a simple, dainty way.

Millions of teeth are being cleaned in this new way. You can see them everywhere—white, glistening teeth.

Send this coupon for a 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the slimy film. See how the teeth whiten as the fixed film disappears.

Learn what clean teeth mean—see how they look. Then decide for yourself between the old methods and the new. Cut out the coupon now.

Pepsodent REG U S PAT. OFF

The New-Day Dentifrice

A scientific film combatant, based on pepsin, now advised by leading dentists everywhere.

263

Ten-Day Tube Free

THE PEPSODENT CO.,
Dept. SN-52, 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Mail Ten-Day Tube of Pepsodent to

....

....

FOLLOW THE ARROW AND YOU FOLLOW THE STYLE IN COLLARS

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY
204 FIFTH AVENUE
7 WALL STREET
Broadway at Leonard-Broadway at 72nd

ASK FOR and GET
Horlick's
The Original
Malted Milk
For Infants and Invalids
Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

Selected Stock
of
Used Machines

Only first-class, guaranteed figuring machines are in our stock. They are the pick of the used market.

Our illustrated catalog lists all standard makes.

General Adding Machine
Exchange, Inc.
327 Broadway
NEW YORK CITY

easily
digested

POMPEIAN
OLIVE OIL
"always fresh"

Makes
Appetizing
French Salad
Dressings

Sold Everywhere

© 1919. Musher & Co., Inc.

JASPER
QUALITY
YARN

In the new package. Non-tangling. Convenient. Remains in container during entire time it is being used.

Sold at
GALERIE ANTOINETTE,
622 Fifth Avenue.
JAMES McCREERY & COMPANY,

Wholesale Distributors
E. B. Moore & Co. 237 Fourth Ave.

WATERFRONT
STORAGE

WE HAVE ACQUIRED THE BLOCK BETWEEN 19TH AND 20TH STS., BROOKLYN, WITH 720 FEET OF DOCKS. CONVENIENT TO ALL S. S. LINES AND R. R. TERMINALS.

BERTHS FOR STEAMSHIPS
AND BARGES

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE WE HAVE SEVERAL WAREHOUSES IN N. Y. AND BROOKLYN WITH R. R. SIDINGS AND DOCKS IN THE FREE LIGHTERAGE ZONE.

MOTOR TRUCKING

WE HAVE THE LARGEST FLEET OF HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS IN NEW YORK, CONSISTING OF 58 TRUCKS OF 8 TONS CAPACITY EACH.

SERVICE GUARANTEED ON
ONE HOUR'S NOTICE

CALLAN BROS.
MAIN OFFICE, 214 E. 135TH ST., N. Y.
Phones: Melrose 2781-2282-2283.

NADINE
FACE POWDER
IN GREEN BOXES ONLY

Makes the Complexion Soft and Velvety.

Price refunded if not pleased.

Nadine is pure and harmless. Adheres until washed off. Protects against tan and sunburn discolorations. Millions of delighted users prove its value. Flesh, Pink, Brunette, White. At leading toilet counters. If they haven't it, by mail 60c.

National Toilet Co., Paris, Tenn., U.S.A.

FOR MEN OF BRAINS
Cortez
Cigars
MADE AT KEY WEST

GROSVENOR NICHOLAS & CO.
DISTRIBUTORS
14-16 South William St., N. Y.

BOWLING

is mostly a Winter sport, automobiling is a Summer sport and pleasure if your car is equipped with a

RE-CARBURETER
AND PRIMER.
Ask your dealer.
C. B. THOMAS,
1,777-1,799 Broadway.

THE TRUTH
Russia in 1919 by Arthur Ransome
At bookstores, $1.50; postpaid, $1.60.
B. W. HUEBSCH Publisher NEW YORK

BAKER CITES UNREST IN BIG ARMY PLEA

500,000 Men Necessary as Peace Force, He Tells Senate—Pushes Compulsory Training.

FEARS "STAFF DESPOTISM"

Condemns Seniority Promotions as Illogical—Regrets Small Aircraft Aims, but Sees Us Prepared.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Before the Senate Military Affairs Committee today Secretary Baker urged that, because of the unrest prevailing throughout the world, it was imperative that Congress acquiesce in the Administration's program for an enlarged army of 500,000 men, involving an increase in the department's appropriation for this year of $800,000,000.

Secretary Baker did not indicate that he expected the United States would be called upon to use its forces in the near future. He sounded no war alarm. His argument was that the United States ought to put itself upon a substantial peace basis, far beyond that which prevailed before the war.

"There is unrest, political and economic, throughout the world," said the Secretary. "This makes it necessary, to my mind, for the United States to have an army that will be ready to meet any emergency that may arise."

Mr. Baker advocated the bill pending before Congress providing for compulsory military training, under which there would be three months' training for youths from 19 to 21 years of age. Under this system, he said, approximately 500,000 young men would be trained every year.

"I do not believe the country will ever tolerate going back to the status of our army before the war," said Mr. Baker. "If we have compulsory training, with an army of 500,000 men, the country will be put upon a sufficient basis for any emergency."

Prefers Voluntary Enlistments.

Senator Wadsworth, Chairman of the committee, asked Mr. Baker if he thought three months' training would be enough.

"Yes, with the reserve training after that," said the Secretary. "For myself I prefer voluntary enlistment for training in the army. But if that cannot be had, then I am strongly for compulsory training."

Mr. Baker thought it unwise to "take the whole youth of the country and put it into compulsory training in the army." For that reason he favored the terms of the pending bill, with its age restrictions.

The Secretary approved of provisions in one of the Senate bills for promoting officers of all grades, rather than beginning at higher grades, as suggested by General March, the Secretary maintaining that promotion by "seniority was illogical and unjustifiable." The army must guard, he said, against "staff despotism."

"You want to avoid militarism?" asked Senator Wadsworth.

"That is right," assented the Secretary. "We want an army in which men of all ranks may have an equal opportunity to advance."

Mr. Baker spoke of educational work among enlisted men as being essential to the development of the army.

"Civilians who enter the Regular Army under the new policy will have every advantage it can offer to advance their mental development," he said. "Before the war those who went in were actuated largely by a spirit of adventure. Much time was spent in drill and unproductive idleness.

"This will not be tolerated by the country in the future. Education, hereafter, with the Regular Army man will be a part of the training. It will be compulsory."

The Secretary was quizzed by Senators as to the aircraft program. He spoke of the extent of this branch as being undetermined because of its having been a new phase in warfare.

"One experience in the war was that the army airplane was serviceable only as to observation and bombing work," said the Secretary. "In bombing it was not always reliable."

The Secretary stated, in reply to a question of Senator New, that the army aircraft production had been reduced to one-tenth of its extent during the war. Senator New asked if the War Department would be able to equip an army with airplanes within a reasonable time if war broke out.

"I have no doubt about that," replied Mr. Baker.

Fleet Ready in Fifteen Months.

Senator New alluded to the fact that it took the United States fifteen months, after it entered the war, to get its own airplanes over to France.

"With the Government's factories reduced to one-thenth of their war time capacity, could you equip an army with sufficient airplanes within fifteen months' time?" asked the Senator.

"I have no doubt as to that," replied Mr. Baker. "We would have the ground work for making the planes, which we did not have before."

In reply to a question of Senator Frelinghuysen, the Secretary said the War Department, in seeking an appropriation of $85,000,000 for airplane work this year, had expected to turn out some 5,000 airplanes. The appropriation had been cut to $25,000,000 and the Department would endeavor to manufacture 1,500 airplanes. This would be only a part of the work before it. Mr. Baker felt the Department had badly needed the entire $85,000,000.

Mr. Baker disagreed with Senators who contended that the War Department's airplane industry should be taken over by a separate aircraft department, which would handle the work for the Army and Navy. His idea was, he said, that army men ought to be specialized in airplane work and that the manufacture as well as training ought to be under the supervision of the War Department.

"Aero pilots should be expert military men," said the Secretary. "They must know all there is to be known about aircraft. With the aircraft work under a separate department we could not get the intimate results. In the development of the Army Air Service we must consider it in the light of related army appliances. The whole service, to be perfect, should be under the eye of the War Department, and its experts."

"My idea is that the development of the airplane should be along the broadest lines possible," said Senator New. "We must deal with aeronautics, not alone as a military feature, but from all its aspects, if we are to get the larger results. It is not an army matter entirely with the country."

Senator New spoke of Great Britain spending $225,000,000 to develop aircraft this year. That, he said, included army airplanes. All the air work was put under one ministry in England.

Senator Wadsworth argued that the creation of an independent bureau to handle aircraft production would eliminate confusion as between the army and navy demands.

"The trouble with our work during the war was that there was lack of co-ordination," said the Senator. "We want to avoid that in the future."

Mr. Baker insisted that the army was in position to know exactly what its demands would be and that its service ought to be independent of that of the navy.

"There is no duplication of work so far as the army is concerned," said the Secretary.

"But there is no authority to compel co-ordination when it becomes necessary," insisted Mr. Wadsworth. "That is what is badly needed if the broad results are to be accomplished all around."

Mr. Baker was asked as to the discontent among men in the American Expeditionary Force in France.

"Part of it," said the Secretary, "was caused through failure of the regular officers to understand the psychology of the civilian soldier."

GAS MAKERS MAY QUIT.

Brooklyn Union Threatens to Strike if Company Does Not Yield.

Officials of the striking workmen of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company said yesterday that they had 1,200 out on strike, including 450 indexers, and expected the bookkeepers to join their ranks. The men out include pipefitters, gasfitters, jobbers, drivers, and helpers. The strike leaders expressed a willingness to arbitrate their demands for increased wages and better working conditions, but said that the 25 cents a day increase offered by the company could not be considered, because it would not meet the high cost of living. They aded that if the company did not make concessions they would call out the gas makers. They were holding off in calling out these men, they said, because they had the interests of the public at heart.

The company officials stated there was no danger of a shutdown in the service and that reports of the strike had been greatly exaggerated. They stated that not more than 450 men failed to report, of whom 400 were pipefitters.

STRIKERS CLOSE 5 MORE THEATRES

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

scenes. The Winter Garden, where vaudeville is now the program, could give a performance by replacing its orchestra with a piano player.

George M. Cohan probably will make an effort to reopen "The Royal Vagabond" tonight without the aid of stage hands, and will himself lend a hand in the shifting of scenery. Vaudeville, which may be hit next, is prepared to give performances with the aid of a piano player and one set of scenery.

The report that motion picture operators and burlesque house employes would be called out in the near future was neither confirmed nor denied by President Shay. It is understood to be the plan of the union to spread the strike over a wider and wider area each day.

The managers met in the afternoon, but gave out no statement. They declared, however, that they would not close any theatres voluntarily. Otis Skinner, it was announced from the Frohman office, has resigned from the Actors' Equity Association.

Eugene Walter and Avery Hopwood, the playwrights, will meet with members of the Producing Managers' Association this afternoon to discuss possible terms for a settlement of the strike. They have also asked the Actors' Equity Association to appoint representatives with whom they can confer.

Actors March in the Rain.

The parade of the actors down Broadway in the afternoon was staged despite the drizzling rain, which kept down the numbers of those along the line of march, but did not in any way affect the numbers or spirits of those in the procession. It was led by Major Reginald Barlow and several hundred actors who had served overseas, many of them in uniform, and contained also a hundred or more British actors who had served in the British Army. These were led by Lieutenant Everett Butterfield.

Francis Wilson, President of the Equity, marched, as did other members of the Actors' Council, including Frank Gillmore, John Cope, and Grant Stewart. Most of the striking actors were divided according to their theatrical affiliations, and many well-known players marched at the heads of their companies. Eddie Cantor paraded with a "Follies" delegation; Ernest Truex marched with the company of "A Bashful Hero," which was called from rehearsal; George Hassell and William Kent marched with members of the "Shubert Gaieties" company; Courtenay Foote and others paraded with an "Adam and Eva" banner, this play having been scheduled to open at the Longacre Theatre last night; William B. Mack, Frank Monroe, and others marched with practically the entire company of "A Voice in the Dark," and Frank Fay led the "Oh, What a Girl!" company.

"Too Many Husbands" was represented by a single actress, who, marching alone, bearing the legend of the play, was one of the light spots of the procession.

Other well-known players in line were Eddie Foy, Henry E. Dixey, John Charles Thomas, Charles McNaughton, Colin Campbell, Cyril Chadwick, Kenneth Hill, Morgan Coman, Sam Colt, Thomas McLarnie, Beatrice Prentice, and Marie Dressler. Miss Dressler headed a division of chorus people, carrying banners setting forth their demands. There were also a hundred or more stagehands in line.

The players, singing and cheering, marched in Broadway from Sixty-third Street to Madison Square.

CABINET HAS CADORNA CASE

Its Proposals on Italian Disaster Inquiry to Go to Parliament.

ROME, Aug. 16.—The Cabinet has under consideration the report made by the Commission of Inquiry into the Caporetto disaster, which blames General Cadorna and other Italian leaders under him for the reverses of October and November, 1917. No decision, it is said, has yet been reached by the Cabinet concerning measures to be adopted against those declared to be responsible.

Both the report and the Government's proposals in the matter will be submitted to and discussed by the Chamber of Deputies when it reassembles on Aug. 28.

CZECH TROOPSHIP AGROUND

1,100 Wounded on American Vessel Ashore in Korea Strait.

SEATTLE, Aug. 18.—With 1,100 wounded Czechoslovaks aboard, the United States Shipping Board steamer Heffron is ashore off Rokuren, Korea Strait, cable advices received today by the Pacific Steamship Company from its agent at Kobe said.

The Heffron was said to have been bound from Vladivostok to Trieste with the soldiers. Two holds were reported full of water. A warship and salvage vessel were standing by and it was thought there was no immediate danger of the vessel sinking. The Heffron sailed from here June 22 for Vladivostok.

FRENCH AIRPLANE OUTPUT.

Production Raised to 34,219 Machines in Nine Months of 1918.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—Le Petit Parisien publishes today figures concerning France's efforts to provide her flying corps with necessary materials.

In 1915 France built 3,400 airplanes, 7,552 in 1916, 22,731 in 1917, and 34,219 during the first nine months of 1918.

The airplane factories employed 12,650 workers on Jan. 1, 1915; 30,960 on Jan. 1, 1916; 68,920 on Jan. 1, 1917; 131,551 on Jan. 1, 1918, and 186,003 on Nov. 1, 1918.

ADVERTISEMENT.

This Is Real Supremacy
In Automobile Advertising

Opinions Differ Here

Most national advertisers believe in Sunday advertising. A few believe in Sunday advertising exclusively. Some do not believe in Sunday advertising at all. Practically all advertisers believe in week-day advertising. Most advertisers believe in both.

Your own home town newspapers will show you that more advertising is done on week-days than on Sundays. That is because the greater number of advertisers believe that the proper time to secure buying attention is on one or more, or all, of the six business days of the week. And their experience proves this buying attention to be more effective when it is commanded at home in the evening, when individual and family needs are determined and discussed.

But Not Here

In Chicago there is no difference of opinion, so far as The Daily News is concerned, in the six-day field. More business men buy more Daily News advertising, both local and national, than they buy of any other Chicago newspaper on the six buying days of the week.

The Daily News leads in nearly every important department of advertising, display and classified.

It is the predominant week-day newspaper of Chicago, and the best advertising brains in America act on the fact.

Nor Here

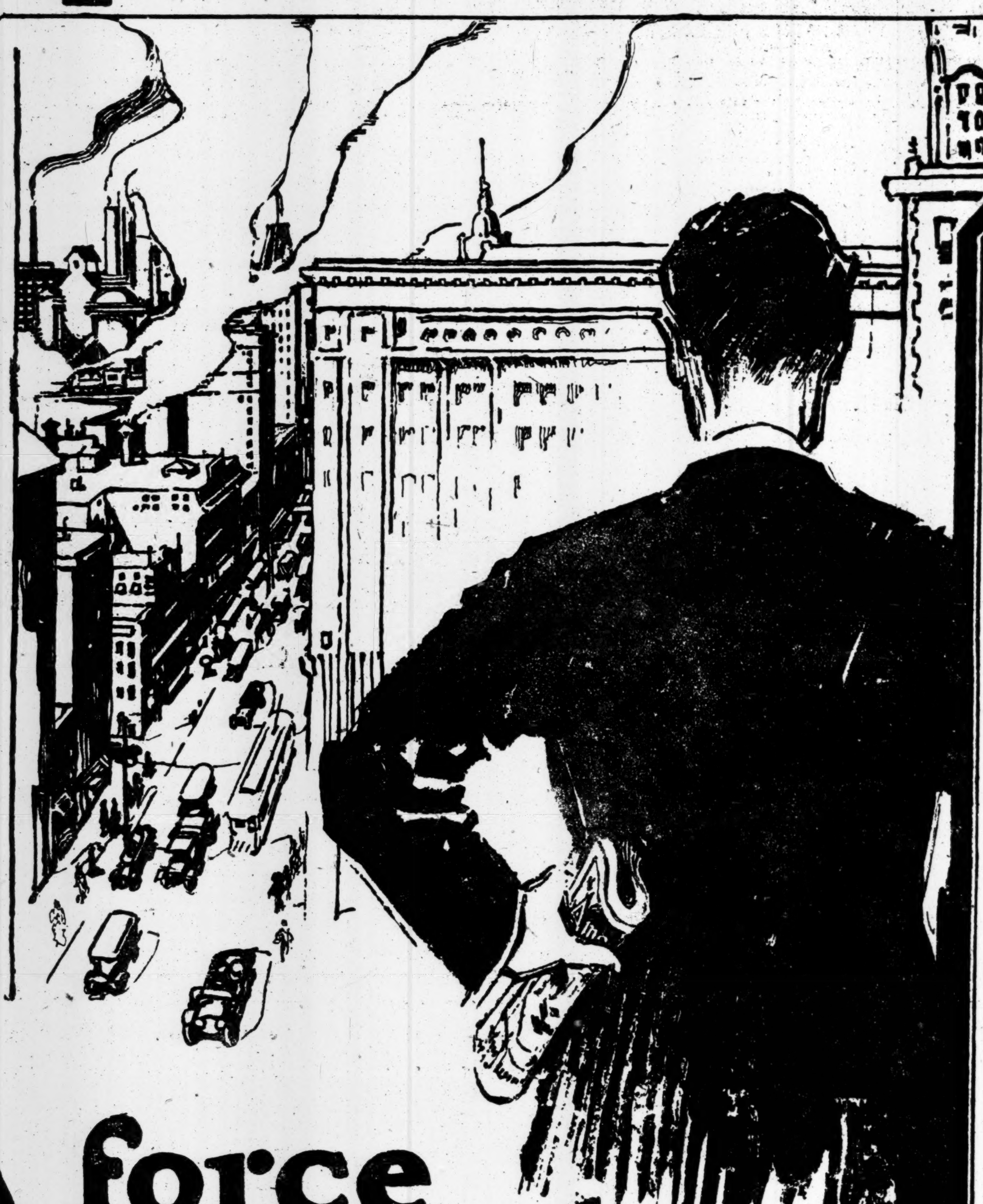
The uncontested leadership of The Daily News in all departments of advertising on the six business days of the week makes it the natural week-day preference of the automobile advertiser. There is little or no difference of opinion on this, as is shown by the record of automobile lineage in Chicago for the month of July, 1919:

	Lines
The Daily News FIRST,	62,663
Post, - - - -	47,703
Tribune, - - - -	40,123
Journal, - - -	23,046
American, - - -	21,646
Herald and Examiner,	12,343

Automobile advertisers realize that the American Family is the buying jury when the automobile is bought. Therefore they turn first to The Daily News because 77.7% of all the people in Chicago and suburbs read The Daily News every day.

THE DAILY NEWS
First in Chicago

This is the day to buy your September American Magazine



A force

that generates energy in men and women
that helps them discover their latent abilities
that opens for them wider possibilities
that stirs them to action

In this Number

Does team work pay in big business? "Yes!" says John Ringling

The biggest business man in America can learn something from John Ringling, one of the famous brothers who own the three big shows—Ringling Brothers, Barnum & Bailey, and Forepaugh-Sells. It's the biggest kind of business, representing an investment of millions, and patronized by millions of people. Could *you* run it? How would you like to move your whole business night after night from one town to another?

How would you like to handle armies of temperamental star performers and great crews of workers—advertise them, provide their rations and their quarters, and transport them all over the country? John Ringling himself, who with brothers Alfred and Charles, started life in a boy concert troupe, tells modestly how they do it. By sticking together, they make you stick to the big show. They know your likes and dislikes even better than you do. "Will the automobile ever drive the horse away from the circus?" "It will not", says Ringling. "What is the main attraction?" "Pretty ladies on white horses", says America's master showman.

Can you remember names?

and attach the right one to the right face? Wallace Irwin, the popular humorist, cannot. He calls it a fatal defect. Irwin has experienced the nightmare of introducing Lord Northcliffe as "Lord Southdown"—and he ought to know. His confession makes you laugh and think at the same time. So do the other stories he tells on himself—such as the time he shook hands with General Grant's coachman, instead of with the General! Read "Famous Men Who Have Forgotten Me."

What's a college education worth in dollars and cents?

The Princeton class of '01, several years after leaving college, got together and discovered that their average salaries ranged from brokers, at $18,900.00, to teachers, at $1,779.00. Lawyers were ahead of accountants, but behind manufacturers, while everybody else seemed to have it all over the professors and schoolmasters. One of the best American educators, President Hibben of Princeton, has written a remarkable story around these facts. Read it, and ask yourself whether cheap teachers are going to be good for your children.

The American *Magazine*

THE CROWELL PUBLISHING COMPANY
WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION   THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE   FARM AND FIRESIDE

20c a copy   **$2.00 a year**

THE SCREEN

"Deliverance," a screen life of Helen Keller, written by Francis Trevelyan Miller and directed by George Foster Platt, was presented last night at the Lyric Theatre.

There is more in a "life" of Helen Keller than is dreamed of in any other life. It is a succession of wonders, of strange, mysterious, awe-inspiring things at which ordinary human beings can only marvel—and, perhaps, be stirred to greater endeavor in their own lives. It is such a life that the screen attempts to depict and its success is remarkable. With a cast of unusual excellence, with exceptionally good photography by Arthur Todd and Lawrence Fowler, and with one of the most wonderful stories in the world, "Deliverance" is one of the triumphs of the motion picture.

The story is divided into three acts, or chapters. The first is about the child Helen, deaf, dumb, and blind, a little wild animal raging in a strange world until her famous teacher, Anne Sullivan, comes to bring knowledge and understanding slowly into her life. This is, perhaps, the most appealing and at the same time the most amazing part of the story, for it shows in eloquent moving pictures how the process of instruction was begun and how it progressed. At first there is the tedious spelling of "water" by Miss Sullivan's pressing her fingers in the palm of Helen's hand, and then other words follow until deliverance has really begun—Helen can communicate with her fellow creatures.

The second wonder follows after a long struggle in which the child's passionate eagerness to learn is seen in everything she does—Helen learns to talk. The effect of the picture on the spectators may be indicated by the fact that when she was represented as saying "I am not dumb now," the house broke into spontaneous applause. A number of times while the picture was being shown there were such outbursts, showing that the story, as a narrative, was holding and stirring those watching the screen.

In the first part the rôle of Helen is played by Edna Ross, a child of truly unusual talent, and others in the cast, including Tula Bell as little Nadja, Edythe Lyle as Miss Sullivan, Betty Schade as Mrs. Keller, Jenny Lind as Pickaninny Martha Washington, and Sarah Lind as an Old Mammy, make their characters live.

In the second part Ann Mason appears as Helen Keller, the young woman, and she matches the performance of little Etna Ross. This part shows the continued growth of Miss Keller's mind and the development of her accomplishments. In the third, and last part, Miss Keller herself appears, and with her Miss Sullivan, now Mrs. Macy; Mrs. Kate Adams Keller, her mother; Phillips Brooks Keller, her brother; Polly Thompson, her secretary; Ardita Mellinina, as Nadja, and Parke Jones as Nadja's son. Helen Keller's life today is pictured. She is seen at her work, at her dreams, at her play, and her message of courage and faith is emphasized by quotations from her writings and symbolical scenes. The story ends with the woman seeking to bring deliverance to a blind world, and in the possibilities of which she has unshakable faith.

All through the photoplay there is symbolism, and some of it is impressive and peculiar to the power of motion pictures. And, let it be repeated, the story, as a story, grips and holds the interest as few photo stories do. In places it is overburdened with moralizing, and its optimism is sometimes spread too thickly, but throughout its main course it is compelling.

Dr. Anselm Goetzl has arranged an excellent musical accompaniment for the picture and conducts the orchestra.

Miss Keller originally intended to appear last night in person, but when she learned that the actors were striking against the Shuberts, who own the Lyric, she declined to come to the theatre.

"The Mother and the Law," which is the somewhat amplified modern version of D. W. Griffith's "Intolerance," was presented at the George M. Cohan Theatre last night as the fourth offering of the Griffith repertory season.

In this picture, as those who saw "Intolerance" will recall, Mr. Griffith turns his camera on social conditions. He uses the method of the story, and his story has the elements of popular appeal, but it is not told for the sake of its telling; its purpose is to present a cross-section of life at different levels and to show how the life on any level is related as cause or effect to that on another. In order to deal with individuals, it was necessary, of course, for Mr. Griffith to isolate human beings and their experiences, and he was not able to cover the whole social field, but he took cases sufficiently typical to be true, and based his story on the fundamental truth that human selfishness, blindness, and intolerance are the prime cause of human misery.

The principal figures of the story are in one of two groups, that of the smug social uplifters whose "charity" is financed by an "industrial overlord," and that of the mill workers who are the victims of the vicious charity and the overlord's oppression. As the success of the uplifters increases, as measured by dance halls closed and babies "rescued" from "unfit" mothers, the suffering and degradation of the people on the lower and ever-lowering level increases correspondingly. And playing their destructive part are intolerant laws, political corruption, and man's inhumanity to man as revealed in many ways.

In driving home his facts Mr. Griffith used dramatic strategy and screen technique. By cutting in and back, as may be done only on the screen, he brought contrasting scenes together to emphasize the tragedy and bitter irony of their relation, and never before has the close-up been more effectively used to focus attention on little things big with meaning. "The Mother and the Law" is distinctly a motion picture.

Chief among those in the cast, not only by her name, but by her performance, is Mae Marsh. As the little girl who becomes the woman and the mother, she is the centre, and the most appealing victim, of the story. Miss Marsh is reported to be enjoying now a happy home and family of her own, and for this all are glad, but, at the same time, one cannot be blamed for hoping that she will find a way to come back to the screen. Miriam Cooper is in the cast, and gives a noteworthy performance, as does Robert Harron also. Walter Long, Vera Lewis and others make their rôles realistic.

The nature of "The Mother and the Law" has been only suggested, and what has been said is perhaps unfair to the story, from the point of view of those who want a story first of all. The film is not simply a preachment. It is dramatic, at times theatrical, in its narrative, and may be criticised, in fact, for being too melodramatic in its last reel. For the sake of those to whom the characters are just screen folk it has "a happy ending," but it is a tragedy nevertheless, and its real ending is on the fact that the conditions pictured still continue—and the unhappiness of this cannot be put out of the mind by the purely accidental good fortune of the hero and heroine.

William Fox's screen versions of "Evangeline" and "Kathleen Mavourneen" will be presented at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre this evening, the strike permitting.

GULICK REPLIES TO PHELAN.

Denies That His Immigration Activities Favor Japan.

The declaration of Senator Phelan of California that the Dillingham Immigration bill was backed by the Japanese, through Dr. Sidney L. Gulick, which was published in yesterday's papers, has been categorically denied by Dr. Gulick, who is Secretary of the National Committee for Constructive Immigration Legislation. In a statement issued yesterday, Dr. Gulick declared that his committee had nothing to do with the Dillingham proposal, and that its activities were absolutely free from Japanese influence.

"Senator Phelan's charge that I am the sponsor of Senator Dillingham's new immigration bill," says the statement, "is ludicrously absurd, as well as false. The percentage restriction plan which I have been urging is absolutely distinct from the Senator's proposal.

"I may add that the whole question of the sources of my financial support was taken up in June by the House Committee on Immigration at its public hearings, and it was conclusively shown that not one cent for my salary, expenses or publications has been received from any Japanese source, public or private. Senator Phelan would do well to study the discussions that took place at those hearings. His methods of attack show the essential weakness of his case."

THE PLAY

By Alexander Woollcott

The Actors Turn Managers.

With such managers as William A. Brady and George Cohan turning actor to meet the present emergency in the theatre, the Actors' Equity Association rose to the occasion and turned manager. At the Lexington Theatre last evening the striking actors offered the public an overflowing program of fun and music worth trudging miles through the rain to see. The huge opera house in Lexington Avenue was packed to the doors with an enthusiastic audience, made up not of Broadwayites, but of just plain folks who, for all the storm and for all the stricken transit lines, somehow managed to get there in time for the opening number.

Everything was just as advertised, the familiar missing numbers of the ordinary benefit performance were not part of last evening's entertainment. The only missing number was the intermission, and that simply got crowded out. And it is promised that, with certain substitutions here and there—improvements, possibly—the same bill will run throughout the week, the same, at least, in all its principal numbers.

Perhaps the climax of the evening was when Ethel and Lionel Barrymore stood smiling, hand in hand, while the huge audience cheered and cheered. That was after the very charming performance of the second act of "Camille," in which they were assisted by Conway Tearle and Florine Arnold.

They were all there. Eddie Foy, of course, with all his family, whose accession to the ranks of the Equity must have just about doubled the membership of that lively association; Eddie Cantor, as volatile as ever and a little surprised to find he had so much pep when he didn't get paid for it, although he confessed to a certain ecstacy in the thought that at least he was making as much as Ethel Barrymore; W. C. Fields, with his nightmare golf game and his trying caddie; Ivy Sawyer and Joseph Santley, fresh from the foreclosed entertainment at the Globe; Marie Dressler, obliged in her declining years to learn all the new-fangled steps, now that she has become President of the Chorus Girls' Union; John Charles Thomas, Van and Schenck, John Steele, and Frank Fay, all singing as if they hadn't a care in the world. Then there was introduced a new team, none other than Frank Tinney, aided and abetted by none other than Pearl White, who was so thankful for a chance to talk that the indignant Tinney could hardly get a word in edgewise.

Even with Ed Wynn occasionally audible in the audience, with Barney Bernard acting as master of ceremonies, with Silvio Hein leading the orchestra, there was so much talent left over that the very piano was brought on and off with artistry. Hassard Short was noted among the artists who made that contribution to the program.

Enjoined from appearing on the stage, Ed Wynn added to the gayety of the evening from his aisle seat in the second row and the grand finale showed Brandon Tynan declaiming the "Friends, Romans, and Countrymen" speech, paraphrased for the occasion, with the actors forming a mob scene around him and the audience brought to its feet for an uproarious finish.

The evening was marked by several novelties. The programs were sold in the lobby. The tickets were sold in the box office.

HOLD AMBLER IN BANK CASE.

Former Pennsylvania Official Under $15,000 Bail—Fifth Arrested.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18.—Other arrests and prosecutions involving politicians and promoters concerned in the transactions that resulted in the failure of the North Penn Bank are expected to follow in rapid succession that of Charles A. Ambler, Brumbaugh Insurance Commissioner, who was held in $15,000 bail at his arraignment before Magistrate Pennock in City Hall this morning on charges of misdemeanor and conspiracy growing out of his alleged relations with the wrecked bank.

Following the hearing Joseph A. Taulane, who, with his colleague, James Gay Gordon, Jr., prepared the affidavit on which the Ambler warrant was issued, said:

"We are ready now to go ahead with an investigation that will probe the depths of the North Penn muddle. If it appears that others are criminally involved in the scandal they will be prosecuted, regardless of who they may be."

Mr. Taulane said the District Attorney's office had been too busy heretofore preparing material for the Ambler affidavit to investigate thoroughly the relations of others with the bank, though they had been generally discussed. None of the guilty will escape, he said.

"We intend to prove that Charles A. Ambler, while occupying a public office of trust, was a conspirator in the looting of the North Penn Bank and that his defalcations amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars."

Mr. Ambler was held for a further hearing Sept. 2.

BURGLAR GONG A NUISANCE.

Court Puts One Hour Limit on Ringing of Alarm.

Justices in Special Sessions decided yesterday that the continuous ringing of a burglar alarm for one or more hours in a residential district constituted a public nuisance, as defined by section 1530 of the Penal Law. The court convicted Jacob Ginsberg, manufacturer of dress goods, on the charge that a gong on the street wall of his business place at 140 West Twenty-second Street was heard ringing for from two to thirty-six hours. Eight residents of the vicinity complained that the noise of the gong affected their health and comfort. The court withheld sentence pending further hearings of other similar complaints.

The District Attorney said that the Metropolitan Electric Protective Company had installed the gong at Ginsberg's place and had some 600 other burglar alarms in business places. Simon B. Hess, President of the burglar alarm company, had been indicted, the District Attorney asserted, and would be tried on the charge of maintaining a public nuisance. The answer of the company to the charge is that the burglar alarms are a necessary protection to business interests and that the ringing of the gongs when no burglary was committed was sometimes due to accidental defects in wires or other connections.

Poincare Speaks in Alsace.

ALTKIRCH, Alsace, Aug. 18.—President Poincaré arrived here this morning and proceeded to Mülhausen. Later he unveiled a monument at Burtzwiller, erected in memory of hostages shot by the Germans. In his speech President Poincaré dwelt on the fidelity of Alsace to France.

TO FIND SOLDIERS' GRAVES.

Paris Bureau of Y. W. C. A. Will Provide Guides for Relatives.

The War Work Council, Y. W. C. A., last night announced the receipt of a cable message from Paris to the effect that a bureau, affording information and guides to American women who intend to visit the graves of relatives killed in battle, is soon to be opened by the American Y. W. C. A. at Hotel Petrograd, the largest and oldest Y. W. C. A. hostess house in Paris, which is being converted into the American Women's Club by the Y. W. C. A. The club will accommodate both transient and permanent guests.

The Y. W. C. A., in the movement to aid women coming to France to visit the graves of American soldiers, is associated with the American churches in France under the direction of Dr. Goodrich, pastor of the American Church in Paris. Prominent women residing in Paris are backing the movement, it was announced.

SHAM BATTLE FOR CADETS.

Nine Hundred West Pointers to Spend a Week in the Open.

Undaunted by the rain and the wet earth, 900 cadets of the United States Military Academy at West Point began preparing their "packs" yesterday to begin a week's hike and sham battle this morning through Orange and Rockland counties.

Lieut. Col. R. M. Danford, cadet commandant, will lead the marchers. They expect to march twenty-one miles through Orange County's hills and woods the first day. During the outing they will have sham battles and drills to school them in manoeuvres and tactics. They will take portable ovens, automobile trucks, and army transport wagons with them and will sleep in tents. The march begins on schedule.

WOOD MUST PAY ALIMONY.

Wife Gets Order for $50 a Week Against Real Estate Man.

Frederick R. Wood, real estate broker, formerly with the F. R. Wood-W. H. Dolson Company and now head of the Frederick R. Wood Company, was directed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Hendricks to pay $50 a week alimony for the support of his wife, Jennie M. Wood, and daughter Janet, pending a suit for divorce. Mrs. Wood asked $100 a week. She says she married the defendant in 1894 in Denver, and that he has an income of $20,000. They have not lived together since 1917. Mrs. Wood said the income from property left by her mother in Denver is not sufficient to support her, and she has been compelled to sell jewelry and securities left by her mother. She said that her husband had transferred insurance taken out for her to Pauline Brunswick, who is named in the divorce suit and who, it is alleged, the defendant has been supporting at 202 West Eighty-third Street.

Wood replied that his only income was a salary of $50 a week from his corporation, in which he alleges he has no interest. He says he has been in "great financial difficulties" in recent years, and that a judgment obtained against him by a bank for $27,000 is unpaid and that he owes $27,000 on notes.

Foreign War Veterans Meet.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 18.—More than 1,000 delegates met here today for the opening session of the twentieth national encampment of Veterans of Foreign Wars. The encampment will continue through Thursday. The visitors were welcomed by Mayor Gaine and President George L. Crooker of the Chamber of Commerce. The women's auxiliary is meeting at the same time.

To Regain Health
—and to Keep It

Arthur A. McGovern, former boxing champion and now physical director of Cornell University, conducts classes at his gymnasium, 5 West 66th Street, where men suffering from business fatigue and weakness are recuperated and strengthened. Every appliance which helps to restoration of health. Ruth M. McGovern superintends women's classes. Terms on application. Telephone Columbus 2928.

Young Men
Don't Get Bald
Cuticura Does Much
To Prevent It

Dandruff, scalp irritation, etc., point to an unhealthy condition of the scalp, which leads to thin, falling hair and premature baldness. Frequent shampoos with Cuticura Soap and hot water do much to prevent such a condition, especially if preceded by a gentle anointing with Cuticura Ointment to spots of dandruff and itching.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the world. For sample each free address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 6M, Malden, Mass."
Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

ESSEX MOTOR CARS

Just a Ride Makes

A Hundred New Owners Are Added Daily —Each a Warm Supporter of the Essex

Men Want the Essex

Surely no car has ever equaled the Essex in the way it has been endorsed by the public. From the very first it has been advertised just as we said it would be, by what people had to say for it.

You remember we announced the Essex would have to speak for itself. Its fate was left with the people. And now you can judge what the verdict has been.

One Hundred Owners Added Daily

Deliveries at this writing exceed 10,000 cars. An average of 100 new buyers are getting their Essex cars every day.

Such a production would be large for many older organizations. But it is not half equal to the demand that there is for the Essex.

Sweden Ordered 5 Then Cabled for 75

The first shipment of Essex cars reached Sweden a few days ago. The initial order was for 5. But on the day they were unloaded the dealer cabled for 75 to be shipped immediately.

That is significant, for Sweden is one of the countries where gasoline costs nearly a dollar a gallon. Even before the war European countries did not take readily to American cars. Only the light, small, inexpensive cars had a market then.

Cost of operation was the big item. Gasoline and oil prices made large cars impractical.

But the Essex just met the needs. It has the sturdiness and dependability Europeans had never attributed to moderate priced American cars. The Essex met their demands for economy and low operating cost.

And Those Advantages Are Important Here

Americans rather than put up with the customary objections of light low priced cars, more willingly paid the price that obtained the degree of elegance, comfort and performance they wanted.

But the Essex seems to have filled the need as we expected it would. It answers the demand for moderate first cost. It meets the inexpensive cost and maintenance situation and, of course, it gratifies the taste in appearance and performance.

How Everyone Talks For the Essex

They tell their friends what they have learned about it.

Any dealer can tell you of person after person who has placed orders with him as the result of a ride they have had with some friend. As a test of how it stands in the opinion of motorists in general, or even the man in the street, mention the Essex anywhere you might be in such a way as to provoke a discussion of it.

The result will be interesting. You aren't likely to hear a single adverse criticism. But you will probably conclude everyone is interested in selling you an Essex.

That is the Essex Selling Force

It is just what you will hear from any group of motorists. Everyone seems bent on telling everyone else what a fine car the Essex is.

Note the manner in which they praise it. People judge it in comparison with other cars of merit that they know.

That probably explains why Essex performance and quality is compared to large, high priced automobiles.

There is no other measure by which Essex can be described.

When will you take your ride in an Essex?

Your enthusiasm will be as great as it now is with close to a million others.

Essex boosters grow daily—and thus they swell Essex sales.

HUDSON MOTOR CAR COMPANY of NEW YORK, Inc.
Broadway at 61st Street, Circle Building

BROOKLYN, N. Y.
1422 Bedford Ave.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.
291 Main Street
WHITE PLAINS
186-188 Martine Ave.

BRONX, N. Y.
2460 Grand Concourse
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
190-192 East Front Street

NEWARK, N. J.
866 Broad St.

(69)

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT,

Winter Garden Evgs. at 8: Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat., 2.
ALL THE ENSEMBLE NUMBERS OF
Monte Cristo, Jr. With Special Added Attractions.

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:15.
The Best Liked Musical Revue on Broadway
JEAN BEDINI'S PEEK-A-BOO
With CLARK and McCULLOUGH.

PROFOUNDLY IMPRESSED
DEEPLY MOVED
INTENSELY THRILLED
was last night's vast audience at the Lyric Theatre when
HELEN KELLER
THE MIRACLE WOMAN
first gave to humanity her inspiring message of hope, happiness and salvation in her unique, epoch making photo drama
DELIVERANCE
STRONG MEN WERE MOVED TO TEARS,
CHILDREN SAT SPELLBOUND,
WOMEN WERE TORN WITH EMOTION,
and all were awakened to a new realization of the possibilities of life.
The like of this photo play never was seen before and never can be seen again.
DELIVERANCE will be repeated each afternoon at 2:30 and each evening at 8:30.
Special Musical Setting arranged by Dr. Anselm Goetzl | Produced and directed by George Foster Platt.
Prices—Evenings 25c to $1.00. Matinees 25c and 50c.

Greenwich Village Follies With Bessie McCoy Davis, James Watts & 20 Famous Artists' Models.
Evgs. 8:45. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
Greenwich Village THEATRE, 4th St. and 7th Ave.

Positively Open
Owen Davis' New Melodrama
AT 9:45
PLAYHOUSE TONIGHT AT 8:30. MATINEE TOM'W

Booth 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
The Best Show in Town. The Better 'Ole
With MR. & MRS. COBURN
Performances will be given Tonight and Every Eve. & Mats. Wed. & Sat.

SELWYN Thea., W. 42 St. Tel. Bryant 47. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20
HOLBROOK BLINN and Original Cast, in
THE CHALLENGE

The Theatre Guild, Inc., Presents
POSITIVELY ORIGINAL CAST
SEASON'S SENSATIONAL SUCCESS JOHN FERGUSON
Crowding The FULTON West 46 St. Eves. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15.
MAT. TOM'W, BEST SEATS $1.50
WE ARE POSITIVELY OPEN
and with the Entire Original Cast.
LEW FIELDS
"The Gay Old Boy" in A LONELY ROMEO

NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF
Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic
GREATEST ARRAY OF TALENT EVER PRESENTED

LIBERTY, W. 42d St., Evs. 8:15. Mats. 2:15.
POPULAR MATS. TOM'W & SAT., 50c TO $2.
ORIGINAL CAST
GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS OF 1919
with ANN PENNINGTON, 25 Others, and 80 BEAUTIFUL SCANDAL MONGERS

Henry Miller's Theatre, 124 W. 43d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat.
LA LA LUCILLE Musical Farce Success

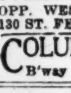
Actors Equity Association
GALA PERFORMANCES
ALL THIS WEEK
LEXINGTON THEATRE 51st Street & Lex. Ave.
Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
PRICES 50c to $2

CHOICE SEATS FOR
"EVANGELINE" and
"KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN" at the 44th St. Theatre
now selling at
McBRIDE'S TICKET OFFICE

LEWISOHN STADIUM 8,000 Seats 25c, 50c, $1.00.
137th St. and Amsterdam Av.
TONIGHT, 8:30 O'CLOCK—OPEN AIR
GUSTAVE STRUBE, Guest Conductor
RUDOLPH RENTER, Pianist
CARLO MARZIALI, Tenor
Steinway Piano Used.
STADIUM SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
ARNOLD VOLPE, Conductor.
In case of rain concert takes place in Great Hall, 140th St. & Convent Av.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE Mats. Daily, 25c-$1 | U. S. GLEE CLUB, LEW DOCKSTADER, MORRIS & CAMPBELL, oths. & JIMMY HUSSEY
B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96th St | MOSCONI BROS., HARRIET REMPLE & CO., MOSS & FRYE, Helen Trix & Sister, oths

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way Every Ev. at 8:15
Argonne Five—LaHoen & Dupreece, Almont & Dumont, oths. In the Theatre, Wallace Reid, "The Love Burglar" | All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50



STEEPLECHASE
FOR FUN
CONEY ISLAND

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK
OPP. WEST 130 ST. FERRY. *SURF BATHING NOW*

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | Twice Daily. Popular Prices LEW KELLY SHOW

VOISIN
Park Ave. AT 53rd St.
A DELIGHTFUL SURPRISE TO THE RESTAURANT—GOER
ELYSÉE
1 East 56th St.

This modern, new, up-to-date hotel, situated in the very centre of the exclusive West Side, has for lease
Suites of 1 or 2 Rooms to as many as required
Unexceptionable Service with Homelike Surroundings
HOTEL HAMILTON
73D STREET
Just East of Broadway

"BLACK DEVIL" JUNIOR JAZZ BAND
DANCING ON THE ROOF GARDEN 6 P. M. TILL CLOSING.
THE COOLEST SPOT IN TOWN
Famous Southern Dinner. $1.75
REISENWEBER'S
Columbus Circle at 58th St.

Leases Are Not Required
—BUT—
REFERENCES ARE.
Newly Furnished Suites
Of Two, Three, Four, Five, and Six Rooms
FROM $75 TO $180 A MONTH
With or without kitchens. Maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included.
In the heart of the best residential section of New York City.
RESTAURANT OF QUALITY.
Hotel Schuyler Arms
307-311 West 98th St.
Subway to 96th. Two Blocks Up and One Block West.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 Broadway, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day
Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day
Phone 2924 Riverside.

MOTION PICTURES. | MOTION PICTURES.

44 STREET THEATRE NOW
WILLIAM FOX *presents*
Longfellow's vitally dramatic poem
EVANGELINE
with MIRIAM COOPER *as Evangeline*
Directed by R. A. WALSH
and

THEDA BARA *in*
KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN
The soul inspiring masterpiece of Tom Moore
Directed by Charles J. Brabin
TWICE DAILY, inc. Sunday *and* Symphony Orchestra
44 Street Theatre NOW
PRICES
MAT.: 50c to $1.00
EVE.: 50c to $2.50

D. W. Griffith's "The Mother and the Law" created a sensation at the Geo. M. Cohan Theatre last night.

It is the first and only play on Broadway dealing with the present labor and strike unrest.

The mill strike in "The Mother and the Law" is the most powerful scene ever shown by Mr. Griffith.

First Matinee Today at 2:30. Tonight at 8:30. This theatre not affected by strike. Positively open.

JOSEPH M. SCHENCK presents
Norma Talmadge
in Her Foremost Screen Triumph
"THE WAY OF A WOMAN"
in the various LOEW'S THEATRES this week

B. S. MOSS' BROADWAY Broadway at 41st St. Continuous, Noon to 11 P. M. (Pop. Prices.)
LAST 6 DAYS—MACK SENNETT'S
YANKEE DOODLE IN BERLIN
And SENNETT'S Bathing Beauties —in— Person

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. | ELSIE FERGUSON in "A Society Exile." Pictorial, Comedy. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square | CHARLES RAY in "Bill Henry." Mack Sennett Comedy. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

LOEW'S New York Theatre & ROOF 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
OLIVE TELL in "THE TRAP."

81st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980
'THE GIRL ALASKA' A Splendid Picture
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

STRAND B'way at 47 St.
LAUGH WEEK
MABEL NORMAND
Harold Lloyd Comedy.
STRAND ORCHESTRA

PLAZA Madison Ave., at 59th St.
HAYAKAWA
"THE GREY HORIZON"
A real dramatic triumph

TYSON CO.
have choice seats for
"EVANGELINE" and
"KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN" at the 44th St. Theatre.
Now on sale.

HOTEL Bretton Hall
BROADWAY, 85TH TO 86TH STS.
SUBWAY STATION AT 86TH ST. COR.
Transient Rates for Either One or Two Persons.
Room and Private Bath, $4 & $5 Per Day.
Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $5 to $8 Per Day.
Also Suites 2, 3, 4 & 6 Rooms, 1 or 2 Baths, with exceptionally large closets, to rent on yearly lease, furnished or unfurnished.
Restaurant of Highest Standard at Attractive Prices.

TO-DAY—Southern Chicken Dinner—JUST AS MAMMY USED TO COOK IT
Janssen wants to see you
Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
QUAINTEST PLACE IN AMERICA
30th Street and Broadway
Wonderful Lunch—Excellent Table d'Hote
SNAPPY DANCING AND MUSIC

Hotel Manhattan Square
A few perfectly arranged and delightfully appointed apartments available, furnished or unfurnished, for immediate or Fall rental.
Phone Schuyler 2500.
Excellent cuisine.
West 77th Street, off Central Park

'Bellak' SYSTEM OF SELECT HOTELS
Special Summer Rates
RESIDENCE for WOMEN
Room and meals, $14 weekly up. Room with bath and meals $18 weekly up.
HOTEL RUTLEDGE
Lexington Av. at 30th St.
Also desirable accommodations of rooms without meals $1.00 day up.
MODERN—HOMELIKE—ACCESSIBLE.
Magnificent view of Central Park. Being completely modernized, 1, 2, 3 rooms & bath, $50 per room up.
HOTEL ASHTON
Madison Ave. at 93rd
Surface cars at door, convenient to bus and subway.
We cater to a discriminate clientele only. Large, light outside rooms.
NOTED FOR SUNSHINE
Two and three rooms and bath. Newly and unusually furnished and decorated. 9 to 14 windows.
HOTEL NOBLETON
126 West 73d Street
$90 monthly, $25 weekly.
Restaurant a la Carte.
Near all Cars, Express "Sub," "L," and "Bus" Lines.

"*The Residential House*"
HOTEL ALBERT
11th St. & University Place.
FALL AND WINTER RENTALS.
A few very desirable suites of Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, with meals for 2 persons.
$50 per week.
Also several attractive rooms with meals for 1 person,
$20 per week.
EXCELLENT TABLE.
E. D. FOWLER, Manager.
Under KNOTT Management.

14
EAST SIXTIETH ST.
A luxurious Residential Hotel, Opposite the Metropolitan Club and Fifth Avenue entrance to Central Park.
Apartments, single or en suite, for any desired period.
EAGER & BABCOCK
New York City

HOTEL THERESA
7th Ave., 124th to 125th Sts.
One block from "L" and Subway Sta
Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS.
ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
Dining Room At Top of Building
Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals
Tel. 7600 Morningside.
R. P. LEUBE, Manager.

AN IDEAL PLACE TO SPEND A NEW YORK SUMMER
HOTEL SAN REMO
Central Park West
Entire Block of Lake Front
74th-75th Streets.
San Remo Patrons enjoy a beautiful vista, fresh cool air, satisfying service and real comfort. Transients appreciate the cuisine and atmosphere.
Rural surroundings in the very heart of New York.
Apply today for rates. Columbus 6700.
EDMUND M. BRENNAN, Ownership Management.

—Comfort—Location—Refinement—
Hotel Netherland
Fifth Avenue at 59th Street
Facing beautiful Central Park
Redecorated and refurnished throughout.
Large and Small Suites to Lease.
Superior Accommodations for Transients and Tourists.
Exceptional Cuisine. Phone 3700 Plaza

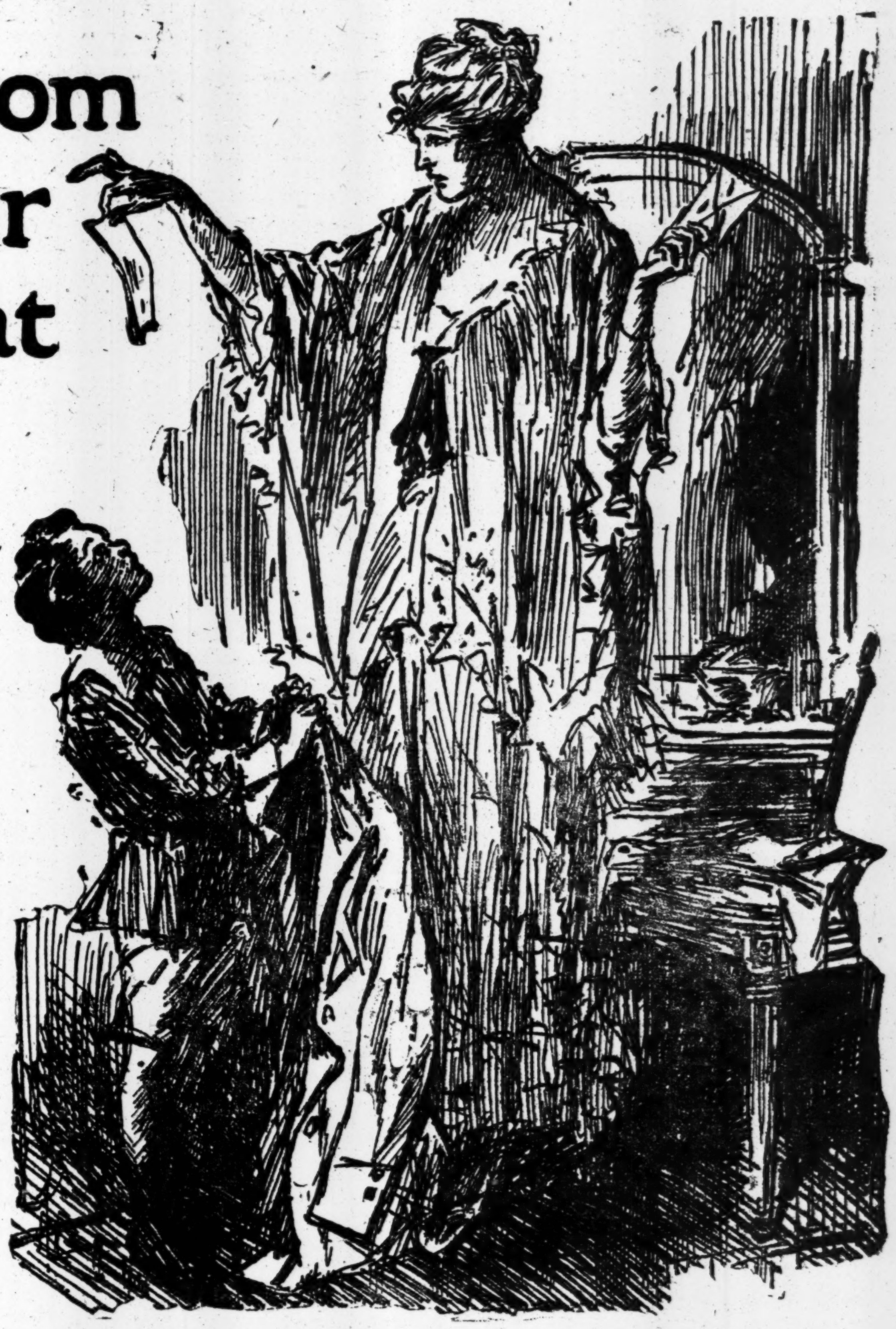
Hotel St. James
TIMES SQUARE
109-111-113 West 45th Street
Newly Decorated and Refurnished.
All Outside Rooms.
W. Johnson Quinn, formerly Hotel Webster

THE ENGLISH PLUM PUDDING SHOP
Nos. 4 & 6 EAST 41st ST.
IN THE HEART of NEW YORK
An Ideal Place to Lunch or Dine
Chicken Dinner Served Every Evening, $1.00

HOMEALS
HOW ABOUT EATING AT HOME TONIGHT?
Dinner Delivered Hot for 75 Cents.
Simply Call 9881 Schuyler.
American Cooked Food Service, Inc., 213 West 79th St.

Luchow's
14th Street near Fourth Ave.

If you found a letter from another woman in your husband's pocket - what would you do ?



WOULD you faint? Would you send for a lawyer? Would you remain silent and wait? Or would you do what Mrs. Madden did, when the *other* woman came along? How would you act if you were in her position? "The test of a woman's quality," says Corra Harris, "is how she conducts herself when she finds that another woman is stealing her husband's love." If you want to know how to hold a husband's love begin reading

"Happily Married," by Corra Harris

Author of "Making Her His Wife," "The Circuit Rider's Wife," etc.

Mrs. Harris makes you see the inner workings of the mind of a woman who was too sure of her husband and of a husband who was too sure of himself. In this new novel she shows you just how a man thinks and why he acts in such peculiar ways. And oh! how Mrs. Harris does know her own sex! She understands every emotion they feel. She divulges all their little tricks in a most delicious manner. If you want to learn how to manage a man without letting him know it, read this extremely entertaining three-part novel beginning in Pictorial Review for September.

It was constantly argued during the middle ages that a man is bound to rule his wife

Solving Household Problems

Putting the Home on a Business Basis—by Jenoise Brown Short
How to Stop Leaks in the Family Budget—by Elna Harwood Wharton
How Satisfied Housekeepers have Solved the Servant Problem—Told in Letters to the Editor.
The Right Way to Market—by Florence A. Warner.

COLOR PICTURES FOR YOU TO FRAME!

Love Lights the Way—for the Blinded Soldier
Woman's Work is Never Done—A Pickaninny's Portrait
The Twelvetrees Kiddies on their Summer Vacation
Children's Cutout—Dolly Dingle's Friend Betsy

EXCEPTIONAL FICTION

When Love is Young—LEONA DALRYMPLE
The Grapes of San Jacinto—ROSE SIDNEY
The Gift of Courage—MARY HEATON VORSE
The Honorable Gentleman—ACHMED ABDULLAH
Duotones—OCTAVUS ROY COHEN

What makes a man different after he's married?

DID it ever occur to you that every married man has a double personality? Why *is* your husband different from the man you married? What *is* the reason? You probably know a dozen couples who are unhappily married. Why? What *is* the matter with marriage?

Havelock Ellis, the eminent English sociologist, says that nine times out of ten it is the man's fault and then he gives some startling reasons for his theory. What do you think? In a brilliant and searching article in the September Pictorial Review, Mr. Ellis tells *why* husbands and men are two different things—and how this difference lies at the very root of "the marriage question."

He says that marriage is a risky experiment and nothing more. And that the system that worked five hundred years ago won't work today. The war has created a tremendous upheaval in the marriage relationship.

What is going to happen? Read what this supreme authority has to say on this subject in his sensational article in Pictorial Review for September called "What Makes a Man a Husband?"

This is the first of a remarkable series of articles on marriage which will appear in Pictorial Review this Fall.

He has never been claimed to be anything else but helpless

Four more great articles in this issue

WHY DO AMERICANS HATE TO SAVE?

—By William G. McAdoo

No people in the world hate the idea of thrift as Americans do; yet no people can save so magnificently—when they are saving for a big purpose. Read what the greatest expert in the country has to say about *why Americans must learn to save in peace as well as in war.*

KATE GLEASON—AMERICA'S PIONEER WOMAN MACHINIST

The woman who turned a $100,000 failure into a success in one year—and how. Third in Pictorial Review's great series of American women whose achievements are remarkable.

THE ROUGH ROAD TO MOTHERHOOD

—By Bell Bayless

Every mother knows that motherhood isn't easy under the best conditions—but in this country 15,000 mothers die every year because they are bearing children under the *worst* conditions—amid dirt, neglect, and loneliness. Read this big human article on what American women can do to help.

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR THE BOYS WHO DIED IN FRANCE

A notable article by Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, on the best memorial we can give our soldiers.

PICTORIAL REVIEW

FOR SEPTEMBER

Largest 20 Cent Circulation in The World

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1919.

OFFICES: [Telephone Bryant 1000.]
Times Building..........Times Square
Times Annex..43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown..........7 Beekman Street
Wall Street..........2 Rector Street
Harlem..2,109 Seventh Av., near 125th St.

Bronx..........2,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights..........3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn..........401 Fulton Street
Staten Island....93 Stuyv. Pl., New Brighton
Queens.....317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth..........250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken..........61 Second Street
Jersey City..........89 Montgomery Street
Newark..........810 Broad Street
Paterson..........13 Park Avenue
WASHINGTON..........Riggs Building
CHICAGO..........1302-1304 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.......613 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT..........403 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO..........742 Market Street
SEATTLE..........1302 L. C. Smith Building
LONDON..........12 Salisbury Square, E. C.
PARIS....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TWO CENTS in Metropolitan District, (50-mile radius.) Three Cents within 200 miles. Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents City; Seven Cents elsewhere.

East of Mississippi River: By Mail, Postpaid.	One Year.	Six Months.	One Month.
DAILY & SUNDAY....	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
One week, 35c.			
DAILY only..........	9.00	4.50	.85
One week, 30c.			
SUNDAY only.........	3.00	1.75	.30
SUNDAY only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55

For all points west of the Mississippi River add $1 per year for daily or daily and Sunday editions, and 50 cents per year for complete Sunday edition.

FOREIGN RATES.

DAILY & SUNDAY....	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
DAILY only..........	17.40	8.90	1.45
SUNDAY only.........	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5.
Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.,) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set—illustrated—Cloth, $70; three-quarter leather, $90; full leather, $120—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.
All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

TRIBUTE TO MEXICAN BANDITS.

Capturing Americans and holding them for ransom has become a profitable business on the Mexican side of the border. It relieves the monotony of running off stock from the American ranches, and hitherto the pursuit has not been dangerous, because the victims were civilians. Army officers cannot be bartered for cash without a day of reckoning for kidnappers. When the news came that Lieutenants PAUL H. DAVIS and HAROLD G. PETERSON, army aviators, who had been forced to make a landing in Mexico in the Big Bend region, were in the hands of bandits, and that these gentry had demanded a ransom of $15,000, there was no question of refusing to transmit the money to the bandit chief. Army officers urged compliance with his terms, for they understood that the threat to kill the aviators in the event of failure to ransom them was not an idle one. A Mexican who lives by shedding blood has no scruples; life is nothing to him when it is not his own, and he particularly likes to kill Americans. In this case the War Department made preparations with the least possible delay to deposit $15,000 in gold with DAWKINS KILPATRICK, merchant of Candelaria, Texas, who had been selected by the bandits, for his well-known probity no doubt—a "square man" in border parlance—as their agent in the affair. Candelaria does not appear in gazetteers, but has crept into the news from time to time. Probably it is a forlorn scattering of houses in a wild spot, with a trading store serving the isolated ranches. DAWKINS KILPATRICK must be of the soil and vicinage, a frontiersman with his own opinion of Mexicans.

Representations have been made to the Carranza Government in protest against a condition on the border that makes the traffic in American citizens so easy for miscreants like CHICO CANO. As this bandit, who was formerly in the service of VILLA, "operates" in the Big Bend country, he is suspected of holding the American aviators for ransom. Recently a troop of cavalry pursued his predatory band across the line and several of his men were killed. The truth is that the Carranzistas make no serious effort to patrol the Mexican side of the Big Bend. There are occasional flashes of vigilance, but they are far apart. It is, of course, a difficult country to police. Moreover, the brigands recruit from the Constitutionalists as well as from the Villistas. Far from being feared, the authorities are cultivated. Americans are the common enemy. This sort of thing cannot be permitted to go on. Making out bills against the Carranza Government for ransom money paid is unsatisfactory, and it is humiliating when the United States has some of the best cavalry in the world on the border. The Eighth Regiment looks after the Big Bend country. In a report recently made by an inspecting officer, Colonel T. A. ROBERTS, he said of this regiment:

> I have never seen such a perfectly appointed command before in my service. The condition and appearance of the horses, equipment, and men of the cavalry, of mules, harness, wagons, and carts of the trains and of the pack trains, was such as to make a profound impression. Every buckle and strap was cleaned and oiled and in place. The gaiting of the horses was remarkable. * * * The spirit of the officers and men is splendid.

The Eighth Cavalry did not go to France. It has been patrolling the border in all kinds of weather and under the most trying conditions. A crack regiment living up to the traditions of the old regular army, it would be available for emergency service in Mexico, if called upon. It may become necessary to round up the bandits who captured Lieutenants DAVIS and PETERSON. The duty would give Colonel G. T. LANGHORNE a peculiar pleasure. There seems to be no hope that any Carranza commander will be able to do the work, and soon or later it must be attended to. Mexican bandits cannot be allowed to thrive at the expense of Americans on this side of the border, and the Mexican demand for the ransom of two of our army officers is the last straw on the back of forbearance.

THE END OF THE STRIKE.

The Interborough strike has been settled, and by a virtual surrender. The strikers are to receive at once an increase in pay of 25 per cent., and all other questions in dispute are to be arbitrated. Possibility of further trouble may lie in the interpretation of this agreement, since the strikers appear to think that the other 25 per cent. which they demanded is included in the subject matter of arbitration along with the overtime rate and the forty-eight-hour week. The 25 per cent. has been won so easily that it is not surprising that some of the more enthusiastic strikers think they will ultimately get all of the increase, which they could hardly have seriously expected when the proposal was first put forward.

It was indeed an easy victory; after only forty-four hours a body of men whose wage rate was by no means low in comparison with those generally prevalent succeeded in winning an unusually large increase, with a chance of getting still more. That this increase is won from a road which cannot afford to pay it is presumably a matter of indifference to the strikers. They triumphed so quickly this time that there will be strong temptation to try it again before long; tying up New York is an efficacious method of industrial war.

But it is not likely that 14,000 men can succeed indefinitely in imposing their will on 6,000,000. If they are prudent, the members of the Interborough Brotherhood will let well enough alone. This time they won almost by default; the next time, city officials may be less interested in conspiracy hunts and more mindful of the fact that the simplest way to foil the conspirators, if there be any conspirators, would be to break the strike.

A STRANGE PROPOSAL.

Do the Republicans of the United States Senate mean to confirm Japan in her rights in Shantung and make them permanent? Is the Senate at all aware that Japan, if she should choose, could hold by force what certain Senators seem foolishly to think they can deprive her of by words? Their new-found zeal for China might lessen if it occurred to them that what they really propose is to let Japan hold forcibly and forever what she has offered to take peacefully and for a time.

The proposal of these Senators is to amend the Peace Treaty by leaving out the Shantung clause. That would merely leave Japan in possession of Shantung, or rather of Kiao-Chau and some of the hinterland. Japan now holds that territory. All that has been written into the Peace Treaty is a recognition of the fact that she is there. Strike out that clause, either by amendment or "reservation," and what will remain will be the physical fact of Japan in Shantung with no way of ousting her, unless, indeed, these Senators propose to transport an American army to Asia to force her out. We can hardly believe that they mean that, after all the talk they have indulged in about how a League of Nations will compel us to send armies to Poland, or to the borders of Arabia, or to "the passes of the Himalayas."

Mr. RAY STANNARD BAKER, in an account of the negotiation with Japan at the Peace Conference which we published on Sunday, says that if Mr. WILSON had insisted on the immediate return of Kiao-Chau to China "he "would have had to force Great "Britain and France to break their "pledged word to Japan," a thing obviously impossible, and that even if he had succeeded it would have been likely that Japan would have withdrawn from the Peace Conference.

What would have happened if she had withdrawn? The very thing that the Republican Senators are trying, of course unintentionally, to bring about. She would have quit Versailles still in full control of Kiao-Chau, but it would have been worse than that. She would have quit as the declared enemy of the Western Powers, including the United States, owing them nothing and full of enmity. If we can cure ourselves of sentimentality long enough to look facts in the face, it might be worth our while to ponder these words of Mr. BAKER's:

> Japan was in a stronger position than any other of the Allies except the United States. She had been little hurt and much strengthened by the war. She was far distant from danger, she did not need the League of Nations as much as the countries of Europe, and, more than anything else, she occupied a strong legal status, for her claims were supported by treaties both with China and the Allies, and she was, moreover, in a position, if she were rendered desperate, to take by force what she considered to be her rights if the Allies refused to accord them. I am not here arguing the right or wrong of the Japanese position, but trying to state it fairly, so that it can be accurately measured.

Her claims in other directions had been rejected. On this one thing she was positive and determined. So she is today. Let the Republican Senators carry out their threat to reject her only real demand, and Japan will consider herself freed from the bonds of the treaty and "take by force what she considers her rights." Beyond that there lie illimitable possibilities, such as the driving of Japan into the arms of Germany and Russia, and consequences which Western civilization has never liked to dwell upon. Or if Japan does not seize such opportunities, at least our politicians in the Senate will have presented to her a strong temptation of a kind which few nations with ambitions and militaristic histories have ever been known to refuse.

The war, most men thought, had brought us to a different and larger conception of our responsibilities. Yet today we see men playing with the destinies of the world as if nothing were at issue but the success of their party and their own re-election.

WISE WORDS FROM POLAND.

Mr. HOOVER has just finished a visit in Poland, where his relief administration has been doing good work in tiding over a hard transition period a nation left economically almost destitute. Before he left a committee representing the Polish Socialist Party called on him and presented a memorial one part of which deserves to be quoted for its application to countries more favored than Poland:

> We know the difficulties and deprivations through which the Polish Republic must pass during the next year, and will endeavor to live up to your slogan of full production on farms and in coal mines and factories. We must beg our American brothers in democracy to have patience with us and not to remove their support until we can get on our feet. Give us just one more year of credits and other active sympathy, and we shall emerge a strong, self-respecting nation, prepared to face the world alone.

The Polish Socialists—who, as they point out and as their record has proved well enough, are anything but Bolsheviki—realize that the world is still paying for the war, and that payment for the next year or so is going to be exceedingly heavy. During that year they ask for continued aid from America, aid which we ought to give for our sake as well as theirs, since it will contribute to the rebuilding of a people whose present misfortune is due to no fault of its own. In the meantime, the Poles are resolved upon full production from farms, mines, and factories; and after a year they think they can carry themselves.

America has something of a surplus of commodities, and can use that surplus creditably and profitably in helping to set Europe on its feet. But full production from farms, mines, and factories is as important in America as it is in Poland. That is the way out of our present troubles, a way somewhat long and laborious, lacking the attraction of various widely advertised short cuts; but it is the way out. The Poles are in an economic situation such as America has never known, and they are menaced by hostile nations on either side; their position tends to cultivate the habit of realistic thinking about economic matters. All they ask is a chance to work their way out; too many Americans seem to be looking for some way to get out without work.

THE GERMAN CONSTITUTION.

It is to be hoped that the German people will carry out the excellent preamble of their new Constitution, which goes into effect this week, and really be "inspired by the will to "renew and strengthen its Empire in "freedom and justice, to further "inner and outer peace and social "advance." The old name "Reich" need not bother us, since the Empire is declared to be a "republican State," deriving its sovereignty from the people. "Empire" is often used loosely in the United States and Great Britain. In Germany it means no more than the national domain and the Federal State, HEGEL's Einheitsstaat, the central organ of a federated State. It seems that the old term "Reichstag" for the national Congress, or Parliament, gives offense to some of the purists in the National Assembly, and some other expression is to be substituted. The German language is more than equal to furnishing new terms for new things or for old.

It is not the name of the Reichstag so much as its functions in which the world is interested. Roughly speaking, the President, elected for a term of seven years by the whole people under universal suffrage, male and female, takes the place of the Kaiser. He will be the representative of the Federal Government in international affairs. He will make treaties, but they must be approved by the Reichstag, to which is given the power to declare war and make peace, a great advance if the Germans have really learned their lesson. He is Commander in Chief of the defense forces of the Empire. The Empire or Federal Government has the old powers of the Imperial Government, with some new ones, such as price fixing, control over food and luxury—ticklish powers. The Empire—or, let us say, Realm—can confiscate railroads not yet in its control or that of the States. In case the defense of the country requires it, it can administer all water routes. "Defense of the country" has still a rather unpleasant sound, recalling the hypocrisy of a "defensive war" so enthusiastically swallowed by the Reichstag, the Socialists, and almost all Germany.

Under the Hohenzollern Empire the Bundesrat, the body of delegates of the several States, was the cardinal authority. The Bundesrat voted upon proposed laws before they were sent to the Reichstag. The Bundesrat could disapprove a law amended by the Reichstag. If the Government brought in a bill and the Reichstag disapproved it, the Government was not bound to pay any attention to that disapproval. The Chancellor was not accountable. The Bundesrat was not accountable. The Reichstag could not force the Government to bring in bills favored by the supposed representatives of the people, whose only real power was that of a sort of veto. In the new Imperial Council each State will have at least one vote, and none can have more than two-fifths of the whole. Thus Prussia can no longer control the Bundesrat, though, presumably, she will again essay combinations with Bavaria, Saxony, Württemberg, and so on. Under the new Constitution, again, the consent of the Council is necessary to the introduction of Federal bills into the Reichstag "unless," says the summary, "the Government ventures to "introduce bills which the Reichstag "knows to be disapproved by the "Council." Laws may be submitted by popular vote, the initiative, if the President wishes.

The budget, which will long be the thorniest subject of contention, cannot be increased without consent of the Council. The Chancellor and other members of the Ministry will be appointed by the President. According to the summary, "the Chancellor will "determine the Empire's foreign pol"icy, bear responsibility for the Cab"inet, and in case of a tie vote in "the Ministry will have the deciding "ballot." Apparently the power of impeachment, which in this country has been found hard to use, is the only means of bringing the Chancellor and the Ministers to book. The Chancellor "will determine the Empire's "foreign policy, bear responsibility "for the Cabinet." Nearly three years ago Mr. ZIMMERMANN, then Minister of Foreign Affairs, was saying "that "there is a definite belief in Germany "today that the Government should "be answerable to the Reichstag, "thus making it responsive to the "popular voice." Does the phrase "bear responsibility for the Cabinet" mean that necessary responsibility to the representatives of the people, a genuine parliamentary government?

The Constitution contains a long-needed Bill of Rights, guarantees of free speech, the right of free assembly, and so forth, guarantees long taken for granted in free countries. "The German's house," we are told, "will be his castle." What will the celebrated Prussian police think of that? It seems too good to be true. But every German State must have a liberal Constitution. Possibly the Prussian fondness for giving the State control of the police of the great municipalities will be checked; but "social advance," or political advance, for that matter, must be a plant of slow growth in Prussia. If the new Constitution insures the responsibility of the Ministry to Parliament, it is a good Constitution. Obviously it is a liberal charter of popular rights, a liberal fundamental law. Time will determine whether a liberal and democratic Government, faithful to its international engagements, not a vehicle of the old dishonest, unscrupulous, reactionary policies, will be evolved in action in Germany, whether this Constitution is to be a scrap of paper. The German people have their future in their own hands. It remains to be seen whether they really want to rule themselves.

THE LOGIC OF AN EX-KING.

The former King of the Hellenes, CONSTANTINE of glorious name but unhappy performance, has been explaining himself again, this time to a Danish journalist whom he attempted to conciliate by praising Denmark's "cleverness in neutrality," which brought her North Slesvig without a fight. As for himself, he expresses surprise not unmixed with pain at the idea that anybody could ever have suspected him of pro-Germanism; he merely strove to be his people's servant; and as to his private views, if anything they were rather unreasonably Anglophile.

Moreover, he knew very well from the outset how the war would end; so he nobly repressed his instinctive sympathies for the winning side. Well, if he was so clairvoyant in 1915 and 1916, when he surrendered Greek forts to the Bulgars rather than yield to his natural predilections for the Allies, of whose victory he was so sure, he kept his thoughts to himself; perhaps he did not care to hurt the feelings of his brother-in-law, the Kaiser, so for politeness' sake he affected to believe that brother-in-law's army was invincible.

He wanted to keep out of war, he says, on account of the Greeks in Asia Minor, who would have been massacred by the Turks if he had gone in. But as a matter of fact his Greeks of Asia Minor were massacred by the Turks, massacred repeatedly while CONSTANTINE was King in Athens; and without a word of protest from him. The massacres ceased when VENIZELOS was in power, they began again when CONSTANTINE had unconstitutionally driven VENIZELOS from office. As for serving his people, his people made it apparent enough, by their votes and by their demonstrations, what they thought about the two sides in the war; CONSTANTINE preferred to be the servant of his brother-in-law.

His policy was a hard-headed and sensible one, if he believed the Germans were going to win and if he wanted them to win. If his feelings and his judgment were both so much on the side of the Allies as he now pretends, the policy he followed was downright insanity. CONSTANTINE'S reputation would have been better if he had stuck to his guns; whatever else the world thought of him, it had not hitherto regarded him as a fool.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Love and Honor but Not Obedience.

The Episcopal Church is wise in omitting the word "obey" from its marriage ceremony. In a measure, doubtless, the idea of wifely obedience derives from the old notion that the woman is the man's chattel; and, in so far as it does so, it is obviously not to be expected that modern women will speak the word seriously, even on the most serious occasion—especially on the most serious occasion. Men also like to avoid a dubious situation. It was not only the law that was "an ass" when it is assumed that a husband is responsible for what his wife does. Yet historically the idea of wifely obedience has an origin as remote as the poles from the status of goods and chattels. In the code of the Middle Ages obedience was high among the virtues, the foundation on which society as a whole rested. To obey and to rule, each in its place, was the sum total of public morality. And so in domestic life, each house had a mistress, but each household had a master. What the Middle Ages called obedience we of today call service.

Where it was once thought "democratic" to volunteer in defense of the nation, we now know it to be more truly in accordance with free institutions to have universal service. The time may come when even women realize that, in its place, the spirit of service is not ignoble. It was a maiden in advance of her sex who said, "Promise to obey a man? I could promise to obey anything, and do it. But to love and honor till death do us part—to promise that is beyond the power of any woman!"

Who Are the Middle Class?

Few forces tend so strongly to produce social consciousness as a grievance. Not so many years ago one might have searched the world and found nobody who would admit that he was of the middle class. The term was an epithet, used in derision. As the middle class was vaguely supposed to be respectable, respectability itself went out of fashion. Today all this is altered. People write to the papers to say that they are of the middle class, and they say it with an air of one who, after all, is somebody. Yet nobody has defined the middle class, even the sociologists and economists, whose business such things are.

In England, Mr. W. H. MALLOCK gave a few stray thoughts to the subject and concluded that it was middle class to have an income of some $730. Professor H. R. SEAGER deposed that in America the figure would have to be raised to $1,500. It was the way of the elder sociologists to write as if the determining factor is always money.

Our common sense knows better. The middle class is distinguished from the class on its one hand by the fact that it works, not with its body, but with its mind. It is distinguished from the class on its other hand by the fact that, having no sufficient capital to retire upon, it has to work. The middle class man is a brain worker who is obliged to work or go under. And he is obliged to conform to current standards of respectability, physically as well as mentally and morally.

In the nineteenth century the income standard had at least a shadow of justification, for wages and salaries still maintained some definite relationship to the character of work done and service rendered. Today we have changed all that, and with one notable result. A large group of people among us have become class conscious—those, namely, who do professional work for less than the pay of a hand laborer. Mentally and morally they have two strong props of character—the fact that the instrument of their labor is the mind, and the fact that they are urged on by necessity to use it.

Between the Millstones.

Two utterances of late throw some light on middle class problems. The War Department announces that, since the armistice, 1,266 officers of the regular army have resigned their commissions to go into civil life. It is true that a considerable number of resignations is normally to be expected at the close of any war; the prospect of further service and glory is not great. Some of the resignations, no doubt, come from among those who found regular commissions at our entrance into the war. But when all deductions are made the fact remains that an alarmingly large proportion of the best trained men in the army are going into civil life. Many of them state the reason frankly. They are no longer able to live on their army pay in the manner which they owe it to themselves as men to live—and to the nation as officers. If the country were again to face a critical danger, it would have to meet it with a service that is weakened in the precise point where it should be strongest—weakened in its resources of professionally trained and experienced soldiers.

The other utterance is from President LOWELL of Harvard, who was speaking in behalf of a fund to raise the pay of college professors. The cry is identical with that which comes from the army. "What a professor wants is not a fortune, but enough to live comfortably in the scale of life in which a professor ought to live; he wants to educate his children as he was educated himself, and he wants to provide for his old age." Universities are the most enduring institutions the world has founded, outlasting dynasties and kingdoms; and the reason is that they "contribute to the highest in civilization," contribute "something that is eternal." If America is to be equal to the great task which has been thrust upon her by the war, it must be by intellectual and spiritual leadership as well as by its material resources. Concretely, the question is whether our leadership is to be like that of Carthage in the ancient world, which perished and left behind "no idea of value, no enduring institution," or whether, like Greece, we shall add to the common heritage of the mind, or like Rome, to the heritage of law and institutions.

These are only two of the losses from which the nation would suffer if its middle class were really ground to pulp—the loss of defensive strength in war, and the loss of intellectual and spiritual leadership at all times. Really, it is something respectable to belong to the middle class. At least, it should be.

GOVERNMENT AND AVIATION.

Official Help Can Be Useful but Might Cramp Initiative.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Noting your editorial of yesterday in which you appear to indorse the recommendation of the American Aviation Mission for the creation of a Department of Aeronautics, I would like to offer a suggestion as to the possible harm that might come from placing the full control of army, navy, and civilian aviation in the hands of a Government department.

You very properly advocate increased Government interest in the development of aeronautics in America, that we may not lag behind England and other countries now earnestly engaged in stimulating airplane design and manufacture, and we do need at this, the beginning of the era of commercial aviation, the most intelligent co-operation of the United States Government with the industry to enable men who have become skilled in the art at least to keep together the remnants of their forces and equipment for development and construction work.

A Bureau of Aeronautics, with a competent chief and staff, perhaps under the Department of Commerce, could undoubtedly become a useful link between the different departments—army, navy, post office, interior, agriculture, and commerce—and the manufacturers to receive specifications from those services and give the manufacturers the opportunity to bid thereon, leaving the matter of contracts to be arranged between the respective services or departments and the manufacturers.

A particular function of the bureau could be to keep the departments that have use for airplanes informed of the advancements in the art and to point out from collected data wherein machines of various types might be advantageously employed, thereby facilitating the opening of new fields of endeavor for aircraft, and incidentally spurring the designer and manufacturer on to further effort.

The Bureau of Aeronautics most decidedly must not exercise control over airplane construction beyond requiring that the specifications issued by the different departments are properly met. In other words, it is necessary that the manufacturers whose private enterprise will result in a step-by-step improvement in the efficiency and durability of both planes and motors must have free scope for their ingenuity in order that the best American ideas and methods may prevail for the establishment of the industry on a sound and rationally progressive basis.

But while governmental interference must not cramp and retard the nation-wide constructive effort in the production of aircraft, a properly constituted and empowered bureau could be helpful by urging before Congress the appropriation of suitable sums of money for the purchase of planes and aeronautical supplies for many and diverse fields of governmental usefulness which the bureau will be able to uncover.

By all means keep politics out of aeronautics, and let the personnel of the bureau be of such fine calibre that its recommendations will be heeded.

FREDERICK W. BARKER.
New York, Aug. 15, 1919.

Senator Foley's Merits.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of this date you print a letter from an individual, in the last paragraph of which he says:

"To have such a distinguished jurist and conscientious official as the present incumbent, Surrogate Robert Ludlow Fowler, succeeded by Murphy's son-in-law would tend to degrade the great widows' and orphans' court of New York, even if Mr. Foley renders a notably efficient, scrupulous, and impeccable service in the position."

That Mr. Foley would render a notably efficient, scrupulous, and impeccable service if elected Surrogate will not, it seems to me, be questioned by any one familiar with Senator Foley's record. With sixteen years' experience at the bar, wide experience as a legislator, and ability and discernment equal to any of his years, there need be no fear that any act of Surrogate Foley will tend to bring discredit upon the court.

About Aug. 13, 1919, the press of New York printed a report of the Citizens Union in which that body highly praised Senator Foley. Among other things it said: "His legislative usefulness has steadily increased, and this year, his first year as minority leader, he made an excellent record in the city's interest. Good record of votes."

May it not be reasonably expected that as Surrogate he would likewise make an excellent record?

The public will not, likely, agree with your correspondent that the fact that Senator Foley was willing to take Charles F. Murphy for a stepfather-in-law in any way militates against his record, ability, and good judgment. If Senator Foley had to have a father-in-law, why might he not as well be Mr. Murphy? It does not seem possible for one to divorce his father-in-law, so I suppose Senator Foley will worry through the campaign convinced that the public will not take your correspondent seriously.

PETER R. GATENS.
New York, Aug. 15, 1919.

A Remedy for Strikes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If members of the various unions were to pass a rule that the union officials should cease to draw any pay as long as the members of a union were out on a strike, putting them in the same position as the strikers, I feel sure that strikes would not be so frequent, or of so long duration as at present.

Such a rule would have been a benefit in this town, where there has been an epidemic of strikes the last few weeks, affecting thousands of workers.

A. ROBERSTON.
Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 17, 1919.

A FRIEND OF MINE.

He is a friend of mine, and as I lie
Upon my bed, with fever-tortured brain,
He comes and puts his head beside my own,
And in his eyes I see a look of pain.
It seems almost, he sometimes prays that I
May soon be well again. Truer by far
Than many friends who only visit me
When skies are bright, and naught occurs to mar
My happiness! That is the reason why
I think of him, as dearest friend of all.
It matters not to me that some may scoff,
And gaze with scorn, and question why I call
Him by a tender name, and want him near
In days of gloom, or when the sun does shine.
It is because he always is the same—
My faithful dog! He is a friend of mine!

FRANK DORRANCE HOPLEY.

GIVE ARMENIA A CHANCE.

Her Services to the Allies Deserve It—Arms and Munitions Would Make Self-defense Possible.

By VAHAN CARDASHIAN.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Selden, your Paris correspondent, in a cabled dispatch to THE TIMES of yesterday, stated that the British now have 60,000 troops in Armenia. Winston Spencer Churchill, in a statement which he made in the House of Commons some weeks ago, said that Great Britain then had 42,000 troops distributed through Trans-Caucasia and Asia Minor—that is, exclusive of Mesopotamia and Syria. Great Britain now has two divisions only between Batum and Baku, and that possibly two regiments are to be found within the boundaries of the Armenian Republic.

The importance of the presence of the British troops in Armenia is to be judged by the moral influence that they exert on the populations of those regions. Their presence there is an indication of the natural interest that the powers of the Entente and America take in the maintenance of peace in that region and in the welfare of the Armenian people. The British troops will remain in Armenia until provision has been made to meet the situation created by their proposed withdrawal. We need have no worry as to the ability of the Armenians to take care of themselves against the Turks, the Kurds, the Tartars, and the Georgians, provided we supply them with necessary food and munitions.

But there are two essential and pertinent questions connected with the subject under discussion which ought to be taken into consideration by America and the Entente.

(1) When the Russian Army of the Caucasus quit that front in December, 1917, there was there a Turkish Army, and that army enjoyed active support of the Kurds, the Tartars and the Georgians. The objective of the Turkish Army from the very beginning of the War was Baku, and thence the Trans-Caspian regions. The Turkish Army did not reach Baku until September, 1918. That army was delayed in its forward march by the Armenians, who did not then bargain with the Entente as to what they were going to get as the result of their spontaneous effort against the enemies of the Entente. They did not stop to complain to the Entente that they did not have munitions to fight the Turks, but they did whatever they could, believing and trusting in the justice, in the humanity and in the decency of the Christian powers.

Lord Robert Cecil, in a letter dated October 3, 1918, and addressed to James Bryce, stated that "the services (military) rendered by the Armenians to the common cause can never be forgotten." I ask that America and the Entente stop and think of what took place in Northern Armenia in the Spring and Summer of 1918, and then they can decide for themselves as to whether or not at this late hour the Armenians should be turned over to the mercy of a multitude of enemies. They should also think of Belgium, which was in 1914 in the position of the Armenians as they are today.

(2) The nations that are assembled at Versailles would do well to consider the notes which were submitted to them in February, and again in March, of 1919, by the Armenian delegation in Paris, in which notes it was specifically stated that the Armenians needed at once food, munitions, and supplies for an army of 30,000 to 40,000 men, and that, if they did not get these necessaries, then they would be at the mercy of their enemies. The considerations of reason and justice alike suggest that the powers cannot afford at this late hour to punish the Armenian people for their own omission.

The dangers and the trials of the Great War lifted the standard of international morality to a higher plane, and if that standard is to be maintained then the powers are in duty bound either to give protection to the Armenians or to make it possible for them to protect themselves.

VAHAN CARDASHIAN.
New York, Aug. 15, 1919.

WHY IRISH TILL THE SOIL.

Thinks Henry Ford Will Have No Chance to Manufacture There.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With malice toward none and with charity toward all the inhabitants of the United Kingdom, permit me to comment on a small part of "A Briton's Tu Quoque" of today. It is hardly a fair comparison between Ireland and the colored races to say that the United States and England are mainly industrial and commercial and that they are embarrassed as to how to deal with populations mainly agricultural. Whatever may be the case with the colored brothers, the agricultural pursuits of the Irish are forced on them, since about all industrial enterprise is "forbid by law," as is the growing of the shamrock in Irish ground, if we may believe the old song.

It would be very strange if no coal or iron exist in Ireland when both are so plentiful in England, yet writers complacently assure us that Providence has so favored England and overlooked Ireland, separated only by a shallow and narrow arm of the sea. Not only do these minerals exist plentifully in Ireland, according to Dr. Emmet's "Ireland Under English Rule," and, indeed, other authors, but such railways as exist are designed and laid out so as to be as far as possible from these supplies. They are purposely inaccessible.

The distressful country had plenty of trade and manufactures in the Middle Ages; its now empty harbors were filled with vessels from all Europe. Various "merchant princes" could be found there as in other lands. It is denied by no one that the country grew prosperous by leaps and bounds. 1782-1800—then came the killing frost of the union. The land and agricultural pursuits became the sole resources of a people as capable of manufactures as any. They work here in factories; why not there?

Henry Ford, having secured his 6 cents and $50 costs, may now proceed to carry out his intention of building a great factory at Cork. He secured the land recently. But Henry will have reached the age of Methuselah, or at least Old Parr, before a wheel turns in the plant or before a single brick is laid for the first building. The plan will be "burked" as effectually as that alleged Irish murderer Burke made away with his victims. The manager, no doubt capable since Henry Pacificus would have no other, has already been knighted. This is well understood "over there" to mean that he will for a variety of reasons find it impossible to put the scheme through. Like the attempt under Julian the Apostate to rebuild the Temple, this attempt to rebuild Irish industry will fail because all the forces of nature, art, and officialdom combined will prevent it, and Henry will be a sadder and wiser man a year or two from now. He and Julian, attempting the impossible, will be companions in failure. The sole remedy is independence, apparently.

ROBERT P. GREEN.
New York, Aug. 16, 1919.

Government Scholarships.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While reading your paper this morning I noticed your article announcing the names of the former soldiers, sailors and marines who took the scholarship examinations and came out successful. Although it was a very fine thing on the part of the Government, still I believe that the whole thing has been unfair to a great many young men. As you are doubtless aware, over 150,000 young college students enlisted in the S. A. T. C. I, as a former S. A. T. C. man, heartily agree with the rest in that we were just as good soldiers as those in the regular army, and are, therefore, entitled to all a soldier deserves.

But when it comes to the scholarship examinations I believe the line should be drawn. Those exams were meant only for those patriotic men who couldn't afford a college training. The very fact that the S. A. T. C. consisted of college students indicates that those men could afford to go to college. What chance has a high school man to compete with men who had already been in college and were consequently the only ones who stood a good chance of winning the scholarship?

As I did not take the examinations, it cannot be said that I am speaking thus because of some personal benefit. I believe, as well as many other college men to whom I have spoken, that the board of examiners should investigate the cases of those who have won the scholarship, find out those who were members of the S. A. T. C., and compel them to give way to those who have absolutely no means of going to college, (provided, of course, the latter can pass a satisfactory examination.)

I know for a fact that some of the winners are already holding State scholarships of $100 a year, making a total income for them of $300 a year. Is this fair to those who can't afford to go to college, although they have the brains and the ability to pass through a successul college course?

A FORMER S. A. T. C. MAN.
New York, Aug. 16, 1919.

PROFITS ON EGGS.

Dealer Says His Trade Never Made a Millionaire.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I will state a few facts concerning the egg business that may serve to enlighten the public and inform them on the true conditions prevailing in this trade. The months of April and May are the great producing months; during that period we receive 250,000 cases (of thirty dozen each) every week. The consumption in New York City is about 90,000 cases weekly, leaving a balance surplus for storage for Fall and Winter use of 160,000 cases per week.

This has been the custom of the trade for over forty years, and very seldom does it happen that there is more than a small profit in the transaction. When a mild Winter succeeds the storage season the results are disastrous; about once in ten years there is a good profit, but as a continuous performance the business is a losing one. Never has this trade turned out a millionaire, but for the last thirty years the market is strewn with the wrecks of men formerly engaged in this extra-hazardous undertaking.

It is said on the market that an egg man never dies, but through some chemical reaction he disappears, (spontaneous combustion, I think they call it; and when he disappears his place is immediately taken by a new crop of heroic men drafted from the ranks of that special variety that the good book tells us one is born every minute.

The modus operandi of the egg business is as follows: A Western shipper has a car (400 cases) on track to offer, the grade and mark is known to the receivers here. The Western man sends telegrams (generally collect) to ten or fifteen houses here and the one that bids the highest gets the car. As soon as the railroad issues a bill of lading the Westerner goes on a quick run to his local bank and draws on the New York man for full amount of shipment. The draft beats the eggs to this market by at least ten days, so the receiver is out the interest for that period. When the car arrives it is offered on the New York mercantile or the New York egg exchange at an advance of half a cent over cost.

The average cost of storage eggs during the month of April was 45 cents per dozen, or $13.50 per case, on which the receiver made 15 cents, or a trifle better than 1 per cent. Surely this is profiteering.

Eggs stored in April at 45 cents are freely offered on the market today (Aug. 12) at 47½ cents. Inasmuch as the accumulated charges of storage, interest, and insurance since storage is at least 2 cents per dozen, it will again show the investigator, the stump speaker, and the politician what profiteers these egg men are.

E. B. MURRAY.
New York, Aug. 12, 1919.

Favors Homesteads for Veterans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was honorably discharged from service in the National Army on March 22. I never had the chance to go overseas or over the top, but that fact cannot keep me from expressing my appreciation of your editorial "Homesteads for Veterans," which appeared in the Sunday edition under date of Aug. 10. I have talked to many soldiers, and I find many of them, to their everlasting credit, are not in favor of holding up the national Treasury. They are in favor of self-respecting ownership of farms which the Government will allow them to pay for on reasonable terms, but they are not in favor of Government bounty or being listed in the pauper class while yet in the prime of life.

Farms such as the Government proposes to sell to the soldiers will add greatly to the taxable and producing wealth of the country and thus make taxation lighter for all, but a Government bounty in the form of cash would put a burden on taxpayers such as even this rich nation of people could not bear without a feeling of injustice. It must be remembered in this connection that high taxes has been one of the causes of war, and that we are now supposed to be entering upon a stage of progression where there will be no wars. To pass such a bill as proposed by Congressman Johnson of Colorado—a bill for Government bounty to soldiers—would be a poor way to enter upon the new era.

A. G. JENKINS.
Norfolk, Va., Aug. 15, 1919.

Raises That Never Happened.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

From several news items appearing in the daily press informing the public that Congress is going to pass laws granting higher wages to postal employes, the impression has gone forth that postal workers' wages have been raised several times and that their many other grievances have been adjusted.

May I correct this impression through your columns? Postal employes were not advanced in salary beyond the amount set in July, 1918. Congress is still debating. Meanwhile the service is losing its experienced help, the morale of the remaining few is greatly undermined, and the standard of service has seriously deteriorated by the influx of great numbers of temporary and substitute help.

MORRIS J. SAMUELS.
New York, Aug. 15, 1919.

GERMANS MOURN AS AMERICANS GO

50 Sweethearts Left Behind by 3d Division Not All Who Regret Soldiers' Departure.

WHOLE VILLAGES TURN OUT

Fear the French Occupation Troops—No Friction Marks Americans' Farewell Celebrations.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Aug. 18.—Down the river in Andernach, from which the last of the Third Division rolled away a week ago, there's a blue-eyed German girl who nurses the hope that the departed American Lieutenant will keep his promise to come back to her. But that is not the reason I am putting her in this story. The reason is, that she knows most all the girls in the little Rhine town, and they all know her as a person who can read and write English perfectly.

Because she can do that, she was a very busy young woman today, for today the first mail from Brest to arrive since the Third Division went away, not only brought her a letter from her Lieutenant, but it brought her forty-one other letters to read. Letters addressed to other Andernach girls who asked the young linguist to explain just what they meant. She spent all the afternoon reading them to her friends and expects to spend the next two days answering them—after she has answered her own.

The fifty or more girls the American soldiers promised to come back for, or send for, are not all the people in Andernach who are sorry the Yankees have gone. French troops now occupy Andernach and they sent black and brown soldiers to do the occupying. This has greatly angered the Germans of Andernach, and they are not to be comforted. Yesterday morning a detachment of military police took up its duties in Andernach, and the rumor spread that the Americans were coming back. By noon the story was circulated that the 3d Division had been turned around at Brest and was on its way to the Rhine again.

One would have to look very hard to see any propaganda in the sorrowful faces of the Germans as they bid the Americans good-bye these days. Out in the bridgehead, where the redoubtable First Division is pulling up stakes and moving westward, whole villages turn out to bid farewell to the United States troops that have lived with them. One sees tears in the eyes of maidens and tears in the eyes of children, and tears in the eyes of grown women. There is no exaggeration about this. I saw it yesterday in half a dozen villages.

Whether it is right or wrong, the doughboys won a warm place in the hearts of many Germans. They treated the Germans well and the Germans are sorry to see them go. This feeling is stronger in the smaller places than in the cities. In the villages the Americans and Germans came in closer contact, and here the Germans learned best the lovable nature of the American soldier. It may as well be said that the German men developed no affection for Americans. It was the women and children who were attracted to them. And both because they have learned to regard with esteem the Americans and because they have always been taught that the French are their enemies, German women and children hate to see the Americans speed away and Frenchmen come. That their fears are overdrawn it goes without saying.

Last night Enfinbreitstein Fortress was dark for the first time since the Americans occupied it last December. Yesterday the Fifth Field Artillery left the old fort, and in two more days all the first division will be on its way. Squads of Americans remaining on the Rhine are being scattered through the narrow sector of the bridgehead remaining to the Stars and Stripes. Most of them will be kept in the City of Coblenz for garrison duty.

During the last few nights I have seen considerable celebrating in Coblenz by members of the First, paying their last visits to the Rhine city. But the place seems stripped of khaki as compared to "old days."

The majority of the military police have been taken off, and now it is the German policeman with his sword by his side who steers one's automobile up this street or that. Of course, the German policemen didn't undertake to interfere with the American farewell parties, and they went on somewhat regardless. The Americans seemed to take special offense at the fact that German orchestras stopped playing their national tunes and started playing French songs.

In a crowded cafe last night, an American officer seized the baton from the orchestra leader, playing the sombre Meuse march, and ordered the musicians to play "Dixie." They did so, while he led it. Frenchmen present offered no protest, so the Americans gave three cheers for the U. S. A. and went on to another scene of gayety to drink their last of bottle Rhine sunshine.

Absolutely no friction with Germans marks the farewell days of the army of occupation. Germans appear to go out of their way to be courteous and avoid trouble. All of which is as it should be.

1st Division Starts for Home.

Aug. 16.—In the big café across the street the orchestra is playing "Madelon." It is the first selection of a tea concert program. For the last eight months that orchestra had begun every day with "The Stars and Stripes Forever." It played "The Stars and Stripes Forever" because most of its patrons were Americans; it plays "Madelon" today because most of its patrons are French.

And while the fiddles scrape away, along the banks of the nearby Rhine rolls a trainload of American doughboys. They do not care a half-pfennig in depreciated German currency what the orchestra is playing, for they are going home. It is part of the good old 1st Division, the first division of the A. E. F. to come to Europe, and the last to go home.

And because they are going one may end today the story of the American occupation of German territory. True, Old Glory still waves above Ehrenbreitstein and leary looking military police tramp the banks of the Rhine, but the American occupation job is done.

There remain some 7,000 Americans on the Rhine, but they control only a few square kilometers outside the city of Coblenz, and that merely as police. The American dominion over 5,000 square miles of German territory and over 1,000,000 German people has passed into history.

French troops are busy occupying the territory the Americans have vacated.

Yesterday the first two train loads of the 1st Division quit the Rhine and today the movement of this great division is under full sway. In five days it will be all gone. For eight months it ruled its Germans and ruled them well, as the Germans will attest. And now that its job is done it is going back home.

The corporal guard that remained because the French wanted to keep the Stars and Stripes on the Rhine has few powers and shortly those powers will pass to the Rhineland Commission, and the job of the soldiers staying here will be to look smart when distinguished visitors come.

The 1st Division goes back to the United States with a noble record. Sharing with the 2d Division the honors of being the A. E. F.'s best fighters, it served as a model for all American divisions which came after it. It captured Cantigny, the first position ever taken by American troops on European soil. On July 18 it helped drive the wedge in the German line south of Soissons and turned the tide of the war. It helped cut off the St. Mihiel salient. It stopped the Prussian Guards in the Argonne. Later it drove through the last German line west of the Meuse and would have entered Sedan had it not been called back.

It was after its great performance in the Meuse and Argonne that General Pershing wrote:

"The Commander in Chief has seen in this division the special pride of the service and a high state of morale never broken by hardship nor battle."

Had Germany not signed peace in June and the allied armies moved forward the 1st Division would have led the Americans toward the Weser River. The 1st was always sorry it did not get that chance.

Now that the American Army of Occupation has come and gone one may ask what came of its work. The Americans who placed their flag over the grim Prussian fortress of Ehrenbreitstein came to the Rhine in a spirit of conquest—a new spirit of conquest—a spirit of a square deal. In their rule of the Germans they breathed that spirit in their words and deeds, and spirit has left its mark upon the German Rhine. The American Army of Occupation has quit Germany leaving no rancor in the hearts of the Germans.

In its moderation and firmness, in its fairness and determination, it earned the regard and respect of the millions of Germans it governed.

It never regarded it as its duty to punish the Germans. That was the job of the Peace Conference. It fed the Germans when they were hungry. It kept away the Spartacides when they were rampant. It brought prosperity to the Rhineland when the rest of Germany was in turmoil.

The Third Army has gone home with its own ideas about Germans.

It goes home regarding them as an able, orderly and selfish people. It goes home believing that Germany will "come back" and knowing that Germany is not cured of war. It goes home in the belief that if it ever runs up against a German army again it can whip it again. Its attitude is summed up in what a doughboy said in bidding farewell last night to a German café proprietor:

"I don't give a damn," he said, "who you Dutchmen fight the next time you go crazy, but you lay off Uncle Sam's toes."

"Ya, ya," was what the German replied.

For many, many years to come America and Germany will look at each other in part through the eyes of the 300,000 Americans who formed the Army of Occupation and the million of Germans among whom they lived and ruled.

Eight months of association has brought a mutual understanding and comprehension of each other. Eight months corrected many wrong impressions of overzealous allied propaganda and overzealous German propaganda.

When You Need A Watchman

no matter what the hour, telephone our Patrol Department. For your convenience we maintain an organization that is on duty 24 hours each day. The same efficient service that distinguishes our Electric Protection is awaiting your command in our Patrol Department. Don't forget—

"Where there is Holmes, there is Safety"

HOLMES ELECTRIC PROTECTION

PATROL DEPARTMENT Day, 26 Cortlandt St.—Telephone Cortlandt 10. Night, 16 East 33d St.—Tel. Murray Hill 3030.

BRITAIN'S FOES HERE BUSY IN WASHINGTON

Irish, Egyptian, Hindu, and Persian Agitators Promoting Active Propaganda.

DENIES IRELAND IS RIOTING

National Sinn Fein Bureau Asserts Reports Are Put Out to Deceive Americans.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The Irish National Bureau, with offices in the Munsey Building, which is the organization through which Sinn Fein sympathizers in America are directing their fight to defeat the League of Nations, issued a statement today in which it charged that reports of "disturbances, riots, assaults, &c.," reported as having occurred in Ireland in the last few days, are the invention of British propagandists. The British are doing all this, according to the local Sinn Fein Bureau, in an effort "to divert American opinion from the protests of Americans of Irish blood against the ratification of the League of Nations."

Coincident with this announcement by the Irish Bureau, Washington was also informed that a move was under way to gain the intervention of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Senate on behalf of the Egyptians, who object to that part of the treaty of peace which cals upon Germany to recognize the British Protectorate over Egypt.

The Egyptian Commission, which is directing the work of the amending of the treaty, has engaged former Governor Joseph W. Folk of Missouri, as chief counsel. Mr. Folk, who was the Democratic candidate for the United States Senate in Missouri last Fall and who was defeated by Judge Spencer, his Republican opponent, filed today, as his first move in behalf of his clients, a ten-column brief with the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, in which he asks that the annex to the Versailles treaty shall be made to "clearly state that the status of Egypt shall be within the jurisdiction of the Council of the League of Nations."

But Ireland and Egypt are not the only sources of the propagandic war that is now being directed against Great Britain, for it is also disclosed that certain Hindu factions in the United States and their sympathizers have organized under the name of Friends of Freedom for India, with headquarters at 7 East Fifteenth Street, New York City. There are also rumblings of a Persian protest here as a result of the agreement entered into last week between the British and Persian Governments.

The Hindu organization is headed by Robert Morss Lovett, as President. Dudley Field Malone is one of the Vice Presidents, and Frank P. Walsh, who was one of the Irish-American Commissioners to the Peace Conference, is the other Vice President. The Secretary is Agnes Smedley, while the Treasurer is Louis P. Lochner, who was the press agent of the Ford peace expedition to Europe in 1915. Lochner was prominent in the activities of the so-called People's Committee for Democracy, which agitated for a negotiated peace with Germany when the war was at its height and approaching its most critical stage.

The Rev. Norman M. Thomas, who was closely associated with Lochner in that movement, is a member of the Executive Board, as is also Roger N. Baldwin, who was convicted in New York for violation of the draft law. Other members of the Executive Board are Henry Jaeger, James H. Maurer, Herman Defrem, and John Fitzpatrick. There are no Hindus among the officials.

The Friends of Freedom for India state that their fight is to "maintain the right of asylum" for Hindus in the United States and to assist for open discussion, "that the truth about India may be maintained." The fact that Hindus, along with other Orientals, are barred from this country by the immigration laws is not referred to in documents shown today to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent.

During the war the United States Secret Service and the Department of Justice Bureau of Investigation devoted much of their time to Hindu agitators who sought by various means to use this country as a base from which to stir up rebellion in India against British rule. The fact that the United States and England were fighting side by side against Germany apparently did not enter into consideration, and the result was that a large number of the Hindu agitators were arrested and brought to trial in the Federal courts and several of them sent to prison. At the present time a considerable number of these agitators are said to be held for deportation, and the new organization is now seeking to prevent the carrying out of the immigration laws in so far as the law refers to the Hindus.

The activities of the Irish National Bureau at present are being devoted almost entirely to the League of Nations. Every day last week advertisements, some days a whole page and other days half a page in size, appeared in every newspaper published in Washington. The advertisements are all based on the theory that in the event that the League is ratified by the Senate England will have the controlling power in carrying into effect the exercising of the powers of the covenant.

Two prominent Senators, however, one a Republican and the other a Democrat, informed THE TIMES correspondent today that they were a "little weary" of so many invitations to take part in foreign political disputes in which, as they put it, "the United States has no reason to be involved."

C. M. DEPEW TALKS TO CLUB

Addresses the Park in Pittsfield on Country's Affairs Since the War.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., Aug. 18.—Chauncey M. Depew made an address at the Park Club in Pittsfield tonight. He reviewed the affairs of this country since the close of war.

Edward Sparrow, who served two years in the Marine Corps overseas, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Edward W. Sparrow at Home Farm.

Mrs. William Laimber and her family are guests of Mrs. William Pollock in Pittsfield.

Mrs. Charles H. Campbell has issued cards for a theatre party tomorrow night at the Colonial Theatre in Pittsfield.

John Alder Spoor has returned to Blythe Wood Farm, Pittsfield, from Alaska.

Mrs. Kenneth Morgan and Miss Mary Alden of Oneonta, N. Y., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Spoor.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Hayden Channing at Napant Saturday. Mrs. Channing was Miss Alied Schenck, the daughter of Mrs. Frederick Schenck of New York.

T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, who has been in Pittsfield, went to Bretton Woods, N. H.

Robertson-Goring.

The marriage of William Pollard Robertson, a son of Joseph L. Robertson of 102 Waverley Place, this city, and Miss Ethel Mary Goring, a daughter of Thompson E. Goring of Wappinger Falls, N. Y., took place yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Morningside Heights. The Rev. Williams Hawkes Pott, Archbishop of the Diocese, and Chaplain Edmund Hance Carhart, U. S. N., a brother-in-law of the bridegroom, officiated. Owing to the bridegroom being in mourning for his brother, none but the two families were present, and there were no attendants.

SAY REGAN FORGED CHECK.

Brother of Police Officer Also Is Charged With Being Second Offender.

Peter Regan, who, Assistant District Attorney Waugh asserted, was known here and to the authorities of several Western cities as a confidence operator, was put on trial yesterday before Judge McIntyre and a jury in General Sessions on a charge of forgery in the second degree and as a second offender. Regan is charged with forging the name of Robert G. Hamilton of San Francisco to a traveler's check for $50, which he cashed at one of the stores of Brill Brothers. It is alleged that Regan also got four similar checks from Hamilton to the amount of $200.

Hamilton testified that he had given the checks to Regan on July 18, as an "evidence of good faith," when Regan engaged in a coin-tossing contest known as the "match game," with a man who was known to him as Jordan. Hamilton said he had since learned that Jordan and Regan were friends. Hamilton charged that a fake detective broke up the coin game and detained Hamilton until Regan and Jordan had got away.

The money or checks were returned to Hamilton, he charged, after a brother of the accused man, Police Lieutenant Martin Regan, had asked him not to prosecute. Assistant District Attorney Waugh said Peter Regan had caused trouble to his brother, Lieutenant Regan, for several years by boasting of his influence in the department through his relative and by inducing the latter to aid him when in difficulties. Charges have been made against Lieutenant Regan at Police Headquarters, based on Hamilton's complaint, which are to be heard at the conclusion of the trial.

PRESIDENT PLAYS GOLF LATE

With Mrs. Wilson, He Returns to White House for 8 o'Clock Dinner.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—President and Mrs. Wilson played golf late this afternoon, returning to the White House for an eight o'clock dinner.

The Italian Ambassador, Count di Cellere, has returned to Washington after spending a week with Countess di Cellere and their children at Newport, R. I.

Senator and Mrs. Philander C. Knox, returned to their K. Street home this morning after spending a week with their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. James Tindall, at Cape May, N. J. and Slovenes, Dr. Slavko Grouitch, returned this evening from New England where, with Madame Grouitch, he has been visiting for several weeks.

The honorary attaché of the British Embassy, Capt. R. R. Glen, returned this morning from Newport, where he has been with his mother, Mrs. Glen, since Aug. 1.

The Minister from the Serbs, Croats

J. E. Seagram, Distiller, Dead.

WATERLOO, Ont., Aug. 18.—Joseph E. Seagram, distiller, and breeder of thoroughbred horses, died here tonight after an illness of several years. He was 78 years old.

Born near Galt, Ontario, he came to Waterloo fifty-five years ago and, after a few years in the retail business, founded the distilling enterprise which became one of the largest on the continent.

For many years he conducted a horse breeding farm and his colors have appeared on nearly all the important race tracks in America. He won the King's Plate at Toronto on several occasions. For thirteen years he had been President of the Ontario Jockey Club. He represented North Waterloo in Parliament from 1896 to 1908.

Mrs. S. B. Joel Dead in London.

By the death of Mrs. S. B. Joel, London society has lost one of its most eccentric members. She was the wife of an African millionaire, and was noted for her hospitality. One of Mrs. Joel's eccentricities was her frequent absences from dinners and parties which she had arranged for her acquaintances. At one time she had invited some professional and business men to her home to discuss business, but when they had all arrived she declined to hear any serious talk, and proceeded to serve a luncheon, after which she danced gayly. She left an estate of more than $1,000,000, of which $400,000 consists of pearls.

Baron Louis de la Grange.

Baron Louis de la Grange, who recently died in Paris, was the husband of Miss Louise Carroll of Baltimore, Md. He was the son of the late Baron Alexis de la Grange. He was a brother-in-law of Charles Carroll of Doughoregan Manor, Md., and of Herbert D. Robbins of this city. His nephew was Baron Amaury de la Grange, who married Miss Emily Sloane, daughter of Henry T. Sloane of New York.

Dr. Herman E. Street.

Dr. Herman E. Street, a practicing physician in Brooklyn for the last twenty-seven years, died suddenly at the Peck Memorial Hospital yesterday at the age of 73. Dr. Street was graduated from the New York Homeopathic College in 1892 and practiced at Bellevue and Flower Hospitals. His office was at 100 Brooklyn Avenue. He is survived by his wife, three daughters, and a son, Dr. James Dean Street, a dentist.

Robert H. Wemyss.

Robert H. Wemyss, a retired banker, formerly of the firm of W. N. Cole & Co., died at his home on St. Paul's Road, Hempstead, L. I., yesterday after an illness of a few days. He was 71 years old. Mr. Wemyss was Deputy City Controller under Bird S. Coler.

Obituary Notes.

Captain C. A. ROBERTS, Superintendent of Construction in Connecticut and Rhode Island, died on Saturday at North Smithfield, R. I. He was 52 years old.

Miss ROSALIE WATSON, a teacher in the Montclair High School, died yesterday at her home there.

JAMES A. DOWLAN, for twenty-five years with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, died suddenly Saturday evening at Thaw Hospital, Middletown, N. Y. His residence was at East 175th Street and Grand Concourse.

EDWARD NELSON BENHAM, organizer and the first President of the Montclair Building and Loan Association, died Sunday night at Mountainside Hospital following an operation. He was 62 years old.

ALEXANDER FRANCIS GOOD of the brokerage firm of Low Brothers, 44 Broad Street, died Sunday at the People's Hospital after a short illness. He was 34 years old and lived at 14 West Sixty-fourth Street.

Mrs. EDWARD G. KAUFER, wife of the President of the Fort Lee Board of Education, died of apoplexy at her home late yesterday. Mrs. Kaufer was an active war worker, and was President of the Fort Lee Chapter of the Red Cross.

EMANUEL GONZALES BULLARD, a lawyer and real estate operator, died on Saturday of pneumonia, at the age of 56. He lived at 397 Macon Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Bullard was graduated frm the Phillips Exeter Academy and Harvard University, and practiced law at Jamaica during the greater part of his career.

EDWARD MEEKS, a veteran of the civil war, died suddenly Sunday night at his home, 88 Barker Avenue, White Plains, at the age of 76.

SOL HAAS, for forty-two years in the meat business in this city, died yesterday at his home, 238 East Thirty-sixth Street. He was fifty-eight years old.

CHARLES KING FLEMING, a Major in the civil war, and for more than forty years in the coal business in this city, died at his home at Scarsdale, N. Y., yesterday after an illness of a year and a half.

MORTGAGE BURNED AT FETE.

Newport Art Association Celebrates Freedom from Debt.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 18.—Before a large attendance of members of the Newport Art Association tonight the mortgage on the building was burned by Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney on the occasion of a fete splendidly arranged, netting a good sum and with a program that carried the audience by storm, although the weather was wretched, and the event had to be held indoors.

Mme. Ardine of the Boston Opera sang, accompanied by Mrs. George Peabody Eustis, and was followed by the Rev. David Brodsky singing a group of folksongs in Russian; "The Song of the Glen," by Marshall P. Kernochan, and recitations by Arthur J. Rhodes. Then followed the fete called "A Masque, for Lords and Ladies," and the burning of the mortgage, and music by the Creole Serenaders.

Miss Lillian Endicott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Endicott of New York City, will be maid of honor for Miss Lesley Fredericka Pearson, daughter of Mrs. Frederick Pearson of Newport and New York, and her only attendant for her marriage to Henry B. H. Ripley of New York in Trinity Church at 4 o'clock the afternoon of Aug. 30, with the Rev. Stanley C. Hughes officiating. Mr. Ripley will have as his best man his brother, James H. Ripley.

Mrs. Vanderbilt entertained at the Breakers tonight for the Duchess of Roxburghe and Lady Granard. Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence T. Paul gave a dinner at Paul Holm, and Mr. and Mrs. James Duke entertain similarly at By-the-Sea. Mrs. Peter Roberts gave a luncheon.

Former Ambassador and Mrs. James W. Gerard will give a dinner at Pinard cottages Saturday, and a luncheon will be given there tomorrow by Mrs. Gerard.

Mrs. Miller Graham will give a dinner tomorrow, Mrs. Ogden Goelet on Thursday for the Duchess of Roxburghe, and Mr. and Mrs. Craig Biddle on Friday night.

Cold weather this morning with heavy clouds gave the opening matches in the mixed tennis doubles at the Casino a setback as far as attendance, but the playing was animated and brilliant. Mrs. Annie Stillman and James Henry Van Alen defeated Miss Ada T. Northfleet, 6-2, 2-6, 6-2. Mrs. Howard G. Cushing and J. Gordon Douglas defeated Mrs. Lewis G. Morris and Pennington Pearson, 6-1, 2-6, 9-7.

Prince and Princess Lalucinge of France, the latter formerly Mrs. Stickney of New York, who with her husband has been engaged in war work in France, have gone to New York. They will make a three months tour of the country before returning to France.

Webster-Ohl Wedding on Sept. 3.

Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Kingsley Ohl of 55 East Sixty-fifth Street have sent out invitations for the wedding of their daughter, Miss Joan Kingsley Ohl, to David Frank Webster, at noon on Wednesday, Sept. 3, at the Church of the Heavenly Rest. The breakfast for the bridal party and the families will follow at the Gotham.

Born.

DI SESA.—Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas D. Di Sesa of 209 Grand St., New York City, announce the arrival of a baby girl, Georgianna, on Aug. 14.

GOODWIN.—At Schroon Lake, N. Y., Aug. 4, 1919, to Mrs. John A. Goodwin, (nee Helena Marsh,) a daughter, Joan Marsh Goodwin.

SHULDINER.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shuldiner announce the birth of a daughter at 1,035 East 16th St., Brooklyn, Aug. 17.

Married.

CORSE—THORNE.—Mr. and Mrs. Chester Thorne of Tacoma, Wash., announce the marriage of their daughter Anita to Mr. Cadwalder C. Corse, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Corse of New York, by Bishop Frederick Keator.

GREEAR—SCHULTZ.—Sunday, Aug. 17, in New York City, Florence A. Schultz to Robert T. Greear.

ROBERTSON—GORING.—Miss Ethel Mary Goring, daughter of Mr. Thomson E. Goring, was married to Mr. William Pollard Robertson, son of Major and Mrs. Joseph L. Robertson, on Aug. 18, 1919, in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York City. The officiating clergymen were the Venerable William Hawkes Pott, Archdeacon of the diocese, and Chaplain Edmund Hance Carhart, Jr., U. S. N.

Died.

ALI.—Joseph, died Aug. 16 of pneumonia. Funeral service to be held at 20 East 127th St. on Tuesday, Aug. 19, at 9:30 A. M. Interment private.

BEAL.—Suddenly, at Brielle, N. J., Albert J. Beal, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Frederick N. Watts. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BENHAM.—At Montclair, N. J., Monday, Aug. 18, 1919, Edward Nelson Benham, in his 63d year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 224 Walnut St., Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

BERNSTEIN.—Suddenly, on Aug. 18, 1919, in her 60th year, Ray, widow of the late Elias Bernstein and beloved mother of Sadie Lasker, Mrs. Pauline Karpas, Mrs. Ethel Sarasohn, Mrs. Mae Kosofsky, and Dr. Samuel J., Lionel, Theodore, and Hannah Bernstein. Funeral from her late residence, 1,548 President St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Aug. 19, 1919, at 2 P. M. Interment Mount Carmel Cemetery.

BODOW.—Passed into eternal rest Monday, Aug. 18, 1919, Charles J., beloved son of Martin L. and Annie Bodow and dear brother of Edward L. Funeral Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock sharp from his late residence, 570 West 156th St. Interment Acacia Cemetery, Woodhaven, L. I. Kindly omit flowers.

BRUCKHEIMER.—On Sunday, Aug. 17, Eugene Bruckheimer, beloved husband of Beatrice Bruckheimer. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 14 East 108th St., Tuesday morning, Aug. 19, at 10 o'clock.

DOLAN.—Suddenly, Aug. 16, 1919, James A. Dolan, son of the late Catherine and Daniel Dolan and brother of Anne Dolan and Mrs. Benjamin Hall. Funeral Wednesday, 9:45 A. M., from his late residence, 154 East 175th St., thence to the Church of the Holy Spirit, University and Burnside Avs. Mass 10:30 o'clock. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

FLEMING.—At Scarsdale, N. Y., on Aug. 18, 1919, Charles King Fleming, in the 88th year of his age. Funeral service at St. James the Less Church, Scarsdale, Wednesday, Aug. 20, at 10:45 A. M., or on arrival of the 9:35 A. M. train from Grand Central Station.

FLYNN.—On Aug. 17, Martha V. Flynn. Funeral from her late residence, 4,711 Fort Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, at 8:30 A. M. Mass of requiem at Church of St. Catherine of Alexandria, 41st St. and Fort Hamilton Av., at 9 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

WILLIS T. Mead UNDERTAKER

You can have the benefit of Mead Service anywhere in NEW YORK, NEW JERSEY or CONNECTICUT. 1939 Madison Av. Phone 3715 Harlem. Day or night.

JACOB HERRLICH'S SONS
Funeral Directors—Chapel.
332 East 86 St. Lenox 6652
1963 Concourse, nr. 179th. Tel. 2626 Tremont.

CHAS. A. BENEDICT, Chelsea—537-6897.
150 West 13th St.
If you cannot reach us by phone send message by taxi, our expense.

CIRCLE 104 J. WINTERBOTTOM SIXTH AV. at 53d St.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley.
Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.
Lots of small size for sale.

BLOOMINGDALES
CUT FLOWER SHOP,
59th St., bet. Lexington and 3d Ave.
Plaza 5000.
Artistic floral designs, $1 up.

WHETHER AT THE SEASHORE OR IN THE MOUNTAINS
We are never further away from you than your telephone.
No need to call a local Undertaker; a phone call will bring our representative with the least possible delay. We have personal representatives almost everywhere.
Call "Columbus 8200." Any Hour, Day or Night.
FRANK E. CAMPBELL
"THE FUNERAL CHURCH"
(NON SECTARIAN)
Broadway at 66th St. 23rd Street at 8th Ave
Flowers for all occasions. Artistic Funeral Designs our Specialty

Died.

GIANACOUDAKIS.—Aug. 17, 1919, Emanuel Gianacoudakis. Funeral Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Tuesday, 12 noon.

GRATZE.—On Aug. 17, 1919, Anna Gratze. Funeral from 903 Steinway Av., Astoria, L. I., Wednesday morning.

GRATZE.—THE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE LENOX HALL HILL HOSPITAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES announces with regret the death of Miss Anna Gratze, an active member of the above association. Funeral will be held at Weydig's funeral parlors, 903 Steinway Av., Long Island City, Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock.
SYBIL F. KOELLER, President.
EMMA B. LINDHEIMER Secretary.

HAAS.—At his residence, 238 East 36th St., Monday, Aug. 18, 1919, Sol. Haas, beloved husband of Rose and father of Maud and Jesse. Funeral services Wednesday, at 2 P. M., Central Synagogue, 55th St. and Lexington Av. Members of National Lodge, No. 209, F. and A. M., Maccabee Lodge No. 71, I. O. B. B., and Greater New York Benevolent Society invited.

HOOD.—At Springfield, Mass., the 16th, suddenly, Frances A., beloved wife of Charles C. Hood, Brigadier General, United States Army. Interment at Woodstock, Conn., Aug. 19, 1919.

HOLBROOK.—At Boston, on Sunday, Aug. 17, 1919, Edwin W. Holbrook, in the 88th year of his age.

HOWE.—At North Haven, Me., Aug. 17, Ethel Gardner, wife of Henry W. Howe, in her 43d year. Funeral private.

HUDSON.—Josephine Edith, daughter of Robert A. and Margaret L. Hudson, on Aug. 17, in her 2d year. Services Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock, at the residence of her parents, 137 Oakgrove Av., Hasbrouck Heights, N. J. Funeral private.

KARK.—Rudolf N., at his residence, 509 West 135th St., Aug. 16, 1919. Funeral services Tuesday, Aug. 19, 1919, at 1 P. M.

LATHROP.—Aug. 17, Cecilia, in her 92d year, at the residence of her niece, Miss Fannie A. Mustin, 629 West 115th St. Interment Savannah, Ga.

McCARTHY.—On Sunday, Aug. 17, 1919, Lorenda, widow of Joseph McCarthy. Notice of funeral later.

McTERNAN.—On Aug. 17, at St. Vincent's Hospital, after a long illness, Julia L., widow of Frank J. McTernan and beloved sister of Anna E. Shields. Funeral from her late residence, 351 West 19th St., Wednesday, Aug. 20, at 10 A. M.; thence to Church of St. Francis Xavier, where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated. Interment private. Automobile cortege.

MEEKS.—Suddenly, at White Plains, N. Y., Aug. 17, 1919, Edward Meeks. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 38 Barker Av., on Tuesday at 4 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery, Philadelphia, Penn.

MONJO.—Jennie May, beloved daughter of Ferdinand N. and Jennie M. Monjo, on Aug. 16, in her 21st year. Funeral from her late residence, Cove Road, Stamford, Conn., on Tuesday, Aug. 19, at 4 P. M.

Died.

REID.—Aug. 18, 1919, John Smiley Reid, formerly of Brooklyn, husband of the late Elise Reid, (nee Garlichs,) in his 44th year. Funeral services will be held at Joshua Brierley Mortuary Chapel, 402 Broad St., Newark, N. J., near Lackawanna Depot, on Wednesday morning, Aug. 20, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment at Silver Mount Cemetery, Staten Island, N. Y.

REISS.—Frederick A., in his 67th year, suddenly, Aug. 18, 1919, at his residence, 2,065 Ryer Av., Bronx, and survived by Mrs. Mary Reiss, Walter F. Reiss, and daughter Emma Reiss Hessel. Funeral services Wednesday, 8 P. M. Interment private, Woodlawn Cemetery.

RIDGWAY.—Suddenly, Sunday, Aug. 17, at Beach Haven, N. J., Jessie, widow of the late James V. Ridgway. Funeral services at Central Presbyterian Church, Summit, N. J., 4 P. M. Wednesday, Aug. 20.

RISLEY.—Passed away Sunday, Aug. 17, 1919, George H. Risley. Funeral private.

ROSS.—Suddenly, at New Rochelle, N. Y., Aug. 17, 1919, James Ross, Chief of the New Rochelle Fire Department, in his 60th year. Funeral services will be held at Fire Headquarters, Church St., New Rochelle, N. Y., on Wednesday, at 3 P. M.

RUCKEL.—At Wawarsing, N. Y., on Aug. 16 1919, Anna Georgette, daughter of the late George C. and Abby Ruckel of Newark, N. J. Funeral service at Grace Church, Brooklyn Heights, on Tuesday, Aug. 19, at 2:30 P. M.

RYAN.—On Aug. 18, 1919, Mary, beloved wife of John Ryan and mother of Mrs. Mollie Ryan Hogan and John A. Ryan. Remains lying in state at THE FUNERAL CHAPEL, Campbell Bldg., Broadway and 66th St. A solemn requiem high mass will be held at St. Vincent Ferrer Roman Catholic Church, Lexington Av. and 66th, on Thursday, Aug. 21, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

SANDS.—On Aug. 16, at New York, Elizabeth Beck, widow of Philip J. Sands and daughter of Dr. John Brodhead Beck and Anne Sands Tucker, in her 75th year. Funeral service at her late residence, 31 East 65th St., on Tuesday, Aug. 19, at 10:30 A. M.

SANDS.—THE COLONIAL DAMES OF AMERICA announce with regret the death of their member, Mrs. Philip J. Sands.
E. B. BORROWE, Secretary.

SCHOBER.—Charles Ernest Schober, on Aug. 18, beloved husband of Mrs. M. E. Schober. Funeral Wednesday, Aug. 20, at 2 P. M., from 49 St. Nicholas Terrace, New York.

SMITH.—On Saturday morning, Aug. 16, Dora Bogue, beloved wife of Herbert P. Smith.

STERN.—At East Orange, N. J., Saturday, Aug. 16, Johanna Stern, (nee Nesle,) beloved wife of Charles A. Stern, aged 68 years. Funeral private from her late home, 142 South Munn Av., on Tuesday, Aug. 19, at 10 A. M. Interment Roseville Cemetery

STEWART.—On Aug. 18, 1919, in the 23d year of his age, James David Stewart, only son of James E. and Isabel Stewart. Funeral services at residence of his parents, 600 West 136th St., on Wednesday, Aug. 20, 1919, at 2:30 P. M.

Died.

STRAUSS.—Monday, Aug. 18, Celia Strauss, dearly beloved mother of Maurice M., Florence Weinberg, Milton, and sister of Mrs. Sol. Goldmann. Funeral from her late residence, 14 West 127th St., Wednesday at 11 A. M.

STREET.—Aug. 18, 1919, Herman E. Street, M. D., beloved husband of Hannah F. Street. Notice of funeral hereafter.

STURGES.—At Saratoga Springs, N. Y., on Aug. 16, 1919, George W. M. Sturges, son of the late Thomas T. and Susan Sturges of New York City. Funeral services at the Chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church, Park Av. and 50th St., on Wednesday morning, Aug. 20, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment private.

SUGLIA.—Angelo. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., Bronx, on Tuesday, Aug. 19, at 10 A. M. Members of the Fourth Degree Knights of Columbus are respectfully invited to attend.

THORP.—Ada Goodwin, beloved wife of John S. Thorp and daughter of Annie B. Goodwin and the late Charles W. Goodwin, suddenly, on Aug. 15, at North Adams, Mass. Solem requiem mass at St. Agnes Church, Rockville Centre, L. I., Tuesday, Aug. 19, at 10 A. M. Interment in St. John's Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

THOMPSON.—At Islip, L. I., Monday, Aug. 18, 1918, of pneumonia, Blanche A., daughter of Elizabeth M. Gardner. Funeral private.

TYLER.—At Pine Orchard, Conn., on Aug. 17, 1919, Sarah Pierpont, widow of the late William R. Tyler, in her 67th year. Prayers at her Pine Orchard home at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, Aug. 19. Funeral service at her late residence, 400 St. Ronan St., New Haven, at 2:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Friends are invited to attend. Interment in Grove St. cemetery.

WEMYSS.—ANGLO-SAXON LODGE. Brethren: You are respectfully requested to attend the Masonic funeral service of our late brother, Right Worshipful Robert H. Wemyss, at the Aurora Grata Cathedral, Bedford Av. and Madison St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.
GEORGE A. WILLIAMS, Master.
HENRY J. NOLLER, Secretary.

WOOLVERTON.—At Winsted, Conn., on Aug. 17, Jonathan, age 9 years, beloved son of Frank T. and Lillian Woolverton. Interment in Grimsby, Ontario.

In Memoriam

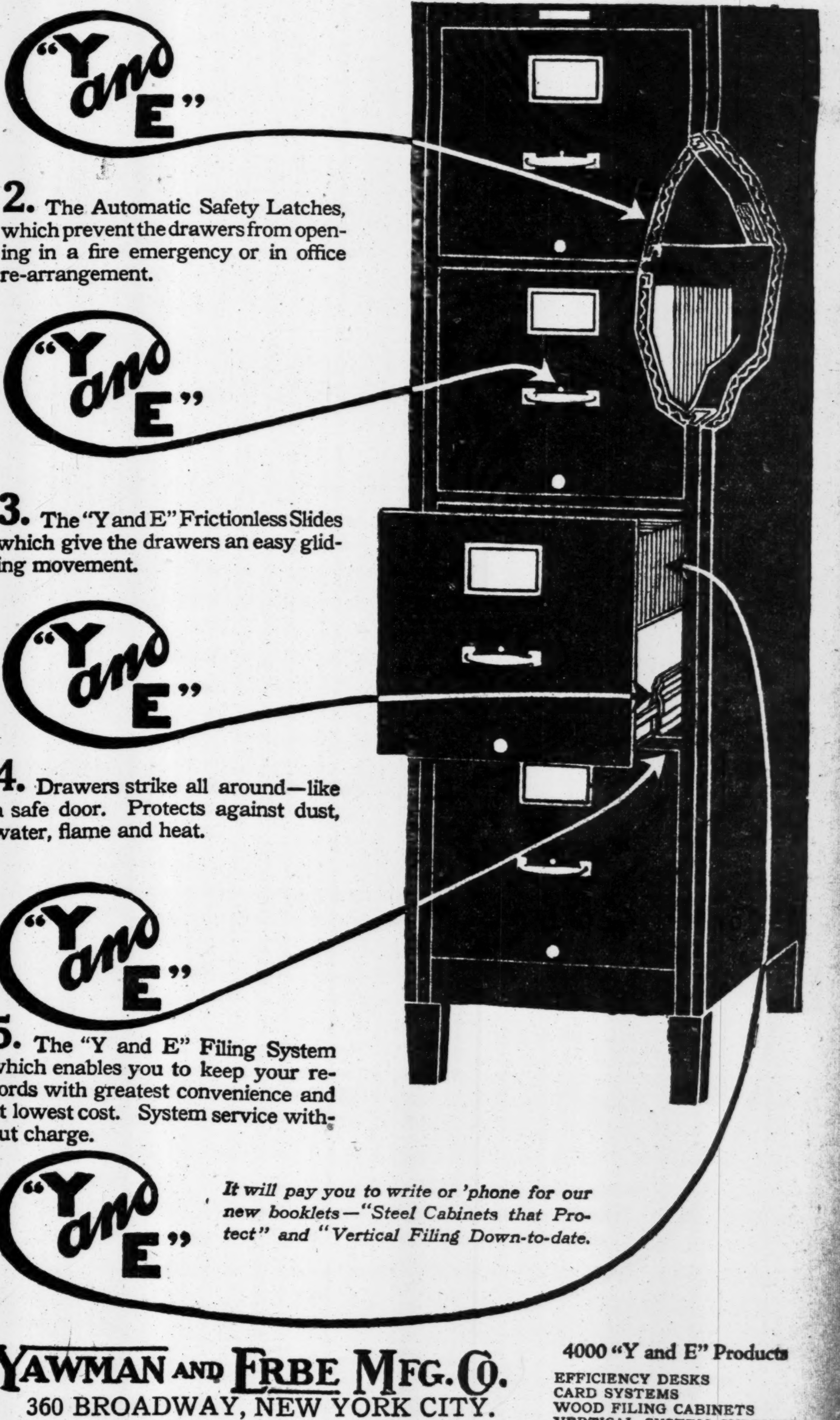
HARDENBERGH.—In loving memory of Gerard Rutgers Hardenbergh, who passed away Aug. 19, 1915, at Bay Head, N. J.

ISAAC.—In sad and loving memory of our dear father Barney, who died Aug. 19, 1918.

None knew him but to love him,
None named him but to praise.
Jacob, Philip, Fannie, and Mary.

SCHORSCH.—In sad and loving memory of our beloved husband and father, Isaac E. Schorsch, who died Aug. 19, 1918.

With broken heart of sorrow,
One year ago today,
We watched one we loved so dearly
Silently pass away. Wife and Son.



FIRE-WALL STEEL FILING CABINETS

Five exclusive features—at no extra cost

"BUILT LIKE A SAFE"

1. The layer of asbestos between double steel walls which is built into top, bottom, front, sides and back of the "Y and E" Fire-Wall Cabinets.

2. The Automatic Safety Latches, which prevent the drawers from opening in a fire emergency or in office re-arrangement.

3. The "Y and E" Frictionless Slides which give the drawers an easy gliding movement.

4. Drawers strike all around—like a safe door. Protects against dust, water, flame and heat.

5. The "Y and E" Filing System which enables you to keep your records with greatest convenience and at lowest cost. System service without charge.

It will pay you to write or 'phone for our new booklets—"Steel Cabinets that Protect" and "Vertical Filing Down-to-date.

YAWMAN AND ERBE MFG. CO.
360 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.
Telephone Franklin 3631
One Store or Representative in Every City
Makers of "Y and E" Filing Equipment and System Supplies.

4000 "Y and E" Products
EFFICIENCY DESKS
CARD SYSTEMS
WOOD FILING CABINETS
VERTICAL SYSTEM SUPPLIES
STEEL FILING CABINETS
RECORD FILING SAFES
STEEL SHELVING
SAFES, Etc.

CARL MAYS SUFFERS FIRST DEFEAT AS A YANKEE WHILE ALLOWING INDIANS 2 HITS

MAYS YIELDS ONLY TWO HITS, BUT LOSES

Ping Bodie's Two-Base Error in Eighth Inning Helps. to Defeat Yankees, 2—1.

WINNING DRIVE A SCRATCH

Both Runs Score When Chapman's Bounder Gets Away from Fewster—Bagby Strong in Pinches.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 18.—Pitcher Carl Mays, who had scored victories over the Browns and Indians and had pitched nine innings of an overtime game against the Tigers, suffered his first defeat in a Yankee uniform this afternoon. It was unfortunate that Mays should lose while pitching by far the best ball that he has shown since joining the New York Club, but the breaks went against him in the eighth inning, and Cleveland won what should have been a shutout victory for the underhand flinger. The score was 2 to 1.

Mays clearly outpitched Jim Bagby, but his own team failed him in the eighth inning, when the former Red Sox twirler had a shutout in his grasp. Ping Bodie made the first lapse, a two-base muff of a drive by Jack Graney, and it put the Indians in position to win on any kind of a hit. Then came what is officially recorded as a hit, though it caused a great deal of dispute, the contention being that Fewster deserved an error on the play. Certain it is that the New York shortstop specializes in making plays far more difficult than the one which he failed on today. The break allowed the two runs to drift over, but even then it would have been harmless if not paired with the error by Bodie.

One hit was all that Cleveland got up to the eighth inning. The Indians took their turn at bat in this frame with the Yankees leading, 1 to 0, and Mays pitching the kind of ball that seemed unbeatable. Mays started his own trouble by handing out a pass to Steve O'Neill, and this caused Manager Speaker to remove his star catcher from the game and substitute the fleeter Jamieson as pinch runner. Bagby followed with a sacrifice hit to Baker, and Jamieson moved along to second base.

Where Failures Were Costly.

Bodie had the misfortune to insert his costly error at this important stage of the game. Graney followed with a drive to the Yankee centre fielder and Ping failed to hold the ball. Graney got all the way to second on the error, while Jamieson, who had held the bag so as not to be mixed up in a double play, was able to get only to third. Then came the play which caused the scoring dispute. Chapman's grounder bounced away from Fewster and instead of the side being retired on the drives of Graney and Chapman, two runners darted over the plate with the runs that won the game. Chapman got to second base before the ball was recovered. The next two batsmen went out in order. Speaker's long fly to Vick sent Chapman along to third and Johnston grounded to Mays for the final out of the inning.

Up to the fatal eight inning only four Indians got on the bases, one on a hit, two on passes, and one on an error. Two of the quartet advanced to second but neither got beyond the second bag. Harris opened the second inning with a single to centre and on a hit and run play with Gardner he advanced to second while Fewster was throwing Larry out. He remained there while Wamby flied to Vick and Smith went out on strikes.

Graney drew a pass with two out in the third and Chapman closed the inning with a fly to Bodie. In the next three innings the Indians went out in order and in the seventh, with one out, Harris got a pass. Gardner followed with a grounder to Pratt, which the Yankee second baseman fumbled, allowing Harris to reach second. With the run threatening Mays struck out Wamby and Smith closed the inning with a bounder to the Yankee pitcher. This was the extent of the damage up to the fatal eighth when the two runs went over on one hit, which was a doubtful one at that.

The opportunities of the Yankees were not so limited. In seven of the nine innings the Hugmen had runners on the sacks, but in only the second were they able to score and in this frame the last out was made with the bases filled. In the first inning, after Vick and Fewster had gone out on strikes, Baker punched a single to left and Pipp closed the inning with a grounder to Wamby.

Yankees Score In Third.

New York's lone run arrived in the third inning. Hannah started the frame by drawing a pass and he moved along to second on a sacrifice by Mays. Vick made the second out with a grounder to Gardner and Fewster was hit with a pitched ball. Baker followed with a single to right which scored Hannah and sent Fewster to third. A pass to Pipp filled the corners and Pratt ended the inning with a grounder to Wamby.

Hannah got his single with two out in the fourth and died stealing. In the fifth Mays opened with a single to centre, but a fast double play on Fewster's grounder to Gardner ended the frame after Vick had lined into Speaker's hands. Pratt singled with two gone in the sixth and Lewis grounded to Chapman. Fewster got around to second with two gone in the eighth after an error by Chapman had put him on first base, but Speaker snagged Pipp's hard drive and there was no scoring. After the Indians had taken the lead in the eighth the Yankees made a promising start in the ninth, Pratt opening with a single to left. Lewis then flied to Speaker for the first out and Bodie hit hard toward centre field. Wamby made a nice stop, touched the base and then threw to Johnston for a double play.

Tris Speaker had a bad day against Mays, failing to reach first base on any of his four trips to the plate. In the seventh inning Speaker's failure was due more to Pratt than to Mays. The Yankee second baseman went into the air for Tris's line drive and pulled it down with one hand. It was the feature play of the game.

As the St. Louis Browns scored a victory over the Red Sox the margin between the Yankees and fifth place was reduced to a half game by their defeat here this afternoon. Tomorrow the Yankees make their final appearance of the season in this city.

The score:

CLEVELAND. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Graney,lf	3	1	0	2	0
Chapman,ss	4	0	1	1	3
Speaker,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Harris,1b	2	0	1	12	1
Johnston,1b	1	0	0	2	1
Gardner,3b	3	0	0	0	4
Wamb'g's,2b	3	0	0	3	7
Smith,rf	3	0	0	0	0
O'Neill,c	2	0	0	3	2
Thomas,c	0	0	0	0	0
Bagby,p	2	0	0	1	1
aEvans	0	0	0	0	0
bJamieson	0	1	0	0	0
Total	27	2	2	27	19

NEW YORK. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Vick,rf	4	0	0	3	0
Fewster,ss	3	0	0	2	1
Baker,3b	4	0	2	0	2
Pipp,1b	3	0	0	10	0
Pratt,2b	4	0	2	2	4
Lewis,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Bodie,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Hannah,c	2	1	1	3	0
Mays,p	2	0	1	0	3
Total	30	1	6	24	10

a Ran for Harris in seventh.
b Ran for O'Neill in eighth.
Errors—Pratt, Bodie, Chapman, O'Neill.

Cleveland ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 .—2
New York ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Chapman. Sacrifice hits—Mays, Bagby. Double plays — Gardner, Wambsganns, and Harris; Wambsganns and Johnston. Left on bases—New York, 6; Cleveland, 5. Bases on balls—Off Mays, 3; Bagby, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Bagby, (Fewster). Struck out—By Mays, 2; Bagby, 3.

American Association.

Minneapolis, 8; Indianapolis, 3.
Milwaukee, 3; Toledo, 2.
Kansas City, 3; Louisville, 1.
Columbus, 6; St. Paul, 2.

Southern Association.

Atlanta, 7; Chattanooga, 1.
Mobile, 10; Memphis, 0.
Little Rock, 9; Birmingham, 2.
New Orleans at Nashville.
(Game played Sunday.)

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
(Postponed—rain.)
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
(Postponed—rain.)
Pittsburgh, 3; Philadelphia, 2.
Boston, 1; St. Louis, 1.
(Game called at end of 10th inning—rain; second game postponed.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 2; New York, 1.
Chicago, 11; Philadelphia, 6.
Detroit, 4; Washington, 3.
St. Louis, 4; Boston, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Cincinnati	71	34	.676
New York	62	37	.626
Chicago	54	46	.540
Brooklyn	50	53	.485
Pittsburgh	49	53	.480
Boston	39	57	.406
St. Louis	38	60	.388
Philadelphia	37	60	.381

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	66	39	.629
Detroit	60	43	.583
Cleveland	58	45	.563
New York	55	47	.539
St. Louis	55	48	.534
Boston	48	55	.466
Washington	42	62	.404
Philadelphia	28	73	.277

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
(Two games; first starts 1:30 P. M.)
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
(Two games; first starts 1:30 P. M.)
St. Louis at Boston.
(Two games.)
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Cleveland.
Boston at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Washington at Detroit.

GIANTS AND DODGERS REST.

Games at Polo Grounds and Ebbets Field Prevented by Rain.

The Giants are finding it difficult to keep busy. Rain again interfered yesterday and the two games, scheduled with the Cubs, were called off. McGraw and his men are impatient over the delay as they believe they still can catch the speeding Reds.

Yesterday's double-header was called off early on account of the rain, and, as there are no more open dates here, it will be necessary to transfer one of the games to Chicago, and it will be played there as part of a double-header when the Giants visit the Windy City on their last Western trip.

Weather permitting, the Cubs and Giants will play a double-header this afternoon. The first game will begin at 1:30.

The Giants have a sizable list of cripples just at the most important stage of the season. While it was the sudden batting slump which killed the club's chances in the Cincinnati series, the players were far from being in their best physical condition. Larry Doyle has a lame back, Hal Chase is out of the game with a sprained wrist. Art Fletcher is limping with a charley horse and can't run, but insists on remaining in the game. Two of the best pitchers, Toney and Douglas, have been ill for the last week.

The Reds had a rest yesterday, when their game with the Dodgers was postponed because of the drizzle which fell through the day. Two games will be played today between the league leaders and the Brooklynites, the first game starting at 1:30 o'clock.

EBBETS ON PLAYER SALES.

Brooklyn Owner Against Transfer of Ball Tossers After July 1.

Charles H. Ebbets, President of the Brooklyn National League Baseball Club, is a strong opponent of the sale of star players, and favors a prohibition against trading players from July 1 to the close of the season. This was disclosed recently when the Brooklyn magnate made public a telegram he had sent to Boston in reply to an inquiry on his opinion in the matter. In his telegram President Ebbets said:

> Professional baseball's greatest attractiveness is its clean sportsmanship. The public knows the business department of a major league club must be operated on sane business lines, but it does not believe that the playing department should be commercialized by the barter and sale of star players. That is not clean sportsmanship; it is business sportsmanship. I am opposed to the sale of star players at any time, and favor the prohibition of trading players from July 1 to the close of each season.

PIRATES WIN IN 13TH.

Home Run by Bigbee Decides Issue Against Quakers, 3 to 2.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18.—Meusel's home run, with Blackburne on base, tying the score in the ninth inning today, merely delayed Philadelphia's defeat, for, in the thirteenth inning, Bigbee drove the ball over the right field fence, winning for Pittsburgh, 3 to 2. Smith and Cooper both pitched masterly ball, a lucky single, which bounced over Blackburne's head with men on second and third in the seventh, accounting for the visitors' scoring.

The score:

PITTSBURGH. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bigbee,lf	6	1	2	3	0
Carey,cf	6	0	0	4	0
Southw'th,rf	5	0	2	3	0
Whitted,1b	5	0	2	12	0
Barbare,3b	5	0	0	1	4
Cutshaw,2b	5	0	0	6	2
Terry,ss	5	1	2	1	2
Schmidt,c	5	1	2	9	2
Cooper,p	5	0	1	0	3
Total	47	3	11	39	13

PHILADELPHIA. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bancroft,ss	4	0	1	3	5
Blackb'ne,3b	5	1	1	0	1
Williams,cf	6	0	0	4	0
Meusel,lf	5	1	2	2	0
Luderus,1b	5	0	0	17	0
Cravath,rf	3	0	0	3	0
Paulette,2b	3	0	1	5	2
Tragresser,c	5	0	0	5	2
Smith,p	4	0	0	0	3
aJ. Adams	1	0	0	0	0
Total	41	2	5	39	13

a Batted for Smith in thirteenth.
Errors—Cooper, Luderus, Meusel.

Pittsburgh ....0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1—3
Philadelphia ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Southworth, Schmidt. Home runs—Bigbee, Meusel. Stolen bases—Bigbee, Cravath. Sacrifice hit—Blackburne. Double plays—Barbare, Cutshaw, and Whitted; Bancroft, Paulette, and Luderus; Luderus, (unassisted.) Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 6; Philadelphia, 7. Base on balls—Off Cooper, 5; Smith, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Cooper, (Paulette.) Struck out—By Cooper, 6; Smith, 2.

Ray Schalk Sets New Mark for Work Behind the Bat

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—Ray Schalk, catcher for the Chicago American League Club, today set a new mark when he went behind the plate in his team's game with Philadelphia. It was the 100th game he had caught this season and marked the seventh consecutive season that he has accomplished this unusual feat.

Schalk's nearest rival is George Gibson, former catcher for the Pittsburgh National League team, for whom he caught 100 games for six seasons, but not consecutively.

LATE RALLY BRINGS VICTORY TO TIGERS

Senators Lead Until Eighth Inning, When Jennings's Men Score Three Runs.

DETROIT, Aug. 18.—The chase of the Detroit Tigers to overtake the league leading White Sox in the American League pennant race continued successfully today when Jennings's team defeated the Senators by the score of 4 to 3. An eighth inning rally turned the game in the home team's favor when it appeared that the Tigers were about to be defeated.

Hits by the home team, a wild pitch by Shaw, and an error by Sam Agnew all contributed to the rally in the eighth which allowed Bush, Young, and Veach to cross the plate.

A home run by Mike Menosky in the sixth inning was the feature. The Washington outfielder drove the ball over the right field wall, this being the second time the feat has been performed since Navin Field was built. This hit made the score 3 to 0 in favor of the Senators, but the Tigers got one in the same inning and finished up with three in the eighth.

The score:

DETROIT. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bush,ss	3	2	1	2	7
Young,2b	4	1	2	2	4
Cobb,cf	3	0	1	1	0
Veach,lf	4	1	1	4	0
Heilmann,1b	4	0	1	12	0
Shorten,rf	4	0	2	0	0
Jones 3b	4	0	0	2	1
Ainsmith,c	2	0	0	4	0
Boland,p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	31	4	8	27	13

WASHINGTON. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Janvrin,2b	3	2	1	3	5
Milan,cf	4	0	2	1	0
Rice,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Menosky,lf	3	1	1	0	0
Gharrity,1b	4	0	0	8	1
Shanks,ss	4	0	1	2	4
Leonard,3b	4	0	0	2	0
Agnew,c	4	0	0	5	1
Shaw,p	3	0	0	0	0
Total	33	3	6	*23	11

*Cobb out, hit by batted ball.
Errors—Gharrity, Agnew.

Detroit ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 3 x—4
Washington ......1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—3

Home run—Menosky. Stolen bases—Janvrin, Rice. Double play—Shanks, Janvrin and Gharrity. Left on bases—Washington, 5; Detroit, 6. Bases on balls—Off Shaw, 3; Boland, 2. Struck out—By Shaw, 5; Boland, 4. Wild pitches—Shaw, (2.)

BROWNS DEFEAT RED SOX.

Russell's Poor Start Is Costly, Boston Losing by 4 to 3.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 18.—St. Louis got after Russell in the first and before he could settle down made three runs on four hits, a base on balls, and a hit batsman, winning today from Boston, 4 to 3. The deciding run came in the seventh when Severeid tripled and scored on Ruth's wild throw to the plate.

The score:

ST. LOUIS. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Austin,3b	4	0	2	1	2
Gedeon,2b	3	1	2	2	3
Jacobson,rf	4	1	2	1	0
Sisler,1b	3	1	1	9	2
Williams,cf	2	0	0	5	0
Tobin,lf	2	0	0	1	0
Gerber,ss	4	0	1	4	4
Severeid,c	3	1	1	3	1
Gallia,p	3	0	0	1	3
Total	28	4	9	27	15

BOSTON. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Hooper,rf	4	1	1	1	2
Vitt,3b	4	0	1	1	1
Roth,cf	1	0	0	1	0
Gilhooley,cf	4	0	0	1	0
Ruth,lf	2	0	1	3	0
Shannon,2b	4	0	0	4	2
McInnis,1b	4	0	0	7	0
Walters,c	4	1	3	6	2
Scott,ss	3	1	2	0	3
Russell,p	2	0	0	0	1
aGainer	1	0	0	0	0
McGraw,p	0	0	0	0	0
Hoyt,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	33	3	8	24	12

a Batted for Russell in eighth.
Errors—Severeid, Ruth, Scott.

St. Louis ....3 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 .—4
Boston ....0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0—3

Two-base hit—Scott. Three-base hit—Severeid. Home run — Hooper. Stolen base—Ruth. Sacrifice hits — Russell, Williams. Double plays—Scott, Shannon, and McInnis; Hooper and McInnis. Left on bases—Boston, 9; St. Louis, 6. Bases on balls—Off Russell, 3; Gallia, 4. Hits—Off Russell, 8 in 7 innings; McGraw, 1 in 1, (none out in eighth;) Hoyt, 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Russell, (Gedeon; McGraw, (Sisler;) Gallia, (Ruth.) Struck out—By Russell, 4; Hoyt, 1; Gallia, 4. Wild pitch — McGraw. Losing pitcher—Russell.

WHITE SOX WIN EASILY.

Pound Two Philadelphia Pitchers and Defeat Mackmen 11 to 6.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—Chicago hammered Noyes and Kerscher hard today and won the second game of the series from Philadelphia, 11 to 6. Gandil hit safely four times, making three doubles and a single in four trips to the plate.

The score:

CHICAGO. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Liebold,rf	2	1	2	1	0
J. Collins,rf	3	1	1	3	0
E. Collins,2b	3	1	1	4	5
Weaver,3b	4	1	2	0	0
McMullin,3b	1	0	0	0	0
Jackson,lf	5	1	3	0	0
Felsch,cf	5	0	0	0	0
Gandil,1b	4	3	4	12	0
Risberg,ss	2	0	0	0	2
Schalk,c	2	1	2	5	0
Lynn,c	1	0	0	2	0
Kerr,p	4	2	2	0	4
Total	36	11	17	27	15

PHILADELPHIA. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Witt,cf	3	1	0	4	0
Thomas,3b	3	1	1	1	1
Walker,lf	5	1	2	3	1
Burns,rf	5	2	2	2	0
Turner,2b	4	0	2	2	1
Dugan,ss	4	0	1	2	4
McAvoy,c	3	0	0	1	1
Burrus,1b	4	1	1	8	0
Noyes,p	1	0	0	0	1
Kerscher,p	2	0	0	0	0
aPerkins	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	6	9	24	12

a Batted for Kerscher in ninth.
Errors—E. Collins, Felsch, Risberg (2,) Walker (2,) Turner.

Chicago ....1 3 1 2 1 0 1 2 .—11
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 3 2—6

Two-base hits—Gandil (3,) Jackson, Kerr, Walker. Stolen bases—E. Collins (2,) J. Collins, Thomas. Sacrifice hits—E. Collins, Risberg, Schalk. Sacrifice fly—E. Collins. Double plays—Risberg and E. Collins and Gandil (2;) E. Collins and Gandil, Turner, Dugan, and Burrus. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Philadelphia, 7. First base on errors—Chicago, 2; Philadelphia, 1. Bases on balls—Off Kerr, 5; Kerscher, 1. Hits—Off Noyes, 6 in 2 innings; Kerscher, 11 in 6. Struck out—By Kerr, 6; Kerscher, 1. Wild pitch—Kerscher. Winning pitcher — Kerr. Losing pitcher—Kerscher.

CARDS AND BRAVES TIE.

Pitchers' Battle Halted by Rain in Tenth Inning.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—St. Louis and Boston played ten innings through a heavy mist to a one-run tie today. The game was stopped by a downpour. A doubleheader had been scheduled.

The game was a tight pitchers' battle, after Jacobs succeeded Doak in the St. Louis box in the fourth inning. Hornsby's wild throw to first and Mann's triple counted for Boston's run, while the St. Louis tally resulted from singles by Stock and Hornsby and Dilhoefer's double.

The score:

ST. LOUIS. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Smith,rf	5	0	0	1	1
Heathcote,cf	5	0	2	2	0
Stock,2b	5	1	2	1	2
Hornsby,3b	2	0	1	1	4
McHenry,lf	5	0	0	1	0
Dilhoefer,c	4	0	1	10	3
Leslie,1b	1	0	0	1	0
Miller,1b	3	0	0	9	0
Lavan,ss	3	0	0	4	1
Doak,p	1	0	0	0	1
aShotton	1	0	0	0	0
Jacobs,p	2	0	1	0	2
Total	35	1	7	30	14

BOSTON. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Boeckel,3b	3	0	1	0	1
Pick,3b	2	0	1	0	2
Rawlings,2b	5	0	1	0	2
Powell,rf	3	0	0	3	0
Cruise,cf	3	0	1	4	0
Holke,1b	4	1	0	14	0
Mann,lf	4	0	1	4	0
Maranv'le,ss	4	0	1	2	3
Gowdy,c	3	0	0	3	1
Rudolph,p	4	0	2	0	5
Total	35	1	8	30	14

(a) Batted for Doak in fourth inning.
Error—Hornsby.

St. Louis ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Boston ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Dilhoefer. Three-base hit—Mann. Stolen bases—Heathcote, Rawlings, Holke. Sacrifice hit—Hornsby. Left on bases—St. Louis, 10; Boston, 7. Bases on balls—Off Jacobs, 3; Rudolph, 4. Hits—Off Doak, 2 in 3 innings; Jacobs, 6 in 7 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Rudolph (Stock.) Struck out—By Doak, 1; Jacobs, 7; Rudolph, 2. Wild pitch—Doak. Passed ball—Dilhoefer.

RED SOX GETS WILHOIT.

Former Giant Leads Western League in Batting—Chicago Takes James.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—Word was received tonight from E. G. Barrow, manager of the Boston American League Baseball Club, who is in St. Louis, that he had closed a deal with the Wichita, (Kan.) club of the Western League, for Joe Wilhoit, who leads that League in batting. In addition to a cash payment, Musser, a pitcher, goes to the Wichita club for the remainder of the Western League season. Wilhoit will report in Boston on Sept. 15.

Manager Barrow also announced that Pitcher Bill James had been released to the Chicago American League Club on a waiver claim.

Five Leading Batsmen of the Major Leagues

American League.

Player.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Cobb	88	351	62	131	.374
Jacobson	84	305	53	109	.358
Sisler	102	397	60	139	.350
Veach	102	387	65	135	.349
Peckinpaugh	86	318	72	108	.340
National League.					
Cravath	70	202	33	70	.347
Roush	100	378	52	122	.323
Stock	98	352	45	112	.318
Hornsby	99	368	49	116	.315
Z. Wheat	104	409	50	127	.311

JUDGES' VERDICT GOES TO LAGONIA

Decision Favoring Middleweight Champion at New York A. C. Bouts Received with Disfavor.

By a decision which was not popularly received by the spectators at the New York A. C. last night, Sam Lagonia, Bronxdale A. C., national A. A. U. middleweight champion, won the judges' verdict over Dave Rosenberg, Glencoe A. C., national A. A. U. and New York State welterweight champion. The judges disagreed after the regular three-round affair which had been scheduled for these boxers had been completed, so on the recommendation of Referee Schwegler, an extra two-minute round was staged.

It was after this round that the decision was awarded to Lagonia, although it appeared to many spectators that the victor had been getting the smaller side of the round. Rosenberg was faster, and had the heavier middleweight puzzled with his footwork. In the extra session Lagonia was leaning and stalling, embracing Rosenberg with loving arms.

During the first two rounds, Lagonia had the edge on Rosenberg, landing a number of telling blows with his left. The Glencoe fighter almost evened the first two frames with his better infighting. In the third round, Rosenberg smacked a sharp right and left to Lagonia's face, drawing blood from his nose. In this round, the Bronxdale representative began to tire, and slowed down considerably.

Without question, if the bout was considered even at the end of the third round, the fourth round should have thrown the affair to Rosenberg's corner.

In a special 110-pound bout Manny Weschler, Bronxdale A. C., defeated James Romano, Glencoe, A. C., after a minute and a half of the first round. L. Epstein, Mercury A. C., also scored a knockout over J. Zeller, Pastime A. C., when he landed a left which sent Zeller to the mat in the second round.

William Christie, Glencoe A. C., defeated Thomas Lynch, Kennedy's Boys' Club, in the second round, and, because Lynch strained his left leg, the referee stopped the event. Christie hurt his right wrist in this bout, and was forced to default his final to Samuel Cohen, Clarke House A. A., who had won the judges' decision over Samuel Feurson, unattached.

The summaries:

110-POUND CLASS.

First Bout.—Samuel Cohen, Clark House A. A., defeated Samuel Feurson, unattached, three rounds; judges' decision.

Second Bout.—William Christie, Glencoe A. C., defeated Thomas Lynch, Kennedy's Boys' Club, two rounds; referee's decision.

Final Bout.—Cohen defeated Christie, (default.)

Special Bout.—Manny Weschler, Bronxdale C. C., defeated James Romono, Glencoe A. C., first round.

115-POUND CLASS.

Special Bout. — William Pomerantz, unattached, defeated Samuel Katz, Clark House A. A., three rounds, judges' decision.

120-POUND CLASS.

Special Bout.—L. Epstein, Mercury A. C., defeated J. Zeller, Pastime A. C., in second round.

130-POUND CLASS.

First Bout.—M. Sherman, Union Settlement A. C., defeated A. Granatilli, unattached, first round; H. Brown, Clark House A. A., drew a bye.

Final Bout.—H. Brown, Clark House A. A., defeated M. Sherman, three rounds, judges' decision.

150-POUND CLASS.

Sam Lagonia, Bronxdale A. C., defeated Dave Rosenberg, Glencoe A. C., four rounds, judges' decision.

SCOTCH SOCCER SEASON ON

Opening Games Attract Huge Crowds—Champions Win.

GLASGOW, Aug. 17.—The opening of the Scottish soccer season aroused tremendous enthusiasm throughout Scotland, large crowds turning out at all the grounds. The star attraction was played here between the Celtics and Clydebank before 50,000 persons, the champion Celtics winning by 3 to 1. The runners-up of last season—the Rangers—also got off the mark in fine style by just beating the Airdrieonians by the only goal scored. The newcomers in the league—Albion Rovers—found Aberdeen too good, losing by 2 to 0.

The results.

Airdrieonians	0	Rangers	1
Celtics	3	Cydebank	1
Partick Thistle	1	Morton	1
Hearts	3	Queens Park	1
St. Mirren	2	Hamilton Ac.	0
Third Lanark	2	Hibernians	0
Kilmarnock	2	Clyde	1
Dumbarton	1	Ayr United	0
Falkirk	4	Raith Rovers	1
Aberdeen	2	Albion Rovers	0

SCOTT PERRY QUITS MACK.

Pitching Star, with Tom Rogers, Now Playing Semi-Pro Ball.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Pitchers Scott Perry and Thomas Rogers, both of the Philadelphia Athletics, have joined the Franklin, Penn., semi-pro club team, which played here yesterday. Perry has twirled two games for Franklin in the last three days, breaking even in his two attempts. Perry would not comment on his reasons for leaving Connie Mack.

"No more big league stuff for me," said Perry.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Buffalo at Jersey City.
(Postponed; rain.)
FIRST GAME.
Reading at Toronto
(Postponed; rain.)
SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0 1 1 0 0 2 0 1 ..	5	8	1
Reading	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1	5	0

Batteries—Heck and Sandberg; Keefe and Cooke.

(Other teams not scheduled.)

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Baltimore	84	37	.695
Toronto	76	47	.618
Buffalo	69	50	.580
Newark	60	60	.500
Binghamton	57	62	.479
Rochester	48	70	.407
Jersey City	43	75	.365
Reading	38	74	.339

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Jersey City at Rochester.
Newark at Binghamton.
Reading at Toronto.
Baltimore at Buffalo.

Australians to Swim Today.

Both Miss Fannie Durack and Miss Mina Wylie, the Australian mermaids, will perform in the swimming races of the Todd Shipyards A. A., which will be held at one of the Robbins Dry Docks Brooklyn, at noon today. Miss Durack will swim in the 300-yard handicap, having for rivals Miss Clara Bliebtry and Miss Clara Boyle. In the 110-yard handicap Miss Wylie will compete against Ruth and Eleanor Smith, the twins from Columbus, Ohio.

GIANTS VS. CHICAGO TODAY, 2 GAMES, 1:30 P. M., Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Advt.

NATURALIST TAKES BOLTON HANDICAP

Widener's Horse Sprints to an Impressive Victory Against Strong Field.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Against a field that contained more high class sprinters than have been sent to the post in any other race this season, J. E. Widener's Naturalist today added another victory to his long list of conquests and proved that he is one of the best all-around racers in the country, caring neither about weight, distance, nor the condition of the track. Naturalist captured the Bolton Handicap for three-year-olds and upward at six furlongs and plowed through the mud to win by three lengths from Lion d'Or and the famous Billy Kelly, which was just nosed out for second place.

The victory of Naturalist was the more impressive, because he had all the worse of the racing luck, being almost left at the post and forced to overtake practically the entire field to win. He did it so handily that he left no doubt about his ability, by the time he had reached the stretch. It was the first time in many moons that Naturalist had been in a real sprint, as he had been sent to the post mostly in distance events since early in the Spring. He also had the top weight of 135 pounds today, but this did not seem to act as a hindrance.

Only ten of the original twenty-five horses named for this race went to the post, but many old timers declared that never had they seen so many great sprinters face a barrier. Among some of the cracks were Star Hampton, which beat Billy Kelly here last year; Ticklish, Elfin Queen, Gloomy Gus, War God and Courtship. The fact that a hard race had made the track very heavy caused many of the fleet ones to be withdrawn before racing time and among these were Lord Brighton, George Starr, and Blue Laddie. The heavy track was to the liking of Naturalist, however. He reveled in the mud.

Starter Has His Troubles.

Starter Cassidy made his only bad start of the day in getting these sprinters away. Elfin Queen acted badly at the post and had to be led up to the barrier time and again. McAtee was set on getting a break with the black beauty. Billy Kelly and Naturalist, the two which had the most backing for the event, behaved nicely, but Naturalist was not ready when the barrier was sprung. He was left flatfooted while the others leaped out from one to three lengths in front of him.

Elfin Queen got the break she was trying for, and went to the front and was soon leading by two lengths. Star Hampton and Billy Kelly were running neck and neck behind the leader, with all the others bunched except the favorite, Naturalist. Fairbrother had to urge his mount along at the very start to make up the ground, but Naturalist responded willingly. He began to move up in the first eighth of a mile and, by the time the turn out of the back stretch was reached, he had come up close to Billy Kelly and Star Hampton. Elfin Queen was still showing her heels to all contenders.

As Elfin Queen had not been able to continue her speed over six furlongs on her previous start, she was not expected to last, and it seemed to be a race between Naturalist and Billy Kelly. Shortly after turning into the stretch, Elfin Queen gave up the fight. Billy Kelly passed her and then Naturalist came up on the outside, passed the Ross horse and also disposed of Star Hampton, which fell back. Naturalist was going just as fast in the stretch as he had traveled all around the course and was still strong when the pace was telling on the others. Fairbrother raced him along and took no chances, until he saw his victory was secure. Meantime, Lion d'Or had come through on the rail with a rush, and, having a decided advantage in the weights, had plenty of running left to race Billy Kelly into defeat for the place in the last hundred yards.

Ticklish Badly Handled.

Ticklish, which was counted on as a strong contender, was very badly handled in the race by Shuttinger, and never had a chance to get up among the leaders. Shuttinger took his mount out toward the middle of the track in the stretch, only to swing him back toward the rail again, and into a position where he could not get clear. Then, when it was too late, he came out in the open again, but with no time to make up for the strides that had been lost.

There was an accident in the fifth race in which Jockey Rich Creek was quite badly injured and had to be taken to a hospital. This was a mile race, and Rich Creek had the mount on War Tax. As the horses came out of the chute onto the main course, Bob Hensley broke down. War Tax, which was right behind, crashed into the other horse and fell and Rich Creek was thrown. The boy was clear of the horses but received such a hard fall that he was knocked unconscious. He revived later.

The race was won by S. C. Hildreth's Poacher, which took the lead almost at the start and drew away easily at the stretch turn, to win by four lengths. Captain Hodge was second and Starter took third.

The Mohawk Handicap of $2,500, for three-year-olds, at a mile, was down on the card as one of the principal events of the day, but brought only four starters to the post. It was won by Wilfrid Viau's Camoufleur, which made a show of three contenders when he was sent to the front by Jockey Kummer.

Easy Victory for Camoufleur.

Camoufleur was the favorite, the other starters being Gath and Tetley. Gath set the pace for half a mile and Camoufleur was rated last but never back. Thistledown attempted to jump the field, making the far turn, and drew four lengths away from the others. But Camoufleur was rushed up and had so much speed that he caught Thistledown in the stretch and disposed of him easily. Tetley took third a length back of the second horse and Gath trailed in ten lengths away.

W. H. Murray's Sandy Beal ran another good race and captured the first event of the day, a five-and-a-half-furlong dash for two-year-olds. Sandy ran a nice race, took the lead when he neared the stretch, and was never in danger. David Harum raced from almost last to second place, while Evergay was third.

F. Ambrose Clark's Robin Goodfellow outclassed his field in the Steeplechase race and won handily. Kingstown Pier fell when he seemed to have a chance, and Garter took second with Rhomb third.

Precious Pearl, owned by Sam Louis, broke the winning streak of the favorites by taking the last race, in which J. E. Madden's Game Chick was the popular choice. Precious Pearl got a good start, and, once in the lead, was never caught. Swirl took second and Sugar Mint caught Game Chick and beat her for third.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-olds; purse $867. Five and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Sandy Beal	115	McAtee	10-1	4-1	1^{5}
David Harum	108	Rice	9-5	3-5	2^{1}
Evergay	120	Lyke	2-1	4-5	3^{3}
Ireland	115	Robinson	12-1	5-1	4
Round Robin	110½	Bullman	8-1	3-1	5
Brynhild	112	Callahan	30-1	12-1	6
Mark West	108	Johnson	40-1	15-1	7
Victor S.	113	Butwell	40-1	15-1	8
Larghetto	108	Pierce	40-1	15-1	9
Captain Hershler	115	Connelly	8-1	3-1	10
Furlong	108	McCabe	15-1	6-1	11

Time—1:09 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Sandy Beal, ch. c., by Superman-Frank's Daughter; owned by W. H. Murray and trained by N. K. Beal.

SECOND RACE.

Steeplechase, for four-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $700. About two miles.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
R. G'dfellow, 5	143	Diamond	3-5	1-4	1^{8}
Garter, a	133	McCleary	7-1	2-1	2^{1}
Rhomb, a	143	Howard	7-1	2-1	3^{1}
Harwood, a	143	Landry	12-1	3-1	4
Kingstown Pier, a	147	Kennedy	4-1	7-5	*

*Fell.

Time—4:23 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Robin Goodfellow, ch. g., by Goodrich-Lady Alan; owned by F. A. Clark and trained by W. Freeman.

THIRD RACE.

The Bolton Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, with $1,167 added. Six furlongs.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Naturalist, 5	135	Fairbr'er	8-5	3-5	1^{8}
Lion d'Or, 3	112	Lyke	7-1	5-2	2^{1}
Billy Kelly, 3	125	Sande	12-5	4-5	3½
Elfin Queen, 3	108	McAtee	12-1	4-1	4
Ticklish, 3	108	Shutt'ger	12-1	4-1	5
Midnight Sun, 4	106	Musgrave	20-1	7-1	6
War God, 4	115	Robinson	30-1	10-1	7
Gloomy Gus, 5	105	Kummer	30-1	10-1	8
Star Hampton, 3	112	Nolan	20-1	8-1	9
Courtship, 5	108	Barrett	30-1	10-1	10

Time—1:13 4-5.

Start poor; won easily; place same. Naturalist, b. g., by Rabelles-Nature; owned by J. E. Widener and trained by T. Welsh.

FOURTH RACE.

The Mohawk, of $2,500, for three-year-olds; selling. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Camoufleur	108	Kummer	even	1-4	1^{5}
Thistledon	108	Sande	8-5	1-3	2^{3}
Tetley	96	Boyle	8-1	2-1	3^{10}
Gath	101	McCrann	10-1	5-2	4

Time—1:41 3-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Camoufleur, ch. g., by Astronomer-Penitence II.; owned by Wilfrid Viau and trained by S. McNaughton.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $867. One mile.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Poacher, 4	118	Fator	9-10	2-5	1^{8}
Captain Hodge, 4	108	Boyle	8-1	5-2	2^{1}
Starter, 6	108	Sn'deman	30-1	10-1	3^{5}
Nelle York, 3	93	Wida	40-1	15-1	4
Gleipner, 6	110	Nolan	7-1	5-2	5
Keen Jane, 3	98	Erickson	20-1	7-1	6
Don Dodge, 4	105	McCrann	25-1	8-1	7
Bob Hensley, a	113	Connelly	16-5	9-10	*
Stitch in Time, 4	96	Richcreek	25-1	8-1	†
War Tax, 3	98	Wessler	20-1	7-1	‡

*Broke down. †Lost rider. ‡Fell.

Time—1:43 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Poacher, ch. g., by Star Shoot-Partridge; owned and trained by S. C. Hildreth.

SIXTH RACE.

For maiden fillies, two years old; purse $867. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Precious Pearl	114	Musgrave	12-1	5-1	1^{8}
Swirl	114	Fairbro'er	5-1	2-1	2^{3}
Sugar Mint	114	McAtee	4-1	8-5	3^{2}
Watersmeet	114	Shuttinger	8-1	3-1	4
Game Chick	114	Robinson	11-10	2-5	5
Fait Accompli	114	Johnson	10-1	4-1	6
L'Orpheline	114	Kummer	12-1	5-1	7

Time—1:02.

Start good; won easily; place same. Precious Pearl, b. f., by Zeus-Allcharm; owned by S. Louis and trained by W. A. Burtschell.

Hoofbeats of the Racers.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, Aug. 18.—The favorites did better today than on any day during the present meeting, five of them getting down in front, and that despite the muddy track. Game Chick in the last race was the only choice to disappoint.

Jackey Johnny McCabe appeared in silks today for the first time since his discharge from the army. He had the mount on Furlough, in the first race, but was not able to get into the money.

W. R. Coe's David Harum, which finished second in the opening race of the day, is showing much improvement. The colt ran a fine race today and was much the best of the field, coming from last to second place and could have won easily but for a bad start.

Mars Cassidy is trying out a plan which promises better starts and has worked with success since his return after a brief illness. He is insisting on a real standing start and is gaining the confidence of the jockeys, so they will not try for a break at the barrier in the fear of being left. Under his plan all horses must be facing the barrier and be standing still before he will order a start.

Wilfred Viau had to bid $3,505 to retain his colt, Camoufleur, after the son of Astronomer had won the Mohawk selling stakes. G. W. Forman was the bidder and kept boosting the price until he saw that Viau did not intend to part with the racer.

Some smart youngsters will be seen in the Grab Bag Handicap tomorrow. King Thrush has been assigned top weight, with 126 pounds, and Kinnoul, which scored an easy victory recently, will carry 125 pounds. Ral Parr's Blazes, a two-time winner here, Truly Rural, and Head Over Heels are among the fleetest of the others entered for the event.

Sam C. Hildreth's Cirrus will have a chance tomorrow to redeem himself for his very poor showing in the Travers Stakes. He will meet Thunder Clap, Crystal Ford, and others in a condition race at a mile. Hildreth insist that Cirrus can do much better than he did Saturday.

CELT, NOTED RACER, IS DEAD

Son of Commando, Famed as a Sire, Was Winner of Brooklyn Handicap.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Word was received here today of the death of the noted thoroughbred sire Celt, at the Ellerslie Stud of A. B. Hancock, near Charlottesville, Va. Celt was by Commando, out of Maid of Erin, and was one of the first of the famous Keene aggregation to win the Brooklyn Handicap.

After passing into the hands of Mr. Hancock, Celt was given every opportunity to make good in the stud. He was the sire of a great many winners, among the number being the noted distance mare Embroidery, the Futurity winner of 1918; Dunboyne, Cinderella, one of the present season's crack fillies during the early part of the Spring campaign, and a host of others. William Garth, whose place in Virginia adjoins Mr. Hancock's, said that the horse appeared to be in perfect health when he saw him last Spring.

Some idea of the loss sustained by Mr. Hancock may be gleaned from the fact that at the recent sale of the Ellerslie yearlings seventeen head by Celt sold for a total of $105,300.

CIRCUIT RACES POSTPONED.

Heavy Rain Prevents Opening of Meeting at Poughkeepsie.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Because of a heavy rain today the opening races of the Grand Circuit meeting here were postponed until tomorrow. Today's card will be run then. It includes the Knickerbocker 2:06 trot for a $2,000 purse; the Hudson Valley 2:06 pace, $2,000; the 2:12 trot, and the 2:15 trot.

SARATOGA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; five furlongs. Sadie D, 106 pounds; Retrieve, 106; Just Fancy, 112; Star Covert, 109; American Soldier, 109; Destruction, 100; Simpleton, 109; General Glenn, 109; Mlle. Vivian, 106; Gallagher, 109; Squire Charlie, 109; Air Raid, 109; Repeater, 109; Buckhorn, 2d, 109; Bridge Player, 106; Royal Duck, 115; Northern Belle, 106; Dame, 106.

SECOND RACE.—Selling for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Frogtown, 106 pounds; *Clara Martin, 91; *Arravan, 96; Mandarin, 111; Bally Moone, 105; Damrosch, 116; Mormon Elder, 108; Aradane, 105; Jim Dinney, 104; *Rapid Day, 100; Gex, 100; Bull Doze, 102; Fizer, 110; Matinee Idol, 102; Happy Valley, 96; *Monomoy, 101; *Dorcas, 103; African Arrow, 106; *Tailor Maid, 88; Straight Forward, 96; *Celto, 91; *Grundy, 116; Arrah Go On, 104.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds; one mile. Frogtown, 106 pounds; Pastoral Swain, 102; Thunder Clap, 123; Trunder Storm, 113; Cirrus, 120; Bridesmaid, 103; Over There, 110; Mormon Elder, 100; Crystal Ford, 110.

FOURTH RACE.—Grab Bag Handicap, for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Simpleton, 105 pounds; Kinnoul, 125; Flare Up, 102; Head Over Heels, 116; Truly Rural, 117; Herd Girl, 104; Cleopatra, 112; Cinderella, 115; Tojours, 108; Pilgrim, 104; Captain Alcock, 110; Peace Pennant, 108; King Thrush, 126; Blazes, 122; Star Court, 106.

FIFTH RACE.—Selling, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a quarter. Comme Ci, 105 pounds; *Queen of the Sea, 110; Jim Dinney, 120; *Romeo, 93; Ivry, 108; *Captain Hodge, 107; *Kilkenney, 117; Hong Kong, 95; *Pictor, 103.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden fillies and geldings, three-year-olds; six furlongs. Cock o' the Main, 110 pounds; Lucy Lee, 105; Courcelles, 105; Over the Top, 110; Mistake, 110; Nanette Flack, 105; Forfar, 105; Damaris, 105; Lerena Moss, 105.

TWO TO AID SPEARS IN COACHING GREEN

Hawley and Llewellyn, Like Chief Mentor, Starred in Football at Dartmouth.

The Dartmouth College Athletic Council has announced that its football coaching staff for this Fall has been augmented by the engagement of Jess Hawley and F. A. (Hank) Llewellyn. Hawley will co-operate with Head Coach C. W. Spears in an advisory capacity, spending the major part of the season at Hanover, and Llewellyn will act as assistant coach. Hawley is established in business at Chicago, but has been persuaded to make a sacrifice to give his alma mater the benefit of his exceptional coaching ability.

As Hawley, Spears and Llewellyn are all residents of Illinois and originally from the West, where they began their football careers, Dartmouth may be said to have an all-Western coaching staff, and its work will be watched with peculiar interest not only by Dartmouth alumni but by all football adherents.

All three men starred in football at Dartmouth. Hawley was graduated in 1909, and played at half back in the seasons of 1907 and 1908. In 1907 he was one of the factors in the game in which Harvard was defeated, 22 to 0. Other members of the famous Dartmouth backfield at that time were Ingersoll, Stuart, Marks, Larry Bankart, and Johnny Glaze. The brilliant work of Hawley will be remembered in 1908 in the game in which Dartmouth defeated Princeton at the Polo Grounds, New York. The backs at that time were Hawley, Ingersoll and Marks; directed by "Spuddy" Pishon, who was killed last year while an aviator in France. After graduation, Hawley coached at Andover, and later was for five years head coach at the University of Iowa, where he was very successful.

Spears, Dartmouth's head coach, was graduated in 1917. His position was guard, which he played with conspicuous success in 1914 and 1915, but was barred during his senior year because of one year at Knox College before entering Dartmouth. In 1914 Dartmouth secured 359 points to opponents' 25, Princeton getting 16 against 12 for the Hanoverians. Tufts was defeated 68 to 0 the week after they had defeated Harvard, Penn was beaten 41 to 0, and Syracuse 40 to 0.

During his senior year in college Spears coached the freshman team, which easily won all its games, defeating Andover, Exeter and Worcester Academy, and was not scored on except for a field goal by Andover. Spears coached the varsity eleven in 1917 and in 1918 volunteered as coach of the S. A. T. C. team at Dartmouth.

Llewellyn was graduated in 1914, and played on the Dartmouth varsity team as quarter back during the seasons of 1911, 1912 and 1913. He played in the historic game with Princeton in 1911, when Dartmouth lost by a score of 3 to 0 when the ball bounded over the bar. Dartmouth won all the eight preliminary games during that season, and Harvard barely won in the final game by the close score of 5 to 3. In his second year on the varsity, 1912, Llewellyn played on the Dartmouth eleven which defeated Amherst 60 to 0, and Cornell 24 to 0.

In 1913 Llewellyn carried over the ball in the Princeton game which Dartmouth won 6 to 0, and he also figured in Dartmouth's victory over Penn that year. In all the games during Llewellyn's period, a feature was his forward passes to Hogsett and Louden, the Dartmouth ends. Llewellyn served in the war as an aviator and flight commander over the lines. He brought down many German planes, and received the Croix de Guerre and the Distinguished Service Cross.

All three of the Dartmouth coaches were mentioned as all America players when in college, and a place on the mythical eleven was unanimously given to Spears.

Dartmouth will start preliminary practice early in September, and the first game will be played Sept. 27. The schedule includes games with Colgate, Penn State, Brown, Cornell, and Pennsylvania, the two latter to be played in New York City on Oct. 25 and Nov. 8, respectively.

10,000 IN TRACK EVENTS.

Elimination Contests This Week for Local School Championships.

Elimination contests for the championship field games of the Public School Playgrounds, to be held Labor Day, will begin this week on sixty playgrounds. More than 10,000 youngsters are expected to take part in the tryouts.

The final games will be held on the Sheep Meadow of Central Park, and will be under the direction of William J. Lee, Supervisor of Recreation and Director of Athletics of the Department of Parks of Manhattan. Gold, silver, and bronze medals will be awarded the winners of each event. Park Commissioner Francis D. Gallatin will act as official starter for the races. Besides the track and field events a band concert will be

Speaking of dropping a hint, there's a hint in every drop!
*"Scotch Mists"!
Fine, rain or shine.
The handsomest sort of fairweather overcoats, rainproofed. Exclusive with us.
*Registered Trademark.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St.
Broadway at Warren
"Four Convenient Corners"
Broadway at 34th St.
Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

NEW GATE
Black Vici Kid; Black Russia Calf; Chocolate Vici Kid.

The "Deerslayer"

in his journeys never once complained of sore feet and we know his trails were long and many. The paths he took through the woods were nature's paths—soft, pliant and yielding under his feet.

But what a difference between the easy paths of Deerslayer and the solid concrete of Broadway. You can overcome this difference by wearing the Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoes—the shoes with the patented insole of felt and cork.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES
For Men Made by
J. P. SMITH SHOE CO.
SOLD ONLY AT
1372 Broadway, at 37th Street
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.
Send for Illustrated Booklet.

REIS UNION SUITS
REIS
"MAN'S CLOSEST FRIEND"

Illustrated Story Of the Day.
Strong, handsome binder for preserving one year's issues of the Mid-Week Pictorial Magazine, published by The New York Times Company, sent by mail, cloth, for $1.25; half leather for $2. Binders enable subscribers to keep in volume form the best illustrated record of the time.—Advt.

USUALLY one chooses a particular basis upon which to appraise clothing.

Some men measure by correctness of style, others by expertness of tailoring, still others by fabric quality.

Seldom are all these tests applied at once—yet you may apply them to our clothing with full satisfaction.

These stores are taking a prominent position by reason of thoroughness.

Satisfactory Wear Guaranteed

Weber and Heilbroner
Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters—Eleven Stores
*241 Broadway 345 Broadway 775 Broadway *1185 Broadway
*44th and Broadway 1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau
20 Cortlandt 30 Broad *42d and Fifth Avenue
*CLOTHING AT THESE STORES

FRANCIS OUIMET'S PLUCK CARRIES HIM THROUGH QUALIFYING ROUND FOR AMATEUR GOLF TITLE

OUIMET QUALIFIES, DESPITE SICKNESS

Former Champion Gives Fine Example of Pluck in Play for Amateur Golf Honors.

TRIPLE TIE FOR MEDAL

Manion, Herron, and Tewkesbury Turn in Cards of 158—Byers and Kirkby Fall.

The card of the Oakmont course is as follows:

Hole	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Yds.	482	363	428	516	371	172	370	233	462	—3,397
Par...	5	4	4	5	4	3	4	3	5	— 37
Hole:	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Yds.:	461	385	601	164	349	420	226	282	442	—3,310—6,707
Par:	5	4	5	3	4	4	3	4	4	—36-73

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Aug. 18.—Between terrific thunder showers with heavy rains and gales of wind, the twenty-third annual national championship of the U. S. G. A. got under way at the Oakmont Country Club here today and, as night was falling, S. Davidson Herron of the home club missed his midiron shot to the home green, which would have made him the medalist of the tourney. With this lost stroke, he landed in a triple tie for low score honors with Paul Tewkesbury of Aronimink, and J. S. Manion of Forest Park, St. Louis, all with seventy-two hole scores of 158. The rain and the winds brought trouble to many golfers of high degree, and laid them low in the sand pits. Oswald Kirkby of Englewood, metropolitan amateur champion, from whom great things were expected this year, failed even to qualify.

The playing of Francis Ouimet, former national open and national amateur champion, was the great incident of the day. He got out of a sick bed, battled through three thunder showers, took a heavy drenching, and, though on the point of collapse several times, finished well to the fore among the leaders.

The Boston golfer was forced to play in the rain most of the way. A number of times he swayed, after hitting his shots, and he was so weak on the final nine holes of the afternoon play that he topped his tee shots at the 13th, 14th, and 18th. But he finished the day with a medal score of 166, in a tie for 16th place, with the thirty-two who will continue tomorrow in the match play rounds.

Ouimet was attended by two physicians after he completed his play, and was ordered to bed in the Oakmont clubhouse. Physicians said that he was suffering from poisoned tonsils, and that his back was exceedingly lame, indicating that he had caught cold today.

All the former national amateur champions did well enough to qualify, except Eben Byers of Allegheny, winner of the national title, at Englewood, in 1906. Today he was high up over the top of the field in the 90's and, instead of being among the chosen thirty-two survivors, now has the privilege of walking around the links as a spectator. Jerry Travers of Upper Montclair, four times holder of the amateur championship, qualified well, with rounds of 83, 82—165. Bob Gardner, 1915 winner, was in the chosen few at 169. Chick Evans was brilliant but erratic to the tune of 161, and W. C. Fownes, Jr., of Oakmont, 1910 winner, stayed in the field at 169.

But it surely was a witches' brew that the thunderstorms produced, with "double, double, toil and trouble" on every hole. The metropolitan district mourns the loss of Kirkby, Sweetser, Conley, and Peter Harmon, the metropolitan junior champion. The hopes of Boston received a serious blow when Fred Wright, Jr., of Albemarle, and Larry Paton of Homestead failed to qualify. Evey Harry Legg of Minnikahda, a stalwart campaigner and present Western amateur champion, took just one stroke too many, and is now listed among those who played instead of qualified.

Evans Runs Into Trouble.

Chick Evans, defending title holder, made an inauspicious start, by putting his second shot at the first hole into a trap just off the green. He played out of this into another one and was on the green in 4, going down in 6. He was not the only one to delve into this particular trouble-spot, as Bob Gardner, who immediately preceded him, gathered seven strokes by the same method, and far higher scores than that were picked up at this point. Three putts, on the fourth and ninth greens, brought the Chicago player to the turn in 11, but he made up for this by taking but one putt apiece on the next three greens. The fourteenth hole was a comedy of errors. Evans had a fine drive and pitched confidently for the pin on his second. The ball shot off sideways to a trap at the right of the green. Taking his niblick, Evans pitched it all of three feet to a worse lie in the same trap. On his fourth, he went merrily across the green to the rough beyond. Advancing to the ball with desperation, Evans slashed downward into the weeds, only to see the ball skip across the green again to its first position in the original trap.

Back came Evans with his niblick, took his first position and disgustedly chipped up by the pin. Without even deigning to take a putter from the caddie, he hit the ball with his niblick again and it went down for a grand 7. He played the rest of the holes in an erratic manner, making wild shots and fine recoveries, and taking an 83 for his total. In the afternoon he was hitting the ball a bit more on line, and turned in a 78, for a total seventy-two-hole score of 161.

Bob Gardner, who played just ahead of Evans, was as lucky as the defending champion in escaping the first shower. The tall ex-Yale pole vaulter was hitting a long ball, but he found himself in most distressing situations on divers occasions. He started with a 7, and picked up another of the same breed at the long twelfth hole. He was not quite as bad at this hole as was E. M. Byers, however. Byers scored a 10 here and brought home a 94 for his time and trouble. Gardner had one bit of luck that he boasted about. In the fifth hole he found his tee shot in a not unusual position at the bottom of a sand trap, but instead of the regular ridges that are a feature of the Oakmont traps, this was perfectly smooth and the Chicago golfer played a perfect shot to the green. "Ha," he said as he climbed triumphantly out of the pit, "at last I got to a trap before that fellow with his trick rake." He went to the turn in 43, and did a little better on the homeward journey, holing a five-foot putt for a 2 on the short thirteenth, with 41 for the nine hole and 84 for his morning's work.

Ouimet's Good Morning's Work.

Ouimet had a fine 79 in the morning. He played two of the prettiest shots of the day on the fourth hole. This is 516 yards from tee to green, with a slight head wind against the player. The pride of Boston played two perfect wooden shots to the green for a nice birdie 4. He came to the home hole with a 4, to tie the low score of 76, for the morning round, but he sliced his drive, found the ball impossible to extricate on his second, and finally took a 7. He finished up drenched to the skin, the first battery of the thunder going into action at the precise moment when he drove from the seventeenth tee.

In a few moments the course was a sombre mass of water, mud, and mist, with vivid streaks of lightning showing the struggling golfers in ludicrous attitudes all over the links. The committee which had so carefully provided against all contingencies found that it had overlooked this condition of affairs. There were calls from stranded golfers for flat-bottom boats to cross casual water, "blimps" to journey over occasional lakes and submarines to locate golf balls that went deep sea fishing on the fairway and in the traps.

Anderson Takes It Easy.

John G. Anderson of Siwanoy brought cheer to metropolitan golf followers by coming in with a 76 that tied J. S. Manion of Forest Park, St. Louis, for the low morning score. In the afternoon he was a few strokes worse, but he admittedly took it easy. "This is the first qualifying round that I ever really enjoyed in a championship," said Anderson. He knew that he could easily qualify on his morning card, so he took his afternoon's wetting in good humor.

Bobbie Jones of Atlanta carried a fair gallery through the day. He went to the turn in 38 in the morning round, and after that—the deluge. It began when he took a 6 on the par 4 eleventh. On the long twelfth he lost his ball and then played another that hit right where a mole was undertaking extensive subway construction. A mashie, played with every ounce of strength, just about tore the ball out of the ground and finally, on a chip-and-run shot to the green, the ball got a bad kick into a trap. He took an 8 without a single evidence of satisfaction.

Oswald Kirkby had a nerve racking experience on the seventeenth hole. He played into one of the handy traps at this point and was still in there doing his four bits at the count of 5.

Chief Wrecker of Hopes.

The long twelfth hole, however, was the chief wrecker of scores for the day. One feature of that hole was that Walter Kossman of St. Louis, who played with Francis Ouimet, and played badly, made one of the very few birdie 4s on the twelfth for the day. Kossman atoned for this on the home hole, where, by this and by that and by using every club in his bag, he garnered eleven shots from tee to green, and he could have taken two or three more without straining himself.

As it began to get dark and the last pairs were straggling in, it was discovered that there would be a play-off at 172, with two places for eight players. Off they went, and played three holes, the last hole being played in practically darkness, where the rabbit-eared caddies ran ahead and listened for the ball to drop in order to ascertain its whereabouts. J. N. Stearns, Jr., of Nassau and A. W. Armstrong of Oakmont were the final survivors of the eight. Henry J. Topping of Greenwich was one of the less fortunate ones in this group, as was Gil Tiffany of Mohawk, who missed a putt for a win on the first extra hole.

Jerry Travers sprang a mild surprise by playing very steady golf through a day of upsets and high scores. He was never worse than 6 on any hole, and he gathered only four of these figures in thirty-six holes. His morning round was 40-43-83, and his afternoon card was a bit more even, with 41-41-82. Although the metropolitan district received a rude shock by the elimination of Kirkby, Sweetster, and Conley at one fell swoop, New York still has a large and prominent hat in the ring with Anderson, Travers, Marston, and Gardiner White.

The low score of J. S. Manion of Forest Park, St. Louis, was a bit of a bracer to the gallery. It looked as if all scoring would be low, as Manion was in the first pair to finish and was not known as a stellar player. However, this opinion was soon dissipated, when Marston, Bob Gardner, and other such golfers came in well into the eighties. An 82 in the afternoon for the St. Louis boy, in spite of two 2's on short holes, gave him a temporary lead at 158. Paul Tewksbury of Aronimink, who scored a 79 in the morning, played the same brand of golf in the afternoon, and, between thunderstorms, he strolled in with another 79 that tied Manion.

When Davidson Herron of the home club reached the turn in 40 he was looked upon as the probable medalist, as all he needed was another 40 to beat the prevailing low score by a stroke. He hit terrific drives on the next three holes, but he was in trouble each time before he sank his putt, and on the short thirteenth he pitched into a trap. Even with this he came to the last three holes with even par for the medal.

The following qualified:

S. Davison Herron, Oakmont	77	81—158
Paul Tewksbury, Aronimink	79	79—158
J. S. Mannion, Forest Park, St. L.	76	82—158
Robert T. Jones, Jr., Atlanta	81	78—159
John G. Anderson, Siwanoy	76	85—161
Charles Evans, Jr., Edgewater	83	78—161
Richard Woolworth, Scranton	79	83—162
Gardiner W. White, Nassau	82	81—163
J. Wood Platt, North Hills	80	83—163
Robert A. Gardner, Onwentsia	84	80—164
Nelson M. Whitney, Audubon	81	84—165
J. D. Travers, Upper Montclair	83	82—165
L. Jacoby, Charlotte	80	85—165
E. C. Cleary, Bala	80	85—165
A. F. Bookencamp, Forest Park, St. Louis	82	83—165
Grant Peacock, Oakmont	85	81—166
Francis Ouimet, Woodland	79	87—166
George W. Hoffner, Bala	79	87—166
W. J. Thompson, Mississanga	84	82—166
Rudolph E. Knepper, Sioux City	77	91—168
W. H. Gardner, Buffalo	83	85—168
J. B. Crookston, Stanton Heights	85	84—169
W. C. Fownes, Jr., Oakmont	85	84—169
J. S. Dean, Atlanta	84	86—170
C. L. Maxwell, Trenton	89	81—170
Max R. Marston, Baltusrol	82	88—170
F. C. Newton, Brookline	87	84—171
E. H. Bankard, Jr., Midlothian	84	87—171
R. C. Long, Stanton Heights	84	87—171
C. G. Waldo, Jr., Detroit	79	92—171
J. W. Armstrong, Oakmont	86	86—172
J. M. Stearns, Jr., Nassau	83	89—172
Gilmon P. Tiffany, Mohawk	86	86—172
Sherrill Sherman, Yahnundasis	89	83—172
John Graham, Stanton Heights	86	86—172
Henry J. Topping, Greenwich	86	86—172
Paul M. Hunter	86	86—172
L. L. Bredin, Detroit	82	90—172
Harry G. Legg, Minihahda	86	87—173
J. W. Sweetser, Ardsley	86	87—173
J. D. Standish, Jr., Detroit	85	89—174
Donald Woodward, Columbia	86	88—174
George W. Hewitt, Wheeling	89	85—174
Oswald Kirkby, Englewood	87	88—175
Richard Hickey, Atlanta	89	86—175
F. J. Wright, Jr., Albemarle	88	87—175
C. E. Vanvleck, Jr., Greenwich	88	87—175
Peter Harmon, Scottish-American	91	85—176
Frank Thompson, Mississanga	83	93—176
J. K. Bole, Mayfield	92	85—177
J. Brose, Allegheny	92	86—178
H. C. Fownes, 2d, Oakmont	91	88—179
L. E. Wood, Buffalo	89	91—180
Robert E. Hunter, Midlothian	89	91—180
Larry B. Paton, Homestead	87	93—180
E. L. Scofield, Woodway	90	91—181
David S. Hays, Oakmont	88	94—182
Frank H. Hoyt, Engineers Club	89	93—182
B. A. Ormiston, Oakmont	90	92—182
G. L. Conley, Siwanoy	92	91—183
Walter Kossman, Forest Park, St. Louis	93	90—183
W. O. Preston, Pittsburgh	93	91—184
C. W. Diebel, Youngstown	94	91—185
G. A. Lyall, Westmoreland	98	87—185
E. M. Byers, Allegheny	94	92—186
C. J. Willcock, Stanton Heights	92	95—187
R. A. Lyne, Stanton Heights	96	91—187
E. A. Limberg, Forest Park, St. L.	92	•....
J. N. Wills, Wheelin	91	•....
George Small	•..	....
E. E. Gibs, Allegheny	92	•....
B. Warren Cockran, Baltimore	88	•....
W. G. Costin, Allegheny	•.	....
E. H. Augustus, Mayfield	92	•....
R. E. Hanson, Baltimore	91	•....

•Withdrew.

Tennis Notes.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the U. S. N. L. T. A. will be held during the national championship which will probably be one of the most important gatherings of the tennis authorities this season. Dr. Sumner Hardy of San Francisco and Walter A. Goss of Portland, Ore., members of the committee who have not been East for a couple of seasons, will be present. J. B. Adoue, Jr., is coming from Dallas, and as the representatives from the Middle West are expected to attend, advice on conditions throughout the country will be had at first hand.

Thomas W. Bailey, President of the Spokane Tennis Club, has been in New York to invite the Australian team to take part in special matches at Spokane when they reach the Pacific Coast. An invitation also has been received from the South Shore Country Club of Chicago for matches there in September, as well as from the St. Louis Tennis Association, the Cleveland Associated Tennis Clubs, the Germantown Cricket Club of Philadelphia, and the Toronto Tennis Club. The plans of the Australian team are necessarily somewhat indefinite, as it is impossible to learn just when vessels will be sailing for Australia in late September, but it is thought that a schedule will be known within a few days.

Rain Delays Southampton Tourney.

SOUTHAMPTON, N. Y., Aug. 18.—The annual tennis tournament to have been started on the courts of the Meadow Club here today were postponed until tomorrow on account of rain. W. M. Johnston, Willis E. Davis, Clarence J. Griffin, Robert Kinsey, and other stars from the west coast are to compete, while several of the Australian players are entered.

NATIONAL TENNIS PAIRINGS DRAWN

Strength Well Distributed, Except Second Sixteen, Which Takes in Five Stars.

With 128 entries drawn, the national singles championship at the West Side Tennis Club on Aug. 25 will bring together a field that is thoroughly representative of tennis in the United States. Although the draw was "blind" it resulted in few unfortunate pairings in the early rounds, with the exception of the second sixteen, which includes Watson M. Washburn, Randolph Lycet, Fred B. Alexander, Gerald L. Patterson, and William M. Johnson.

In the main the strength is well distributed. Robert Lindley Murray, the champion, was drawn as No. 6. S. Howard Voshell and Conrad B. Doyle are 9 and 10. Wallace F. Johnson of Philadelphia is 41, William T. Tilden, 2d, is 66, just entering the lower half; Ichyia Kumagae is 74, "Peck" Griffin is 80, Norman E. Brookes is 81, Charles S. Garland is 90, Willis E. Davis is 99, Vincent Richards is 101, R. Norris Williams, 2d, is 103; R. V. Thomas is 110, and Maurice E. McLoughlin is 124. Strangely enough the luck of the draw brought together Lucien Williams of Highland Park, Ill., and K. R. L. Simmons of Butte, Mon., who are team mates at Yale. Another first round match that is something of a coincidence is between Leonard Beekman and Alex Iler, who met at Amackassin.

Play Begins Aug. 25.

The qualifications established by the annual meeting three years ago had to be invoked to limit the draw to 128 names and thus give an opportunity to finish the tournament in seven days. Play will begin on Monday, Aug. 25, and with fair weather the finals will take place on Monday, Sept. 1. The draw embraces the best men on the 1918 and 1916 ranking list, the only noticeable absentees being a few of the players who were ranked before the war but have not yet returned to active competition. Geographically the country is well represented.

The draw was made yesterday afternoon in the office of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, Vice President Julian S. Myrick having charge of the details in the absence of President George T. Adee. Newspapermen, players and club officials were present, and all agreed that probably the match most attractive to the gallery on Monday will be between Frederick B. Alexander, hero of many an international contest, and Gerald L. Patterson, the Australian "Hurricane." Clarence Hobart, who was a doubles champion in 1890, drew Fred C. Anderson, and this will be another interesting contest. Norman E. Brookes plays Walter L. Pate. The draw follows:

R. W. Seabury, Boonton, N. J., vs. Carl B. Lamb, Englewood, N. J.
Lucien Williams, Highland Park, Ill., vs. Kenneth R. L. Simmons, Butte, Mon.
Dr. William Rosenbaum, New York, vs. R. L. Murray, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
Dean Mathey, Cranford, N. J., vs. J. Trevette Allen, Brooklyn.
S. Howard Voshell, Brooklyn, vs. Conrad B. Doyle, Washington, D. C.
Cecil Donaldson, Brooklyn, vs. Frederick Fox, New York.
Frank T. Anderson, Brooklyn, vs. Edward Oelsner, Montclair, N. J.
Anton F. Von Bernuth, New York, vs. Christian Mack, Ann Arbor, Mich.
Herbert J. W. Morgenthaler, Brooklyn, vs. Watson M. Washburn, New York.
Frank M. Loughman, New York, vs. Edward S. Chase, Springfield, Mass.
Randolph Lycett, Australia, vs. Harold Godshall, Los Angeles, Cal.
Fred B. Alexander, New York, vs. Gerald L. Patterson, Australia.
Henry S. Parker, New York, vs. Thomas M. Day, 3d, Plainfield, N. J.
Herbert L. Bowman, New York, vs. Peter Ball, New York.
G. A. L. Dionne, New York, vs. Henry Adams, Englewood, N. J.
William M. Johnston, San Francisco, vs. Harry Brunie, New York.
S. Kashio, New York, vs. H. B. O'Boyle, New York.
N. W. Niles, Boston, vs. James D. Ewing, Ashland, N. H.
Gerald Emerson, Orange, N. J. vs. J. B. Adoue, Jr., Dallas, Texas.
H. C. Johnson, Boston, vs. Roland M. Hoerr, St. Louis, Mo.
Wallace F. Johnson, Philadelphia, vs. H. G. Benedict, Roselle, N. J.
James S. O'Boyle, New York, vs. R. M. Kirkland, Elizabeth, N. J.
Walter J. Toussant, New York, vs. Alfred H. Chapin, Jr., Springfield, Mass.
G. Peter Murdock, Helena, Mont., vs. Horace B. Taylor, Boston.
Harold Taylor, Brooklyn, vs. T. R. Pell, New York.
Weldon Hames, Rochester, N. Y., vs. A. Ware Merriam, Farmington, Conn.
Captain R. C. Van Vleit, Hoboken, N. J., vs. Hoffman Nickerson, New York.
C. N. Charest, Baltimore, vs. A. S. Cassils, Montreal, Canada.
Walter Merrill Hall, New York, vs. Alfred H. Chapin, Sr., Springfield, Mass.
Royal D. Richey, Brooklyn, vs. Major E. B. Harran, Great Britain.
George W. Pike, Springfield, Mass., vs. Philip Vandeventer, New York.
Hugh M. Kelleher, Seattle, Wash., vs. George S. Groesbeck, New York.
Hugh L. Nehring, New York, vs. William T. Tilden, 2d, Philadelphia, Penn.
E. F. Thomas, Jr., New York, vs. Frederick C. Inman, New York.
Fred C. Anderson, Brooklyn, vs. Clarence Hobart, Alexandria Bay, N. Y.
Craig Biddle, Philadelphia, vs. Frank A. Fall, New York.
Stephen V. Brubans, Hoboken, N. J., vs. Ichiya Kumage, New York.
Ludlow Vandeventer, Plainfield, N. J., vs. Augustine Healy, Brooklyn.
Davison Obear, St. Louis, vs. Robert Leroy, New York.
Joseph W. Fox, New York, vs. Clarence J. Griffin, San Francisco.
Norman E. Brookes, Australia, vs. Walter L. Pate, New York.
Ralph B. Gatcomb, New York, vs. Walter Wesbrook, Detroit.
H. R. Burroughs, New York, vs. Gerald Donaldson, Jr., Brooklyn.
Milton Soper, Hoboken, N. J., vs. William H. Benedict, Roselle, N. J.
J. P. Stockton, Elizabeth, N. J., vs. Charles S. Garland, Pittsburgh, Penn.
R. L. James, Saratoga, N. Y., vs. J. L. Werner, St. Louis.
Robert Davis, Montclair, N. J., vs. Alfred D. Hammett, New York.
W. Stuart Symington, 3d, Baltimore, vs. S. E. Davenport, Jr., New York.
William J. Gallon, New York, vs. Walter S. Anderson, U. S. Navy.
Willis E. Davis, San Francisco, vs. Russell N. Dana, Providence, R. I.
Vincent Richards, Yonkers, N. Y., vs. Leven Jester, Dallas, Texas.
R. Norris Williams, 2d., Boston, vs. Fred C. Baggs, New York.
H. H. Bashford, New York, vs. George King, New York.
Harry Sachs, New York, vs. Leicester W. Fisher, New Dorp, S. I.
W. P. Compton, Cedarhurst, L. I., vs. R. V. Thomas, Australia.
T. C. Fulton, New York, vs. L. E. Mahan, New York.
Percy L. Kynaston, Rockville Centre, L. I., vs. Robert Allen, Los Angeles.
R. C. Seaver, Boston, vs. Clarence Barker, Los Angeles.
Lieut. John A. Magee, Baltimore, vs. Charles Chambers, Brooklyn.
R. P. McClave, Scranton, Penn., vs. William J. Sweeney, Baltimore.
Karl H. Behr, New York, vs. Clyde Curley, Pawtucket, R. I.
Arthur S. Cragin, New York, vs. Maurice E. McLaughlin, Los Angeles.
Comdr. C. C. Gill, New York, vs. Dr. B. F. Drake, New Rochelle, N. Y.
Alexander Iler, New York, vs. Leonard Beekman, New York.

ONLY TENNIS STARS GET IN.

Players Must Have Proved Ability to Play for National Title.

Among the thousands of spectators who will witness the national tennis championships at Forest Hills, the week of Aug. 25, there will be few to realize the amount of detailed preparation involved in the successful holding of such an event. The mere matter of the entry cannot be ignored, for with the qualifications set up as a requisite for the players who may be permitted to compete for this title, there are a number of important points that must be given attention.

The United States preceded the English in changing the championship from a wide-open affair, but even the English had to modify the all-comers feature and had a committee to pass on entries at Wimbledon this year. Otherwise, they would have been swamped with entries whom they designate as "rabbits"—players who do well enough, but who have no chance to win the tournament and drag it out to an unwieldy length.

The U. S. N. L. T. A. three years ago established qualifications under which the committee hopes to keep the entry to 128 and thus complete the play in seven days. Entries are accepted from players who have been ranked within the last five years or have ever been ranked in the first twenty; or who, within three years, have been semi-finalists or better, in two sanctioned tournaments; or who, in the current season, have made a reasonably good record in three sanctioned tournaments; or those whose entry is acceptable by reason "of residence in foreign countries, promise of skill or other circumstances deemed sufficient to cause exceptions in their cases."

After the draw has been made, the committee arranges a schedule of matches for the first day. This calls for three matches on each of the twenty courts which the West Side Club has available for the tournament. The first will go on at 1 o'clock, the next at 3 and the third at 5, or as close to those hours as conditions permit.

Before the tournament each player receives his card of admission and a notice showing the opponent he has drawn, the time and court on which the first match will take place and the number of his locker at the clubhouse. Consequently he can get ready for the match with the least possible delay or inquiry at a time when all the officials are busy with details of assigning umpires and getting the tournament under way.

Handling the crowd requires the attention of several men for days in advance. One has charge of the ushers, another of the police arrangements and another of the tickets. The tickets call for weeks of preparation, this duty having been assigned to Harry Parker, whose years of experience with Davis Cup matches and events of similar importance qualify him for the job. This year seats for 7,000 spectators have been provided and season tickets may be had, until Aug. 20, on application to Mr. Parker at 101 Park Avenue, New York City. Single day tickets are sold only at the grounds on day of play.

DOUBLES FINAL POSTPONED.

Rain Makes Play for National Tennis Title Impossible.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—The dreary succession of postponements continues in the national doubles championship at the Longwood Cricket Club. In the last five days only one match has been played, and the prospects of completing the tournament even tomorrow seem remote, for Boston is in the throes of a northeaster and the storm has another full day to run.

Play was possible today up to nearly 4 o'clock. After that, what had been a mere mist turned into a steady rain, with an occasional heavy downpour that killed the last hopes of spectators and players alike. If the match had been scheduled for 2:30 instead of 3:45 all would have been well, or if an outside court had been used for the final last Friday, regardless of the feeling of the reserved seat holders, the present complication would have been entirely avoided.

As it is, the necessity may arise of either letting the national doubles title go by default or staging the challenge match at Southampton or Forest Hills. Both William T. Tilden, 2d, and Vincent Richards, the defenders, will find it exceedingly difficult to remain longer in Boston, (they have been here since Friday,) for the youngster is entered in a local junior event, representing his last chance to qualify for the national junior honors, while his partner is being called back to Philadelphia by the pressure of business. They were both on hand early this afternoon in tennis clothes, prepared to play under any conditions.

Norman Brookes and Gerald Patterson, the Australian challengers, also appeared about the time originally set for a start, but did not change their clothes, as things were growing wetter every minute. Chairman Sheafe of the Tournament Committee finally announced to the assembled and bedraggled multitude that the match would be held tomorrow afternoon at 3:30, weather permitting.

GREENWICH TENNIS HALTED

Rain Postpones Singles and Miexd Doubles Matches Until September.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Aug. 18.—The rainstorm which broke here last night, followed by a heavy downpour this morning, again put a damper on the annual invitation tournament today, held on the grass courts of the Greenwich Field Club. The matches were first scheduled for July 17, 18, 19, and 20. Good progress was made on the first day and on the morning of July 18, and then St. Swithin upset the progress, there being a continuous downfall of rain for the next two days. This made it necessary to postpone the matches until August.

On Sunday the men's doubles were played off, Karl Behr and Theodore R. Pell defeating R. Lindley Murray and Dean Mathey by scores of 6—8, 7—5, 6—2, and the finals in the women's doubles were also reached. In the latter event the winners were Mrs. George N. Wightman and Miss Marie Wagner, who beat Miss Eleanor Goss and Miss Marion Zinderstein, 6—2, 6—1.

R. Lindley Murray, the present champion, was to have met R. Norris Williams, 2d, today in the finals of the singles, and, in the mixed doubles, the two matches in the semi-finals also were scheduled. These matches were to have been contested by Mrs. S. F. Weaver and Dean Mathey against R. Lindley Murray and Miss Eleanor Goss, and Miss Zinderstein and Walter Merrill Hall against Miss Molla Bjurstedt and Nathaniel W. Niles. These three matches have been postponed until about the middle of September, as the players have other matches scheduled in the interval.

Montclair Net Tourney Postponed.

The Montclair division of the boys' and junior centre tennis championships scheduled to have been started yesterday at the Montclair Athletic Club were postponed until a later date on account of rain. The first round will be started as soon as the courts dry.

Change of Air

—food and water upset the vacationist's digestion, often causing constipation. USOLINE—the *original* internal lubricant, relieves constipation; the *safe* way. Take a bottle with you.

Write for Booklet

USOLINE
THE ORIGINAL
RUSSIAN WHITE MINERAL OIL

"Makes every day a sunny day"

OIL PRODUCTS CO., Inc.,
50 Union Square, New York

N. Y. A. C. MARKSMAN WINS CLASSIC CUP

Hession Captures Long Range Military Trophy at Caldwell, with Score of 99.

CALDWELL, N. J., Aug. 18.—The Wimbledon Cup match, the long range military classic, second only to the Leech Cup in point of age, was fired today at 1,000 yards, at the navy rifle range, with more than 1,000 competitors. The cup was presented by Princess Louise, daughter of Queen Victoria, to the victorious American team that shot at Wimbledon, England, in 1878. The trophy is a massive silver tankard.

The winner of the match was J. W. Hession of the New York Athletic Club, with a score of 99. No perfect score has ever been made at a Wimbledon Cup match. The winner's score was nine bullseyes in the first nine shots. The next shot was a 4, followed by ten perfect shots.

The results:

First, J. W. Hession, N. Y. A. C., 99; second, Captain Roscoe Arnett, U. S. M. C., 98; third, Commander R. R. Stewart, U. S. N., 98; fourth, Sergt. M. W. Durham, U. S. M. C., 97; fifth, P. Raymond, Connecticut Rifle Team, 97; sixth, Lieutenant R. G. Hall, Massachusetts Rifle Team, 96; seventh, Lieutenant J. A. Zimmerman, U. S. M. C., 96; eighth, Sergt. P. Dowling, U. S. M. C., 96; ninth, Lieut. Commander W. A. Lee, U. S. N., 96.

Tenth—Sergt. L. H. Reyburn, U. S. M. C., 95; eleventh—Sergt. T. J. Jones, U. S. M. C., 95; twelfth—Gunnery Sergt. C. J. Weigle, U. S. M. C., 95; thirteenth—Marine Gunner J. S. Renew, 94; fourteenth—Gunner's Mate O. C. Suratt, U. S. N., 93; fifteenth—Commander C. T. Osburn, formerly Commander of the President's yacht Mayflower, 93.

The 200-yard leg of the President's match, the winner of which is to be hailed as the "champion military rifle shot of the United States," was ended today, with fourteen riflemen in the perfect score place. The match will be decided after the 500 and 1,000 yard stages have been shot. The winner will receive a gold medal and an autograph letter from the President.

The winners of the 200-yard stage who tied for first place, each scoring 100, were:

J. Christman, Engineer, Coast Artillery Corps; Sergeant P. Dowling, U. S. M. C.; Sergeant O. L. Dyer, 12th Infantry, Camp Dodge; Sergeant W. H. Blase, U. S. M. C.; Colonel J. Buck, Coast Artillery Corps; L. D. Le Courtette, Phoenix, Ariz., Rifle Club; Sergeant M. Fody, 13th Cavalry, Camp Dodge; First Lieutenant T. C. Brown, U. S. Infantry team; J. Derville, Rocky Mountain Rifle Club; A. P. Lane, Norwalk, Conn., Rifle Club; J. F. Loughlin, Mass. civilian team; Sergeant E. von Ermandorff, U. S. M. C.; Commander C. T. Osburn, U. S. N.; Captain C. M. Brown, U. S. Infantry team.

The first stage of the small-bore Marine Corps match, which is shot at 50 and 100 yard stages, was fired today:

The winners were:

W. H. Richards, New Haven, Conn., 194; T. A. Raymond, New Haven, Conn., 193; J. K. Boles, Ohio civilian team, 192; Mrs. E. C. Crossman, Los Angeles, 191; L. J. Miller, Ohio civilian team, 191; W. G. Chesley, New Haven, 190; Captain G. L. Wotkyns, Ordnance Department, 190; A. F. Laudensack, New Haven, 190; J. E. Miller, Ohio civilian team, 189; J. Turner, Ohio civilian team, 189.

The timed-fire match, which was shot at fifty yards with small-bore rifles, resulted as follows:

First, W. H. Richards, New Haven, Conn., 95; second, J. E. Miller, Ohio civilian team, 91; third, Sergeant Ollie Schriver, U. S. M. C., 89; fourth, L. J. Miller, Ohio civilian team, 89; fifth, Captain G. S. Wotkyns, Ordnance Department, 87.

TO JUDGE BLOODED DOGS.

Queensboro Kennel Club Will Hold Match Show on Labor Day.

The Queensboro Kennel Club members at a recent meeting voted to hold an afternoon match show. This event will be held at Forest Hills, L. I. The grounds being only a few minutes ride from New York City, there is no doubt of a large entry and many visitors. A classification for all breeds has been provided.

Many trophies and cash prizes have been offered in the various breeds. The following fanciers have accepted the club invitation to judge at this matinee show Monday, (Labor Day,) Sept. 1, 1919:

Miss Elsie Blum, Elmhurst, L. I., Pomeranians; Mrs. Frank Coldsmith, Great Neck, L. I., Pekingese; Mrs. A. S. Whitesell, Forest Hills, L. I., Bostons; Chows; Miss C. C. Whitney, Maspeth, L. I., Great Danes and English toy spaniels; Arthur Herzfeld, New York City, English bulldogs and French bulldogs; Robert Vagt, Central Park, L. I., setters, cocker spaniels, beagles; Mrs. O. Cedar, Pelham, N. Y., Japanese spaniels, toy poodles, Yorkshires, maltese, Brussels Griffons, children's classes; Charles Trayford, Huntington, L. I., St. Bernards, Russian wolfhounds, badger dogs, collies, shepherd dogs, Airedales, bull terriers, fox terriers, Irish terriers, Scottish terriers, miscellaneous, member, Boy Scout, and local classes. Unclassified specials, Mrs. O. Cedar, Robert Vagt, Charles Trayford.

Time your shave

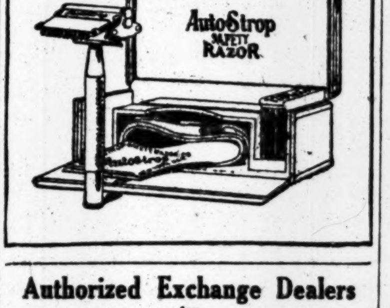
Does it require fifteen minutes or—three?

THE AutoStrop Razor strops, shaves, and cleans without removing a single part.

Think what this means! A blade that is always ready—stropped automatically in a few seconds—then a cool, clean shave such as only a freshly stropped blade can give.

Finally the razor is rinsed off and wiped dry without a part removed. That's razor efficiency—saving blades, saving time, and making the shave a pleasure.

Auto-Strop Razor
sharpens itself



Authorized Exchange Dealers
for
NEW & USED
BUICKS
Glidden Motor and Supply Co.,
239 West 58th St.

CHAMPIONS IN A. A. U. GAMES

Ryan to Represent Loughlin Lyceum Kolehmainen Will Try Comeback.

The Senior Metropolitan Champions Committee, which has charge of the annual championship games to be held on Saturday next at Pershing Field, Jersey City, met last night to pass upon all entries for the various events. The committee received a surprise in the shape of an entry from Pat Ryan, world's record holder in the 16-pound shot and 56-pound weight events, as a representative of the Loughlin Lyceum of Brooklyn. The recent affiliation of other weight throwers with the New York A. C. led to the belief that Ryan would also cast his lot with the Winged Foot organization.

Ryan has been out of competition for almost two years. He was inducted into the army and spent some time in France, but he did not compete in the Inter-Allied games, the committee crossing off the weight events through fear that some of the spectators might be seriously injured. However, Ryan has not been inactive since last showing his skill in field meets of the Metropolitan District. Before returning from abroad he gave special exhibitions in France and in Ireland.

The announcement from Hannes Kolehmainen that he was prepared to attempt a comeback on Saturday also proved something of a surprise. Kolehmainen sent in his entry for the five-mile championship run, but made it as an unattached athlete. Such entries are not accepted for the championships and a communication was sent to Kolehmainen that he would be eligible to compete only as the representative of some recognized club.

The same is true for William Krapowitz, veteran hammer thrower. He was a member of the Irish American A. C. up to three years ago, and if he competes as a representative of some club his entry will be accepted.

The New York A. C. leads the entry list with 70 of the total of 212 entries. The Knights of St. Anthony are second with 20 entries, while Morningside A. C., Glencoe A. C., Brooklyn A. A., and Pastime A. C., are all represented by large numbers of athletes

M. BOUISSEN ASKS RIDER'S CERTIFICATE

Member of French High Commission Applies for Gentleman Jockey's License.

Charles B. Bouissen, one of the French High Commission to America and a resident of New York and Washington during the war, has made application to the National Steeplechase and Hunt Association for a certificate as a gentleman rider. He is a well-known amateur jockey in France, where he has maintained a stable of 'cross country performers. M. Bouissen proposes to bring over several jumpers and to obtain others in this country, and, after being licensed, he intends to ride at the Autumn meetings about New York and Philadelphia.

The Piping Rock Club is alone undecided about its meeting for the Autumn, and the plans will be decided, it is thought, when the members talk the matter over at Saratoga. The United Hunts Association has claimed Aug. 30 and Sept. 6 for its Fall meeting at Belmont Terminal. Both are Saturdays, the former being the last day of the Saratoga meeting. Sept. 6, in order to avoid conflict with the races at Belmont Park, the United Hunts races will begin at 11 A. M., so that those who attend may have luncheon after the sport at the Turf and Field Club and spend the afternoon at Belmont Park.

This arrangement was followed some twelve years ago on a Decoration Day and it worked out very well. It was a rainy, disagreeable day, yet there was the largest attendance on the books for the United Hunts fixture, as the regular race-goers came down early to enjoy the sport under amateur auspices as an appetizer for the more important racing in the afternoon at Belmont Park.

Program booklets for the United Hunts meeting have been issued. On Aug. 30 the card will be made up of the Manhasset, a $600 purse for maiden two-year-olds; the Freeport Steeplechase, purse $700, about two miles, for maiden three-year-olds and upward; the Hillside, purse $600, for three-year-olds and upward, about six furlongs; the United Hunts Double Event Steeplechase, about three miles, value $2,000; the Terminal Handicap, gentlemen riders, purse $600, about one mile and a quarter, on the flat, and the Nassau Selling Steeplechase, purse $700, about two miles.

On Sept. 6 two-year-olds will again open the day's card in the Hollis, a $600 purse, and, as in the Manhasset, at about six furlongs. Next will be the Trial Steeplechase, for three-year-olds, purse $700, about two miles; the Mineola Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, about one mile, for a $600 purse; the Queens County Steeplechase handicap, purse $1,500, about two miles and a half; the Stayers Handicap, for gentlemen riders, purse $600, about one mile and a half, on the flat, and the Lynbrook Selling Steeplechase, purse $700, about two miles.

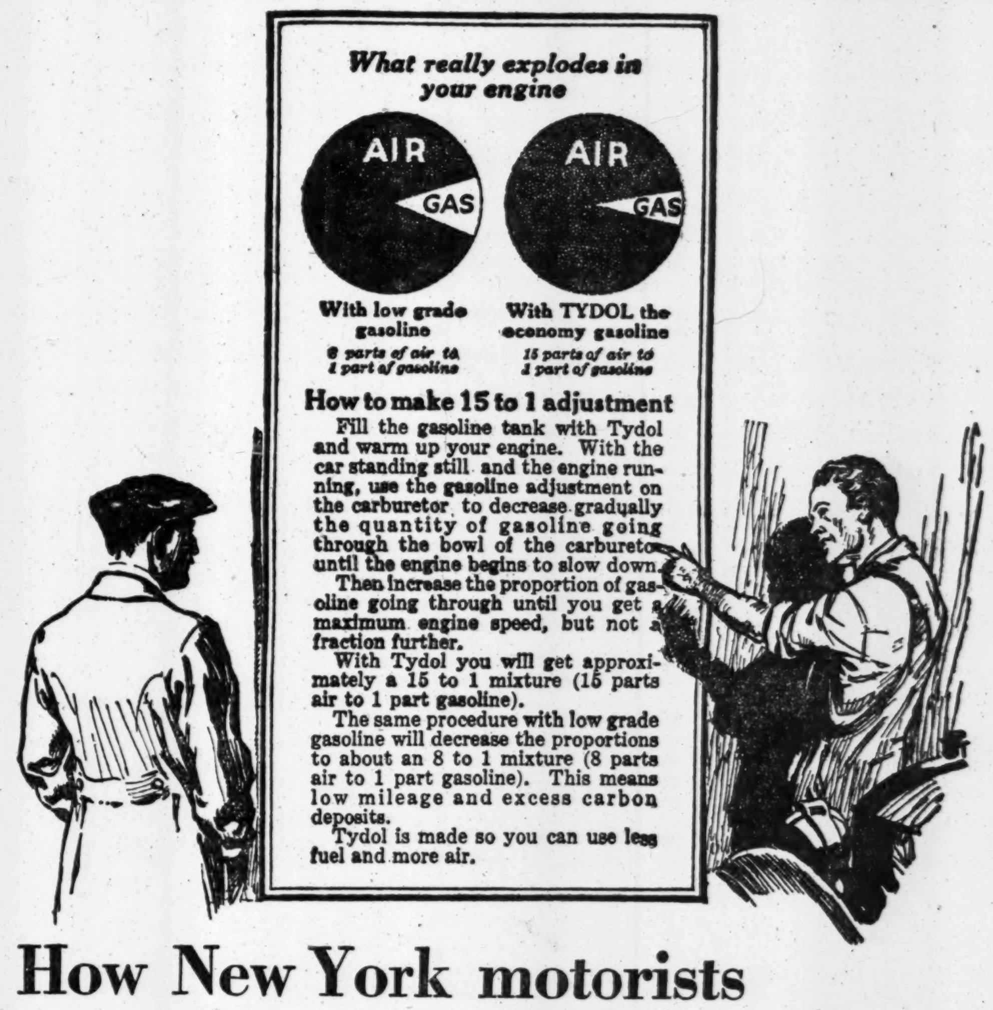
All entries for the United Hunts close on Aug. 20, with George W. Gall, clerk of the course, 18 East Forty-first Street. The remaining meetings sanctioned by the National Steeplechase and Hunt Association are on Saturday, Sept. 27, at Joseph E. Widener's Lynnewood Park, Elkins Park, Penn.; the initial venture of Ralph Beaver Strausberger, on his estate at Gwynnedd, Penn., on Saturday, Oct. 4; Huntingdon Valley Hunt Club, E. E. Marshal, Chairman, Willow Grove, Penn., on Saturday, Oct. 18, and at the oldest fox hunting club in America, the Rose Tree, on Wednesday, Oct. 22, and Saturday, Oct. 25, at Media, Penn.

Purses at all these meetings will have a minimum value of $600. A number of meetings are in contemplation, including one at George D. Widener's Erdenheim Farm, which are expected to fill in the few vacant dates and make the Autumn events of weekly occurrence.

WILL DEFEND ROQUE TITLE.

Williams of Washington, National Champion, to Play at Norwich.

NORWICH, Conn., Aug. 18.—C. G. Williams of Washington, twice national roque champion, has notified the committee that he will defend his title at the national roque tournament opening here Aug. 19. The prospects are that there will be more entrants than for the past three tournaments. Philadelphia will again ask for the fixture, because so many players come from the Middle West, where the game is more generally played competitively than in New England.



What really explodes in your engine

With low grade gasoline
8 parts of air to 1 part of gasoline

With TYDOL the economy gasoline
15 parts of air to 1 part of gasoline

How to make 15 to 1 adjustment

Fill the gasoline tank with Tydol and warm up your engine. With the car standing still and the engine running, use the gasoline adjustment on the carburetor to decrease gradually the quantity of gasoline going through the bowl of the carburetor until the engine begins to slow down.

Then increase the proportion of gasoline going through until you get a maximum engine speed, but not a fraction further.

With Tydol you will get approximately a 15 to 1 mixture (15 parts air to 1 part gasoline).

The same procedure with low grade gasoline will decrease the proportions to about an 8 to 1 mixture (8 parts air to 1 part gasoline). This means low mileage and excess carbon deposits.

Tydol is made so you can use less fuel and more air.

How New York motorists can save gasoline expense

Why 15 to 1 is the real efficiency mixture—what it means to you

FIFTEEN parts of air to one part of gasoline. That's the most efficient mixture for every automobile. The February, 1917, Bulletin of the Society of Automotive Engineers shows that 15 parts of air to 1 of gasoline is scientifically correct for all loads and all speeds.

Most motorists today are using a far richer mixture than 15 to 1. They are wasting money on gasoline. That's largely because low-grade, sluggish gasoline cannot give good results at 15 to 1.

Why low-grade or sluggish gasoline wastes fuel

Sluggish gasoline vaporizes slowly. There are three kinds of sluggish gasoline on the market.

(1) Common, low-grade gasoline of 52° to 56° gravity.
(2) Low-grade gasoline or kerosene, blended with very light casing-head gasoline to improve quality.
(3) Gasoline mixed with kerosene.

A large percentage of such gasoline *never* becomes vapor at all. That unvaporized gasoline cannot explode and cannot help drive your engine. It is waste fuel. To produce even fair results, sluggish gasoline requires a "rich" wasteful mixture.

Unvaporized fuel means low-gasoline mileage and wasted money. It also means excess carbon, sticky piston rings, gummed-up valves and diluted lubricating oil. It is the principal cause of a sluggish engine.

The Economy Gasoline—uses 15 to 1 mixture

Tydol, the Economy Gasoline, *vaporizes fast.* It is made to give best results in a 15 to 1 mixture of air and fuel. That means maximum power and mileage and easy starting.

Tydol burns up clean and reduces carbon. Thus it eliminates many engine troubles.

How motorists can save gasoline

The chart above shows how Tydol saves fuel.

With Tydol, and a proper adjustment of your carburetor, you will use less fuel and more air than with low-grade gasoline. That's why Tydol saves the average motorist real money on gasoline bills.

And yet Tydol sells at the same price as sluggish gasoline.

Where you can buy Tydol

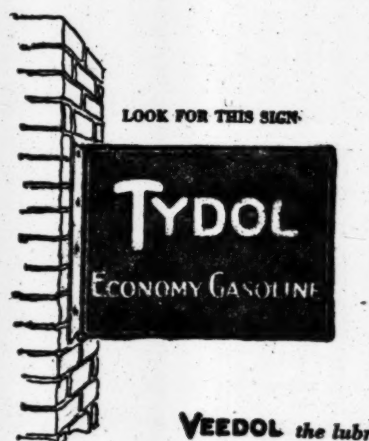
Tydol is sold by progressive, high-grade garages and filling stations.

Try Tydol in your car today. You will save money and get more power.

Look for the orange and black sign.

TIDE WATER OIL COMPANY
11 Broadway, New York
Telephone, Bowling Green 8000

LOOK FOR THIS SIGN



VEEDOL *the lubricant that resists heat, prevents the rapid formation of sediment in your oil and minimizes friction and wear.*

90% of engine troubles are due to inferior oils. Veedol prevents these troubles. Have the old oil cleaned out of your crankcase and fill it with Veedol. Sold by reliable dealers everywhere.

PERSHING HONORED BY ITALY'S KING

Decorated With the Grand Cross of the Military Order of Savoy.

IN ROME FOR THREE DAYS

Decorates Prominent Italians and Reviews Troops—Enthusiastic Over the Bersaglieri.

ROME, Aug. 18.—General John J. Pershing, the American Commander-in-Chief, and his party, arrived here this morning, ready to begin his visit of three days. The program arranged for him includes many functions and a visit to Italian battlefields.

General Pershing was greeted at the station by Peter Augustus Jay, the American Chargé d'Affaires, Italian officers representing King Victor Emmanuel and Lieut. Gen. Albricci, the War Minister.

After introductions General Pershing inspected the guard of honor which was drawn up in the station square, consisting of a company of infantry. General Pershing complimented the commander of the guard on the fine appearance of the men. He was then conducted to a waiting automobile in which he and his staff were driven to the Piazza del l'Independenza, where he was presented to the King. Heartiest greetings were exchanged.

King Victor Emmanuel conferred on General Pershing the Grand Cross of the Military Order of Savoy, the highest Italian military honor. The only other men to receive this decoration have been Marshal Foch, Field Marshal Haig, General Diaz and General Cadorna.

The reception of General Pershing was a most brilliant one. The intertwined American and Italian flags and the gorgeous trappings of the Royal Life Guards lent color to the occasion.

Following the reception King Victor Emanuel and General Pershing mounted chargers and, preceded by Life Guards, rode to the Vaco drill grounds, followed by their staffs and the heads of the allied mission. Meantime airplanes and dirigibles flew overhead.

Troops representing all arms of the Italian service were drawn up in the grounds. The King and General Pershing inspected all the troops and then returned to the royal pavilion in the centre, where the Italian officers to receive decorations were lined up. General Pershing then pinned distinguished service medals on War Minister Albricci, Adolfo Apolloni, Mayor of Rome, and the others.

The troops, which numbered about 10,000, were drawn from units which had distinguished themselves in service. Several of the battle flags bore the gold medal for valor of the Italian Army, of which only sixty-five were bestowed during the war.

General Pershing appeared enthusiastic when the Bersaglieri marched past always at double time, their band taking up a position at the right and then following the unit outside the reviewing area. The flowing plumes of the soldiers gave a picturesque touch to the scene as they passed the American Commander-in-Chief, giving the salute.

General Diaz and General Albricci accompanied the King and General Pershing in making the inspection of the troops. After the review General Pershing was the guest of honor at a luncheon given by the King at the Quirinal at which were present the members of General Pershing's staff, the heads of the Italian military and naval organizations and the heads of the allied missions to Italy.

General Pershing was received this afternoon by Mayor Apolloni at the historic Capitoline Hill. He visited the Pantheon, where he placed wreaths upon the tombs of the late Kings Victor Emmanuel and Humbert. General Pershing then viewed the Roman Forum, the Coliseum and St. Peter's.

ONLY A ONE-MAN MUTINY.

Coal Passer's Threat Caused Colon's Wireless Call for Police.

Reports received on Sunday of a mutiny among the crew of the Panama Railroad Line's steamer Colon proved to be unfounded when the vessel docked here yesterday. Captain Hudgins said he had sent a wireless message for police aid because of trouble with an Argentinian coal passer who had threatened to kill him. The man, Pedro Gomez, was taken from the ship's brig, where he has been for five days, to the office of United States Shipping Commissioner Patrick H. Quinn for further disposition.

When the ship arrived at Quarantine, officers of the Naval Intelligence Bureau went aboard and arrested J. W. Hanley who they said was a Chief Petty Officer and Pay Clerk on the cruiser Cleveland now at Cristobal. They charged that Hanley had fled with $3,800 of the payroll of the cruiser, of which about $2,000 they said was found upon him. The prisoner was taken to the naval base in South Brooklyn.

SAYS BROKERS PUT UP HIDES

Witness Holds They Enhance Market Prices—Shoes to be Higher.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—Speculation in hides by a group of New York brokers has tended to enhance the market price materially, according to a witness who testified today at the Grand Jury investigation of the high cost of shoes.

District Attorney Pelletier questioned James H. Stone, editor of the New England Shoe Retailer; James F. McElwain, of W. H. McElwain & Co., shoe manufacturers; Charles H. Jones, a shoe manufacturer, and J. W. Smith, Manager of the Tanners' Council.

Economic conditions entered largely into the present high price of shoes, one witness said. The advance to the consumer next Spring will be $2 or $3 a pair, he thought. A staple shoe of one manufacturer which before the war cost him $3.30 now is listed at $9.35 at the factory and profit is necessarily charged on the latter basis, it was said. The average profit of the shoe retailer he placed at 5 to 7 per cent. net and to the manufacturer 2 to 3 per cent. net.

Witnesses agreed, the District Attorney said, that the packers did not control the price of hides, but they believed them an important factor in the market.

Possible relief from the shortage of hides was seen by one witness in increased shipping which would permit more of the raw material being brought from foreign markets. Normally, he said, 20,000,000 goat skins were imported annually from India, but none had been received since the war, indicating an accumulation in that country which could be used to relieve the shortage here, with a consequent decided drop in price.

FRANCE LOST 173 BRIDGES.

Those on Somme to be Rebuilt First and Canal Cleared.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—According to a report made public today, 173 French bridges were destroyed during the war. The Somme bridges will be the first to be restored, and five of these have already been completed.

Clearing of the Somme Canal and other waterways to permit navigation has been begun, and eighty-seven wrecked bridges thus far have been removed from the streams. It is expected wrecked bridges thus far have been resumed throughout the whole length of the Somme Canal.

GERMANS SACK LITHUANIA.

Strip Country of Everything of Value—Desecrate the Dead.

That the Germans, in the course of their evacuation of Lithuania, are carrying out with characteristic thoroughness a methodical plan for stripping that country of everything of value, is the assertion of Thomas Nareuchevitch, a well-known engineer and member of the Lithuanian delegation to the Peace Conference, who has just returned from a tour of Lithuania, in the course of which he went from town to town to obtain first-hand verification of the reports of German looting.

Mr. Nareuchevitch says:

"I am telling only what I saw. The things I heard from others were just as bad and were truthful, I know, but the world always listens best to an eyewitness, and this is a devastation and a horror that the world should realize and not forget.

"The German army was allowed to stay in Lithuania after the armistice. They were supposed to keep order. Instead, they have made disorder and tried in every way to retard Lithuanian reorganization. But that mistake was nothing to the error of letting them stay in Lithuania throughout the Summer. They are supposed to leave before Autumn, but Autumn will be too late. Meanwhile they use the pretext of evacuation to get their stolen goods out of the country.

"The towns, the houses, the farms which the Germans leave are stripped. They take the metal door knobs, the glass from the windows, the furniture, the bed coverings and the beds, the horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, the knives and forks, the machinery and sawed lumber from the sawmills, the motors, wires, all metals whatsoever, the fruits and the grains of the fields.

"They not only take from the living the means of existence but they rob the dead.

"There is an ancient monastery of the Capuchins five kilometers from Kovno. I went there to verify what others told me.

"The dead had been buried in heavy coffins on which there was much metal. The plates had been torn from the coffins. That was bad enough, but the sacrilege was made complete. The coffins were opened. The dead were thrown out. The ornaments buried with them were taken. Then the bodies were heaped on the floor in a single room. There I saw them."

START WAR ON CIGARETTE.

League Organized in Chicago and Hopes for 10,000,000 Members.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—The Anti-Cigarette League of the World was launched tonight at a meeting in the Woman's Temple, in which Lucy Page Gaston took a leading part.

"The presidency of the new organization is to be offered to a man of national fame who has been interested in the movement," said Miss Gaston tonight. "We are to get in touch with leaders of other lands and branch out into world work. We plan to get 10,000,000 members in the United States."

CHRISTOPHER BEST SHOT.

Leads New Jersey Soldiers in State Qualification Practice.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Aug. 18.—A total of seventy-two members of the New Jersey State Militia and National Guard shooters in their annual qualification practice on the State rifle ranges here.

Lieutenant Wrightson Christopher leads the list with a total score of 279. State Treasurer William T. Read of Camden, who is a Colonel and Assistant Inspector General of Rifle Practice, is second, with a score of 277.

Brig. Gen. Bird W. Spencer, Inspector General of Rifle Practice for New Jersey, is fourth, with a score of 274, trailing Captain Morton W. Huttenloch of Montclair, commanding the machine-gun company of the new Sixth Infantry, for third place, by a single point.

ITALIAN RIGHTS IN SMYRNA.

Greece Concedes Port Privileges and the Meander River Valley.

ROME, Aug. 18.—The agreement reached between Italy and Greece concerning their interests in Asia Minor, according to comments by newspapers here today, provides that Italy shall have the valley of the Meander River, and a free belt in the port of Smyrna.

Silk Workers' Strike About Over.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 18.—The strike of the silk workers is practically over today. Nearly all of the mills have granted the forty-four-hour week for which the men struck, and 25,000 are now back at work. In the dyers' strike there are signs of a break, and it is probable that the men will go back to the forty-eight-hour week until Oct. 10, the date agreed upon for the inauguration of the forty-four-hour week. The bosses have refused to grant the shorter week before that time.

SHOPMEN'S STRIKE ENDS.

New Haven Resumes Normal Schedules Tomorrow.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The United States Railroad Administration announced tonight that the strike of railroad shopmen which had added to the unrest in the nation, caused by the high living costs, had come to an end. A brief formal announcement read:

"The unauthorized strike of railroad shopmen came to an end today, according to reports received by the Railroad Administration from the railroad operating officials.

"Information to the same effect was conveyed to the Railroad Administration by the representatives of the Railroad Employes' Department of the American Federation of Labor, headed by B. M. Jewell, acting President, and as a result conferences between representatives of the Railroad Administration and representatives of the shop crafts on wages and rules and working conditions for shopmen were resumed today."

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 18.—With the strike of shopmen and mechanics ended, the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad tonight announced the restoration of forty-eight trains, effective at 1 o'clock tomorrow morning, in addition to a score of trains put back today. The notice said that normal passenger train schedules and Pullman equipment will be resumed on Wednesday, except for the Knickerbocker and Merchants' Limited trains, which will be restored on Thursday.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 18.—A suit asking $900,000 damages was filed at 4 o'clock this afternoon by the receivers of the Pittsburgh Railways Company against the local division of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, alleging breach of contract by 3,000 striking motormen and conductors.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Aug. 18.—Industrial labor conditions here were nearer normal today than in many months. The Bryant Electric Company's employes were back at work. The only strikes now in force are those at the Remington-Yost plant and at the Columbia Graphophone Company.

Refreshing

Any hot day.
Any Liggett Soda Fountain.
Lemonade or Orangeade made from the juice of the fresh sound ripe fruit in a tall glass filled with clean sparkling ice and sweetened to your taste.

Rexall Stores
Liggett's THE SAFE DRUG STORES

AUCTION SALE!

150,000 Packing Boxes

There Will Also Be Offered For Sale At Fixed Prices The Following
Machine Shop Equipment Contractors' Supplies and Caterpillar Tractors

at Park Plant of
Bartlett Hayward Company
Columbia Ave. at B. & O. R. R.
BALTIMORE, MD.

Beginning Thursday, August 21, 1919, at 10.30 A. M. and Continuing Until Sold.

The Packing Boxes
are in various sizes and in excellent condition. They are strongly built, some of them tin lined and some lined with zinc and with air-tight lids, making them suitable for packing goods that require hermetic sealing.

The Machine Shop Equipment
is a general variety of machine tools, including lathes, shapers, milling machines and miscellaneous machine shop equipment. Also high-speed steel, tool steel, merchant bars, brass scrap, crucibles, etc.

The Contractors' Supplies
include quantities of cast iron pipe, black pipe, galvanized pipe, brass valves, iron valves, terra cotta sewer pipe, wood pipe, reinforcing bars, reinforcing mesh, metal lath, wire glass, hollow tile fire brick, etc., and—

Five 40-H. P. Caterpillar Tractors!!

All of the above has been declared surplus by the
Ordnance Dept. of U.S. Army
and will be sold by the
Baltimore Salvage Board
Inquiries by Mail Accorded Attention

Packard Responsibility Insures Low Truck Transportation Cost

The Packard Company Stands Squarely For Final Economy —That It Is to Your Advantage to Pay An Increased Initial Charge of Half a Cent a Mile When It Decreases Your Transportation Cost Two to Five Cents a Mile

YOU often hear men say that the motor truck so-and-so built in a certain year was better than his trucks built in other years.

No change in design perhaps, but there was a let-down somewhere.

That is what comes of building a truck to meet a price and not to deliver a definite service.

* * *

Among builders of motor trucks the temptation during the months to come will be to offset increasing labor costs by paring down on materials. There are two or three reasons why this is so, peculiar to the motor truck business.

First the manufacturing practice of the greater number of makers of trucks, really assemblers, of buying their parts of other manufacturers, leaves them no alternative other than to accept a higher price or poorer parts.

Second the selling practice of allowing an excessive used value on trucks they wish to replace, thereby indirectly cutting their price, almost forces them to make up the difference by skimping materials.

Skimping material may keep down initial investment, but it raises transportation costs, increasingly during the years the truck is in use.

As the Packard people see it, the Packard truck built this year will still be giving service in 1930, perhaps in 1935.

Being sellers of transportation it is their business to so build their truck that it will deliver efficient and low cost transportation five or ten years hence.

With this very definite task in mind there is only one thing to do.

See to it that every quality that will insure low cost transportation be kept in Packard trucks regardless of the necessary cost.

* * *

Never before in the history of the motor truck in this country was it so necessary to talk to transportation experts as now, when it is getting to be more and more difficult to recognize real value.

Talk to men who know transportation and can back their knowledge with indisputable facts.

Packard Trucks Are Now Available For Immediate Delivery

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY *of* NEW YORK
Broadway at 61st Street

Brooklyn: Flatbush and 8th Avenues
Long Island City: Queens Boulevard at Hill St.
White Plains: Mamaroneck at Martine Avenue
Poughkeepsie: 239 Main Street

Newark: Broad Street at Kinney
Jersey City: Boulevard at Carlton Avenue
Plainfield: 628 Park Avenue
Paterson: 489 Broadway
Hartford: Washington Street at Park

New Haven: 204 York Street
New London: 391 William Street
Springfield: 832-34 State Street
Pittsfield: 121 West Street

GOOD ROADS REDUCE TRANSPORTATION COSTS—The products of farm and factory can be moved more cheaply along good roads. Buy road bonds and help bring down the cost of living.

Are You Supporting a Horse?

SOME men still have the idea that the horse is the most economical method of transportation for *their* Particular business. Other men just naturally cling to the old horse because they are used to him.

Both are *supporting horses,* whereas they are in need of a motor delivery method that will support *them.*

Hardly a day passes without our getting in touch with at least one of these men. And hardly a week passes without one of them installing a Republic Truck.

Yet we exercise no magical selling ideas. Just ordinary common sense applied to the item of transportation—definite information derived from the performance records of over 60,000 Republic Trucks.

We will be glad to study your delivery problem. No obligation for our service.

Republic Trucks
The "Yellow Chassis" Trucks That Serve So Well.
W. J. B. Motor Truck Co., Inc.
New York—1832 Broadway—Phone Col. 6346
Newark, N. J.—291-293 Halsey St.—Phone Market 8964

VERDUN STRIPPED WHEN FOE STRUCK

Practically Defenseless When Drive of 1916 Opened—Story at Last Told.

FORTS WERE NOT LINKED UP

Besides, They Had Been Dismantled, and Douaumont Fell Without Firing a Shot.

PETAIN'S MARVELOUS WORK

He Organized Defense System in Face of the Most Ferocious Attack of the War.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 17.—The battle for Verdun dwarfed all other struggles of the war in duration, ferocity and bloodshed. For four and a half months it monopolized the attention and energies of the French and German armies. Nearly every division of the two adversaries passed through the Verdun furnace. According to official estimates given THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent the German casualties—killed, wounded and missing—were 600,000, and those of the French, who fought the battle unaided, were upwards of 450,000.

The name of Verdun already stands and will stand in history as the symbol of the supreme class of conflict, in that the result of the battle was virtually decided at the outset. The week from Feb. 21 to 28 witnessed the whirlwind German assault, the French collapse, and the magnificent rally which nailed the enemy in his tracks at the gates of the fortress, against which all his subsequent efforts were doomed to failure, or, at the best, to local success without a morrow of victory.

Now that peace is signed, it is permitted to tell the full story of that terrific week, of the circumstances that made possible the victorious German advance, and of their consequences, both military and political.

To begin with the facts of the situation: By an order of General Joffre, dated Aug. 3, 1915, the term "fortress," as applied to Verdun, Toul, Epinal, &c., was replaced by that of "fortified region," which included the surrounding area. This measure was taken in view of the success of the German heavy artillery against the forts at Liège, Namur, and Antwerp, and by taking it Joffre hoped to supplement and cover the forts by the establishment of defensive organizations of trenches, barbed-wire entanglements, &c. The commander of a fortified region was thus required not merely to support a siege, as had been the case with a fortress, but also to conduct operations in the surrounding country.

Herr Placed in Command.

In August, 1915, General Herr received command of the Verdun region, which at that time was included in the territory of the Eastern group of armies commanded by General Dubail. In the middle of December of the same year Verdun was transferred to the central group of armies commanded by de Langle de Cary. It is thus evident that General Herr was directly responsible for the state of the defenses, and that this responsibility was shared by Dubail, whose position was clearly that of Inspector General of the armies under his command, independent of all authority save that of Joffre himself. Dubail held this post in respect to the Verdun region for the four and a half months during which its defensive organization ought to have been carried out, his responsibility was much greater than de Langle de Cary's, who had been in command barely two months before the German attack—a period sufficient for the completion of the defenses but not for the preparation of the defense scheme and the decision as to what men and material were needed to execute it. Dubail was there to see that he did so and to transmit to headquarters details of Herr's requirements if they had not been satisfied and to emphasize their importance.

Did Herr realize what he needed, and ask for it? Did Dubail support his requests at headquarters, and did headquarters fail to respond? The two latter queries will be dealt with later; but, so far as Herr is concerned, it may be mentioned now that Petain, who replaced him as commander of Verdun Feb. 26, declared after an inquiry that he was in no wise to blame for the inadequacy of the defenses.

The damning fact remains that when the Crown Prince launched his great offensive on Feb. 21 Verdun, one of the most important positions in France, was practically defenseless. Petain's inquiry revealed the fact that such outlying defenses as there were consisted of fortified villages and strong points here and there which had never been linked up in a general scheme of defense. Continuous lines of trenches were lacking, so were communication trenches and barbed-wire entanglements. Natural obstacles—marshes, streams and ravines—were not utilized. The enemy was thus able to turn fortified points by passing between them. Not only communication trenches, but even telephone communication between the different fortified points was nonexistant, and there was nothing more than the beginnings of telephonic communication with the rear.

Forts Totally Dismantled.

As for the forts themselves, their condition staggered the imagination. They had been totally dismantled and stripped of cannon, machine guns, men, and supplies. Their flanking batteries and the spaces between them had vanished. For all defensive purposes they were worse than useless, for they provided excellent protection for the enemy, in which the case ow Douaumont he was not slow to avail himself.

On Feb. 24 THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, following authoritative information, telegraphed from Paris:

"To advance from the neighborhood of Samogneux the Germans must pass along a sort of open corridor on the Meuse Heights, which is swept by the guns of the tremendous Fort Douaumont." It actually happened that on that day a squad of a dozen soldiers of a Brandenburg regiment came upon a grating over a hole in the ground on the crest of Douaumont Hill. It was the entrance to the fortress. The Sergeant commanding the Brandenburgers pushed it open and they walked in unopposed. Thus fell the "tremendous Fort Douaumont," without a shot fired or a blow struck. And, if the Germans had only known it, the other forts—Vaux, Souville, and the rest—were in the same condition.

The full drive of the German shock troops, accompanied by a deluge of shell fire, fell Feb. 21 on the French territorials commanded by General Bapst, holding the line between Ornes and Samogneux. With fragmentary defenses, inadequate artillery, and machine gun posts often established without cover in open fields, the defenders could not withstand the shock, and Bapst, hoping to re-form them further back, evacuated the Ornes-Samogneux line without orders to do so.

The Germans drove through the gap thus formed, and, despite the gallant attempt at resistance by the chasseurs of Colonel Driant, pushed rapidly through woods almost devoid of defensive organizations. By the morning of the 24th they were approaching the Heights of Douaumont, where an Algerian division, under command of General Bonneval, had been placed in the hope of checking their advance. The casemates and cupolas of the fort, which in default of artillery might have provided invaluable cover for men and machine guns, were empty, and the Algerians had no time to dig shelters or trenches on the exposed hillside. The enemy had brought up 6-inch batteries on tractors, and before their thunder of steel and flame the Algerians broke and fled. Vainly Bonneval tried to rally them. Mortal nerves could not bear the ordeal, and Douaumont was left like a ripened fruit for the enemy to pluck.

Bonneval was subsequently called to account by Pétain; but, severe disciplinarian as the latter is, inquiry convinced him that there was no case for a court-martial, and, as he had Herr, he exonerated Bonneval.

Dismayed by German Gains.

Meanwhile headquarters had been in close touch with events at Verdun, and on the 22d or 23d Joffre ordered the famous 20th Corps, then resting in its home region of Nancy, to proceed to Verdun with all speed. But Douaumont and French positions to the north had already fallen on the 25th, and to the unfortunate General Herr the situation seemed desperate. His alarm was shared by his chief, de Langle de Cary, who on the evening of the 24th, from his group headquarters at Avize, transmitted an exceedingly pessimistic report to Chantilly.

According to his custom, Joffre had retired early, leaving in charge Castelnau, who had been attached to headquarters as Major General since the previous December. The latter considered matters so serious that he went to see Joffre about 12 o'clock, but the Generalissimo's orderly officer insisted so strongly on his chief's positive orders that his rest be unbroken that Castelnau withdrew. A few minutes later, however, arrived another message from de Langle de Cary to the effect that the only chance of avoiding a terrible disaster was the immediate evacuation of the right bank of the Meuse and the abandonment of Verdun to the enemy.

This time Castelnau hesitated no longer, but made his way straight to Joffre. The Generalissimo took an immediate and vigorous decision. Castelnau should go to Verdun at once with full powers to act as he thought fit and peremptory instructions to Herr to hold on desperately until re-enforcements arrived. On his way Castelnau paused at Avize for a brief word of encouragement to de Langle de Cary and to telephone Herr that unless he stood fast at all costs the consequences to him personally would be most serious. Then he dashed on to Verdun along the famous "Sacred Way," as it was afterward called, swept by German shellfire and well-nigh blocked by the confused mass of army camions, supply wagons, ambulances, wobegone civil refugees, and "walking wounded."

Balfourier's Check to Germans.

Castelnau reached Verdun on the morning of Feb. 25, and with characteristic vigor set himself to bring order out of chaos. His first act was to telegraph Pétain, then far behind the line with his staff, to rush to Verdun at full speed to command the defenses. His second was to take measures to check the German advance without delay. The 20th Corps arrived on the 25th, and its units were rushed to the front without wasting a moment. Castelnau instructed its commander, Balfourier, to counterattack in the region of Douaumont with every ounce of strength he could muster.

Balfourier executed his orders. Before Pétain arrived that night the enemy had been hurled back in full career, and, although the Germans still held the underground fortress, the victorious French were occupying the vitally important slopes almost above their heads. Disaster was avoided, and Herr's beaten army was galvanized to new resistance.

It was fortunate for France that Pétain with his staff was thus available. He had been appointed by Joffre to command the Second Army when in June its leader, Castelnau, was put in command of the central group, prior to his appointment as Major General. Under Castelnau Pétain had taken part in the Champagne offensive of September, 1915. Although that offensive had failed to rupture the German front, the Second Army had brilliantly distinguished itself and its leader. During the Winter the divisions forming this army were resting, and Pétain with his staff was unemployed. When he took command at Verdun the forces there became known as the Second Army, assuming the number of their new chief.

Petain's Marvelous Achievement.

A less energetic soldier than Pétain might well have been appalled by the task before him. It took him a very short time to discover the deplorable state of the "fortified region." He was forced not only to fight off the Germans, spurred to new determination by their check at Douaumont, but also to reorganize the transport of supplies along the narrow channel that was alone available and—no less important—to bring into a posture of utility and carry out a comprehensive scheme of defense works. This is a matter of history. We know how Pétain's "They shall not pass!" fired the defenders to such a frenzy of resistance that a surgeon told THE TIMES correspondent that the wounded fought till they dropped, as if not knowing that they had been hit, and when brought into the operating station were in such a condition of hysterical auto-suggestion as to bear amputations apparently without pain when chloroform ran short. The world knows, too, how well he maintained transportation by camions along the Sacred Way, with a worker and a stone heap every yard, to fill immediately the holes torn by the ceaseless rain of shells.

Reynald's heroism at Fort Vaux and the equally desperate defense later of Fort Souville prove that the forts were enabled to play their proper part. It is perhaps less generally known that during March and April, in the full fury of a battle without precedent, four successive positions of defense were organized before Verdun on both banks of the Meuse. Trenches, shelters and boyaux were dug, posts constructed, battery emplacements prepared, barbed wire entanglements laid down by the square mile, and a complete system of telephonic communications installed.

Like Nehemiah's soldiers of old, the men of the Second Army worked with tools in one hand and weapons in the other. Always they were harassed by shell fire, constantly they must cease work to repel an assault heralded by terrible jets of liquid fire. Yet they never faltered; and when at the end of April Pétain was put in command of the central group of armies, in succession to de Langle de Cary, and resigned the command of the Second Army to Nivelle, Verdun was truly a fortified region at last. Germany had been within an ace of victory, but France had been saved by Castelnau and Pétain.

Where lay the blame for the initial disaster, and what were its consequences in Paris will be told in a subsequent dispatch.

Restrictions on Beer Output Removed in Britain

LONDON, Aug. 18, (Associated Press.)—All restrictions on the output of beer have been removed. The Government announced today that the act restricting the output will be repealed at the next session of Parliament. Meanwhile, the announcement says, its provisions will not be enforced.

PRINCE OF WALES SEES HALIFAX RUINS

Visits Area Destroyed in 1917 Explosion and is Shown City Being Rebuilt.

GETS CORDIAL WELCOME

While Strolling Privately in Park on Sunday Children Recognized Prince and Won Bet.

By DOUGLAS NEWTON.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special to The New York Times.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 18.—The Prince of Wales landed at Halifax this morning at the exact spot where his grandfather landed on July 30, 1860, and his father in 1901, and he stepped over the stone which marked the place. As he came to the quay the guns of the British, and French and Italian warships, which had come to Halifax to be present at his landing, fired the salute, and the echoes reverberated among the hills which surround the town until it was hard to tell which was gun and which was echo.

When the Prince landed this morning he was making his official entry. Yesterday he took the opportunity of a quiet day to land privately, and walk over the peninsula which cradles the town. He climbed the hill to where the massive citadel frowns above the houses, and he continued through the tree fringed streets, and walked right out to the toe of the peninsula to Park Pleasant, a place of great natural beauty.

Wins Bet on the Prince.

While walking in this park the Prince came upon a number of children who spotted the Prince before he saw them, and the liveliest and cheekiest cried:

"I bet you 10 cents that's the Prince."

"Naw, that ain't no Prince," said a skeptic.

Thereupon the plunger offered a further 10 cents that he would go up to the Prince and ask him.

He won the bet.

This pleasant walk taken with a camera, was not the only item in the Prince's free day. He received the officers of the French warships in the harbor, and also those of the Italian battleship Cavour, afterward inspecting this fine vessel.

It was for him a restful day before many busy ones.

As the Prince left the docks on landing at 10 o'clock this morning, he was driven along Water Street, from which the glory departed when the paint on the wooden houses which line it grew dingy. These frame houses are as pretty as toys, appropriately kept in appropriate surroundings, but they are indescribably drab and melancholy under neglect. The heart of the town, where he stopped to receive addresses, with its high and massive buildings of stone and brick, made vivid with a multitude of flags, had scarcely corrected the gray impression of the dockside, when he was whisked away into the area devastated by the terrible explosion in December, 1917.

The force of the explosion down by the waterside swept the rounded hill upon which Halifax is built, and the wooden houses went down like houses built of cards. What the explosion did not do the fire which followed accomplished, and today the Prince looked upon a hill set with scars. Across the harbor, on the Dartmouth side, he could see amid the trees the sprawled ugliness of ruin.

Having shown him this havoc in homes, Halifax then showed him itself rebuilt. He was taken up roads to the new houses that are building for the explosion victims. They are houses of wood planks or concrete blocks, with broad porches. There is a suggestion of the Garden City about the planning of this suburb, and perched on top of the hill overlooking the sparkling harbor the situation is charming.

While in this area the Prince alighted from his car, and went into one of the new, neat houses which are being built. In it was a bedridden English woman who had suffered grave injury in the explosion. The Prince saw her clean house, and spoke with her concerning her son, who is a sailor in the British Navy.

Having shown its darker side to the Prince, Halifax, like a clever host, proceeded to temper it with a surprising and delightful exposition of beauty. He was passed through the suburbs, where pretty houses stand on grass slopes, to the Waegwoltic Club, where he lunched.

While inspecting one of the military hospitals the Prince noticed that one man, who was in a tent in the grounds, had been left out of the general visit. He turned aside from his car and walked through the grounds to the bedridden man and spent a few minutes talking with him.

The Prince then went to the Government House and back to his ship.

Guns Announce Landing.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 18, (Associated Press.)—Welcomed by a royal salute from the citadel, the Prince of Wales, who arrived here yesterday from St. John, N. B., debarked from the battle cruiser Renown at 10 o'clock this morning to be formally received by a guard of honor from the Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery and escorted to the Provincial Building.

The booming of guns in the citadel informed the city that the Prince had come ashore. As he stepped off the marble slab which marked the landing of the late King Edward VII., the royal standard was broken out from the landing stage masthead and he was greeted by Premier Murray, Lieutenant Governor Grant, officials of the city and officers of the Italian and French warships.

The Prince, in his reply to addresses made in behalf of the provincial and Halifax Governments, referred to "the modest part which I was able to play in the great war."

"I can assure you that I value no part of that experience so highly as the close contact into which it brought me with the splendid troops of all ranks sent by the Dominions to France," he added.

In paying tribute to the services rendered by Nova Scotia, he recalled the part which the province had played in other historic struggles, asserting that "in the last five years the people of Nova Scotia have been called upon to play their part in a struggle of even greater magnitude in which the very existence of the British Empire was at stake." The Prince added that this service was "worthy of your past," and expressed his sympathy for the people of Halifax because of the loss of lives which followed the explosion of a munition ship in the city's harbor during the war.

Addresses from the Government of the province and from the City of Halifax were presented to the Prince at exercises in the Provincial Building. He made brief replies of acceptance, and then with his official party began a tour of the city.

The Prince called at the military hospitals and later inspected organizations of British veterans, the cadets and Boy Scouts, and presented fifty military medals, awarded for achievements in the world war.

Sir Robert Borden, Premier of Canada, who accompanied the Prince of Wales here from St. John, N. B., will be unable to participate in any functions until the party reaches Quebec, it was announced today. The Premier sprained his ankle so severely last night that he has been ordered by his physicians to spend several days in bed. He attempted to attend the reception to the Prince here this morning, but was forced to give up the effort.

To Spend Ten Days in United States

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Prince of Wales, it is understood here, will remain in the United States for ten days on his forthcoming visit.

American Founding Bolshevist Centres in Many Towns in South Germany

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—According to private reports accessible to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent the beautiful little town of Singen, near Lake Constance, has become the centre of a new Bolshevist or Communist movement financed with American money. The movement is inspired by a man whom the populaires have named "the Dollar Prophet." His real name is Deuz, and he arrived in Singen about six weeks ago, immediately starting an agitation for what he styled American communism.

Deuz, who seems to have lived in the gold mining districts and also in Chicago, proves an energetic and astute organizer, who has already established his movement in thirty Bavarian, Baden, and Württemberg towns. Money to him seems no object, for he is spending lavishly and has offered high salaries to a number of Berlin and other North German agitators to come south to join his movement.

His principles differ somewhat from European communism. Deuz is described as a very mysterious person who gives the impression he is spending his own money and not that of some other Americans, as he intimates.

DENIAL BY BRITISH OF DESIGN ON PERSIA

Under Secretary Harmsworth Says There Is No Idea of a Protectorate.

POLICY OF ASSISTANCE ONLY

Finds in Attitude of the Cabinet and Visit of the Shah Answer to Critics.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—Nothing in the nature of a protectorate over Persia is contemplated by the agreement between Great Britain and that country, according to Cecil B. Harmsworth, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, who addressed the House of Commons in replying to questions regarding the treaty.

"The policy of His Majesty's Government," Mr. Harmsworth said, "is to assist Persia to re-establish herself on a sound basis. There is not the slightest foundation for a suspicion that the Government proposed or that the Persian Government would have consented to create anything in the nature of a protectorate.

"The Persian Government turned to Great Britain as her most powerful friendly neighbor, and this Government would have departed from its traditional policy of warm interest in the Persian Government had it declined to respond to her appeal."

Mr. Harmsworth said the attitude of the Persian Cabinet and the impending visit of the Shah to England constituted a sufficient answer to all the insinuations.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—Prince Feisal, son of Hussein Ben Ali, King of the Hedjaz, will embark at Beirut today to come to Paris and resume his place at the head of the Arab delegation. The Prince is dissatisfied with the settlement of Syrian and Persian questions, according to the French press.

The aspirations of France in Syria are being discussed by French newspapers in connection with the Anglo-Persian agreement, which is the chief subject of discussion in Peace Conference circles. Generally, the agreement is looked upon as providing for a British protectorate in Persia.

Until the Persian treaty is ratified, delegates to the Peace Conference think it is improbable that it will come formally before the conference, although it is of first importance in the question of the dismemberment of Turkey. The situation regarding Turkey apparently is deadlocked until the United States decides whether it will accept a mandate for Armenia or elsewhere.

Several French newspapers, in discussing the departure of Prince Feisal for Paris, declare that France cannot deal with "British agents," but must press her claims to Syria before all the Allies.

EX-KAISER WON'T MOVE YET

Will Take Several Months to Get His New Home Ready.

AMERONGEN, Aug. 18, (Associated Press.)—It became definitely known today that former Emperor William of Germany has purchased the Doorn estate in the village of Doorn, near Ultrecht. The house will be immediately renovated and remodeled. This work will be likely to require several months' time, and meantime the former Emperor will remain lodged in the Bentinck Castle at Amerongen.

The occupants of the Bentinck Castle have been watching the newspapers and other sources of information closely the last week and are said to have given special attention to the statement of Secretary Lansing before the Senate commission on the trial of the former Emperor and somewhat similar statements in the English press.

Despite official announcements of the intention of the Allies to try the former Emperor, the general belief among the advisors of Herr Hohenzollern, it is said, is that the Allies will not make a serious attempt to bring him to trial.

CZARIST-JUNKER PLOT.

German Paper Says Officers of Old Regimes Faternized at Mitau.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—The Freiheit publishes a communication from a "military person just returned from Middle Courland," according to which the Russian Czarist and German Monarchist officers fraternized at a banquet on Aug. 14 at Mitau, swearing they would not rest until the Czardom and the German Empire were restored.

The Freiheit's informant says all high German military authorities were represented, and vowed they only supported the present German Government because it was easier to advance monarchical plans under this pretense. The same informant states that the all-Russian troops who were pledged to aid Denikin and Kolchak against Lenin had been entirely newly equipped from German military stores, payment for which was pocketed by the German officers.

HOHENZOLLERN REUNION.

Crown Princess Will Visit Kaiser and Her Husband in Holland.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 15.—The ex-Crown Princess of Germany is expected to stay a week in the Island of Wieringen, but will first visit the ex-Kaiser at Amerongen, says The Telegraph.

Wieringen is becoming more popular with sightseers, and the small mail boat often carries a hundred visitors daily, besides many who arrive in motorboats and launches.

AIR DERBY PLANNED ACROSS CONTINENT

Races from New York to San Francisco with Total Prizes of $100,000.

LEGS OF 250 MILES EACH

Captain Charles J. Glidden Says First Prize Will Be $20,000—Test of Different Machines.

Captain Charles J. Glidden, Chairman of the Aerial Touring Committee of the Aerial League of America, yesterday made public plans which have been completed for a transcontinental aerial Derby from New York to San Francisco for prizes aggregating more than $100,000. Captain Glidden, who is the donor of the Glidden Airplane Efficiency trophy, said that a first prize of $20,000 will be offered. The official announcement of the contest says in part:

"So as to test the efficiency of different types of airplanes for touring and everyday transportation, and create maximum public interest in the contest, the race may be in legs of 250 miles each, with a compulsory stop at the end of each leg. If this rule is adopted there may also be offered a $20,000 prize for a non-stop return race to be confined to the airplanes which can be proven theoretically to be capable of carrying the amount of gasoline required to cross the continent without stop, with 500 pounds of mail. This is to be decided by a committee of aeronautic experts who will consider the matter from a practical standpoint. This committee will also define the handicaps to be placed on different classes of planes.

"It has been proposed that the results in this contest be figured by the point system, allowing points for the records made by each aviator for each leg of the race. This will give equal chances throughout the contest to all the aviators.

"A committee is to be appointed by Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, the President of the Aerial League of America, to have charge of the work of establishing landing places at intervals of fifty miles across the continent along the Woodrow Wilson Airway."

Captain Glidden said that army, navy, and marine fliers would be invited to take part in the contest. He said the date of the Derby would be announced following a conference on the subject with aircraft manufacturers, owners of airplanes, and representatives of army, navy, and Marine Corps.

LARGER LIBERTY MOTOR.

24-Cylinder Engine of War Department Proves Success.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The War Department has developed a 24-cylinder Liberty motor which has just been successfully tested at McCook Field. Originally the Liberty motor was designed for eight cylinders, then enlarged to twelve cylinders. The engine used in the test at McCook Field was built of standard Liberty twelve parts. The changes were few, consisting chiefly of the use of two regular crank case upper halves, one of which was somewhat altered, and special design connecting rods.

The following table compares the Liberty 12 and experimental Liberty 24:

HORSE POWER (NORMAL.)			
Liberty....24	673	Liberty....12	400
POUNDS PER H. P. (DRY.)			
Liberty....24	1.97	Liberty....12	2.11
GAS CONSUMPTION (POUND) PER H. P. AN HOUR.			
Liberty....24	.55	Liberty....12	.51

The experimental Liberty 24 compares favorably with successful tests of foreign motors of approximately the same power. An engine of this power, if run at the normal speed, would enable the use of a comparatively large slow-speed propeller without gear reduction, thus increasing propeller efficiency.

The following table compares the Liberty 24 and various high-powered foreign motors:

Motor and Country of Manufacture.	H. P.
Dedion, France	800
Liberty 24, United States	*673-738
Fiat A 14, Italy	600
Rolls-Royce "Candor," England	600
Anzani 20, France	600
Renault 12-M, France	550
Salmson 18-Z, France	500
Napier "Lion," England	450

*Experimental, not rated.

AMERICANS AID POLAND.

Present 100-Bed Ward to Warsaw University Clinic.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—A 100-bed memorial ward has just been presented to the Warsaw University Clinic at Child Jesus Hospital in the Polish capital as a permanent contribution by the American people to the educational and health welfare of free Poland, it was announced today at headquarters of the Red Cross. The university has had no clinical ward of its own and has depended on the various hospitals of the city for assistance in carrying on this branch of its work.

Besides the memorial ward the hospital is receiving from the American organization linen and a supply of rubber goods, ether and other drugs.

France Gives Guns as Lansing Honor

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 18.—The French Government has presented to the city of Watertown two German cannon captured during the war, as a tribute to Robert Lansing, Secretary of State, whose home is here. Mayor Breen received word of the gift from Ambassador Jusserand.

Gov. Smith at Gilmore Funeral.

Governor Smith, members of the Board of Aldermen, and other officials attended the funeral yesterday morning of Alderman Edward V. Gilmore, who died at Bellevue Hospital last Friday. A solemn requiem mass was said at the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel in East Nineteenth Street, by the Rev. John J. Clark, after which interment was in Calvary Cemetery. Among those who attended the funeral were Borough Presidents Dowling of Manhattan and Bruckner of the Bronx, Supreme Court Justice Robert F. Wagner, and President Moran of the Board of Aldermen.

R. C. VANDERBILT SUED FOR DIVORCE

His Wife, Formerly Cathleen Neilson, Charges Desertion and Asks Custody of Child.

SEPARATED SEVERAL YEARS

Husband Receives Papers at His Sandy Point Farm, Portsmouth, R. I.—Contest Not Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 18.—Papers in divorce proceedings have been served on Reginald C. Vanderbilt at his country home, Sandy Point Farm, at Portsmouth, R. I., by his wife, Mrs. Cathleen Vanderbilt. The papers charge desertion, and Mrs. Vanderbilt asks for the custody of their only child, Cathleen, who has lived with her mother since the separation of her parents some years ago. Mrs. Vanderbilt asks no alimony. The papers in the case are returnable in the Superior Court of Newport County on Monday, Sept. 1, and so far as can be learned Mr. Vanderbilt will not contest the case, which will probably be heard on depositions. Sheffield & Harvey represent Mrs. Vanderbilt.

Mrs. Vanderbilt is the younger daughter of Mrs. Frederic Neilson of Newport and New York, and a sister of Mrs. Hollis Hunnewell. She and Mr. Vanderbilt had known each other since childhood, when their marriage took place in April, 1908, at Mrs. Neilson's home in Newport, the bride being a Roman Catholic and Mr. Vanderbilt a Protestant. For several years it has been hoped by the couple's friends that their domestic difficulties might be straightened out.

Mr. Vanderbilt is the third and youngest son of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt. He was graduated from Yale in 1902, and has never been interested in society or business. He is a brother of Cornelius Vanderbilt, the late Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, and the Countess Széchényi.

In January last Mr. Vanderbilt was reelected President of the Association of American Horse Shows, his chief interests being connected with the raising and exhibition of horses.

GERMANY GETTING COTTON.

Business Much Improved by Direct Wireless to America.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 15.—The Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung says that Aug. 1 marked the opening of the American cotton season, and that since that day Bremen and Berlin have been in direct radio communication with America. The paper points out that this means a decided improvement in cotton commerce, as up to the present telegrams by way of England often took five days, so that no arrangements could be reached under ten days. The paper says that already Americans in Bremen are busy and only too willing to do business, to give credits, and compete with the English.

Eighteen thousand bales of cotton, which arrived at Hamburg destined for Czechoslovakia, are to be put at the disposition of German industry, which requires 2,000,000 bales in the coming year, the paper adds, and points out that the burden of duties would be lightened if German industries could immediately begin work for export, but that the incoming cotton must first supply the dire needs of Germany, although some textile industries already are manufacturing for export.

REDS LOSE ODESSA; DRIVEN OUT BY PEOPLE

Soviet Forces Also Said to be Evacuating Kiev and the Entire Ukraine.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Bolsheviki have been driven from Odessa, the most important port in the Black Sea, by the populace of the city, according to reports received by the British War Office.

It is reported also that the Soviet forces are evacuating Kiev and the entire Ukraine.

VIENNA, Aug. 16, (Associated Press.)—It is reported that the non-Bolshevist Ukrainians have invited the Poles to help them capture Kiev, promising to pay them with crops which the Bolsheviki would get otherwise.

Banner crops are reported throughout Jugoslavia, the Ukraine, Austria, Bohemia, and Soviet Russia. However, much grain is rotting in Austria and elsewhere because of the lack of coal for harvesting machinery.

EXPEDITE WAR RISK CLAIMS.

Red Cross and Other Organizations Co-operate to Aid Service Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—At a conference representatives of organizations co-operating with the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, held at the bureau today, Director R. G. Cholmeley Jones made known the plans for a nationwide campaign for re-establishing contact between the bureau and former soldiers, sailors, and marines who are in need of service, to facilitate adjustment of their allotment and allowance accounts, compensation and claims, and reinstatement of lapsed or canceled insurance.

Under the plan the American Red Cross, through its home service sections throughout the United States and its organization in Washington, will act as a clearing house for war risks matters originating in the co-operating organizations.

For example, if a former soldier, sailor or marine asks an organization of which he is a member, or with which he is acquainted, to present his war risk matters to the bureau in proper form to enable the bureau to handle them promptly, his organization will obtain the facts from him and transmit them to the nearest home service section of the Red Cross. In turn, the home service section of the Red Cross will transmit the matter to its national organization in Washington, and the Red Cross in Washington, by a uniform method, will handle the matter directly with the bureau. By reason of its large organization in Washington the Red Cross is in a position for speedy handling of the great mass of detail.

It is believed that this plan will prevent many duplications and enable the service men, the co-operating organizations, and the bureau to avoid much unnecessary correspondence and to expedite service. Of course, men needing immediate medical attention may obtain it directly through authorized offices of the Public Health Service, to which co-operating organizations will direct them.

First Session of German Council

BERLIN, Aug. 18.—The first plenary session of the National Council, the upper House of Parliament created by the newly adopted German Constitution, was to be held today at Weimar. The council includes representatives of the twenty-four German States.

Europe's Coal Shortage Before the Supreme Council

PARIS, Aug. 18, (Associated Press.)—The Supreme Council today considered the extreme shortage of coal, and discussed a message concerning the coal situation received from Herbert Hoover, head of the inter-allied relief organization. It is reported that the Germans are stirring up trouble among the coal miners of Silesia for the purpose of aggravating the coal shortage.

MILLARD PREDICTS WAR WITH JAPAN

Or at Least Grave Danger of It, Unless Shantung Decision Is Modified.

TELLS OF TRICK ON LANSING

Japan, He Says, Altered Ishii Agreement Text to Guarantee 'Paramountcy' in China.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Thomas F. Millard told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee today that all the American experts on Oriental affairs at the Peace Conference agreed that the Shantung decision would breed war.

Mr. Millard, who said that for twenty years he had lived and traveled in the Orient, added to the prediction of the other experts his own prophecy that the United States and Japan would become embroiled in war within ten years, or "will have reached a point where the ice is so thin we won't know whether it will hold or not," unless something was done to correct the award.

Another possibility, Mr. Millard said, was that the Chinese, angered at what they deemed a crowning injustice, would turn Bolshevist and, driven demoniac by anti-foreign fury, kill all Americans and other foreigners in the country.

The Senate, he assured committee members, could retard, if it could not avoid, "this unfortunate consummation." His remedy, as he outlined it today, is this:

"You can fix it up without changing a line or a comma of the League of Nations covenant or of the treaty. You may not be able to stop the unfortunate consummation of events, but you can retard it. Just write a clause into the proposed French alliance, under which the United States and Great Britain undertake to go to the aid of France in an emergency—just add to that a clause whereby Great Britain and France in their turn agree to support the United States if the Hay doctrine of the open door and the territorial integrity of China is threatened. Make it a fifty-fifty alliance. As it now stands, we agree to do something for France but we get nothing."

Mr. Millard also urged that an earnest disavowal of the Shantung settlement be made at the time the treaty was ratified, as an indication to the Chinese people that the United States did not concur in the award.

"The Japanese situation," he said, "has crept upon us just like the German situation, and it is continuing to creep up. You'll have to meet it one of these days, and you won't be able to meet it with talk. We'll be sucked in. That's why I'm anxious to see the Senate make some kind of disclaimer that will set us right in China.

"The trouble may start in many ways, perhaps in a fight between Japan and China. When it starts you won't have a thing to say about it—you'll be sucked in."

The United States was in a peculiarly unpleasant position, Mr. Millard said, because it was at the solicitation of this Government that China finally broke diplomatic relations with Germany and entered the war. Twice before she had tried to do so, but had been prevented, he said, by Japan. And when the United States, in February, 1917, urged the Peking Government to join the Allies China demanded assurances that her territorial integrity would be guaranteed when the Peace Conference was held.

France and England, Mr. Millard said, gave rather colorless assurances which did not assure, and Dr. Paul Reinsch, the American Minister at Peking, took the responsibility of saying for the United States that this Government would stand by China. He was unable at the moment to get the assurances from Washington because of cable trouble.

With the American assurance, China entered the war, Mr. Millard said, and soon afterward the Lansing-Ishii agreement was concluded to make it plain to Japan that the United States was ready to stand by China's territorial integrity.

But, he explained, as Secretary Lansing did some days ago, Japan had already made secret treaties with Gr. Britain, France, and Italy for the disposition of Shantung, so that the guarantee of China's territorial integrity, to which the Lansing-Ishii agreement bound Japan, was completely counteracted. In addition, he said, Japan, in translating the agreement into Chinese, used a character which made the words "special position" in the English text amount to "paramount position" in Chinese. This made the instrument accord with Japan's paramountcy in China.

The American translation, he said, contained an entirely different character, which thoroughly accorded with the English text.

"So, the situation on that is," said Mr. Millard, "that the Chinese Foreign Office has two official copies of the agreement, one of which gives Japan a paramount position in China, the other of which simply recognizes Japan's special position there. Japan, however, has gone ahead and acted on her own interpretation by establishing civil authority in Shantung. Japan has already gone much further in Shantung than Germany ever dreamed of going. She has practically complete economic and political control."

Senator McCumber asked whether Mr. Millard thought the United States would go to war with Japan if she failed to keep her oft-repeated promise to return Shantung to China.

"If you were to ask the average American about that now, he would say no," said Mr. Millard, "but the time may come when we not only might, but when we may have to."

"How will the League of Nations operate in such a case?" asked Senator McCumber. "Won't Japan be bound to keep her treaty obligations, and don't they include, under this League covenant, the strictest adherence to principles of right and justice?"

Mr. Millard replied that among honorable Governments that would be the rule, "but my experience in world politics has made me too pessimistic to put your construction on this case."

Senator Brandegee said that as the power of the Council under Article 10 of the League covenant had been said to be purely advisory, Japan might not be deterred from the gradual or forcible seizure of Chinese territory by the guarantee in that article to protect the territorial integrity of League members.

"Any loophole that is left will be used by Japan," said Mr. Millard.

"Then Article 10 won't terrify Japan much?" asked Senator Brandegee.

"The only thing that will terrify Japan is force," said Mr. Millard.

"Moral force?" asked Mr. Brandegee.

"No, material force. Japan doesn't give a snap of her finger for moral force," responded the witness.

Senators McCumber and Swanson insisted that in their opinion China is today in a better position to get Shantung back than she was before the Peace Conference, because the European Allies would now be free—having discharged their secret obligations to Japan—to line up with the United States in seeing that Japan did keep her word to return the territory.

The committee hearings will be resumed Wednesday, Tuesday being devoted to the White House conference.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Aug. 16th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef. 17.33 cents per pound.—Advt.

MAY TALK ALL DAY WITH WILSON TODAY

All Ready for Historic White House Conference on the Treaty.

BORAH AGAIN ATTACKS

Half the World Already in Opposition to Paris Decisions, He Tells Senate.

READS EGYPTIAN CHARGES

Cites Reported Carnage on the Nile as Example of What League Requires of Us.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—All arrangements have been completed for the historic meeting at the White House tomorrow morning when President Wilson will begin his discussion of the treaty and the League covenant with the members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, calling by appointment to seek information from him.

Republicans are in control of the committee, and a majority of its membership will be hostile to the treaty when they undertake its discussion with the President. The Senate has taken a recess until Wednesday, so as to leave the members of the committee free to spend the entire day if necessary in going over the treaty with the President. The President has no appointments for tomorrow except the one to meet the committee at 10 o'clock in the morning and that for the usual Tuesday afternoon Cabinet meeting at 2:15 o'clock. It is understood that he is ready to cancel even the Cabinet meeting and devote the entire day to the discussion of the treaty with the committee if its members are not satisfied with the progress made at the morning session.

The conference is the most important that has been held over the treaty between the President and members of the treaty-ratifying body, and important results will hinge on its developments. Upon it may depend the question whether the treaty will be ratified reasonably early or whether the fight between the President and a hostile majority in the Senate will drag through the Fall months into the Winter. Not only will the results of the conference have an important bearing upon the question of reservations and the action of the Senate on the treaty, but its outcome will undoubtedly affect the political fortunes of men and parties.

Full Committee to Attend.

Every member of the Foreign Relations Committee will be present, so far as can be learned tonight, including Senators Borah and Fall, who were not willing to attend the conference unless every word spoken was taken down by stenographers. Newspaper men, it is reasonably certain, will not be admitted, but both sides will have stenographers to take down what is said by the President and the Senators. Four Senate stenographers have been engaged, and the minutes will be given out in relays to the press for immediate publication. The White House will also have its own stenographers present to record the proceedings.

There are those who are looking for dramatic incidents tomorrow, but, so far as could be learned from members of the committee today, there is no disposition to nag Mr. Wilson or to do or say anything that would infringe upon the dignity of his high office. It is understood there is an agreement that certain members will ask questions bearing on particular features of the treaty, while other Senators will interrogate the President in an effort to obtain information concerning other parts of the document.

Both the President and members of the committee know, of course, that every word uttered will be given to the public, and for that reason there is good cause for the prediction that both sides will be very careful as to what they say, and members of the committee, as well as the President, will be on their guard and mettle.

Borah Sees Protests Growing.

In a Senate speech today Senator Borah of Idaho declared that nearly one-third of the population of the earth was "in protest" against the territorial and political adjustments laid down in the Versailles Treaty, and that, with the United States in the League of Nations, it would be called upon to help settle quarrels that had arisen.

Mr. Borah read reports sent to this country by agents of the Egyptian people indicating that war is raging in Egypt against British domination. British soldiers, these reports alleged, were committing acts of violence against Egyptians.

In Korea, he said, there was a revolt against Japanese rule. Persia was not satisfied with the adjustments of the Versailles Treaty regarding her, while China was protesting violently against the award of the former German rights in the Shantung Peninsula to Japan. Ireland, too, he said, was dissatisfied, to the point of rebellion.

Mr. Borah argued that under Article 10 of the League of Nations covenant, touching upon the guarantee of political independence and territorial integrity of members of the League, the United States, if it joined the League, would be obliged to assist any country in putting down an uprising.

He also contended that under Article 11, through which the League Council determines what action may be taken in the event of war or threat of war, there would be "as binding an obligation to mix in foreign quarrels" as under Article 10.

The Senator asserted that Egyptians who went to Paris to protest against the continued protectorate of Great Britain not only had their request for a hearing denied, but were put under restraint. Affidavits embodying their protest and relating alleged acts of violence on the part of British soldiers in Egypt, he said, had just reached this country. He charged that the censorship in England and France had refused to allow them to be made public in those countries and had tried to keep them from being brought here.

Mr. Borah said that Japan intended to dominate the Far East through her privileges in Korea and Shantung, and referred to reports of Japanese cruelties in Korea.

McCormick on the Persian Treaty.

In the course of the debate, Senator McCormick of Illinois spoke of cabled reports of a British treaty with Persia, which, he asserted, was tantamount to a protectorate. Mr. McCormick said it was evident that the stronger European nations were intent upon dividing the "spoils of war" among themselves.

"The great Powers among the victors cannot agree to accord Constantinople to the State which obviously should administer it, whether under the fanciful form of a mandate or in sovereignty—Greece," said Mr. McCormick. "They cannot decide to divide Thrace between Bulgaria and Greece or award it to Greece, because they want to retain for themselves Constantinople, one of the great strategic points of the world. That is the motive which leads them to refuse to Greece what should be properly awarded to her—sovereignty over Thrace and Constantinople. Yet at the same time, apparently privy from the deliberations of the conference in Paris, Great Britain made, consummated and ratified a treaty with Persia which establishes, in substance, a protectorate over that country. Nothing like that has happened since Disraeli, secretly from his colleagues in the Congress of Berlin, sold the support of Britain to the Turks in exchange for Cyprus."

"The task of underwriting the treaty itself with reference to the powers against whom we were at war," Senator Borah said, "would be considerable of itself; but when we find that the peoples who were represented, either directly or indirectly, constituting nations upon the side of the Allies, and embracing nearly one-half the population of the earth, are in protest now before the treaty is ratified, it presents, to my mind, the most serious proposition with which we have had to deal as a practical fact.

"There are the Chinese—some 400,000,000—the Koreans, the Egyptians, the people of Ireland—and you may travel through the list of subject nationalities and find that comparatively all have in some form registered a protest against present settlements."

Effect of League Articles 10-11.

After quoting Articles 10 and 11 of the League covenant, Mr. Borah said:

"If Article 10 were eliminated, and Article 11 should remain, the principle of Article 10 would be as effectually covered by Article 11 as it is in Article 10. Certainly 'war or threat of war' would cover an external attack as clearly as an internal one and could be as readily be applied to it.

"When you couple Article 10 and Article 11 the League is given jurisdiction over every conceivable dusturbance which may be interpreted either as war or a threat of war, and it is immaterial whether it is internal or external.

"If the League were completed tomorrow and the situation should be presented as is indicated in dispatches, we would have a matter of concern due us as a member of the League in every quarter of the globe. We would be concerned with the situation in China, with Japan in Korea, in Ireland, in Egypt, in Persia. In every part of the hemispheres there is that condition of affairs which must necessarily be designated as either 'war or a threat of war.'

"The fact is, the distribution which took place at Versailles was really a distribution of the territory of two hemispheres among three or four nations at most. Japan, prior to the meeting at Versailles, had acquired Korea, Formosa, large holdings in Manchuria, extended holdings in Mongolia, and by the settlement at Versailles a most vital holding in the very heart of China, known as Shantung. That condition of affairs places Japan in practical control of the Eastern Hemisphere.

Fear of Japan's Ambitions.

"If the Shantung matter is ratified and the policy which I believe to be the policy of Japan is carried out—and I judge that policy by her acts in the past—there can be no doubt that the dominating, controlling, and directing influence for the entire Eastern Hemisphere will be the Japanese Imperial Government.

"Against that condition of ffairs there is now, and there will continue to be, in my judgment, until it is settled by the arbitration of war, the protest of nearly one-third of the population of the earth."

Senator King of Utah interrupted to ask if it were not true that Japan has a "special interest in the Orient, the same as the United States insists upon having in the Western Hemisphere."

"Obviously, Japan must have some place in the sun," said Senator King. "She cannot expand to the east, she is forbidden to go into the Philippines or into Australia or New Zealand. Manifestly, her destiny leads her into Asia. That is where we prefer that she should go. Is there anything wrong in Japan being conceded by the statesmen of the world a special interest the same as the Root-Takahira agreement recognizes and the Ishii-Lansing agreement seemed to recognize?"

"The Root-Takahira agreement particularly avoided recognizing any such thing," replied Mr. Borah. "That is the distinction between the Root-Takahira agreement and the Lansing-Ishii agreement. In the Lansing agreement a special interest was recognized."

"Well, what would become of the doctrine of self-determination and the new theory that 'weak nations are to be protected from the strong,'" asked Senator Reed, "if we go back to the old barbarian principles which we have heard so much denounced, that power and strength shall multiply itself and march forward with resistless force and take whatever it wants to take?"

"A recognition of the proposition that Japan is entitled to have a special interest in the Orient is not to be confused," replied Senator King, "with the idea of the right of self-determination or the right of local self-government, or the right of nationality and sovereignty that belongs to all nations. We assert a special interest in the Western Hemisphere for our republic. We do not mean by the assertion of that special interest that we are interfering with the sovereignty or the rights or the liberties or the freedom of any peoples upon the Western Hemisphere."

"That is just the difference between American civilization and Japanese barbarism," returned Mr. Reed. "They do mean to assert, and they are asserting, the right of national robbery and universal theft."

"Special Interest In China."

"The thing which meets us at the very threshold is that this special interest in China is the thing which the United States is called upon now to maintain and guarantee and perpetuate," said Senator Borah. "So it becomes a matter of vast concern to me whether that special interest is based upon the mere fact of the propinquity of Japan to China, or whether it is based upon what I believe to be the intent of Japan to dismember China.

"Where are you going to stop with your special interests? When the Lansing-Ishii agreement was made it was agreed that Japan had special interests in China. That was supposed to be based upon the proposition of geographical propinquity. If that was true it was equally true that China had special interests in Japan. We would be under just as much obligation if China should ask us to agree upon a treaty to give China a special interest in Japan, which there is no danger in the world of our doing, for the simple reason that Japan would not submit to it for a single moment. As the gentleman from Missouri said, it is a fact that the Japanese right is based upon her superior military power, and not upon justice.

"I think the Secretary of State was correct when he said he understood that this special interest had relation to nothing more than the mere fact that it was geographically closely related to China. There is not a particle of doubt that a different construction is held by Japan. She has already construed her special interest to mean political dominancy in the Orient over 400,000,000 of people. The reason I am concerned in it is because the United States is called upon to underwrite and perpetuate that dominancy."

Senator Borah alluded to newspaper publication yesterday of a report which, he said, was "delayed a month and a half," to the effect that "Egypt, one of the subject nations of England, is in open rebellion in violent protest against the authority of the English Government." Mr. Borah spoke of England in 1882 going into Egypt ostensibly to collect certain debts and stating to the world over and over again, through her statesmen then holding office—such men as Mr. Gladstone—that they were in Egypt solely to accomplish things—the collection of debts—and that after those things were accomplished they would withdraw from Egypt.

The Egyptian Accusations.

"In 1914 England, under the exigencies of war, as it was claimed, declared a protectorate over Egypt and set up a ruler chosen by the English Government." Mr. Borah Continued. "It was stated at the time that that was merely a step toward the independence of Egypt, and the Egyptian people thoroughly understood and acted upon the understanding that they were being protected by a friendly power with a view of giving them their independence, for which they had long been striving.

"When the Peace Commission met at Versailles the Egyptian people undertook to send their representatives to Versailles to present their cause. They were denied an opportunity to present the facts. They were not only denied that opportunity, but their representatives were interned and practically imprisoned and are practically held, if not actually in restraint, until this time. They are refused passports even to come to the United States.

"We did not know that lying behind the effort of those representatives to have a hearing at Versailles were violent protests of an entire people, uniform in language and in civilization, against continuing the protectorate of Great Britain over them, and that that protest had ripened into actual warfare, and that that warfare has been going on from the time of the first notice to the Egyptians that the protectorate was to be made permanent until now. The Egyptians are being held by force; they are restrained by the point of the bayonet; bloodshed and carnage prevail throughout that country. Now, I am not particularly concerned in that fact, except for one reason, that this is another one of the illustrated conditions which we are to take care of and under Articles 10 and 11.

"The Far East is a seething mass of discontent and revolution, including nearly one-third of the population of the earth, and we underwrite it.

"There is going on now under the British flag a protest of millions of people against the authority which we are asked to maintain for British. Why, the English Government, as a result of this war, has acquired territory almost as large as the United States, although imperialistic appetites were supposed to have been satisfied by the experiences of the past. When the League covenant is once completed this will be just as vital and just as much our concern as if it took place within our own territory. We are just as likely to be called to assume a responsibility of settling it in Egypt as we would be in Mexico, or even within our own boundaries."

Mr. Borah here read the affidavits relating alleged attacks upon Egyptians by British soldiers. The incidents recounted included several alleged atrocities, such as running citizens through with bayonets. In Korea, too, he said, the Japanese were reported to have been guilty of similar atrocities upon the natives.

"Let us assume, for the sake of argument, that the brutalities in Egypt and Korea have been exaggerated," said the Senator. "The fact nevertheless remains that here are all these people, in utter opposition to the authority and the power which we are called upon to perpetuate and maintain. War is now being waged, and it will continue to be waged until an overpowering pressure reduces them to actual serfdom.

"The thing I object to is that the United States has been called in as a partner to furnish an overpowering pressure. I object to forming a partnership with any nation or combination of nations which have not constructed their civilization and their Government upon principles in harmony with the principles of this Republic. If we are to form partnerships as conditions now exist with these people, we are simply taking upon ourselves the burden of oppression which has characterized our partners before the partnership was forced."

SLAUGHTER IN SMYRNA.

American Tells of Violence When Greeks Occupied City.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—Details of killings and disorders, which marked the occupation of Smyrna by Greek troops on May 14, are contained in a letter from an American educator stationed in Asia Minor, which has been received here.

"Some Greek soldiers were killed, but the slaughter of Turks was far more serious," the letter said. "There was no estimate of the number of casualties, which previously had been reported at several thousand, but the writer asserts that "reputable Americans saw men murdered and their bodies thrown into the sea, even men with their hands in the air," and added that "a fez was a target for any soldier."

The letter adds:

"Although this was to be a military occupation, and political and religious affairs were not to be interfered with, high Government officials, including the Governor of this important province, were compelled to march down the quay under armed guards with their hands high in the air. Looting was carried on.

"All night there was firing around us and two guards were fired at. In the morning we discovered that all the civilians, even boys, in the neighboring village of Prophetelia had been supplied with rifles and bayonets and firing was general. Plunder was carried from looted Turkish homes in daylight, and word came that a petty tax gatherer, a Turk, had been carried from his home by the ruffian gang and murdered. I went to see the body. A few people were near by and among them a Greek soldier. Immediately after lunch a pitched battle took place to the south of us."

The hospital of the American Commission for Relief in the Near East, still uncompleted, was hastily opened for emergency work and received "wounded people and dead bodies," the letter continued. "This morning there were some forty-odd, mostly unidentified Turks."

Looting continued at Smyrna and outlying villages for a day or two, but troops in each instance stopped the pillaging and efforts were made to restore some goods, the writer says.

TELLS OF REVOLT IN CHINA.

Y. W. C. A. Worker Declares Students Caused Overthrow.

Miss Harriet Smith, for ten years a student secretary of the Young Women's Christian Association in Shanghai, China, told yesterday how 20,000 Chinese students organized themselves to oust the militarists from Governmental offices in Peking and how they succeeded in becoming the leaders of China.

"Fearing that China was not to be protected by the Peace Treaty," she said, "some 20,000 students, all of them between the ages of 12 and 20 years and including 8,000 girls, organized themselves into the Chinese Students' Patriotic Society immediately after the publication of the first draft of the Peace Treaty to fight for Chinese rights.

"Immediately upon organizing, the students published their demands, four in number: (1) That the militarists, who as a party were pro-Japanese and practically controlled the Government at Peking, be put out of office; (2) that Shantung be returned to China; (3) that the twenty-one demands made by Japan in 1915 be canceled; (4) that there be freedom of speech and of the press.

"When it became evident that economic pressure was all that would be effective both the bankers and merchants' guilds were called upon to back the students. Every shop, whether large or small, was closed. The laboring people, feeling as patriotic as the bankers, merchants, and students, also joined the general strike. For a week everything was closed, shops, money exchanges, fish markets, shipping—everything except public utilities, which the students struggled to keep running.

"At the end of that week the students had won the first point and the militarists were out of power."

LEGION MEMBERSHIP DRIVE.

Soldier Society Will Aim to Enroll All Who Were in Service.

A drive to enroll 1,000,000 members in the American Legion will begin on Nov. 11, the anniversary of the signing of the armistice with Germany. The first national convention of the organization will convene on that day in Minneapolis.

It was announced yesterday that membership has passed the 350,000 mark. Charters have been issued to 1,833 local posts and applications for charters have been received from 1,108 other posts in process of organization, making a total of 2,941 local organizations on Aug. 16.

New York heads all the State organizations with 277 posts actually chartered and fifty-one in process of organization, a total of 328. Pennsylvania is second with 219 posts chartered and organizing. From the War Department the National Executive Committee has obtained an official report of the total number of men who entered the national service from each State and the enrollment drive will attempt to reach them all.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word per insertion.

ARCADIA LAMB Wanted.—Salt's, quantity. Ehrlich Cloth Exchange Co. Chelsea 7640.

BEAVER Wanted.—Blumenthal's 4014. Farragut 9862.

BAFFIN SEAL Wanted.—H. & H. or similar quality; for cash. Farragut 3340.

BAFFIN SEAL Wanted.—H. & H. only. Madison Square 569.

BATISTES Wanted.—White 40-inch, 72x68. Madison Square 8103.

BEAVER Wanted.—Will pay cash for Pearson's Alto beaver. Kaplan & Weinstein, Chelsea 9535.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Will exchange De Land's 3700, reindeer, brown or copen for taupe and pekin, same style. Fitwell Cloak Co., 150 West 22d.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. & H. or Botany; Delphine navy, brown and burgundy. Henry Leavy & Son, 9 West 31st. Madison Square 1921.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—F. & H. or botany 315; also lightweight velours, all colors. Call with samples of velours, D. M. Jonas, 3 East 28th. Madison Square 6985.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—F. & H. or botany, brown and navy, for cash. Madison Square 6716.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Juilliard 110; will exchange reindeer for black and pay additional. Farragut 616.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—American 112 navy, brown, and taupe. Leventhal & Hurwitz. Gramercy 5296.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Black, Buckley & Cohen or Juilliards; also navy cotton warp velours. Farragut 3377.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—All colors; also American polo; pay cash. Chelsea 7836.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Brown and taupe; spot cash. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botony, for spot cash. Madison Square 6057.

CHAMELEON CORD Wanted. — Holden Leonard; shade 4142. 2694. Vanderbilt 1889.

CHIFFON Wanted.—Velvet; all shades; spot cash. Vanderbilt 3962.

CLOAKINGS Wanted.—¾ McKinny Newhouse, similar cloth, colors. A. Feinman & Son, 133 West 21st.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at juniors' and ladies' coats all morning. 9 East 30th St.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—2,000, spot cash, any quantity jobs or entire stock. Emanuel, 43 West 27th. Farragut 5154.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles of misses' and ladies' coats. 5th floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on coats, all kinds. 4th floor, 12 W. 27th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Better grade; snappy styles. 3 East 28th St., 1st floor.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—All kinds, plain and fancy, for cash; quantity no object. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

COTTON PIECE GOODS Wanted.—For export; large quantity; must be cheap; send samples. Write Z. A., 209 Cable Bldg.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Spot cash paid for quantities. Kaplan, 423 Broadway. Canal 8279.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Three-thread, 100 pieces flesh, cash. Superior Silk Co., 225 5th Av.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Three thread and georgines, all colors. Schlang & Co., 151 West 26th.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—All colors; 3-thread. Republic Textile, 22 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—5,000; jobber open to buy satins, serges, tricotines, taffetas, and wool velours; any quantity. Call with samples. Underselling, 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders on velveteens, tricotines, tricolettes, satins, and serges. Come with samples, all week, 11th floor, 25 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted.—Larger jobber interested in new style of tricotine serge and satin; quantity orders on right styles. 142 West 26th, 7th floor.

DRESSES, Suits, Winter Coats, Waists, Skirts, Silk Underwear Wanted.—Better grade jobs; cash. National, 15 Lispenard. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large quantity of children's sizes, 2 to 6 and 7 to 14; must be very cheap; for export; spot cash. Farragut 9910.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for cash, any quantity of satins, georgettes, tricotine and serges. Phone Madison Square 6050.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing stock orders on popular priced party dresses. M. Simon, 334 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—1,000 tricotines, serges, and satins; cash; jobs or entire stocks. Emanuel, 43 West 27th. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES, Suits, Capes, Coats Wanted.—Highest grade; cash. Telephone Canal 1128.

DRESSES Wanted.—Satins and cloth quantity no object. 242 5th Av.

DRESSES, COATS, SUITS and SKIRTS.—Jobs wanted; cash. Farragut 4825.

EVORA and Lustrolla Wanted.—Bochmann's, Myers-Joleach and F. & H. H 273 Times.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—Sealine, raccoon, opossum, coney. Greeley 4695.

HOLMES'S TRIUMPHANT Wanted.—Navy; large quantity. Scheer & Meyer, Madison Square 2967.

KERSEY Wanted.—Juilliard 2002, and 110, American 112, and 15020. Freedman, Farragut 6134.

KERSEY Wanted.—Wyandotte, navy and Burgundy, also black broadcloth. Madison Square 2094.

NETS Wanted.—Open for large quantity of silk nets; evening shades Superior. 141 West 29th.

PANAMAS Wanted.—All shades. Manhattan Skirt Co., 1,160 Broadway.

PEACH BLOOM Wanted.—Forstmann & Huffmann, shades 989, 968, 972. Vanderbilt 1389.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Silk or mercerized; large quantity at a price. Rothstein & Nelson, 120 West 29th.

POLO CLOTH Wanted. Lawrence 836, all shades. Chelsea 4616.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—American 15035; all colors. Merit Co., 1,333 Broadway.

POPLINS Wanted.—40 inches, stripes and plaids; quantity no object; cash. Orchard 7693.

POPLINS Wanted.—Americans or Woolworth's, navy, black; cash. Madison Square 1969.

PLUSHES Wanted.—H. H. 200; Peerless T10, Auffmordt 40-40; open for quantity. Greeley 4376.

PLUSHES Wanted.—4040; China and Yukon seal; can use quantity; spot cash. Gramercy 2641.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Open for any quantity. B. A. Wechsler Co., 1,199 Broadway. Chelsea 985.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Salts, black, beaver, baffins and brown tipped; all qualities. Chelsea 9612.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Will buy any quantity of plush for cash. M. Jaffee, 44 West 28th.

PLUSH Wanted.—Salt's, Hudson Seal background, for cash. Gramercy 5124.

PLUSH Wanted.—4040 or similar make. Chelsea 9840.

PLUSH Wanted.—Any quality or quantity for cash. Farragut 6650.

POPLINS Wanted.—Resedas and hello; bright tan; 8-ply silk and cotton. Republic Textile, 22 West 32d.

SATEENS Wanted.—Can use any quantity of sateens or twills in good qualities; shades preferred are gold, maize, kelly green, lavender, purple, copen.; submit swatches. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway.

SATEEN Wanted. — To buy 36-inch black sateen; one thousand up to ten thousand yards. Z 835 Times Annex.

SATINS Wanted.—Can use any quantity of cotton-back satins or silk serges, either dyed or in the raw, for immediate or future delivery; submit samples; no quantity too small nor too large; prices must be reasonable. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway.

SATINS Wanted.—Navy and all shades; any quantity? also jobs. 5th floor, 118 West 22d St.

SATINS Wanted.—Short ends, satins and crepe de chine; spot cash. Call South 6783.

SEAL Wanted.—Salt's Black Hudson seal wanted. Call Farragut 6264.

SECO SILK Wanted.—Katcher, 1,115 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy 7120, 7614, 7301, 0360, 235, 838, 104, 3, 94, 41-102, 41-105, 7512, 41-117; also French, mannish and storm serges. Mirkus Bros., 44 East 21st. Gramercy 1769.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, 4061, 54292, 7120, 6120, 7312, 7614, 7301, 9056, 7008, W. F. X., W. F., M. F. L., V. S. L., S. B. G. L., poplin P P. L., 774, and mannish serges of any kind, in quantities. Call Gram. 6990.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy tricotines and French serges at reasonable prices. B. Hyman & Shevell Co., 715 Broadway. Spring 7243.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 528, 54289; if you have stock we are interested only at a price. J. D. Booth, 134 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy 7614, 7301, 41-102, 812, 7120. Joseph H. Mirkus, 43 East 21st. Gramercy 4083.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use quantity 54289 at price, cash. Birnbaum Bros., 7 West 30th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 87, also 1210; quantity no object; spot cash. Chelsea 9714.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 528, 9056, for cash at a price only. Chauser, 137 West 27th. Farragut 3990.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity 7614, for cash. Madison Square 5814.

Buyers' Wants

SERGES Wanted.—Open for large quantity 36-inch cotton warp serges, 1210 or C. S. G., in navy, warp. Borgenicht & Sons Co., 1,115 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 235, 838, 0810, or similar. Shapiro. Mad. Sq. 8608. Republic Textile, 22 West 32d.

SERGES Wanted.—0360, 519, 528, 235, 838, 11433 and similar qualities. George Hoffspiegel, 124 East 23d St. Gramercy 1913.

SERGE Wanted.—Navy MFL or something similar. Gins Bros., 109 West 26th St. Farragut 2228.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 7512, 9056, 54292, 54289, 11433, 6120, 833, 528, and 519. Gramercy 4493.

SERGES wanted.—F. R. S. and U. S. 235, any quantity for spot cash. Farragut 3340.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 09070, 235, 905, 41-117. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

SERGES Wanted.—Storm and men's wear. J. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

SERGES Wanted.—W. F. X. serges, at a price. Greeley 8575.

SERGE Wanted.—Open for 40 and 54-inch serge. Monarch Dress Co., 6 East 27th.

SERGES Wanted.—235, 838, 0936, Dunmore 0360, 7614, 4632, Norwalk. Gramercy 1484.

SERGES Wanted.—838, 235. Telephone Farragut 707.

SHIRTS Wanted—100 dozen silk and cotton shirts at a price. 1,182 Broadway, Room 301. Madison Square 1842.

SILKS Wanted.—We buy, for spot cash, silks of any description; remnants, chiffons, foulards, printed chiffon and georgette; highest prices paid. N. Y. Silk Exchange, Mad. Sq. 3381.

SILKS Wanted. — Will buy for cash any quantity of silks, satins, taffetas, georgettes, printed foulards, novelties, velvets, and velveteens; also chiffons and tender silks. Madison Square 2673.

SILK Wanted.—Any kind of silk shirtings; small or big lots; for immediate or later delivery. Rainbow Shirt, 189 Greene, near Bleecker. Spring 6625.

SILKS Wanted.—All kinds, plain and fancy; also shirting, poplin, Jap silk; for cash. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Plum, brown; Velour, Grant Kelley's 275, Keely & Watson 322, Lawrence 819, Deland. H. 28, H. 22, Madison Square 1948.

SILVERTONES SUITING Wanted. — 327, 4315, or similar; can use quantity; pay cash. Freedman, Farragut 9752.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—16007; Pekin and navy; any quantity; also lightweight velours. Greeley 4695.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Buckley & Cohen's, all shades; style 438; also American 15032, all shades. Call Chelsea 8467.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Good quality, suiting weight. M. Schiff & Bros., 14 West 32d.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Heavy weight only; American woolen or similar silver. Goldstein, 15 West 28th St.

SILVERTONE and Tricotines Wanted.—Myers-Jolesch, Joel's and all others. H 277 Times.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—15030, American, in all shades. Abraham Lustgarten, 8 West 18th St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Black River 184 or 182, all shades. H. Drusin & Son, Farragut 8486.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Heavyweight. Reikes & Hantman, 15 West 20th.

SILVERTONE, all wood, Wanted.—For cash. Louis Kessler, 38 West 21st St.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobber will place orders on silk and serge skirts. Chicago Bargain House, 272 Canal St.

SKIRTS wanted.—Jobber placing orders Fall skirts; call afternoons all week. Schwartz Bros. & Sultzer, 1,215 Broadway.

STEVENS PLAID Wanted.—2821-18. M. R. Silverman, Farragut 3290.

SUITS Wanted.—Out-of-town buyer will buy large or small quantity samples or otherwise $15 or below. Call with particulars top floor 141 West 28th. Farragut 602.

TAFFETAS wanted, and crepe de chine, all colors. B. A. Lowenstern, 456 4th Av. Madison Square 9498.

TAFFETA Wanted.—All changeable shades, for petticoats. Manhattan, 87 5th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Light shades. L. Bogen, 15 West 26th.

THIBETS Wanted.—Black; must be cheap for cash. Weinreb & Horowitz, 1,140 Broadway. 3660 Madison Square.

TINSELTONES Wanted.—Holden Leonard 718, shade 4534, 4531, 4644. Vanderbilt 1389.

TRICOLETTE Wanted.—Plain and dropstitch, cotton back; all shades. Room 503, 134 West 29th St.

TRICOLETTES Wanted.—36-inch wide; colors. Stillman, Store, 22 West 32d.

TRICOLETTES wanted. 14 East 33d, 4th floor.

TRICOLETTE Wanted.—Tan and gray; will pay cash. 132 West 22d St., 10th floor.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy and all shades; any quantity; underselling. 118 W. 22d St.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Will pay cash. Madison Square 1052.

UNGAVA.—Seal Yukon, Seal Furmoss Annimole Artex and Salt's Furmoire wanted for cash. Gramercy 1807.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweight cotton warp, all shades; large quantity. Alex Kogut, 40 West 27th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Buckley & Cohen, style 716; all colors; quantity no object; spot cash. I. Funt, 24 West 25th. Chelsea 9513.

VELOUR Wanted.—American, heavyweight, K544 or similar, brown and navy. Chelsea 4077.

VELOURS Wanted.—Clark & Dana, quality 6290-141. Scheer & Meyer. Madison Square 2967.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for light, heavy weight, any quantity. Gramercy 7059.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightning, all colors; price must be reasonable. Isaac Lowenberg, 1,140 Broadway.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for 100 pieces American 032 and 0360, all shades; cash. Madison Square 9784.

VELOUR SUITING Wanted.—Brown, reindeer, navy, for cash. Waxman, Chelsea 8332.

VELOUR Wanted.—Suiting; weight open for reindeer. Herzog Cloak & Suit Co., 1,237 Broadway. Madison Square 5466.

VELOURS Wanted.—Suitings weights, any quantity, all colors. Ettenson, Zalud & Co., 11 West 32d.

VELOURS Wanted.—Light- and heavy-weight, all shades, cash. Farragut 4309.

VELOUR Wanted.—Navy and brown, any quantity. Phone Madison Square 6025.

VELOURS Wanted.—Cheap, cotton warp, all colors. H. Drusin & Son. Farragut 8486.

VELOURS Wanted.—Cotton warp; also Thibet; for cash. Colonial, 34 East 12th.

VELOURS, Check, Wanted.—489 Fred Lawrence & Co. in taupe. Madison Sq. 1380.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for navy and brown. Chelsea 1560.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweight; any mill; spot cash. Stuyv. 2496.

VELVETEENS Wanted. — 29-inch, navy, straight back. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

VELVETEEN wanted, 36 inches wide; all colors. Chelsea 4571.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

ALBERTA FLANNELETTE GOWNS, Shirts, Overalls, Hosiery, Underwear, Gloves.—Immediate delivery. 6540 Madison.

AMERICAN 11050.—10 navy, 2 brown, 2 taupe, 4 green; $3 net cash; entire assortment. Jacob Bernstein, 63 West 36th.

APRONS.—Bungalow aprons, 200 dozen, special lot, at $12 dozen. M. & M. Manufacturing Co., 512 Broadway. 8165 Spring.

BATHROBES, immediate, for men, women and children. Fischer Robe and Apparel Co., 24 East 21st.

BRAIDS.—Superior quality, three ends, all lines; immediate delivery. Spring 2129.

BREVITEX.—Beaver only. Wang, 4717 Farragut.

BREVETEX.—Nuphur 4014, ungava seal. Gramercy 1074.

BOLIVIA.—Frost glow casvel lustrola Fall shades cheap. Madison Square 7216.

BROADCLOTH. — Worumbo black broadcloth; also serges, tricotines, silvertones, light and heavy weight velours for immediate delivery. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d St. Gramercy 4481.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H.; also Clarke & Dana coating broadcloth, peachbloom, A. W. suedine, brown coating velour. Farragut 5170.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H., all colors. Farr. 9013.

BROADCLOTH.—Black, 72-inch wide, for cash. Sol. Levine & Co., 12 West 27th.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H., Columbia, Henna or Algerian; $3.30. Faragut 9654.

BROADCLOTH.—Radium, navy. Nat Lebenson, 9 West 20th. Chelsea 6511.

BOLIVIAS.—Silver tips, all colors. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

CHAMELEON CORD, tinseltones, silvertones, Bolivia, Holden-Leonard, in ends of 1¼ to 2⅞ yards, (350 yards;) good lot for a children coat manufacturer. Orchard 7576.

CHARMEUSE.—Black and navy, good quality. A. Misroch, 269 Grand St. Telephone Orchard 5335.

CHEVIOTS. — Brown, Hug Flagler 1500. Farr. 9013.

CHILDREN'S COATS. — 1,000 all wool velours, to close, size 2 to 6, $3; 6 to 10, $4.75 to $5.75. Nivel, 114 West 26th St.

CHINCHILLAS.—American woolen 18117, all colors. B. Hirschhorn, 39 West 29th. Madison Square 9066.

Offerings to Buyers

COATS.—3,000 for immediate delivery; silvertones, velours, pompoms and plushes. Call and convince yourself. Keystone Cloak & Suit Co., 15 West 30th. Madison Square 9366.

COATS.—Children's, velvets, velour, cloth, &c.; some fur-trimmed, well made, good assortment; sizes 2-14, to close out at $5; 120 in the lot; wonderful bargain. Phone Intervale 6482.

COATS AND SUITS on the racks, silvertones, broadcloths, mixtures, peachbloom, tricotines, supertwills at right prices; we lead in pile fabrics. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th St.

COATS.—American silvertone 15030; latest models; wonderful values for immediate delivery. Call and be convinced. Ehrlich Bros., 28 East 10th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Misses' and stouts; latest models; most desirable materials; special prices; delivery at once. Julius Wolf, 279 5th Av.

COATS.—1-4, 5-9, 10-16, all materials; immediate shipment. Julius L. Goldstein, 153 West 23d. Farragut 596.

COATS.—Plush; we are the largest plush coat house in the world; find out the reason. P. Hutner & Co., 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—Plush, cloth, pile fabrics, ladies', children's, infants' dresses, skirts, waists; jobs cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Stouts, plushes, broadcloth; reasonable prices. Samuel Newman, 137 West 27th.

COATS.—From 6 to 10 and 8 to 16 and juniors' snappy styles; immediate delivery. Faultless Garment Co., 113 West 17th.

COATS.—Velours, plushes, cloth, large stock. Samuel Newman, 137 West 27th.

COATS.—Children's coats, snappy styles; to close out. 45 West 27th, 3d floor.

COATS.—Stouts and stylish stouts. J. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—500 on the racks, $12.50 to $75. Morris Waldman, 17 West 28th St.

COATINGS.—16007, 1339, 2001, 1041, Talbot's velour, ¾ coatings; quantity; cheap. Square, 359 6th Av. Farragut 9878.

COATINGS.—¾ Meltons, Flagler's, Newhouse and McKenney's. Kaplan, 20 West 22d St. Gramercy 1515.

COATINGS. — Silvertones, velours, broadcloths, tricotines and serges. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av., 14th floor.

CORDUROY.—John S. Boyd 3100; all colors; 77½c. net. Write J. B. 802 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS SATEENS.—Under market price, all grades; stop delivery for jobbers and exporters. Nathan & Heyman, 1,123 Broadway.

COTTON POPLIN.—White, 36 inches; below market. Handler & Brodie, 15 West 24th St.

COTTON GOODS AND SILKS.—Over one million dollars worth plain and fancy below market price. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS AND SILKS.—Over one million dollars; we sell almost everything below market price. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

COTTON, Jersey; mill direct; Sea Island and others. Stern & Lowenstern, 456 4th Av., Mad. Sq. 9498.

COTTON SERGE and Gabardine.—12,000 yards each; mostly navy; 30 cents. Madison Square 8889.

COTTON GOODS.—Several bales 8-ounce Osnaburg, 25c yard. Acme Mills, 187 Mercer St.

COTTON GOODS.—Voiles, organdies, below marked price. Clifton Mill, 11 East 17th.

COTTON GOODS.—For middies and dresses; below market. Spring 1298.

CREPE DE CHINE, meteors, georgettes, satins and taffetas; right price. Aero Silk, 31 East 27th. Madison Square 6061.

CREPE DE CHINE.—10 pieces each, white and flesh; heavy four-thread crepe. 31 East 31st, 12th floor.

CREPE DE CHINE AND GEORGETTE.—White and flesh; fine quality; $1.65 a yard. Nassau Silk, 170 5th Av. Gramercy 1197.

CREPE DE CHINES.—Navy and white. Reich, 112 Madison Av. Mad. Square 4152.

DRESSES.—Mr. Jobber, in these dresses there are tales worth listening about: Tricolettes, serges, tricotines, satins, and velvets at $7.50 to $27.50. Make the call today; you'll find what you can't find elsewhere, and what's more, we guarantee delivery of your order the day you say. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES.—Let the actors strike, we've the biggest show in town; new models on the racks to deliver at once. Come up and see the big values. Serges, satins, georgettes, and georgette combinations, taffetas, tricotines, paulettes, and tricolettes, jerseys, $7.50 to $21.50 up. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Mr. Dress Buyer, here's a trade-winning triple alliance—quality, price, style; you'll find these three elements in our tricotines, tricolettes, serges, satins, and velvets at $7.50 to $27.50; delivery guaranteed; see our wonders—Juilliards serge dresses, $8.75. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES.—For immediate delivery; beautiful new Fall models in high-grade charmeuse, satins, tricotines, tricolettes, from $22.50 to $37.50; positively the very best values in the market; call and see for yourself. Klif Dress Co., 28 West 27th. Chelsea 5676.

DRESSES.—Satin and Juilliard all wool French serges; guaranteed, at $9.50; positively immediate delivery assured; we have them on the racks; absolutely the best values in town; we manufacture them ourselves; come and see our factory. Solomon & Kramer, 119 West 23d.

DRESSES.—A big hit with shrewd buyers—our all wool serge dresses at $13.75; simply wonderful; 20 up-to-the-minute styles on the racks; we positively deliver immediately; don't risk promises. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—See these values. All-wool jersey, $9.75; all-wool tricotine, $3.75; on the racks 5,000 coats, suits, and dresses for instant delivery; call and pick them off the racks; if it costs us $0.95, you get it for $1; seeing is believing. Modern, 15 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Get in on the country's greatest business getter: All wool Tricotine Dresses, $14.75. We deliver; not excuses, but dresses. The number is a wonder. See it. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Make August buzz with our great values; big quantities on racks, beaded georgettes, taffetas, satins, serges and tricotines, at very low prices. Franco-American Dress, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—See our wonderful line of satins, taffetas, serges, tricotines and tricolettes. Special offering of georgette at $10. Chic. Made, 33 West 34th.

DRESSES.—1,000 Fall styles to close out, satins, serges, tricotines, jerseys, and taffetas; $4 to $15; big opportunity for cash buyers. Greenberg, 38 West 33d.

DRESSES.—Tricolettes, paulette 2075; also many good styles in serges and satins; immediate delivery. Call and be convinced. Metropolis Garment, 259 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Your sales department will have no trouble in selling our dresses because they are just right in style, workmanship and price. Ansonia Dress Co., 56 West 35th.

DRESSES.—Jobbers only; 3,000 serge, satin, tricotine dresses on racks; immediate delivery; at sacrifice. Esco Dress, 15 West 30th.

DRESSES, Dresses, Dresses. — Tricotines, tricolettes, georgettes, jerseys, duvetyns, mannish serge; style and price continued. Milton, 54 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Tricotines, tricolettes, and serges on the racks for immediate delivery, from $16.75 to $32.50; see best values in New York. Manco Dress, 35 West 31st.

DRESSES.—Wash dresses and skirts for exporters, to close out, in large quantities; skirts, $12 dozen; dresses, $21 dozen. Ford, 114 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Tricotines, paulette 2075; also many good styles in serges and satins; immediate delivery. Call and be convinced. Metropolis Garment, 259 5th Av.

DRESSES. — 500 beautiful satins, taffetas, serges, latest models, can be bought at sacrifice prices. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—See our wonderful values; satins, serges, jerseys, $8.75 to $14.50; immediate delivery. Loeb Nussbaum, 119 West 23d St.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, tricolette, tricotines, jerseys; prices $15 to $45; immediate deliveries, Glockner, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Popular-priced serges, satins, tricotines; immediate delivery. Phil Mark & Co., 71 West 23d.

DRESSES.—All wool jersey dresses to close out at a price. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th.

DRESSES.—350 serges, tricotines and satins on rack, to close out. Salan & Kaufman, 12 West 31st St.

DRESSES.—100 charmeuse dresses; big sacrifice to close out; immediate delivery. Chelsea 670.

DRESSES.—All silk tricolette dresses to close out at a price. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Popular materials, best assortment; most moderate priced. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Printed voiles, georgettes, closing out at a sacrifice; see our tricotines at $11.75. Paragon, 18 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Close out, $2.75, flowered voiles, ginghams, organdies; regular to $5. Queen, 114 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Stouts and maternity satin tricotine, serges; immediate delivery. Wolf & Rubin, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Georgette beaded and tailored, at sacrifice prices. Queen, 114 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Serge, $4.75 up; up-to-the-minute style. Queen, 114 West 26th St.

DUVETYNES for costumes and millinery; georgettes, crepe de chines, charmeuse, &c. D 141 Times.

DUVET.—Superiors, navy, brown; also U. S. 907 tricotines. Farragut 5759.

ELASTIC.—164 gross ¼-inch black braid, $3.25 per gross; also 70 gross white ⅜-inch, and 145 gross white ½-inch, $4.25 per gross, net. Stuyvesant 7309.

Offerings to Buyers

FANCY LININGS and Chiffon Velvets.—All colors. Nat Lebenson, 9 West 20th. Chelsea 6511.

FLANNELETTES.—White, 36-inch; cheap. Goldfarb & Schatter, 529 Broadway. Spring 7528.

F & H. Duvet Superior; all shades. Madison Square 821.

GEORGETTE.—Large quantity, navy, black, and taupe; also peau de cygnes, all colors; very cheap. Ajax Dress Co., 15 East 26th.

GEORGETTE, crepe de chine, and Jap silk waists for immediate delivery, attractive prices. Robinson Co., 688 Broadway.

GEORGETTES.—All colors; reasonable; regular terms; no jobbers. Telephone Madison Square 3047.

GEORGETTES, CREPE DE CHINES, all colors; immediate delivery. Madison Square 4620, Extension 13.

GEORGETTES.—20,000 yards; all colors; fine quality. Florence Silk Co., 456 4th Av.

GEORGETTE.—Navy, 25 pieces good quality cheap; manufacturer. Farragut 3216.

GEORGETTES.—Printed; also brown and copen chiffon. Spring 1680, Extension 13.

GEORGINES, all colors, quantities on hand, below market. Farr. 2825.

GINGHAMS AND CHAMBRAYS.—All kinds; below market prices; immediate delivery. Subin. Chelsea 7098.

GOLDTONE.—Stevens's 4312, all colors; sell cheap. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

HIP RUBBER BOOTS and Leather Jerkins. —10,000 each; immediate delivery. Inquire Canal 534.

HOSIERY.—Here's your chance to buy ladies' full-fashioned silk hosiery in quantities of all kinds of grades at right prices. Madison Square 4728.

HOSIERY.—Ladies' mercerized, for export; immediate delivery. Levine, 396 Broadway.

JAPS.—Quantities 3-momme up to 12-momme; also shirtings and striped Habutai. Farragut 2825.

JAP SILKS.—2¾ Momie Kawamata, and 4 Momie Kaga, natural, Madison Square 8103.

JERSEYS for sale, 50 pieces. Farragut 7261.

LININGS.—White batiste; quantity. 14 East 33d, 4th floor.

MACKINAWS.—McKenneys ¾ width, best selling patterns, large quantities of each pattern; immediate delivery; price reasonable and under market. Spring 6311.

MIXTURE CLOTH.—Ethan Allen, style Nos. 5611, 5613, and 5610, in all shades; also herring-bone cloth, Wm. Whitman's, Style 777, in all shades. Mad. Sq. 2138. Al. Cohen.

MIXTURES.—Stevens 2821. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

MOLE EDGING.—1½ inches to 12 inches wide. Madison Square 4451.

OVERCOATINGS.—75 pieces all wool 6-4 Oxfords to close cheap; samples upon request. Jos. H. Koplin, 829 Arch St., Philadelphia.

OVERCOATINGS.—Also black, white tweed; will sell cheap. Farragut 5170.

OXFORDS, Serges, Tricotines, Velours, Panamas, Cheviots. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

OXFORDS. — Suitings, 10 pieces, cheap. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

OXFORD SUITINGS, all-wool; good quality. Chelsea 1096.

PANTS.—Men's Corduroy pants, 100 dozen; drab only; $3; per dozen. Louis Friedman, 713 B'way.

PAULETTE.—Silk and cotton, all colors; 36-48-54 inches; below market price. Allentown Silk Mills, 225 4th Av.

PAULETTES.—All silk, navy, black, brown; $4.10 net cash. Farr. 3233.

PEACH BLOOM.—All colors. Madison Square 1880.

PETTICOATS.—Silk, also silk and cotton mixtures; biggest values; $2.50 up; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 244 5th Av.

PLAID BACKS.—W. S. Gaves plaid; all colors; style, 602. Madison Square 1380.

PLUMETTES.—Joel's, reindeers and pekin; also lightweight velours; all colors. 2 West 33d St., 11th floor. Kramer.

PLUMETTE.—Pekin, Joel's, 107. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

PLUSHES. — Dobson's H60, brown-tipped, black; Salt's sealskinette; also mercerized plushes. Greeley 4376.

PLUSH.—10 pieces Phila. Pile style Art-Loom Verdum, $4.65 net. Jos. H. Koplin, 829 Arch St., Philadelphia.

POLO CLOTH.—Genuine camel's hair, Buckley & Cohen 500-2, to close out. B. Hirschhorn, 39 West 29th. Madison Square 9066.

POLO CLOTH.—Stewart's 1000, same as 9600 Delands; also heavy weight American and Kelly rafter velour; cheap. Chelsea 985.

POLO CLOTH.—Stevens 6109, all colors. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

POLO.—Holmes 183, taupe, henna, pekin. Madison Square 5466. Lipschutz.

POLO CLOTH.—Joel's, Lamet, No. 17; all colors; cheap. 1120 Greeley.

POLO CLOTH. — Eick, style 322, in all shades. Gramercy 1769.

POLO CLOTHS.—Camel's hair, $6 net; trade acceptance. Reich. 4152 Madison Square.

POLO CLOTH.—American, 15035, color 311; to close out; cheap. Madison Square 939.

PONGEE.—We have 50 pieces 14 Momie pongee for sale. Box 62, 1619 St. James Building.

POPLINS, silk and cotton, 40 inch; Peau de Cygnes, satin duchess, and taffetas. J. S. Scheff & Co., 19 East 21st St.

POPLIN.—Myers, Jolisch navy; sell cheap. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

POPLINS.—Susquehanna, 171; immediate delivery. Melrose Silk Co., 235 5th Av.

POPLINS.—Susquehanna 171. Chelsea 1537.

RAINCOATS, boys, tan bombazine; sizes, 6 to 16; $2. National Clothing Exchange, 80 Bleecker St.

RARITANS.—1325, 8 pieces assorted colors; price $1.90 net, cash. Farragut 4591.

SATEENS.—Printed, to close out. Cairo, 212 5th Av.

SATIN and Taffeta, striped, suitable for linings, 5,000 yards. McCool & Gilchrist, 440 4th Av.

SATIN DRESSES.—Black, navy, plum, taupe; will sell cheap. Ajax Dress Co., 15 East 26th.

SATIN, 36 inch, all colors; immediate delivery; below market price. Allentown Silk Mills, 225 4th Av.

SATINS.—36-inch, striped satins, all silk, suitable for lining skirts and dresses, 25 pieces, $1.37½. Madison Square 3381.

SATIN.—7 pieces black georgette satin. Madison Square 1052.

SATINS.—20 pieces assorted colors to close out. 81 East 31st, 12th floor.

SATIN.—Striped, 50 pieces; $1.50 net. 3d floor, 49 East 21st St.

SATIN.—40 inches, below market price; spot cash. 107 West 25th, 5th floor.

SATINS.—Georgettes and crep de meteors; quantity. Murray Hill 193.

SECO LININGS.—All colors, 150 pieces, to close out; also 25 pieces white Jap. Call Gramercy 4880.

SECO.—500 pieces to close out. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

SERGES.—7301, 54289, W. F. X., 774, Pacifics, all wool Panama, black and navy, S. P. A., L. P. A., S. B. G. L., Whitman's 99, Cleveland 9058, Huebshman's 41, 102, Botany 780, navy and black, all makes of tricotines in navy and other shades, American silvertone 15030, 16007, American polo 15035, Holmes Triomphant 184, heavyweight and lightweight velours and suiting silvertones; also big variety of Juilliard, Cleveland, Broadhead, Empire plaids. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—Poplin 4061, 54289, 821; Priestleys 1419, 8158; also French storm and men's wear. Eastern Woolen Mills, 45 West 25th St. Farragut 2950.

SERGES.—780 botany, original tickets and wrappers; 40 pieces navy and 25 pieces assorted colors, $2.70. Jos. H. Koplin, 829 Arch St., Philadelphia.

SERGES.—Tricotines, silvertones, Saxonia velours; also silks, velvets, beavers; all wonderful values. Unique Silk & Woolen Mills, 33 East 29th.

SERGES.—838, 9240, 94; also American silvertones 15032. George Hoffspiegel, 124 East 23d St. Gramercy 1913.

SERGES.—528, colors, five pieces, $2.50; 4061 navy, 20 pieces. 31 East 31st, 12th floor.

SERGES.—All navy, 54289, 528, 54292, 113, 7301, 4632; also sinvertones, broadcloth; close out. Grossman Bros. Stuyvesant 6833.

SERGES.—100 pieces No. 87 navy; also 100 pieces 1855, navy and colors. Phone Farragut 9910.

SERGES.—14 pieces navy Juilliard, No. 54292, at $2.95. Salan & Kaufman, 12 West 31st St.

SERGES.—838, Dunmore 0360, Roworth 3715, Garfield 519; also broadcloths. Madison Square 3388.

SERGES.—838, 0360, 4061, 54289, 11433, 833, 6120, 7120, 99, 519, 54292, 4632, 7614, 7301. Madison Square 4622. Estelle.

SERGES.—519, 7614, 8715; Walworth 7312, 3655, 1087, 87, 6120, 7120, 787. Weinstein & Davidoff, Madison Square 5418-4620.

SERGES.—Large quantity, WFX, 54289, 4061, also other makes, at a price. Ajax Dress Co., 15 East 26th.

SERGES.—54289, 7120, W. F. X. 9056; also Saxonia velours, 954. Charles Cohen, 315 4th Av. Gramercy 6174.

SERGES.—Botany 11433, Gera 9056; also satin. Kaufman Dress Co., 11 West 32d. Madison Square 8580.

SERGES.—519, 11433, 1464, WFX, poiret twills, tricotine, silvertone. Madison Square 8598.

SERGES.—4061, 54289, Whitman's cotton tricotine and velours. Phone Murray Hill 193.

SERGES.—4040; also Weinberg's dress plaids; dark colors. Madison Square 7296.

Offerings to Buyers

SERGE.—Lorraine 3665, navy, 7 pieces; $2.35. Madison Square 4383.

SERGES.—519, 4632, 838, 0360, 1464; also tricotines. Majestic Textile, 24 East 21st.

SERGES. — Navy, Whitman 104. Madison Square 1520.

SERGES.—Lorraine, 3670, 50-inch; 20 pieces navy; reasonable. Gramercy 7058.

SERGE.—Navy, Whitman's 104. Madison Square 2478.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—75 pieces, 56 inches wide; much lower mill price. Faultless, 1,161 Broadway. Farragut 5176.

SHIRTS.—Shantungs, pure silk, imported heavyweight, beautifully made, $48 a dozen. Harry Berger Shirt Co., 96 Spring St.

SHIRTS.—Silk shirts, of all descriptions, including crepe de chines; quick delivery. Rainbow Shirt, 189 Greene, near Bleecker. Spring 6625.

SILKS.—Over one million dollars worth georgette, crepe de chine, taffeta, satins, velveteens, poplins and a wonderful assortment of fancy novelties to be sold at big sacrifice. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

SILKS.—China goods; many high colors; cheap. Arida, 118 West 22d.

SILKS, Taffetas, Georgettes, Crepe de Chine, Georgines, striped and plaid taffetas and messalines, also satins and peau de cynes; quantities on hand, below market price. Farr. 2428.

SILKS.—Fancy linings, peau de cygnes, and satin on hand; reasonable prices. B. Gottlieb, 114 East 28th.

SILKS.—Fancy satin de chine; also 3 thread crepe de chine. Melrose Silk Co., 235 5th Av.

SILKS.—Susquehanna poplins, stripes, peau de cygne; lowest market prices. Mad. Sq. 7061. Julius Wolff, 1,140 Broadway.

SILKS, Jap, 2¾.—Colors, naturals; also heavier weights, below market price. Clifton Mill, 11 East 17th.

SILK GINGHAMS.—Assorted colors and patterns. Noah Levy, 135 West 29th.

SILK POPLINS, Susquehannas and Royals, all colors; quantities. Gramercy 4083.

SILVERTONES.—Saxonia lightweight, American 15030, 16007, Holmes Triomphant 184; also American polo 15035. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SILVERTONES. — American 15032, 16007; Otaquachee 114, Holmes's 184, Stewart's 1000; also Joel's plumette; all colors. Greeley 4376.

SILVERTONES.—Light weight and heavy weight, finest quality, all shades; will sell cheap. Biltmore Woolen Mills, 24 East 21st St., Room 910. Gramercy 5480.

SILVERTONE.—Burella, Buckley and cohen, 801 reindeer, navy. Madison Square 5466. Lipschutz.

SILVERTONES.—Suiting, all wool, Pekin, brown, oxblood, taupe, reindeer. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

SILVERTONES.—Velours, coating, yalamas, tricotines, serges, broadcloths, &c. Shainberg & Shoenfeld, 257 4th Av., 14th floor.

SILVERTONE, tricotine, velour, duvet; Superior 15032; fine quality tricotine, velour. Gramercy 1635.

SILVERTONES. — Plaid, Otaqueechee 115, brown and burgundy. 2 West 33d, 11th floor. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

SILVERTONES.—plaid, ottaquechee, all colors, sell cheap. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

SILVERTONES.—Brown, taupe, reindeer; also all colors botany, yalama. Mad. Sq. 1520.

SILVERTONES, velours, and silks; real values; act quickly. Room 36, 1,193 Broadway.

SILVERTONES.—All wool and cotton warp; also other coatings. Kaplan, 20 West 22d St. Gramercy 1515.

SILVERTONES.—Peachbloom to match all colors; to close out. Cohen & Goldstein, Madison Square 4620.

SILVERTONE.—F. A. Bachman, 19142; Copen. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

SILVERTONES, brown, navy, and reindeer. Farr. 9018.

SILVERTONE.—Dobson 621, all colors. Madison Square 5466. Lipschutz.

SILVERTONES.—15030 and 15032; all shades. 2452 Gramercy.

SILVERTONES.—15032 American, all colors. Madison Square 6664.

SILVERTONE.—Ardsley 105, American 15032, all colors. Farragut 2616.

SMOCKS.—Job of cotton smocks to close out. Nevertear, 648 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—Blue gabardine, to close out; immediate delivery; extraordinary values. Afroimsky, 112 West 17th St.

SKIRTS.—300 all wool, fine serges and poplins; job, best values. Excelsior Skirt Co., 168 Madison Av.

SKIRTS, Skirts, Skirts.—What we haven't in skirts is not worth while having; will ship what you buy today. Milton, 50 West 25th St.

SKIRTS.—16,000, to close; Susquehanna poplins, fancies, &c., $1.35-$2 and up. New York Silk Garment Co., 1,140 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna 171; silk poplin skirts $2.20. Brown Skirt Co., 225 5th Av.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna silk, poplin, $2.37½. Ford, 114 West 26th St.

STEVENS and Juilliards; all colors; large quantity; at a price. Rothstein & Nelson, 129 West 29th.

STEVENS Oxford 7784-7. Madison Square 821.

STEVENS 4312 in all shades; also 2821 in all shades. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

SUITS.—Latest models in tricotines, Poiret twills, and oxfords; special low prices; immediate delivery. Maurice Lesser & Co., 37 West 20th.

SUITS AND COATS.—Misses' and stouts; snappy styles in tricotines, velours, broadcloths, silvertones; special prices; deliveries from rack. Julius Wolf, 279 5th Av.

SUITS.—Most beautiful silvertone suit on the market for $17.50, satin lined, all wool, guaranteed. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SUITS.—Serges, poplins, silvertones, tricotines; cheapest to best; reasonable. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SUITS, COATS, DRESSES, &c.—Big job, close out very cheap; up-to-the-minute Fall models. Abraham Lustgarten, 8 West 19th St.

SUITS AND COATS.—Nifty models at normal prices. Plager, 1,161 Broadway.

SUITS.—500 on the racks, $15.50 to $55. Morris Waldman, 17 West 28th St.

SUITS.—All wool serge, fancy silk lined, to close out. Feldman, 54 East 13th.

SWEATERS.—Jobs, silk, assorted, to close out. Diamond Tea Gown Co., 105 East 29th St.

TAFFETAS.—Black, navy, 400 pieces for immediate delivery. Sunset Silk Mills, 49 East 21st.

TAFFETAS.—Plaids, checks, brocades. Henbert Silk Co., 329 4th Av.

TAFFETA.—Black, two grades, under market price. Schlang & Co., 151 West 26th.

THIBETS.—Black; large quantities; cheap. Wang, 4717 Farragut.

TINSELTONES. — Twill, Holden-Leonards 719. Madison Square 5466. Lipschutz.

TINSELTONE.—Holden-Leonard, 719. Also F. & H., all materials. Mad. Sq. 8475.

TRICOLETTE.—Drop stitch, and Paulette, all silk; also cotton backs, 36 and 48 inches wide, for immediate delivery. Morris Knitting Mills, 30 West 22d St. Tel. Gramercy 2196, 2197.

TRICOTINES.—Gera Mills 10854, Ethan Allen, U. S. 907, Pacifics and other makes in all shades. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

TRICOLETTES AND PAULETTES. — 36 inches wide; all colors. Republic Textile Co., 22 West 32d St.

TRICOTINES, Joel. 9541, Brightwood, American, Dobson and U. S. A. Kramer, 9656 Mad. Sq. 2 W. 33d, 11th floor.

TRICOTINES.—Navy, taupe, reindeer, brown, black, Dobson, Scotia, Stoney, Starkey, Brightwood. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

TRICOTINES.—Large quantity Andrews' 5782; also other makes, at a price. Ajax Dress Co., 15 East 26th.

TRICOTINE.—Brown, Shelbourne Mills, to close out. Madison Square 6375.

TRICOTINES.—Botany 5952, navy, six pieces, $4.30. Madison Square 4383.

TRICOTINES.—Botany 5952; close out cheap. Cohen & Goldstein, Madison Square 4620.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield 4718 12-piece navy at a price. Madison Square 7216.

TRICOTINES.—Scotia, United, Cleveland. Orchard 5433.

TRICOTINE, SILVERTONE.—4718, 3304, Goff, U. S., Steven, 4312, 4315, 15032, 15030, 16007, Wyandotte velour and 112 broadcloth. Gramercy 1074.

TRICOTINES.—65 pieces, fine quality; also light weight velours, broadcloths; very cheap. Chelsea 985.

TRICOTINE SERGES.—Cleveland 719. Silvertone, Gramercy 1484.

UNIFORMS.—Military serges and gabardines; immediate delivery. U. S. Uniform, 93 5th Av. Stuyvesant 3928.

U. S. CHEVRONAS.—Will sell cheap. 2 West 33d, 11th floor. Kramer.

VELOURS.—Wyandotte 600, fastolite 140, 145, Bolton's 524, Juilliard's 230, brown, navy, burgundy, green, parkside, silvertones 102; also serges 54289, 4421, 4060, 4061, 812, 3; also stripes and plaids, quantities, immediate delivery. Mirkus Brothers, 44 East 21st. Gramercy 2744, 1769.

VELOURS. — Wyandotte 600, fastolite 140, 145, 3961, Bolton's 524, Kelly Rafters, burgundy, brown, navy, green, new blue; immediate delivery. Gramercy 4083.

VELOURS.—Heavy weight, finest quality, all shades, best assortment; will sell cheap. Biltmore Woolen Mills, 24 East 21st, Room 910. Gramercy 5480.

VELOURS.—Large quantity heavy weight, in stock; immediate delivery; also serges, silvertones, broadcloths. American Piece Goods Co., 315 4th Av.

VELOURS.—Garfield 5116; brown, reindeer, chinchilla; also Forstman's, black, botany, taupe, yalama. Farragut 5759.

Offerings to Buyers

VELOURS AND SILVERTONES.—Light and heavy weights; all shades. Majestic Textile, 24 East 21st.

VELOURS.—Coatings, Saxonia 954; all colors; also other coating velours similar to K-544. 24 East 21st St., Room 801. Gramercy 1899-6726.

VELOUR, Wyandotte, heavy weight, 600; Taupe, Reindeer, Rose Taupe, brown. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

VELOURS.—954 green, or will take brown; exchange; pay difference. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St.

VELOURS CHECK.—Taupe, Lawrence 489, three pieces. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

VELOURS.—0360, all shades. Madison Square 3654.

VELOUR; American or 359, green, plum and burgundy. Md. Sq. 6590.

VELOURS.—Heavy weight, navy and green. Kelly, all wool, 3000. 1120 Greeley.

VELOURS.—Botany 5947, Garfield's 5129; also black, all colors. Greeley 4376.

VELOURS.—Clark and Dana, navy, brown and taupe. Chelsea 9755.

VELOURS.—Light weight, 1 brown and 2 burgundy, at $2.90 a yard. 1120 Greeley.

VELVETEENS.—Juilliard's 36-inch width, plain black, quality 450, seconds in all the good shades; immediate delivery; also a complete line of velvets for the millinery trade. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Phone Spring 6311.

VELVETEENS.—Imported goods, 27, 36, 44 inches; all colors. Nat Lebenson, 9 West 20th. Chelsea 6511.

VELVETEENS.—All widths and colors, straight and twilled back. Phone Madison Square 8644.

VELVETINES.—Twill back, 27 inches; all shades. Rosh & Mayers, 122 West 27th.

VENITIANS.—Estrella, 32-inch, black and burgundy; below market price. Gramercy 6174.

VENETIANS.—36-inch Ducness, (Dura-Luxe,) black; 32-inch C 474 and Estrella; also imitation Venetian. Cairo, 212 5th Av.

VENETIANS.—Imitation, black and colors; cheap. 1120 Greeley.

VENETIAN MARQUISE.—54 inches wide; under market price. Globe Merchandise Co., 32 West 18th.

VENETIAN.—Dura luxe, Monarch, green only; to close out. Greeley 4376.

VENETIAN.—Black, 32 and 36 in. wide, at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

VOILES.—White and black, to close. Cairo, 212 5th Av.

WAISTS.—We have a very fine selection of cottons and silks; immediate delivery at lower prices than can be gotten elsewhere; call and be convinced. Belmore Waist Co., 27 West 24th.

WAISTS.—Novelty silk nets, georgettes, crepe de chine, $18 to $60; immediate delivery. Famous Waist Co., 99 Greene St.

WAISTS.—Georgette; entire stock, to close out. Ruth Waist Co., 105 East 29th.

WAISTS, Waists, Waists. — Thousands of dozens. Milton, 52 West 25th St.

WOOL JERSEY.—25 pieces, assorted, $2.35 net cash. Madison Square 5157.

WOOL JERSEY.—All shades, large quantity, fine quality; $2.40. Madison Square 4383.

ZIBELINES.—Strook's, 30 pieces, mostly black; sell cheap. Madison Square 1557.

Contracts Offered.

A ST. LOUIS wholesale clothier desires to contract with some manufacturer in New York or vicinity to cut, make, and trim medium-priced men's and young men's suits and overcoats; piece goods on hand for immediate use. Please reply by mail Box Z 395 Times Annex, advising grade of goods making and capacity.

CONTRACTORS wanted on children's serge and gingham dresses; best prices paid; large quantities. Alexander Propper Co., Inc., 1,134 Fulton St., Brooklyn, corner Franklin Av.

CONTRACTORS on party dresses and dance frocks. Call with samples. Robbins Dress Co., 76 Madison Av.

CONTRACTORS wanted on party and velvet dresses. Call, with samples. 14 East 33d.

DRESSES.—Contractors wanted on party and velvet dresses; call with samples. 4th floor, 14 East 33d.

SKIRT contractor wanted on better line only; bring your own samples; will furnish our own materials; steady work guaranteed. Inquire all week at 8 West 29th St., Room 703.

Allied Industries.

PAPER.—All sizes Krafto; 7¼c. per lb. Spring 7140.

Help Wanted.

MAN conversant with converting of cotton linings wanted by large importing house; excellent opportunity. H 292 Times.

SALESMAN wanted in bedding, carpet, rug and linoleum store; must be about 10 years' experience in this line; married man preferred; can make $50 to $60 a week; reference wanted; salary or salary and commission. Z 418 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted by cotton goods house carrying a full line for the cloak and suit trade; only those having experience need apply; salary and commission. H 346 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in selling dresses; call on city and offices; very good opportunity for right man; commission basis. T. A. Hartman & Co., 5 West 31st St.

YOUNG MAN, 16-18, by Christian firm; clean and good education; excellent opportunity to learn silk business. H 345 Times.

Auctions.

FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

Under order of the Superior Court of the Province of Quebec, Canada, the wooden steamer **JOHN S. THOM,** with her boilers, engines, machinery, equipment, tackle, apparel and furniture, will be sold to the highest bidder, at public auction, by S. T. Fairbanks, Auctioneer, at Brady's Dock, foot of Lexington Ave., Bayonne, N. J., where said steamer is now lying and may be inspected, on **AUGUST 28, 1919,** at 12 noon. Terms of sale, inventories, and other information may be had at the office of the auctioneer, No. 89 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, N. J., or from Captain A. C. Peslin, c/o Marine Trading Corporation, No. 31 Pine Street, New York City.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL, BY Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, August 20th, 1919, at 12:30 o'clock noon, five hundred and seventy-two (572) shares of the capital stock of Nauss Bros. Co., subject to the terms of sale to be announced by the auctioneer at the time of said sale.

Dated August 14th, 1919.

CHARLES E. NAUSS and FLORENCE T. HILDEBRAND, Executors of the last will and testament of WENDOLIN J. NAUSS, deceased.

Auctioneers.

SMITH & JAFFE.

Salesroom 68 W. 45th St. Tel. Vand. 2524.
Office, Woolworth Bldg. Tel. 431 Barclay.

BENJ. S. WISE, Auctioneer, pays highest cash prices for household effects. 428 Columbus Av. Phone Schuyler 7175.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, District of Massachusetts. THE ARCHIBALD McNEIL & SONS COMPANY, Complainant, v. BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY, Defendant. Consolidated Cause in Equity No. 834.

August 11, 1919.

ORDER EXTENDING TIME FOR PROVING CLAIMS

ANDERSON, J. Upon reading and filing the application of Wallace B. Donham, as Receiver of the defendant Bay State Street Railway Company, with respect to the extension of time for proof of claims, debts and demands against the Bay State Street Railway Company or the Receiver, and it appearing to the Court that the time fixed by the Receiver, pursuant to Article Thirteenth of the Decree of Foreclosure and Sale heretofore entered by the Court in the above-entitled consolidated cause and extended by an order of this Court made and entered on the 28th day of July, 1919, within which the holders of the unpaid claims, debts and demands against the Bay State Street Railway Company or the Receiver, more particularly referred to in said Article Thirteenth, may prove such claims, debts and demands expires on August 11th, 1919, and it further appearing to the Court that it is to the advantage of all concerned that the time within which any such claim, debt and demand may be presented to the Receiver be extended, it is

ORDERED, That the time within which the holders of the unpaid claims, debts and demands against the defendant Bay State Street Railway Company or the Receiver, more particularly referred to in Article Thirteenth of the Decree of Foreclosure and Sale heretofore entered by this Court in the above-entitled consolidated cause, may present their claims to the Receiver pursuant to the provisions of said Article Thirteenth be and hereby is extended from August 11th 1919, to and including August 25th, 1919, subject, however, to all the terms and provisions of said Decree of Foreclosure and Sale. It is further

ORDERED, That the Receiver of the defendant Bay State Street Railway Company shall publish a copy of this Order as soon as may be after the entry thereof at least four (4) times prior to August 25th, 1919, in one or more newspapers of general circulation published in each of the places in which the notice of the sale to be made under said Decree of Foreclosure and Sale is directed to be published.

By the Court.

(Signed) ARTHUR M. BROWN, Deputy Clerk.

All proofs of such unpaid claims, debts or demands should be mailed or delivered to the Receiver at the address given below.

WALLACE B. DONHAM,
Receiver of Bay State Street Railway Company, 245 State Street, Boston, Massachusetts.

NEGROES IN SOUTH SHOW PROFIT IN PIGS

Report from Mississippi Tells of Interest in Farm Makers' Clubs.

BOYS TAKE LARGE PART

Young Farmers Are Diversifying Crops—To Grow More Peanuts and Sweet Potatoes.

For many years following the civil war that section of the South known as the cotton belt was regarded as interested only in the production of cotton. Corn, it is true, was largely produced in the delta and along the rivers; wheat was of small importance over the general area; cattle were of small interest as an industry, and hogs were fed merely for individual consumption, and in thousands of sections meats were bought the year round.

Now all this has been changed. Long before the European war agricultural colleges were impressing their students with the importance of diversified farming in the section which had relied for years almost entirely upon cotton. The war brought added necessity for increased production of all farm products, not only for home consumption but for increasing the national supply.

The share-cropper and the negro tenant long had no special inspiration or example in the diversity of crops, nor was the value upon hogs and cattle properly rated. The share-cropper and the negro in the cotton belt and in the delta region now are to be rated in vastly different figures over those of ten years ago.

A recent report from the Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College to the United States Department of Agriculture throws a light upon the newest phases of activity in that section which is full of comparative figures.

One of the features of the report deals with the activities of boys in developing a higher standard of farming. But perhaps the most notable part of the report on specialized activities of the boys is that which mentions the tremendous interest of the negro farmers and their sons in agricultural clubs and special developments of the farms.

The report relates that in 1918 the membership of the negro farm clubs increased 400 per cent. over the previous year. Five negro boys, belonging to clubs, reported the production of an average of 108 bushels of corn to the acre. From the pig clubs, 195 negro boys reported the sale of hogs amounting to $6,253.38, giving a profit of $3,474.10.

The report of the Assistant Director of Extension Work to the Department of Agriculture says:

"LIVE STOCK CLUBS.

"In reading a news letter of some time past I ran across a statement like this: 'That the total enrollment of pig club members in the United States was 80,000; that 71 per cent. grew pure bred pigs that averaged a gain of 1.14 pounds per day; that twenty-eight States were doing pig club work under the leadership of forty-nine specialists.' When I read this statement I immediately wondered what per cent. of the work being done in the United States was done in Mississippi, and I find that 13 per cent., or one-eighth of the entire enrollment of the United States, is made up of the members in Mississippi; that 75.8 per cent. of our boys grew pure bred pigs; that over 90 per cent. of these pure blood pigs were Duroc Jerseys; that the average profit made on the pure blood pigs was $34.49; that the pure blood hog population had increased by 54,600 as offspring from pure blood pigs in 1918, with a value of $1,132,500, valuing the pigs farrowed in the Spring at $30 each, which value was placed on them at market time in the Fall, and valuing the Fall farrowed pigs at $15 each. Comparatively few of these pure bloods were sold for pork. Practically all females found places on farms, and the best males were kept for sires.

"As has been the custom in the past, the bankers came forward in their usual liberal manner, putting up some $40,000 in the form of loans on open notes to the boys, which loans were immediately invested in pure-bred pigs.

"We have made some headway towards the organization of sheep clubs. A few counties were organized during the past year, and this work was notably successful in Yazoo County. The corn club boys put Mississippi on the map as a corn growing State; the pig club boys have practically chased out the 'razor-back,' teaching modern methods of growing and feeding as they proceed, and we believe that the sheep club members will put Mississippi on the map as a sheep growing State. Our agents have been talking sheep for several years to the adults without accomplishing very much and they have fallen on this plan as a solution, which, I am confident, it will prove to be.

"PLANT CLUBS.

"Corn club boys produced an average of 46.3 bushels of corn per acre at a cost of 44 cents per bushel, with an average profit of $48.83 per member. The ten best records show an average yield of 112.2 bushels per acre at an average cost of 13 cents per bushel and an average profit of $153.05 per member. Taking weather conditions into account, this is really a most unusual piece of work. Mississippi is now recognized as one of the leading corn States of the Union and is producing a quality of corn unequaled, both facts due in a large measure to the work of the boys.

"During the year some other plant clubs were organized in a small way, and we are planning to push with energy the peanut club and the sweet potato club during the year 1919, believing that they can be of very great value in creating interest in these two crops.

"Several hundred wheat club members have been enrolled, and they are distributed throughout the State. We will find out some things about wheat which we should like to know, and again the boys will render agriculture as a whole a very distinct service. We are going to ask these wheat club members to follow up their wheat crop with some other crop. It will very likely be sweet potatoes.

"CLUB FOR NEGROES.

"Another phase of our work that has been pushed forward as rapidly as possible is the farm makers' clubs. In 1917 twenty-eight counties were organized, with an enrollment of 956 members; in 1918 thirty-five counties were organized with a total enrollment of 5,008, which was an increase of 400 per cent. over the previous year. Twenty-seven per cent. of the entire 1918 enrollment submitted reports, which is the highest percentage reporting in the history of any of our organized clubs. The members reporting made, in my judgment, a remarkable showing. The average yield of corn produced by the farm makers' club members was 37½ bushels per acre at a cost of 32 cents per bushel, with a total profit of $31,837.50. Five of these negro boys produced an average of 108 bushels of corn to the acre.

"Of the 1,000 farm makers' pig club members enrolled 195 reported a production of 210 pigs, weighing 34,741 pounds, with a value of $6,253.38, $3,474.10 of which was profit to the members. Aside from these two major activities, a few grew potatoes, a few grew peas, pumpkins, and cotton.

"The annual reports of several of the clubmen of this State show some very interesting figures. For your convenience, however, I might mention the fact that the total value of the crops of all club members, emergency, those regularly enrolled members not reporting, and those who did report, was $1,183,894.20. The 3,437 boys who sent in reports show a total profit of $104,162.94, or an average of $30.30 a member, which, when we consider conditions influencing yields in the State, is very good indeed."

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ....5½ p. c. for the best names.
Saturday ....5½ p. c. for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Leads to Profiteering.

One of the leading clothing manufacturers stated that 143 new houses have been started in the clothing trade this season. The effect has been, he said, to run up the prices of both material and labor. In regard to material the newcomers seem willing to pay the jobbers any price to get goods, which operates to the disadvantage of the established houses and makes it necessary for them in many cases to outbid such competition in order to provide themselves with fabrics. The new manufacturers are also ready to pay almost any price, he said, to have clothing made, with the result that labor is won away from the old houses unless they decide to meet the competition and make advances to their operatives.

***

Big Demand for Imported Goods.

The demand for imported goods in the ready-to-wear and other department store lines is in a flourishing state, according to one of the principal operators in this sort of merchandise. He stated yesterday that he has barely anything left of a stock of goods recently shipped to him from abroad that amounted to quarter of a million dollars. Such a brisk trade in foreign manufactures, he said, was not enjoyed in the best years before the war. He stated that out-of-town stores, that formerly made purchases of imported goods in only small quantities, are now fairly large buyers of such merchandise.

***

Leather Hats Liked for Fall.

Many of the high-priced model houses and manufacturers in the local millinery trade think well of leather, either in solid effects or in combination with some other material, for the opening of the coming season. Some smart hats of bright red leather are shown here, as well as of blue, brown and black. The softest kind of leather is used, this being made necessary by the draping and other arrangements that can be worked out only in a pliable material. Tams and toques of solid leather are seen to good advantage, but almost all of the larger hats are made of a combination of leather and velvet. Leather fringe, extending over the brim of the hat, is seen, as are some novel effects in gold and silver embroidery on leather.

***

Should Buy Furs Now.

Patrons of department stores who can take, but have not as yet taken, advantage of the August fur sales apparently do not know what money-saving propositions these events are this year. Without saying that they will not go still higher, it is a fact that manufactured furs have never been as high as they will be this Fall. About fourteen months ago, for example, a well-known local wholesale fur concern was offering a certain coat model in Hudson seal at $165. Yesterday, for a coat of the same kind of fur, and of about the same style and length, the quotation was $235. The concern in question, by the way, is one that is noted more for the fine quality of its goods than the prices it asks for them

***

Americanizing to Lower Costs.

From the fact that one of the principal advocates of the "Americanization" of the needle trades will be present at today's meeting of the executives of the National Garment Retailers' Association, it is understood that the question of Americanizing these industries will be an important part of the discussion of the high cost of living. It is the contention of representative garment and clothing manufacturers that, unless steps are taken to create a larger supply of labor for the needle trades, there can be no stop to advancing prices. The manufacturers believe that even such high rates as $100 for ordinary operatives in the garment industry will be increased unless additional employes are found.

***

Gray Goods Prices Steady.

Although the bull movement that impended on Saturday did not "follow through" in the local gray goods market yesterday, prices were steady at the closing levels of last week, and a fair amount of business was put through by second hands for near-by deliveries. For 38½-inch 64-60s they accepted 15½ to 16 cents, depending on the quality of the goods or else how badly they needed ready money. Business in wide printcloths was done on the basis of 19 cents for 39-inch 68-72s. Low-end tobacco cloths moved pretty well at prices described as "fair." There was a little stir in lightweight sheetings, due to the activities of some of the bag manufacturers, but it was not enough to cause any general upturn in the prices quoted on these goods. In fine-yarn fabrics and specialties little change was apparent.

***

Jewelry Sale to English Buyer.

The Jewelry Department of the Bush Terminal Sales Building has made a sale of $120,000 to an English buyer. Norman Raudnitz, manager of the department, stated that while the English are specialists in silverware they feel that the gold and gold-filled products of this country surpass their efforts in the same line. Prospects are good, he pointed out, for continued trade with England on such jewelry, which has been begun by the large transaction mentioned.

***

Men Like Bargains, Too.

Men like bargains these days as much as women. This was shown yesterday when, in spite of the Interborough strike and the inclement weather, a special sale of well over 1,000 Winter overcoats put on by a local department store was so freely patronized that, at 3 o'clock, late comers were greeted mostly by regretful salesmen and empty tables. The store officials, in offering a merchandising innovation for men that is somewhat in keeping with August sales of Winter furs for women, stated that they did it to see "if men are as ready as women are to avail themselves of a money-saving opportunity." The answer was plain.

***

Let-up in Buying.

During the past week there has been noticeable a distinct let-up in buying, and purchases are quickly getting back to the hand-to-mouth sort that characterized the period after the armistice. One of the representative buying organizations stated yesterday that the decline in the demand may be placed directly at the door of unsettled conditions and the uncertainty which surrounds the present situation. The Government inquiry in the cost of living is being watched closely by the retailers as well as by the wholesale interests, and while the issue is in doubt there is bound to be a slackening in operations.

***

Burlap Prices Are Irregular.

Little snap to demand was visible in the local market for burlaps yesterday. Prices were somewhat irregular, and selling pressure was reported on the part of some of the weaker holders of goods. Matters were not helped any, following reports of a shortage of freight space at Calcutta and other bullish news, for the trade to receive a cable dispatch telling that July shipments for North America from that market exceeded 100,000,000 yards by a good margin and were the heaviest for any single month in years. As to prices, both Dundee and Calcutta appear to continue high and firm. Exchange difficulties with Calcutta apparently have not been solved by British official action valuing the rupee at 22 pence, as late cables received here report most remitters holding out for 24 pence. Local prices for standard forty-inch goods were 15¼ to 15½ cents for lightweights and 17.35 to 17.50 cents for heavyweights.

Parcel Post Exchange with Spain.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The Post Office Department announced today the successful negotiation of a parcel post convention with Spain after years of correspondence. The exchange of parcel post will begin Sept. 1, pending the final ratification of the treaty, which includes parcel post service to the Balearic Islands and the Canary Islands as well as the Spanish possessions in Northern Africa. The weight limit is eleven pounds.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Special Master Philip J. McCook—Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.

Calabria<NY Cons.
Greenberg<same.
Fisher<same.
Blum<same.
M r owitz<same.
Killoran<same.
Schwartz<same.
Brenner<same.
Kielsan<same.
Cus ar<same.

DISTRICT COURT—Hutcheson, J.—In Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar.

Snare & Triest Co<St Paul Fire & Marine Ins Co.
Zaka<Le Petit Paris, Inc.
Murphy<Cent RR of N J.
Gentry Film Co<Educational Film Corp'n
Watkins<Ackerman.
Vogue Co<Allen Nugent Co, Inc.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—Room 312, P. O. Building, Brooklyn. 10:30 A. M.

U S<Eileen Stilway (bond.)

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Litigated motions.

Raymond<Nat Bank
Ambursen Con Co<Cramp Shipbldg Co.
A L Gosselin Corp<Tapparelli Fu Pietro (2)
Re Woolworth.
Ward<Greger.
State of NY<Lane.
Holmes<Camp, Jr, &c
Re Millett.
Ehrehzweig<Le Fevre
Lawrence<Lawrence.
Errett<Gramm Bernstein Sales Corp.
Weil<Weil.
Hall Realty Co<<Dyck Realty Co.
Lagier<Spilled & Co.
Custen<Phoenix Auto Raincoat Co.
Pickley<Stern Bros.
Palazzotto<Gardner
Levien<Wolff
Pagano<I Davega
Costuma<Karleback
Fils<Wechsler (2.)
Mun Liens<Welsh
Cohen<Cohen
Emigrant Sav Bank<Crowley
Galligan<Dee Hldg.
MacEnulty<Carnegie Steel.
Galligan<Dee Holding Co.
Felbstein<Woodruff
Re Gilbride
Axelrod<Empire Pipe Corp.
Zafirides<Anglo-Am Com'l Co
Hogan<Birns Exp.
Davis<Davis.
Gilmore<Isaacs
Slayback<Slayback
Petit<Boyce
De Gonzenbach<McGuire.
Eisenstein<Eisenstein.
Nat Bank of Balt<Bushman.
Met Petroleum Co<Levering.
Tietjen<Herbert
Am League NY Baseball Club<Johnson (2.)
Musgrave<Musgrave (2.)
Moers<Fay.
O'Shea<Morgan.
Ehrgott<Ehrgott.
Smith<Handiman.
Smith<Southwell.
Frankell<Steuer.
Baum<Piermont.
Brand<Berkowitz.
Troxey<Goodwin.
Shaw<Kornbluth.
Neubert<Tilzer.
Sherman<Sherman.
Lefevre<Semprini.
Griffrida<Griffrida.
Johanson<F P Wood.
L & H Pokress<Eagle Trimmed Hat
Kennedy<Kennedy.
Wilds<Lanahan.
Weiss<Thorne.
Lavery<Missionary Society.
Goldman<Goldman.
Ornstein<G Nassauer.
Newberry<Newberry.
Spina<Auto Trucking Co. (2.)
Bruneri<Bruneri.
Seaverns<St Lawrence Cond. Milk.
O'Brien<Voorhis.
Levy<Voorhis.
Lewis<Voorhis.
Ruth<Voorhis.
Ryan<Voorhis.
Lehman<Voorhis.
Blumenthal<Wexler.
Lepow<Palisade Holding Co. (2.)
Greenberg<Gutlohn (2.)
Kopp<Kopp.
Levy<Schreibman & Goldberg.
Re Noyes (Nebel.)
Re Beckenstoss (Noyes.)
NY Life Ins < T Co<Schoenfeld.
Pratt<Pratt.
Handler<Handler.
Van Camp<Van Camp.
Strous<Strous.
M H Rubin, Inc.<Int Fed of Workers
Applegate<Applegate.
Le Gere<Le Gere.
People<Ab Soc Soc.
Lukacs<Lukacs.
Wolf<Wolf (2.)
Kralyic<Kralyic.
Bauer<Bauer.
Karnis<Turetsky.
Edelman<Edelman.
Prandies<Brandies.
Hill<Hill.
Smith<Wilson.
Shubert Thea<Wilson
Smith<Wilson.
Cook<Wilson.
H W Salvage<Wilson
Shubert Thea<Wilson
H W Savage<Wilson
Cook<Wilson.

PART II.—Guy, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Parts II. and III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Wills for probate:

John H Rohde,
Lilly Townley,
Isidore Nomie,
Ernest C Cheston,
Patrick Murphy,
Sarah Morgenstein,
C F Case,
Katherine A Dooley,
Andrew Guyer.
Annette L Edwards,
Augustia C Anderson,
Denis J Donohue.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Cowle<Fidelity & Cas Co.
Stein<Peragallo.
Shapiro<Scheier.
E L Lezinsky Co, Inc<Hoffman.
Behan<S A Jacobson Co, Inc.
Weinstein<Palmer.
Graves, Graff & Dresser, Inc<Cooke.
Deuchemine<Galvin.
Standard Ship Building Co<Dearborn.
Perlman<Zeitlin.
Steinhard<Rothschild.
Oscar Schlegel Mfg Co<Berlinger.

PART II.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J.—Isaac E Emerson<Thomas Healy—Elek J Ludvigh. Baron De Hirsch Fund<Patrick Doonan—David L Weil.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.

O'Shea<Hirschhorn.
Benjamin<Schorn-Schadt Const Co.
Zimmer<Waldschmitt
Laczko<Beer.
Sill<Camp.
Re Oshinsky & Co.
Re Read Printing Co.
Kiernan<White (2.)
Katz<Hirsch (2.)
Fent<Recht & Rosenbaum, Inc.
State of N Y<Cassidy.
Finn<Grant.
Maimone<N Y Catholic Protectory.
Levy<Yerry.
Archer<Sweeney.
Schraudner<Joffman.
Feingold<Feingold.
Gundlach<Leopold.
Pronger<Pronger.
Block<Block.
Schwartz<Schwartz.
Wolpin<Wolpin.
Greenwold & Marcuse, Inc<Hoffman.
Fisk Rubber Co<Elsey
Lobel<Lobel.
Greene<Greene.
Krieger<Krieger.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mitchell, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—Motions at 10 A. M.

Annello<Turner & Blanchard.
London<Morningside Ex & Van Co
Sklorofsky<same.
Fischer<Breslau.
Schmidt<B H RR Co.
Stengele<Taylor.
Zehner<Zehner.
Hurdus<Duberstein.
Oislander<Sack.
Scifani<International Provision Co.
Wallach<Beadleston & Woerz.
Cunningham<Cunningham.
Haber<Goetzoff.
Re U S Fidelity & G Co.
Wayburn<North Shore Realty Co.
Ward<City N Y
Althouse<same.
Maltz<Urban.
The Mayhew Co<Keenan.
Rigby<Katz.
Morris<Morris.
Swirsky<Swirsky.
Sullivan<Sciortino, Jr.
Benach<Benach.
Hartley<Cohn.
Carroll<Hackett.
Shookoff<Crystal.
Frontera<Frontera.
De Zinna<Int R T Co.
Cutrone<same.
Hopper<same.
Collins<same.
Green<same.
Turchenska<same.
Gibson<same.
Todaro<same.
Gleason<same.
Lyons<same.
Jaulus<same.
Stein<Stein.
Kerr<Kerr.
Feld<Raab.
Archipo<Savino.
Teggiano<Zubow.
West End Wet Wash Laundry<Select Wet Wash Laundry.
Cairo<Cairo.
Re New Utrecht Av (Levin.)
Snyder<Snyder.
Smythe<Smythe (2.)
Beyer<Jutkovitz.
Grossman<Terrell.
Re Rowland.
Re Gledhill.

PART II.—Kapper, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Wingate, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Accountings of:
Anna Ross,
Gouleiben Battruff.
Estate of:
Harry Brawne.

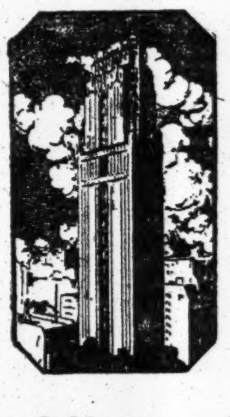
County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

Hundreds of Lines—Thousands of Items

Bush Terminal Sales Building affords visiting merchants and buyers the most remarkable opportunity to inspect, compare and purchase from the varied offerings of hundreds of manufacturers. Thousands of items from which you can choose with decidely better results than ever before. Buying here spells bigger sales and profits in your store.

Aprons
Art Needlework Novelties
Artificial Flowers
Baskets
Bathing Suits
Canes, Umbrellas
Children's Wear
Corsets, Brassieres and Accessories
Costumes and Gowns
Decorative Arts and Industries
Draperies, Dress Fabrics and Linings
Dyes
Furs
Gloves
Hardware and Paints
Hosiery
House Garments
Housefurnishings and Home Appliances
Infants' and Children's Division
Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks
Knit Goods
Laces and Embroideries
Luggage and Leather Goods
Maribou Novelties



Men's Wear
Middies
Misses' and Juniors' Wear
Neckwear and Veilings
Muslin and Silk Underwear
Negligees
Notions
Novelties
Nursery Furniture
Nurses' and Maids' Apparel
Overalls
Pianos and Talking Machines
Optical Goods
Ribbons
Shipping Containers
Shoes and Shoe Accessories
Silk, Cotton, Woolen Piece Goods
Sporting Goods
Toilet Goods
Toys
Trimmings
Waists
Water Heaters (Gas)
Waterproof Fabrics
Women's Ready-to-Wear

Some of the Timely Offerings for Visiting Buyers

Only a small group, however from among the vast array of seasonable goods now on display, most classes of buyers can practically fill all their stock requirements without leaving the building—quality, values and service dominate.

Aprons

APRONS—Exclusive styles. Superior Quality. Unexcelled Workmanship. C. A. NEUBURGER & CO., Room 705, Bush Terminal Sales Bldg., Factory, Oshkosh, Wis.

Art Novelties

CHAS. BLOOM, INC.—Our new line of Tapestry and Velour Scarfs and Pillows, also Fancy Art Novelties, are now on display, 24th Floor. Merchandise that always creates sales.

Baskets

SWEET GRASS BASKETS. Complete line sold direct from the Canadian Reservations. Special assortment of best selling numbers, 100 Baskets $75.00. Buy now—get delivery. S. A. DAWSON, Room 809.

Corset Lacers

ADMIRATION BRAND. Pink, White and Blue. Made in all lengths, of the finest Mercerized Yarns and Pure Silk. MAX LEVISON & CO., Displayed, 10th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building.

Decorative Arts & Industries

DRAPERIES, for Windows and Doors, Wall Hangings and Coverings, Furniture and Bed Coverings, Spreads, Blankets, Rugs and Table Runners. Unusually beautiful Lamps and Bowls in Modern Pottery. Also Samplers—some framed, others used in attractive Fire Screens. We weave in any combination of colors. Lines will be displayed shortly on 22nd Floor. FLAMBEAU SHOPS, INC.

Dress Trimmings

ERNEST H. BOSCHEN CO., INC.
Importers and Manufacturers of
Dress Trimmings, Silk Fringe and Tassels. 24th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building.

Furs

BOSSAK & CO., INC.—Selected assortment of proven sellers in Sets and Coats. Reasonable Prices. Immediate Delivery. Displayed, 13th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building; or, 130 W. 26th St., New York.

WM. JACKMAN'S SONS
"America's Leading Fur Line"
Conies to Sables—immediate delivery in any quantities. Displayed, 13th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building; or, 35 W. 35th St., N. Y.

SAFCHIK & COMPANY.—"THE BIG VALUE FUR HOUSE." Quick sellers in Scarfs and Muffs, from $3.50 to $67.50. Soon to be displayed, 13th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building. Now at 24-26 West 30th St., N. Y.

Gloves

THE CROWN SILK AND SUEDE GLOVES
Glovetex—Doubletex—Duplex
Are the highest standard quality in Silk and Suede. CROWN GLOVE COMPANY, Displayed, 24th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Bldg.

NOVELTY KID AND CAPE GLOVES with Strap Wrist. $27.00 to $33.00. Values to-day $33.00 to $39.00. Best quality and workmanship at best prices. ROSENBAUM COMPANY, 24th Floor.

Housefurnishings

FOR HOT WATER SERVICE in your home, install the Humphrey Automatic. They are full of Hot Water and satisfaction. Demonstration Room 822, Bush Terminal Sales Bldg. HUMPHREY COMPANY.

House Garments

"QUEEN MAKE"—THE FAMOUS LINE OF MORNING AND PORCH DRESSES, NURSES' AND MAIDS' UNIFORMS are handled only by the most select Merchants throughout the United States. Are you among them?
ISAAC GINSBERG & BROS., Room 705.

Infants' & Children's Goods

INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR, comprising Bath Robes, Flannelette Garments, Long Slips, Short Dresses and Petticoats. Prices ranging from $6.50 up. Colored and Tailored Dresses. G. BAMBERGER & CO., Room 624.

BABY CRIB SHIELDS—White, Pink, Blue. Look pretty, guard Baby from colds. Send for Illustrated Catalogue, which gives price and descriptions.
EXCELSIOR QUILTING CO., 6th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building.

TALKING AND CRYING DOLLS. Prices $8.00, $14.50, $15.50, $19.50 dozen. Send for assortment.
GERLING TOY CO., Room 608.

HOB'S INFANT SPECIALTIES. Complete new line of Celluloid and Ribbon Novelties, Knit Goods, Soft Sole Shoes and Baby Caps. "If it's for the Infant—we make it."
HOB MFG. CO., INC., Room 609.

INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S COATS,
of the Better Kind.
Made in Fine Cloths.
Latest Styles at Popular Prices.
MAX LESSER, Room 608.

INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S COATS. White and Colored, from Infancy to 10 years. Most elaborate Fall line in all materials. Smart styles. Complete line of Hand and Machine embroidered Infants' Cloaks, Coats and Capes. Right Prices.
MIRSKY & LEWIS, Room 608.

Novelties in Hand Smocked and Embroidered Children's Party Dresses and Play Frocks, Rompers and Boys' Suits. Displayed, Room 601, Bush Terminal Sales Building.
S. & H. INFANT WEAR CO., INC.

"THISTLE" Rompers and Creepers prettily Smocked and Hand Embroidered. Fabrics of quality. THISTLE MFG. CO., Room 608.

ANOTHER "WOHLINE" CREATION. Our "3-IN-ONE" Bloomer Dress should interest every Infants' Wear Buyer. Samples of this range together with our complete line are on display at Room 621. L. WOHL & CO.

Jewelry

THE HOME OF WHITE GOLD MOUNTINGS! Our white gold artistically designed Mountings invite comparison. Try them and insure satisfaction!
CONJOINT JEWELRY CORPORATIONS, Room 1908.

"FISHSON" JEWELRY. The highest type of reproduction Jewelry, consists of Bar Pins, Rings, Earrings, Shoe Buckles, Hair Ornaments, etc., mounted in STERLING SILVER and SILVERITE. "FISHSON" JEWELRY retails from $1.00 to $55.00 and is of the best possible quality that embodies exceptional value. Displayed, Room 1909, Bush Terminal Sales Building. HENRY W. FISHEL & SONS, INC.

SCENTED LINGERIE CLASPS—Gold front—a Special. For originality of design, artistry of execution and high intrinsic value, you should feature a generous assortment of these clasps. HALLAM-RICE CO., 19th Floor.

MESH PURSES. Popular Prices, $48.00 per Gross and up. It will pay you to inspect these rapid sellers before completing your purchases. "Business Builders" wherever displayed.
PAYE & BAKER MFG. CO., Room 1923.

Juniors' and Misses' Wear

FLAPPER FROCKS. Specially designed for the Junior, Miss and Petite Woman. Smart and distinctly different—but prices far below what you expect to pay in the present market for high class dresses—Materials; Serge, Wool Jersey, Satins, Paulette, Georgette, etc. WE GUARANTEE DELIVERY.
SUNSHINE DRESS COMPANY, Displaying, 6th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building.

Knit Goods

GROBLUE KNITTING MILLS, Creators of High Grade Knit Goods. Displaying the latest creations for Fall, 1919, foretelling the season's styles of Sweaters and Scarfs for Women, Misses and Children, Room 731.

LISLE AND MERCERIZED VESTS and Union Suits for Children and women. V-Neck, Lace and Tight Knee. Prices $4.12½, $5.00, $6.50, $8.00, $10.50 per dozen.
POTTER KNITTING CO., Room 633.

SWEATERS, SACQUES, BOOTEES, HOODS—Very latest models. Now ready for immediate delivery. YORKSHIRE KNITTING COMPANY, Room 641.

Leather Goods

KEYSTONE LEATHER GOODS COMPANY—Brief Cases, Portfolios and Music Containers retail quickly for from $1 to $50, according to style and material, and afford Merchants exceptionally good profits. Room 1702.

Men's & Women's Shoes

TWENTY DEPARTMENT—5 "In Stock" styles are Twenty Reasons for your success with STETSON SHOES. Make the STETSON standard for quality YOURS. Men's and Women's exclusive models. Room 1407.
THE STETSON SHOE COMPANY, INC.

Millinery & Millinery Supplies

Everything in Millinery, Flowers, Fancy & Ostrich Feathers, Ribbons, Ornaments, Novelties. Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats. It will pay you to call on us.
CHARLES J. LEVY CO., 24th Floor.

Perfumery & Toilet Goods

THERMOS BOTTLES. The servant on the highway. It carries Cold Drinks or Food without Ice for the sweltering hot days. It carries Hot Drinks or Hot Food for cool days. Sold at all better stores. Bottles, Jugs, Motor Restaurants and Lunch Kits at prices meeting every demand.
AMERICAN THERMOS BOTTLE COMPANY, 21st Floor.

ACWALITE (A-qual-i-ty) TOILETWARE. In quality of material, design and workmanship is as good as honesty of purpose plus skilled craftsmanship can make it.
ATLANTIC COMB WORKS, Exclusive makers, Room 2124.

HARRIET HUBBARD AYER
Famous Toilet Preparations
"LUXURIA"
New York
HARRIET HUBBARD AYER, 21st Floor.

LIQUID ROUGE, $.50, $1.50, $5.00 less 1/3. Powders, all shades, $.75, $1.50, less 1/3. The distinctive qualities of our Imported Products win the favor of discriminating women everywhere. V. DARSY, 21st Floor.

"MARINELLO CREAMS"—For every different skin condition a special cream—products used and endorsed by more than half the Beauty Shops of America. Now sold by Drug and Department Stores. Displaying, Bush Terminal Sales Building, 21st Floor.

AMAMI HENNA SHAMPOO is the biggest repeating Shampoo on the market. We prove demand in your own store before you buy. What do you think of that?
PRICHARD & CONSTANCE, 21st Floor.

Perfumery & Toilet Goods (Continued)

CREME TIRA MIRA—The most wonderful of all massage creams. Used for skin bleach and cleansing cream. A remarkable skin food. You will find it pays to feature this preparation. It is now on sale together with our complete line of Perfumes, Toilet and Manicure Preparations at the Bush Terminal Sales Building. P. J. SCHUMACHER, 21st Floor.

Phonographs

DUSONTO—The marvellous New Phonograph, the exquisite tone production of which has captivated the public. Dealers may now obtain exclusive territory. The "Master Key to Music," and profit.
THE BELCANTO CO., INC., Room 2007.

Silk & Muslin Underwear

DANDY NOVELTIES, in Camisoles, Bloomers, Muslin Petticoats. Keep large stocks and know that a call will make you our friends. JOSEPH ADELSON & SONS, Room 721.

MUSLIN AND SILK UNDERWEAR. We feature a very splendid assortment of high colored Camisoles from $15.00 up.
A. GUSSOW & COMPANY, Room 720.

BLUE BIRD CREPES. Gowns, Pajamas, Bloomers. Attractive, exclusive Patterns—World's largest Windsor Crepe House—Makers of Muslin, Silks, Flannels. Largest assortments. Right Prices.
A. S. ISERSON, Room 724.

"SANIBOCKER"
(Patent Pending)
Makers of "AMERICAN MAID" Silk Underwear.
JACKSON STYLE CO., INC.
7th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building

"PLUME UNDERGARMENTS." Nationally advertised to four million women. Have wonderful selling co-operation. In Silk, Cotton, Flannel and Silk and Cotton Novelties. Popular prices. M. MARTIN & CO., 7th Floor.

Our "BILLIE BURKES" at $9.00 and $12.00 per dozen are the BEST in the Market. Ask for samples. Both flesh and white.
RICHMOND UNDERWEAR CO., Room 734.

"DOVE" UNDERGARMENTS. Night Gowns, Pajamas, Envelope Chemises, Camisoles, Corset Covers, Bloomers, Drawers, Underskirts, Chemises, Combinations, etc. In all materials. D. E. SICHER & CO., Room 706

We specialize in "Mother Hubbard" Ladies' Nightgowns. Immediate Delivery. We also specialize in Envelope Petticoats (patented), Envelope Chemises, Slip-overs, Billie Burkes, Step-Ins, Envelope Chemises.
VICTORIA UNDERGARMENT CO., 7th Fl.

Veilings

FIRMESH VEILINGS in novelty and staple effects. Everything in Silk and Cotton Nets for immediate delivery. On display, 24th Fl., Bush Terminal Sales Building.
APPLETON, WEIL & FRANK.

GLENSDER TEXTILE CO., offer for your inspection all that is new in Foreign and Domestic Veilings and Veils. Immediate delivery. GLENSDER TEXTILE CO., 24th Fl.

Women's Undergarments

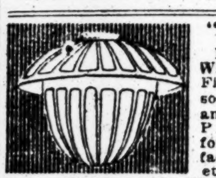
FUTURIST, the dainty new undergarb for women which is now being featured by practically every nationally known department store in the country, has an interesting exhibit in Room 504. A competent representative will explain to you the WHY for FUTURIST'S unprecedented success.

Waists

"ACORN" BRAND LINGERIE AND TAILORED SHIRT WAISTS.—Priced from $16.50 to $72.00 per dozen. Staple and House Dress Aprons, Fancy Aprons for the Holiday Trade.
S. L. MUNSON CO., 7th Floor.

Make the International Buyers' Club your working headquarters while in New York. Every accredited merchant and Buyer eligible for membership.

BUSH TERMINAL SALES BUILDING
42d Street, East of Broadway, New York City



"BRITE-LITE"
ILLUMINATES WITHOUT GLARE
Fits any ordinary socket. Suitable for any size lamp. PRACTICAL for offices, stores, factories, churches, etc.
Regular Price $5.50. Our PRICE, Fixture Only, $2.5
Electrical & Engineering Corp.
716 8th Ave. (45th), N. Y. Bryant 6873.

CHICAGO SALES AGENCY WANTED
RESPONSIBLE CHICAGO SALES AGENCY WANTS EASTERN LINES FOR CHICAGO AND ADJACENT TERRITORY. MEMBER OF FIRM HERE NOW. F 147 TIMES.

Never Fails.
The manufacturer who wants to get in touch with buyers uses the business pages of The New York Times. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

SUGAR
I Want to Buy
5,000 TONS ST. JOHN
SUGAR
C. I. F. FRANCE
I have a firm written, positive order from a $5,000,000 corporation, who have already established a letter of credit. I am able to close on the deal *AT ONCE.* Please phone
MR. AARON
4765 Vanderbilt.
Occupying Entire 1st Floor, 808 6th Ave.

SATIN DRESSES
$6.50
SILVERMAN & STOCK
130 WEST 28TH STREET

MR. BUYER
WE HAVE A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF
Georgette Waists
from $2.75 to $5
Quality and Quantity for Immediate Delivery
Deutschman Bros.,
15 West 20th St.

WORMSER & CO.
Commercial Bankers.
95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuy. 3360
Accounts Financed.
Advances on Merchandise.

What's The Trouble?
If lack of cash is keeping you back—it's time you exchanged your accounts receivable for my ready cash. Reasonable terms, non-binding contract; no "red tape." Strictest confidence. Tel. Chelsea 327.
UNIVERSAL DISCOUNT CO.
Jacob Rosenthal
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Commercial Investment Trust
Merchandise Loans
Acceptances Discounted
Accounts Financed
347 Madison Avenue at Forty-fifth St.
Telephone Murray [illegible]

Notes Purchased
Commercial Acceptance & Discount Co.
Essex Building, Newark, N. J.

LEVISON & CO.
141 Fifth Avenue
MERCANTILE FINANCING

The rendezvous of discriminating buyers

Suits and Coats for Fall 1919

THE popularity of TREELINE Suits and Coats for Fall is attributed to their exceptional value, superb tailoring, and individual styling.
Visit our showrooms and be convinced.

Featuring:
Chameleon Cord
Peachbloom
Tinseltone
Suedene
Frostglow
$25.00 to $75.00

TREELINE SUIT CO.
HENLEIN & GREENTREE, Props.
1333 BROADWAY NEW YORK

THE FOURTH
FASHION SHOW
of the
Shelton Looms and Associated Garment Manufacturers
Ritz-Carlton Hotel
Aug. 20, 21 & 22, 1919
at 3 o'clock in afternoon.

For invitations apply to
Sidney Blumenthal & Co. Inc.
395-401 Fourth Ave., New York, N. Y.

The Shelton Looms

U. S. and Botany
ALL WOOL—GUARANTY
TRICOTINE DRESSES
$13.75 Net
ALL COLORS
Sizes 16-40
5 Days' Delivery
M. WEISMAN & SONS
118-124 W. 22d St.

MILL SECOND AND SHORT LENGTHS IN
Fancy Voiles, Lawns
Gabardines, Organdies
Clothing Lin'gs, Silk & Cottons
Piques, Sateens
AND OTHER FABRICS
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
HIRBON TEXTILE CO., INC.
133-5-7 WEST 21ST ST.

SUITS & COATS
In all wanted materials and latest styles, at popular prices. It's worth your while to call and see our specials.
LARGE STOCK ON HAND!
COOPER & GRAPES
30 West 26th St., New York.

SUITS AND COATS
My line of suits and coats is the talk of the town. Silvertones, Broadcloths, Tricotines, Velours, Serges and Poplins in the most exclusive models, ranging in prices from
$12.75 to $35
Benjamin Martin,
22 West 27th St.

SWISS NOW IMPORT EVEN THEIR CHEESE

War Changes Neutral Country from a Land of Plenty to a Hungry Nation.

STILL HAVE BEEFLESS DAYS

No Butter or Eggs in Hotels, and Milk Little Known—Chickens All but Extinct.

"There is a general shortage of all classes of live stock, meats, and dairy products in Switzerland with the exception of sheep, which have increased in number since the beginning of the war." After thus briefly summing up recent observations on the live stock of that country, George A. Bell and Turner Wright, representing the Department of Agriculture in Europe, report numerous other facts of interest to American live-stock producers.

The feed situation in Switzerland has been critical owing to the inability to obtain oil cake and to the fact that the Government required a larger amount of land to be plowed and planted to potato and other crops than in normal times. The cattle consequently are thinner in flesh and milk production has been greatly reduced. At the time of the observations of the department men, good milch cows in Switzerland were worth from $500 to $800, nearly four times their price before the war.

Estimates on the number of cattle indicate a decrease in cows, but an increase in yearling heifers compared with the pre-war period. Before the war Switzerland imported several thousand cattle from other European countries every year. This supply is now largely unavailable.

Cattle for breeding purposes cannot be imported into Switzerland, as the Government regulations will not permit such importations. Furthermore, the American investigators found no desire on the part of breeders and farmers to import breeding stock, as they believe they have the best breeds for their conditions. It will be the policy, however, to import animals for slaughter and meats in larger quantities than formerly until the Swiss herds are again restored. In the opinion of the department men, this should occur within three or four years.

From 1911 to 1918 horses in Switzerland declined in number about 10 per cent. and good draft horses have been worth from $500 to $800. The country districts appear to be very short of horses, but the situation apparently causes little concern, since the Swiss people work a large number of cattle. Cows and bulls are used as draft animals, as well as oxen. Oxen increased from about 44,000 to 58,000 head between 1916 and 1918. Dogs also are used to a considerable extent for hauling light carts.

The Swiss census figures show an increase in sheep from 161,414 in 1911 to 229,469 in 1918, a gain of about 42 per cent. Before the war Switzerland imported large numbers of sheep annually, the number in 1913 being 113,257.

Goats in Switzerland last year numbered about 356,455, of which more than two-thirds were milch goats. Goats in Switzerland have shown relatively slight variations in numbers since 1911.

Swine decreased in number from 544,563 in 1916 to 365,798 in 1918, a drop of about 33 per cent. The decline included a large number of brood sows. While the decrease is not serious, inasmuch as the swine population can be restored in a few years, the situation calls for the importation of pork and pork products during the restoration period, when live hogs are being held back to replenish the herds. Before and during the war, Switzerland imported several thousand hogs for slaughter purposes annually. The animals came very largely from Italy and that trade still continues.

Compared with pre-war times there has been a serious shortage of milk in Switzerland, due to the decreased number of cows in milk and also the decreased production per cow. The average yield is about 30 per cent. below normal.

The scarcity of milk has produced also a shortage of butter and cheese. From a cheese-exporting country before the war, Switzerland has become a cheese-importing country. Negotiations were said to be under way with Denmark, Holland, and the United States for the purchase of butter and cheese. The department's representatives saw no butter served at any of the hotels or restaurants in which they ate.

There was also a general scarcity of all kinds of meats. Restrictions prohibiting the use of beef were in force and there had been a beefless week a short time previously, and that had been followed by meatless days. The necessity for restricting the use of beef was attributed to the transfer of about 25,000 head of cattle to France in connection with an economic agreement whereby Switzerland obtains certain articles from France. Prices of live cattle and hogs were about double the market quotations before the war.

The policy of the Swiss Government probably will be to encourage the importation of meats and fats until the herds have been re-established. But inasmuch as refrigerating facilities in Switzerland are limited, it is likely that a good many live cattle for slaughter will be purchased, if obtainable.

American pork observed on sale in Switzerland was of a very poor quality. The department men consider it essential that some effort be made to improve the quality of the meat offered and to put it on the market in a more attractive form if a substantial export trade is to be established.

Some horse meat is consumed, but only by the poorer classes, the demand being occasioned by the great shortage of other meats.

Poultry of all kinds was observed to be very scarce and no eggs were seen at any of the markets. It was explained that even in normal years Switzerland has comparatively few chickens, owing to the fact that little grain suitable for chickens is grown and that during the war all grain produced was needed for human consumption. On a Saturday market day in Berne the observers counted a total of 7 chickens and saw no turkeys, ducks, or geese. During the time they were in the country they observed scarcely 100 live fowls.

The conditions described are considered noteworthy as showing the economic effect of war on the live stock of a neutral nation. The shortage of meat, dairy, and poultry products in Switzerland is due basically to an inadequate quantity of feed. This fact and conditions in other countries lead the Department of Agriculture to believe that attention by American stockmen to raising feed and preparing animal rations skillfully is to be a dominant factor in economical production and will be necessary in order to hold their share in world trade.

CANADA HAS $2.15 WHEAT.

Government Approves Price Named by Board of Control.

OTTAWA, Aug. 18.—An initial payment of $2.15 per bushel to farmers for wheat on the basis of No. 1 Northern, Fort William, has been recommended by the Wheat Board of Control and approved by the Government, according to an announcement this afternoon by Sir George Foster, Acting Prime Minister.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—C. H. Yeager Co.; R. G. Yeager, silks, dress goods, leather, toilet goods; W. A. Armstrong, domestics, linens, white, wash goods; F. Hook, men's furnishing goods; W. B. Gardner, jewelry, silverware; Mrs. J. Weibel, art goods; Waldorf.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neil Co.; J. D. Martens, wash goods, linens; 37 W. 26th.

ALBANY, N. Y.—John G. Myers Co.; W. A. Findlay, coats, suits, waists; 220 5th Av.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Adams Co.; G. T. Schwane, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 33 W. 34th; R. 501.

ALTOONA, Penn.—W. F. Gable & Co.; Miss B. I. Hake, dry goods, notions, furn. goods; 230 5th Av.

ALTOONA, Penn.—Schwartz Bros.; L. Eisenberg, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

ALTOONA, Penn.—Silverman & Silverman; L. Silverman, clothing, underwear, furn. goods; 47 W. 34th; Commodore.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—A. Marks Sons; I. Marks, corsets, muslin underwear, hosiery; 6 West 32d.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—J. Shuttleworth & Son; J. R. Shuttleworth, carpets; Breslin.

AUBURN, N. Y.—I. Goldman, men's, women's ready-to-wear; Breslin.

ATLANTA, Ga.—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; W. H. Rich, general mdse.; 1,150 B'way.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.; Mrs. A. M. Richards, hosiery, underwear; 1,150 B'way.

BALTIMORE—H. W. Rothstein & Co.; H. W. Rothstein, boys', children's clothing; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—North Bros. Co.; J. I. North, mfr. shirts, pajamas; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp., Baltimore Bargain House; W. A. Applewaite, hosiery, underwear; C. A. Miller, waists, knit goods; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Strauss Bros.; M. Strauss, domestics, linens; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—M. Stein & Co.; M. Stein, piece goods; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—M. L. Bloom & Co.; M. L. Bloom, mfrs. skirts, dresses; Pennsylvania.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Caheen Bros.; J. Caheen, F. Caheen, Miss S. Daly, ready-to-wear, sweaters, children's coats; 1,150 B'way.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; D. C. Theall, upholstery goods; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss A. E. Burdick, hair goods; 470 4th Av.; Breslin.

BOSTON—L. P. Hollander & Co.; Miss M. Cohane, women's underwear, corsets, infants', children's wear; Miss E. McLaughlin, laces, ribbons; 550 5th Av.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, skirts; Mr. Ross, representing; F. H. Jury, dresses, negligees, bathrobes; C. L. Wentworth, stationery, leather goods, music; 432 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Hens & Kelly Co.; T. C. Dooley, silks, dress gods, domestics; 1,133 Broadway.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—I. Goldin, waists; N. Goldin, skirts; Breslin.

CANTON, Ohio—W. R. Zollinger & Co.; H. C. Zollinger, bargain basement; 404 4th Av.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—J. B. Ivey & Co.; J. B. Ivey, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

CHATTANOOGA—Miller Bros. Co.; I. C. Selving, hosiery, underwear, fancy goods; 1,150 B'way.

CHICAGO—L. & I. Cohn; I. Cohn, millinery; Broadway Central.

CHICAGO—Chicago Tailoring Co.; H. C. Thompson, woolens; Commodore.

CHICAGO—D. Wolin & Co.; D. Wolin, clothing; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Worms & Loeb; M. E. Elseman, leather goods, jewelry, neckwear, novelties; 1,170 B'way, Room 700.

CHICAGO—Elseman Bros. & Sohm; N. Elseman, coats, suits, plush coats, woolens, silks; Miss Zerman, dresses; 43 W. 27th; R. 405.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; C. M. King, silk waists, petticoats; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss A. Garrity, women's cloaks, wraps; Miss McGrath, dress trimmings; W. F. Smith, furs; F. M. Hatch, men's neckwear; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Stone & Co.; M. Stone, leather goods, neckwear; 1,133 B'way.

CHICAGO—D. S. Komis & Co.; D. S. Komis, ready-to-wear; 470 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Greene's; B. Greene, 303 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; C. Powell, dresses; N. Probst, domestics; 13 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—The Fair; H. A. Levy, dresses; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; S. Blumenfeld, C. V. Williams, hair goods; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; C. M. McLeod, wash goods; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Weiskopf Co.; Mr. Broad, millinery; 621 B'way.

CHICAGO—Boston Store; Miss M. McGrath, millinery; 44 E. 23d.

CINCINNATI—I. & S. Bing; S. H. Bing, piece goods; 215 4th Av.

CINCINNATI—H. A. Seinsheimer & Co.; A. L. Bowman, H. A. Seinsheimer, woolens; 215 4th Av.

CINCINNATI—Lehman, Weiss & Co.; Milton Weiss, muslin underwear, dresses, ready-to-wear; Claridge.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn.—M. L. Cross, men's furn. goods; Collingwood.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; C. E. Elkington, laces, ribbons, neckwear, hdkfs, embroideries; 37 W. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; L. S. Weinstein, furs; 116 W. 32d.

CLEVELAND—Fries, Schuele; F. Frey, genl. mdse.; 105 Grand.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. Kaplan, fur coats, silk dresses, skirts, waists, muslin underwear, house dresses; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND—E. Sperling Co.; E. Sperling, cloths, silks, trimmings; 320 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Fries & Schuele; O. A. Schuele, infants' wear; Miss Rote, hosiery, underwear; 404 4th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—C. Melancon, waists; 37 West 26th.

COLUMBUS, Ga.—D. Rothschild & Co.; D. Rothschild, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Columbus D. G. Co.; Miss L. B. Covert, jobs skirts; 1,170 B'way, Room 509.

CORNING, N. Y.—Cain, Bernkopf Co.; Mr. Cain, millinery, 1,133 B'way.

DALLAS, Texas—I. H. Weil Co.; Mr. Weil, skirts, waists, silk, muslin underwear; 470 4th Av.

DAYTON, Ohio.—Lapades; H. M. Lapades, men's, boys' clothing, furn. goods; Pennsylvania.

DECATUR, Ill.—Linn & Scruggs D. G. Co.; T. J. Livesy, coats, suits; 1,133 B'way; York.

DETROIT—Edson, Moore & Co.; W. B. Hazleton, dress goods, silks; 43 Leonard.

DETROIT—Ernest-Kern Co.; Miss G. Ludwig, laces, ribbons; Commodore.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; F. B. Frazier, linens; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—La Mode Dress Shop; S. Krauss and J. E. Ginsberg, coats, suits, dresses, waists; Sherman Square.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; F. Frazier, linens; 225 5th Av.

DONORA, Penn.—Wachtel Bros.; N. Wachtel, clothing, furn. goods; 200 5th Av., R. 922.

ELMIRA, N. Y.—Tepper Bros.; E. Tepper, ready-to-wear, millinery; Latham.

ENNIS, Tex.—Thomas Bros.; E. M. Thomas, dry goods; Grand.

ERIE, Penn.—I. Galinsky; D. Galinsky, men's furn. goods, women's skirts, waists; Wallick.

ERIE, Penn.—Gately, Fitzgerald & Co.; J. H. Koch, furniture, carpets; Collingwood.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. Bailey Co.; Miss K. Dillon, ladies' wear; Cumberland.

FARRELL, Penn.—F. Gluck & Son; Miss Gluck, waists; 37 W. 26th.

FLINT, Mich.—A. B. Barnes, suits, dresses; 18 W. 27th., Room 605.

FORT SMITH, Ark.—Boston Shoe D. G. Co.; R. Ney, representing; 116 W. 32d.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer; F. C. Lorenzen, house furnishing goods, china, glass, toys; 6 W. 32d.

GALVESTON—Garbade, Eiband & Co.; B. McManamon, house furn. goods, china, toys, glassware; 1,170 B'way.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y.—Martin & Naylor; Mr. Strong, gen'l mdse.; 105 Grand.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—C. Trankla & Co.; C. Trankla, dry goods; 432 4th Av.

HAMILTON, Ont.—T. C. Watkins, Ltd.; J. A. Thompson, china, silverware; W. P. McCombie, domestics, linens; 23 E. 26th.

HANOVER, Penn.—D. Greenbaum & Son; J. Greenbaum, clothing, men's furn. goods; Commodore.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Gately, Fitzgerald Co.; F. R. Downey, carpets, house furn. goods; Collingwood.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. M. Lloyd, serge, silk dresses, plaid skirts, suits; 37 West 26th.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; J. Hogan, shoes; 404 4th Av.

HARTSVILLE, S. C.—J. L. Coker & Co.; D. R. Coker, general mdse; Collingwood.

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; M. A. Wolf, linens, wash, white goods; Miss B. E. Fishman, blouses; 116 W. 32d.

INDIANAPOLIS—S. B. Whitman, ready-to-wear millinery; Alcazar.

INDIANAPOLIS—Pettis D. G. Co.; T. Smith, notions, toilet, art goods; 230 5th Av.

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayers & Co.; H. Schuman, white goods, linens; R. T. Ramsey, men's furn. goods; Mr. Larsch, women's underwear, hoisery; 225 5th Av.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Kohn-Furchgott Co.; A. Felber, ribbons, neckwear, leather goods; 141 Madison Av.; Wallick.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—Schoenfeld Mercantile Co.; M. Schoenfeld, ladies' skirts, serge, satin dresses; 339 5th Av.

LAKE CHARLES, La.—M. V. Muller, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

LANCASTER, Penn.—C. M. Woodin Co.; F. Rauch, gen. mdse.; 105 Grand.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Beal, Burrow D. G. Co.; W. O. Koen, gents' furn. goods; 72 Leonard.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Carter D. G. Co.; V. M. Smith, women's furn. goods, hosiery, men's furn. goods, shirts, overalls; 43 Leonard.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—J. Bacon & Sons; S. L. White, hdkfs., neckwear, veilings, jewelry, leather goods; 23 E. 26th.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Abe C. Levi Co.; A. C. Levi, general mdse.; 200 5th Av.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—J. C. Lewis Co.; J. J. Crotty, silks; G. Ross, domestics, dress goods, blankets; 404 4th Av.; Cumberland.

LOS ANGELES—Cooper, Coate & Casey D. G. Co.; C. R. Hallett, notions; 877 B'way.

LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store; L. W. Howland, jewelry, novelties; 95 Madison Av.

Continued on Page Twenty-one.

STERN, WEIL & MENAS INC.
Beg to announce that they have established their salesrooms at
242-250 Fourth Avenue, New York
The corporation consists of Messrs. Alexander Weil and Samuel Menas, formerly of Weil & Menas, and Messrs. David I. and Charles H. Stern, formerly of Voss & Stern.
The entire stock of
SILKS and NETTINGS
as well as mills and foreign connections have been taken over by the new corporation.
TELEPHONE: GRAMERCY 3983

Nº 1533 $16.75
Headquarters for SUITS & COATS
Matchless Values
A TRULY remarkable offering—made possible by our extensive Fall buying. We employ no salesmen. Visit our showrooms. Open orders accepted.
No. 1278
Heavy All Wool SERGE SUITS $16.75
Full Silk Lined and Interlined. Terms 2/10
Other incomparable numbers: $16.75 TO $45.00
IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES
NIEDELMAN & HOFFMAN
45-51 West 25th St.
New York.

LINSK DRESSES
FALL LINE OF GINGHAMS, OTHER WASH DRESSES AND SERGES
Smartly styled, well made. It will pay you to feature these frocks for school-opening sales. Values second to none.
For Girls and Juniors
Sizes 6-14—12-16.
LINCO DRESSES THAT EXCEL
H. LINSK & CO.
New York Showrooms: 1182 Broadway
Philadelphia Showrooms: Central Building, 40-50 N. 6th St.

Leon A. Kellner & Bro.
MANUFACTURERS OF INFANTS' WEAR
928-930 BROADWAY NEW YORK N.Y.
FALL SHOWING of "Duds for Buds"
FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
MANY pretty originations and a very wide selection in fascinating little Dresses and Coats. Sizes: from birth to six years. Open orders filled. Visit our showrooms.

STOUT DRESSES
TRICOTINE—SERGE—CHARMEUSE
SATIN—CREPE-DE-CHINE—POPLIN
$8.75 to $35.00
ON OUR RACKS—IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
LINDE & RUBIN, 129 W. 27th St.

Prima Donna
THE KEYNOTE OF FASHION
STOUT DRESSES
If you were a "stout" you wouldn't want to emphasize the fact by wearing plain, old-womanish styles, would you?
Neither do your stout customers. They want the latest styles, the newest fabrics, the right lines.
And you can give them all this with PRIMA DONNA Stout Dresses. Can't you see how they would make friends for your store?
Baum-&-Wolff-Inc
Stout Dresses-Youthful Models ~ Maternity Dresses ~
99-103 Madison Avenue-New York City
Corner 29th Street.
THE KEYNOTE OF FASHION

AN EXTENSIVE COLLECTION OF VALUES!
See Our Special
French Serge DRESSES
12 Snappy Numbers
$8.75
Other Wonderful Values $13.75
Delivery Guaranteed
M. Kirschner & Sons
14-16 East 33d St., New York.

Seymour Fabrics
WASH GOODS, NOVELTIES
OUR SPRING LINE NOW READY
NOVELTY PRINTED VOILES
"SEYMOUR VOILE"
in white and solid colors.
ORGANDIES
in white and colors.
POPLINS, RAMIES, ETC.
SEYMOUR MFG. CO., Inc.
31 West 21st Street

HOLSTEN YOUNG AND COMPANY
LEATHER NOVELTY COATS
Waterproof & Rubberized Tweed Coats
Polo and Sport Coats
34-36-38 WEST 27TH ST.

LADIES' HAND BAGS
Immediate Delivery
Velvet Bags....$8 to $120 doz.
Beaded Bags......8 to 30 ea.
Suede Bags......15 to 60 doz.
Canteen Boxes...12 to 42 doz.
Beauty Cases....30 to 39 doz.
Kodak Bags.......8 to 42 doz.
Back & Top Strap Purses......4 to 48 doz.
Hand Bags........8 to 60 doz.
Kiddies' Purses..2 to 18 doz.
Come in to see us—A big saving guaranteed.
Lefkowitz & Fisher
54-62 W. 21st Street, New York.
Fastest growing house in the line. There's a reason!

Hats for Girls
also BABY CAPS
Max Mayer Inc.
352 4th Ave., at 25th St.

BRAIDS GIRDLES FRINGES
All widths in stock
H. J. LEVINE & BRO.
167 Madison Ave., corner 33d
Vanderbilt 4524-4140

To Makers of Children's Dresses
Lest you forget!—Among our other popular fabrics we are still making—Grass Cloth Chantilly and Triconette.
POTTER TEXTILE CO., Inc.
72-74 Madison Av., N. Y.

HECLA FABRICS
Henry Glass & Co.
44-46-48 White St.

French Manufacturers' Exhibits
Art enameled goods, art lighting bronzes, antiques, beaded bags, crystals, cane and umbrella handles, crockery, perfumery, artistic leather goods, porcelains, beaded necklaces, cushions and toys, engravings, embroideries, artistic glassware, jewelry, laces, medals, paintings, porcelain flowers, silverware, tapestries, wall papers.
Open Daily from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
July 24 to Aug. 24 Inclusive.
Hotel Pennsylvania Ballroom
Sixty Manufacturers Showing Art Applied to Industries.
FOR THE TRADE ONLY. ADMISSION FREE.

First Class French Firm in STRASBOURG
Specialties:
OILS, SOAP, FATS, Etc.
is desirous of doing business on commission or buying basis with first class British firms. Address offers
PUBLICITE CONNERATE,
82, Rue du 22 Novembre, Strasbourg.

BIJOU DRESSES for fall
A most comprehensive line of models embodying the latest Paris style ideas in
Serges
Tricotines, Satins
Taffetas, Jerseys
Georgettes
Prices $13.75 to $50.00
303 Fifth Ave. New York
Corner 31st. Street

The Tuxedo Shirt Company
135 FIFTH AVENUE
The House of SILK SHIRTS
THROUGH ANOTHER LARGE PURCHASE OF SILK SHIRTINGS WE ARE OFFERING
FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
1,000 DOZEN SILK SHIRTS

GLB
The Finest Grade
1000 COATS—500 SUITS
800 DRESSES
READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
These splendid garments will impress you. From three great floors full you can choose just what you want—models that will be instantly snapped up by your customers, who will be delighted with the choice style. Excellent workmanship and superfine fabrics.
G. L. B. MANUFACTURING Co. Inc.
242 Fifth Ave. (Between 27th and 28th St.) New York

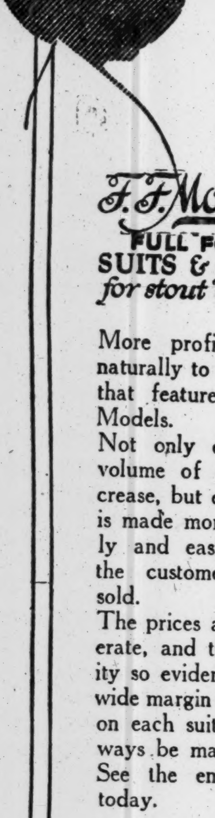
Satin
Charmeuse
Georgette
Wool Jersey
GMA DRESSES
Serge
Tricotine
Paulette
Poiret Twill
READY FOR DELIVERY
Our customers stick to us like a wet bathing suit.
With one difference, though—the latter is soaked, the former make a clean-up!
Gevertz Mfg. Company
29-31-33 West 35th Street New York

J. Frank & Sons
WEDDING PARTY STREET DRESSES
6 W. 32d St.

Blacks, Novelty Cottons, Flannels, Etc.
WAISTS $9.00 Per Doz. To $18.00 Per Doz.
SPOT DELIVERY
LARRY GOLDBERG,
1270 B'WAY, N.Y. CITY.
Phone Mad. Sq. 631

Puritan Underwear Mfg. Co.
352 Fourth Ave., New York.
Silk, crepe-de-chine and wash-satin underwear.

Booth, Bregman and Sumberg
TRICOTINE AND GEORGETTE DRESSES, $9.75 to $25.00.
129-133 WEST 27TH ST.



F. F. Models

FULL FORM SUITS & COATS *for stout Women*

More profits come naturally to the store that features F. F. Models.

Not only does the volume of sales increase, but each sale is made more quickly and easily, and the customer stays sold.

The prices are moderate, and the quality so evident that a wide margin of profit on each suit can always be made.

See the entire line today.

BERNSTEIN, BAUM
DA COSTA CO.,
38 W. 32ND ST., N. Y.
13th Floor.

New Models For Fall Now on View

Our Smart Serge Dresses at $12.75 are the talk of New York. Have you seen them? We are prepared to make almost immediate delivery. Come in and look them over.

Rosebud Dresses

SERGE
TRICOTINE
SATIN

$12.75 to $25.00

THE ROSEBUD MFG. CO.
Quality Merchandise
At Moderate Prices.
37 W. 26th Street, New York City.

Youthful, slender, smart lines characterize our coats and suits and manage to make a score of pounds apparently vanish. Do you wonder that stout women fall in love with these?

$22.75 up

Simon Goodman & Lipshitz
40-42 West 27 Street
New York

COATS & SUITS

Unless the style, fit and workmanship are perfect—a dress can't leave our shop.

That's why our sales are so big.

Georgette	*Satin*
Crepe Meteor	*Taffeta*
Tricotine	*Serge*
Charmeuse	*Jersey*

$10.75 to $37.50

IDEAL GARMENT CO.
18 West 33rd St.
NEW YORK

"PILLERS" OF THE INDUSTRY

CHAS. PILLER
HONEY & LOEB
BEN PILLER

The parts you can't see—the workmanship, etc.—are the most carefully cared for in these dresses. Every "Piller" dress makes a friend for the dealer who sells it. *It's a phenomenal value!*

Serge
Paulette
Tricolette
Georgette
Tricotine
Jersey
Satin
Charmeuse

16.50 to 37.50

PILLER BROS. & CO.
DRESSES
16-18-20 WEST 32nd ST. NEW YORK CITY.

FOUND WAR CHECKED CONSTRUCTIVE WORK

Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch Returns After Studying Industrial Conditions in Europe.

ENGLAND FACING CRISIS

Reformer Believes Present Government May Split Over Returning Former Privileges to Workers.

Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch, suffrage leader and reformer, went to Europe several months ago to learn what constructive policies had grown out of the war. She soon found that war did not give rise to constructive work, but was largely destructive. All the good things she found in the belligerent countries were on the tapis before the war, and were being much more vigorously advocated. However, she was mainly concerned with suggestions that might have arisen from the war in connection with legislation for women and children, and these she brought back with her. Among the definite proposals for future action in this country are the like limitation of the hours of adult men and women, the exclusion of all children from industry, the more efficient organization of labor for its own protection, the more thorough training of children in the uses of machinery, and the setting up of a real democracy in industrial relations.

These conclusions were arrived at after a close study of the industrial situation in England, France, Germany, and Switzerland, particularly in England. In fact, Mrs. Blatch declares, the immediate issue upon which the Lloyd George Government may break is that involved in a bill now before Parliament which embodies an attempt to redeem the pledge of the Government to return to the wokers the privileges they enjoyed before the war. The two conditions that stand out are the limitation of the output of the workers and the non-employment of women in certain machine industries. Mrs. Blatch points out that the situation was extremely involved because even the trade unions are beginning to realize that if England is to regain her pre-war industrial prosperity she cannot afford to limit her output, nor can she afford not to utilize the skill of the women who have been trained in the skilled trades. The more liberal minded are willing that the women should remain and they are waiting to see which way Lloyd George will jump. Many of them expect him to jump into the Liberal camp.

"One of the questions that are always coming up, and only recently set our own Legislature on edge," said Mrs. Blatch, when seen upon her return from Europe, "is that of the desirability of making special provisions for the woman in industry. It has always been supposed that long hours under unfavorable working conditions were primarily the cause of ill-health, but in England it has been shown that where women worked in such an environment in the munition factories they emerged healthier than those who before the war worked shorter hours and under better conditions. The reason was quite apparent. During the war they received wages that enable them to eat enough to sustain them, and they worked with a spirit and a will because of the patriotic fervor they all possessed. In the future they should be given these higher wages, and the spirit will be there if they are given a voice in the control of the industry itself.

Lessons of the European Situation.

"There are certain specific recommendations that seem to grow out of the European situation. We should not aim to limit the hours of women as opposed to those of men, but should place all adults upon the same plane. We should limit the work of children and modify the conditions upon which young people, those between 17 and 21, work. The men need and should get the same protection in industry as the women. They do not get it because many of the men's trades are badly organized. There should be better training for the trades in our schools, not that the children should know all about machinery, but that they should become acquainted with it in a general way. Our American workers are in the habit of asking for nothing but shorter hours and higher wages. They do not seem to know what it is to ask for more enjoyment in their work. This is one of the things that the Europeans are learning to ask for and to get."

"One of the elements in this is, of course, a really democratic control. The English are getting it through the shop committees, which expand into district committees by affiliation with other industries, and are later backed by the larger organizations. The Whitley Councils are not in high favor just now. one of the things, however, that are demanded is increased intelligence on the part of the worker, intelligence that will give him a real control in industry. The English worker will be satisfied with nothing less than that."

Mrs. Blatch referred to the marked evidences of underfeeding she had seen in the children of Europe, the stunted growthin many instances resulting in dwarfs. "Especially in the Austrian children I met in Switzerland," she said, "were the effects of malnutrition most apparent. At first sight they seemed to be in good health. It was only upon close examination that one could observe the hectic character of the flush upon the cheeks, and a distinct shock came when you examined the tag which each child wore, with his name and age written upon it. In every case the age was several years greater than would be expected from the size and development of the child."

BUSINESS RECORDS.

In Town.

RELIABLE BRONX ITALIAN BAKERS, INC.—Judge Hand has appointed Arthur Y. Dalziel receiver for the Reliable Bronx Italian Bakers, Inc., 2,885 Arthur Av., in $3,000 bond. It is claimed that the assets, consisting of stock, motor trucks, machinery and fixtures amount to about $50,000, and that the outstanding accounts are some $10,000 more.

GREATER NEW YORK DOCK AND WAREHOUSE COMPANY.—Judge Mack has appointed Morris Israel receiver for the Greater New York Dock and Warehouse Company, 18 Broadway, in $300 bond.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Allen, Franklin W.—L. F. Hollander Co.	$225.00
Ahrect, John D.—J. H. Bates et al	428.41
Breese-Montant Motors, Inc.—Auto Supply Co.	141.23
Brody, Josef—S. Samodovitz	192.00
Di Loreto, Gaetano—Bosco & Co.	110.95
Fraser, James Easton—H. B. Fullerton et al.	319.74
Gosline, William V.—F. O. Smith	198.95
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—M. Dunn	600.00
Kantor, Solomon—D. Goldstein et al	264.20
Knobloch, George A.—Postal Telegraph Building Co.	157.37
Lederfine, Samuel—M. Schechter	182.65
Paris Fashion Stores, Inc., (The)—D. Rosenschein et al.	1,281.37
Phillips, Ira D.—Julius Tansburgh Furniture and Carpet Co.	121.91
Ruppert, John—Mass. Bonding and Ins. Co.	111.89
Salinger, Edgar E.—Commercial Cable Co.	487.85
Segal, Herbert I.—Court Press Co., Inc.	264.13
Wright, Howard W.—Victor Hotel Co.	3,074.36

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

New York County.

Fadel, Sadallah K.—H. B. Claflin Co.; March 27, 1914	$240.32
Helberger, George—Arabol Mfg. Co.; June 13, 1918	1,000
McNulty, William J.—R. B. Moran; Dec. 3, 1918	895.42
Pereyra, Thos. L.—J. F. Daly; May 11, 1915	242.41
Wills, Geo. B., & Co.—W. K. Levering et al; March 19, 1919	335.61
Bernagozzi, Wm. P., and Ferdinand—E. M. Cadenasso; May 17, 1919 (vacated)	10,182.61
Same—Same; May 31, 1919 (vacated)	10,147.99

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

Continued from Page Twenty.

LOS ANGELES—B'way Dept. Store; L. W. Howland, jewelry, novelties; 95 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; F. C. Adams, hosiery, knit underwear; 225 5th Av.
MAYSVILLE, Ky.—Merz Bros.; A. L. Merz, notions, furn. goods; 105 Grand; Collingwood.
MEMPHIS—Bry Block Mercantile Co.; S. Greenblatt, coats, suits; 1,150 B'way.
MEMPHIS—John Gerber Co.; W. H. Derrick, shoes; 1,150 B'way.
MEXINA, Texas—J. Nussbaum Co.; J. Dosenberg, dry goods; Cumberland.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—Wrubel's; Miss R. Wrubel, ladies' wear; Breslin.
MILWAUKEE—Blumenfeld-Locher Co.; J. L. Locher, hats; 640 B'way; Breslin.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; Miss Braun, ribbons; B'way and 32d.
MILWAUKEE—E. Schuster & Co.; C. Odell, laces, hdkfs., trimmings, neckwear, ribbons, gloves; 404 4th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—The Leader; Miss J. Klotz, coats, suits, dresses; 404 4th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; F. J. Amluxen, domestics, linens; 230 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; R. J. Gardner, rugs; 230 5th Av.; Breslin.
MOBILE, Ala.—L. Hammel D. G. Co.; Miss Ettleson, millinery; 1,150 B'way.
NASHVILLE—L. Rosenheim Co.; L. Rosenheim, millinery, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
NASHVILLE—Castner-Knott D. G. Co.; E. Zeller, notions; C. A. Wilson, groceries; 23 E. 26th.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Thompson & Co.; J. W. Clayton, white goods, linens, hosiery, underwear; Breslin.
NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—New Bedford D. G. Co.; P. T. Foy, boys' clothing; 404 4th Av.
NEW ORLEANS—Marks-Isaacs Co.; Miss H. Marks, jewelry, fancy goods; 1,150 B'way.
NORFOLK, Va.—Watt, Rettew & Clay; Miss A. Potter, ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th.
NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; R. B. Eppes, dress goods, silks, velvets; 6 W. 32d.
OMAHA, Neb.—Byrne & Hammer D. G. Co.; J. F. Byrne, men's furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 43 Leonard.
OMAHA—Burgess-Nash Co.; E. M. Francis, pianos, talking machines; 200 5th Av.
OMAHA, Neb.—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; W. C. McKnight, laces, handkerchiefs, hosiery, underwear; 1,261 B'way.
ORLANDO, Fla.—Dickson, Ives Co.; F. T. Scruggs, general mdse.; Georgian.
PARKERSBURG, W. Va.—F. H. Markey & Co.; F. H. Markey, clothing, furn. goods; Herald Square.
PHILADELPHIA—The Benguyer Corp.; Miss E. Link, millinery, dresses, gowns, wraps, suits; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Adler's Stores; G. Adler, silk waists, skirts; 1,170 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—J. Blumenthal, woolens; Bristol.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Fuhrman, woolens; Bristol.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; W. Silverman, domestics, dress goods, silks; 1,133 B'way; Latham.
PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; Miss Bleiman, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Ullman Brothers; B. H. Ullman, skirtings; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Eureka Cloak & Suit Co.; J. Kahn, coats, suits; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Kahn Waist Co.; S. Friedman, mfr. waists; 1,123 B'way; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—B. & L. Weil; A. Weil, mfr. waists; Empire.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; R. S. Lipman, jewelry, leather goods, stationery; 116 W. 32d.
PITTSBURG—Wolk Bros.; George Wolk, young men's suits, men's pants, boys' knee pants; Pennsylvania.
PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; C. Gilman, linens; 43 Leonard; Ansonia.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; S. M. Kardon, basement jobs women's, children's knit underwear; L. Ferber, millinery; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; Miss M. G. Carton, negligees, kimonos, corsets, infants' wear; 364 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; R. Clark, millinery; 23 E. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Broadway Cloak and Suit Co.; M. H. Rosenson, voiles, georgettes, satin dresses; Herald Square.
PITTSBURGH—Browning, King & Co.; D. F. Wolfe, clothing; 46 Cooper Square.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; B. Sherwin, furs; 116 West 32d.
PHOENIX, Ariz.—C. Korrick & Bro.; A. Korrick, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d. Stewart; Mr. Ellison, piece goods; 230 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Shepard Co.; W. R. Briggs, men's furn. goods, hosiery, neckwear; 220 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE—J. P. Mourin, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
POTTSVILLE, Penn. — Dives, Pomeroy & READING, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; C. Chrismer, books, stationery; 230 5th Av.
READING, Penn.—Kline, Eppihimer & Co.; J. S. Tobias, upholstery goods; 44 E. 23d; Broztell.
RENO, Nev.—Gray, Reid, Wright Co.; B. Moorish, domestics; 1,150 B'way.
RICHMOND, Va.—Richmond D. G. Co.; W. Russell, men's furn. goods; 43 Leonard.
RICHMOND, Va.—Richmond D. G. Co.; J. D. Hawes, notions; 43 Leonard; Gregorian.
RICHMOND, Va.—J. Lewit & Sons; Mrs. W. C. Farmer, J. C. Lewit, dry goods; Wellington.
RICHMOND, Va.—Fourqureau, Temple & Co.; R. S. Gray, dress goods, silks, laces; J. W. Savage, domestics, blankets; J. H. Perrin, leather goods, men's furnishing goods; W. C. Spain, representing; Martinique.
RICHMOND, Va.—The Cohen Co.; Miss J. Haley, hosiery, umbrellas; 1,150 B'way.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Hersberg & Co.; J. Hersberg, woolens; Commodore.
ROCHESTER, N. Y. — Duffy-Powers Co.; Mr. Westheimer, hosiery, gloves; 420 4th Av.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Wolf & Marx Co.; J. J. Sterns, general mdse.; 141 Madison Av.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—E. Blum, coats, suits; 1,140 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—Reiss Brothers Co.; J. B. Reiss, woolens; 817 Broadway; Pennsylvania.
SALT LAKE CITY—Keith, O'Brien Co.; Mrs. J. H. Kirksey, art needlework, silk lamp shades; 116 W. 32d.
SASKATCHEWAN, Sask, Canada—F. R. MacMillan, Ltd.; W. G. Perry, women's ready-to-wear; Commodore.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—J. B. Hagerdorn, furn. goods; Breslin.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa—T. S. Martin & Co.; F. Shields, genl. mdse.; 105 Grand; Prince George.
SPARTANBURG, S. C.—A. W. Smith Co.; H. F. McGhee, C. L. Smith, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way; Collingwood.
ST. LOUIS—Sonnenfelds; Miss E. Wild, furs; 364 5th Av.; Gregorian.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort, Barney D. G. Co.; Miss B. Frieberg, Miss C. Beitke, hdkfs; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Schaper Stores Co.; A. Schaper, men's, boys' clothing, lace curtains, draperies; Miss Vadwitz, china, bowls, dolls, toys; Room 610, 1,170 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Carleton D. G. Co.; Mr. Wilson, white goods; 329 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Rice, Stix D. G. Co.; R. Reich, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Miss M. Robinson, toilet goods; 116 W. 32d.
ST. PAUL—Mannheimer Bros.; J. Adler, sweaters, juniors', children's dresses; 200 5th Av.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—L. A. Witherill; K. Tulloch, linens; Wallick.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—J. Goldberg, waists; 37 W. 26th.
TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; W. J. Weiser, Jr., ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th.
UTICA, N. Y.—Doyle, Knower Co.; W. E Doyle, men's, women's, children's clothing; 277 5th Av.
WACO, Texas—Goldstein, Migel Co.; S. Hirshberg, silks, linens, general mdse.; 1,150 B'way.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; Miss I. Stragall, waists, bathing suits, sweaters; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—A. Lisner, R. D. Menzir, women's, misses' coats, 220 5th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; C. L. Bast, boys' clothing; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; H. Grunebaum, domestics, dress goods, silks, wash goods; Wallick.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons & Co.; H. H. Miller, rugs, upholstery goods; 432 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Lansburgh & Bros.; L. Lansburgh, mdse. mgr.; Mrs. B. Mills, women's coats, waists; R. 1,909, 220 5th Av.
WICHITA, Kan.—Cohn, Hinkle D. G. Co.; Miss M. Drake, coats, suits, waists; 6 W. 32d.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Gately, Fitzgerald & Lawler; T. L. Lawler, carpets; Collingwood.
WILKES-BARRE—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; A. G. Sickles, upholstery goods, rugs, fancy goods; 23 E. 26th.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; R. Keith, carpets, rugs; 230 5th Av.
WORCESTER, Mass. — Louise Shop; Miss Mourin, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Grand Leader; Mr. Livingston, dresses, suits; 18 W. 27th., Room 605.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—G. M. McKelvey Co.; R. T. Thompson, domestics, linens, white goods, blankets; Miss M. Connall, silks, dress goods; H. M. Green, notions, leather goods, jewelry, gloves, hosiery, underwear; Miss M. Appel, laces, embroideries, hdkfs, neckwear; O. D. Sheets, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—G. L. Fordyce & Co.; W. J. McNabb, notions; 404 4th Av.

LA ROSE WAIST CO.
25-27 West 32nd St.
NEW YORK CITY
POPULAR PRICED
SILK WAISTS

Our Foresight Helps *You!*

We bought when materials were lower and can now offer beautiful fabrics in rich effects at remarkably attractive prices.

See these handsome Nets, Georgines and Novelties.

$2.25 to $3.00 EACH

Ask to see No. 256. It's a beauty!

TIP TOP

SATIN DRESSES

The season's best styles at our usual popular prices ready for prompt shipment.

Tip Top Waist & Dress Co.
29-35 West 32nd St.
30-34 West 33rd St.

A call to the colors!

In other words, you are invited to inspect our immense color range in the most satisfactory

Sateens

ever produced. They cost no more than lesser grades offered elsewhere.

The House Exceptional *for* ***Cotton Fabrics of Merit***

Denzer & Nathan
Incorporated
611-21 *Broadway, New York.*

"How Can You Sell at Such Prices?"

No. 711

This is the question we are most frequently asked. The answer is simple. *We are satisfied with moderate profits.* That is why we can make such remarkable offers as our

ALL WOOL SILVERTONE COATS (American Woolen Company) in all shades, lined throughout with fancy Seco Silk and interlined, misses' and ladies' sizes.

$16.90 Net

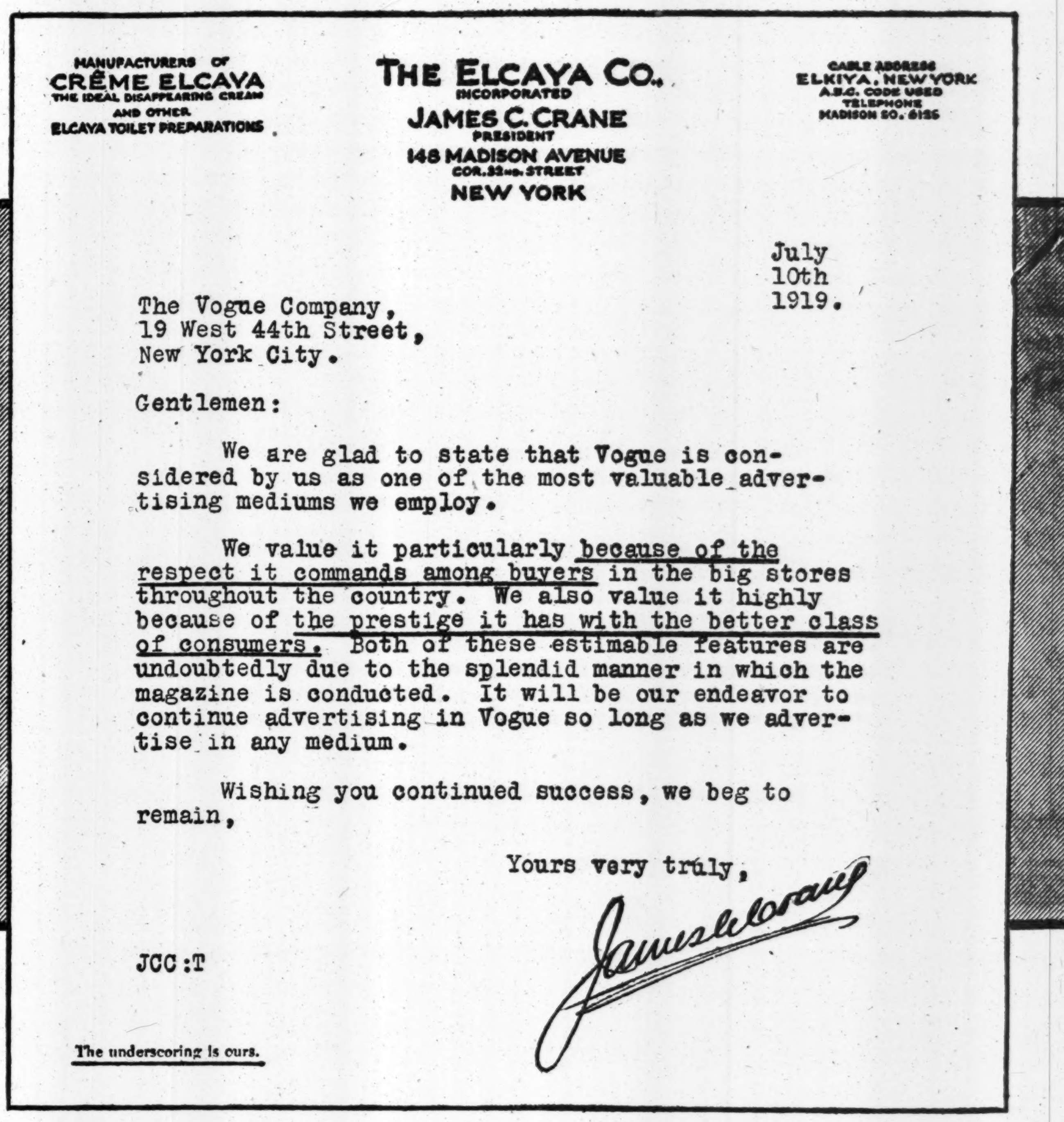
Shrewd merchandising permits us to offer unheard-of savings in Pile Fabric and Cloth Coats, NOW ON OUR RACKS FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

HARRY GREENBERG CO., Inc.
29-31 WEST 35th St. Greeley 4695
"Follow the Greenberg Line"

---

10 Years in VOGUE

Just one of 62—



MANUFACTURERS OF
CRÊME ELCAYA
THE IDEAL DISAPPEARING CREAM
AND OTHER
ELCAYA TOILET PREPARATIONS

THE ELCAYA CO.
INCORPORATED
JAMES C. CRANE
PRESIDENT
148 MADISON AVENUE
COR. 32ND STREET
NEW YORK

CABLE ADDRESS
ELKIYA, NEW YORK
A.B.C. CODE USED
TELEPHONE
MADISON SQ. 6126

July
10th
1919.

The Vogue Company,
19 West 44th Street,
New York City.

Gentlemen:

We are glad to state that Vogue is considered by us as one of the most valuable advertising mediums we employ.

We value it particularly because of the respect it commands among buyers in the big stores throughout the country. We also value it highly because of the prestige it has with the better class of consumers. Both of these estimable features are undoubtedly due to the splendid manner in which the magazine is conducted. It will be our endeavor to continue advertising in Vogue so long as we advertise in any medium.

Wishing you continued success, we beg to remain,

Yours very truly,

James C. Crane

JCC:T

The underscoring is ours.

Only because it pays

THESE 62 advertisers have used Vogue continuously for 10 or more years because it pays.

More than twice as much advertising is placed in Vogue than in any other women's publication—because it pays.

Out of a total of 37 different classes of business advertised in women's magazines, Vogue leads in 26—because it pays.

If your goods are purchased by women of means and social standing, or if their purchase is influenced by women of this class, Vogue can market them—profitably.

It can give them a personal introduction into the homes of more than 100,000* wealthy women, who look upon Vogue as a trusted guide and friend. As a result, your merchandise will be introduced in turn to the many thousands of others who follow the leader—when buying motor cars, or furniture or salad dressing, as naturally as when buying frocks and hats.

If you want to sell high-grade merchandise to women who can afford to buy high-grade merchandise, you might just as well leave your name out of the telephone book as leave your sales message out of Vogue.

*The September 1st issue now on the press—152,560 copies.

These 62 advertisers have used VOGUE for 10 years or more:

Acfield, C. R., *New York City*	Foot Specialties
Adair, Mrs. Eleanor, *New York City*	Toilet Preparations
Albrecht, E. & Son, *St. Paul, Minn.*	Furs
Alexander, Andrew, *New York City*	Shoes
American Tobacco Co., *New York City*	Cigarettes
American Lady Corset Co., *Detroit, Mich.*	Corsets
Arden, Elizabeth, *New York City*	Toilet Preparations
Bergdorf & Goodman Co., *New York City*	Gowns and Suits
Bryant, Lane, *New York City*	Women's Apparel
Burgesser, A. D. & Co., *New York City*	Millinery
Cammeyer, *New York City*	Shoes
Camp Co., S. H., *New York City*	Corsets
Cocroft, Susanna, *Chicago, Ill.*	Beauty Treatments
Colgate & Co., *New York City*	Toilet Preparations
Conover Co., C. E., *New York City*	Dress Shields
Darsy, V., *New York City*	Toilet Preparations
Dean's, Inc., *New York City*	Caterer
DeBevoise, Chas. R., *Newark, N. J.*	Brassieres
De Pinna Co., A., *New York City*	Children's Clothes
Forsythe, John, *New York City*	Waists
Frank Bros., *New York City*	Shoes
Gimbel Bros., *New York City*	Department Store
Goetz Silk Mfg. Co., *New York City*	Silks
Gorham Co., *New York City*	Silverware
Gossard Co., H. W., *Chicago, Ill.*	Corsets
Gunther's Son, C. G., *New York City*	Furs
Haas Bros., *New York City*	Silks
Handel Co., *Meriden, Conn.*	Lamps
Hartmann Trunk Co., *Racine, Wis.*	Travel Accessories
Hollander Co., L. P., *New York City*	Women's Apparel
Jaeckel & Sons, Inc., H., *New York City*	Furs
Jergens Co., Andrew, *Cincinnati, Ohio*	Toilet Preparations
Kleinert Rubber Co., I. B., *New York City*	Rubber Accessories
Knox Hat Co., *New York City*	Hats
Lehn & Fink, *New York City*	Dental Cream
Locomobile Co. of A., *Bridgeport, Conn.*	Motor Cars
Long Sang Ti, *New York City*	Gifts
Lord & Taylor, *New York City*	Department Store
Low & Co., Daniel, *New England*	Gifts
McCallum Hos'y Co., *Northampton, Mass.*	Hosiery
McCreery & Co., James, *New York City*	Department Store
McCutcheon, James, *New York City*	Linens
Maillard's, *New York City*	Candy
May, Bertha, *New York City*	Corsets
Migel, J. A., *New York City*	Silks
O'Connor & Goldberg, *Chicago, Ill.*	Shoes
Park & Tilford, *New York City*	Candy, Perfumes
Peck & Peck, *New York City*	Hosiery
Phipps, Inc., C. M., *New York City*	Millinery
Pierre, *New York City*	Hairdresser
Plymouth Fur Co., *Minneapolis, Minn.*	Furs
Reed & Barton, *New York City*	Silversmiths
Revillon Freres, *New York City*	Furs
Rieger, Paul, *San Francisco, Cal.*	Perfumes
Simon & Co., Franklin, *New York City*	Department Store
Schwartz, Mme., *New York City*	Corsets
Slater, J. and J., *New York City*	Shoes
Sloane, W. & J., *New York City*	Furniture & Rugs
Vantine & Co., A. A., *New York City*	House Furnishings
Walter, Dr. Jeanne, *New York City*	Beauty Treatments
Warner Bros., *Bridgeport, Conn.*	Corsets
Willowcroft Shops, *N. Cambridge, Mass.*	Furniture

VOGUE

CONDÉ NAST, Publisher, 19 West 44th Street

The 50c Dollar

means that the purchasing power of money has been reduced by one-half in the past four years. The careful investor must increase his income to offset this loss.

This he can do by transferring his investments to properly selected taxable bonds or notes.

Write for our Special List and Folder T. 345 on equivalent yields of taxable and tax-exempt securities.

A.H.Bickmore & Co
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

One of the Strongest Preferred Stocks

The American Gas and Electric Company since its organization in 1906 has paid annual dividends of from 6 to 10% on its common stock, 10% being paid since 1916. Extra dividends of 2% in common stock were paid semi-annually July 1, 1914, to January 2, 1919, also 25% was paid July 1, 1919. There is an equity back of the Company's preferred stock equal to 230% on the amount outstanding.

We offer the preferred stock of this Company to yield about 7%.

Send for Circular No. 184.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

WHY BONDS NOW?

Because high grade seasoned bonds may still be had at prices seemingly all out of proportion to real values.

While there have been in many instances advances in price during the past several months, yet the present market is exceptionally low, and the investor is not only assured of excellent value, but is justified in his anticipation of appreciation in market price.

Circular T-74 contains such offerings as may be of interest to you.

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Philadelphia Buffalo
Chicago Denver San Francisco

A SOUND BASIS FOR INVESTMENT

Chain Store Systems, through quantitative buying and centralized management, are able to effect great economies.

Send for a copy of our booklet that describes some of the leading organizations.

Merrill, Lynch & Co.
Investments
Commercial Paper
120 Broadway
New York
Members New York Stock Exchange.

W. F. Ladd & Co.
Successors to
Tilney, Ladd & Co.

Investment Securities

New York

Hartshorne, Fales & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
71 Broadway New York
Tel. 7610 Bowling Green

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Fall 2 to 6 Points in Liquidating Movement Hastened by Labor Troubles.

The sharp selling which appeared in yesterday's stock, grain, and cotton markets was of the sort which indicated the closing out of speculative ventures on a broad scale, together with considerable volume of operations on the short side. In stocks the large total of offerings came at a time when demand was timid, particularly so among the steel, automobile, and various manufacturing issues of other classes. In case of a number of specialties the session's buying power was decidedly weak, with the result of heavy declines in these shares. Railroad stocks were quieter than the industrials, but all moved downward abreast and there were only slight signs of a recovery in the final dealings. Recessions extended from 2 to 6 points, and the fact that extensive losses were recorded by a large number of stocks of unrelated groups showed that professional sales for the purpose of imparting weakness to particular issues were less effective than the general liquidating movement throughout the list.

Comment of the Street reflected more than last week the disturbing effect of labor troubles. Doubtless the inconvenience which the city experienced because of the traction strike helped to thicken the speculative gloom, but this was only one factor among many dealing with the adverse results expected from reduced production and slackened transportation facilities. A curious development of the day was the relative firmness of Interborough Rapid Transit Company bonds and of both bonds and stocks of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation, when practically all other issues were unsettled if not weak. These issues may have been supported on the theory that their previous decline had discounted the most adverse occurrences, and from the present deadlock between management and employes of the subway lines there might come an adjustment which would ultimately benefit security holders. In a market so nervous as that of the last fortnight because of labor unrest it does not require a great deal to disturb sentiment drastically, and it seemed yesterday as though traders put pessimistic interpretations upon all discussion of strikes reported from the steel regions and other manufacturing centres. The cabled accounts of Premier Lloyd George's speech before the House of Commons on Britain's financial difficulties acted to heighten Wall Street's unsettlement over the labor outlook, for his warning that production must be increased was taken as additional evidence that trade and commerce the world over was facing a difficult period.

Along this line the action of the foreign exchanges supplied further point to consideration of handicaps on the free output and distribution of goods. Sterling declined under fairly heavy offerings of bills to 4.23¾, a new low record and a quotation which represented a fall of 2½ cents to the pound since last Saturday noon. The franc check rate receded to 7.98, a shrinkage of 13 centimes from the end of last week, and lire moved off to 9.38. Inquiry in representative banking circles, where plans for extending credits to foreign buyers were discussed six weeks ago with considerable enthusiasm, showed that these measures were now being held in abeyance. It appears that the bankers are desirous of obtaining assurances from Congress that a broad scheme will receive Government support; either that or a plan having its origin in Washington in which bankers can co-operate with the Government.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS	
High	4	High	4½
Low	3½	Low	3½
Renewals	4	Renewals	4¼
Last	3½	Last	3½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	6	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	6	Ninety days	6
Four months	6	Four months	6
Five months	6	Five months	6
Six months	6	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4⅜@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4½@4⅜
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5 @6

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days....5¼@5½
4 to 6 months....5½
Other Names.
4 to 6 months....5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.24¾	$4.23¾	$4.23¾	—.02¾
Cables	4.25½	4.24½	4.24½	—.02¾
France—				
Demand	7.98	7.98	7.98	—.12
Cables	7.96	7.96	7.96	—.12

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.23¾	$4.24½
5.1813	Paris	7.98	7.96
5.1813	Belgium	8.18	8.16
	China—		
	Hongkong	83.50	83.60
	Shanghai	128.00	128.25
	Peking	136.50	136.75
40.20	Holland	37.00	37.1875
19.30	Greece	19.15	19.20
5.1813	Italy	9.30	9.28
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	41.00	41.25
	Calcutta	41.00	41.25
49.85	Japan—		
	Kobe	50.50	50.75
	Yokohama	50.50	50.75
19.40	Spain	19.12	19.20
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.50	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	24.30	24.50
	Christiania	23.25	23.45
	Copenhagen	21.60	21.80
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	42.25	42.35
32.44	Rio	25.75	25.875
5.1813	Switzerland	5.72	5.70
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	6.30	6.40
	500 rubles	6.10	6.20

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

		Cents Per Kronen. Check.	Cables.
23.83	Germany	*5.125	5.125
23.83	Poland	*6.40	6.50
20.26	Austria	2.75	3.00
20.26	Jugoslavia	3.30	3.45
20.26	Czechoslovakia	5.25	5.40
19.30	Finland	†7.00	7.10
19.30	Rumania	‡6.80	7.00

*Cents per mark. †Finmark. ‡Lei.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
Nominal.		$4.20½	$4.19¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $480,342,000; balance, $81,337,602; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $1,125,808; Federal Reserve credit balance, $77,202,336.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $40.625.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 59⅝d; in New York, $1.12¼; Mexican dollars, 86⅝@90⅝c.

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The Treasury statement:

	This Mo.	Fiscal Y'r.
Customs	$7,013,968	$28,412,214
Internal revenue—		
Income and excess profits taxes	7,442,355	51,485,770
Miscellaneous	64,354,236	174,392,837
Miscellaneous revenue	54,972,501	107,794,156
Total receipts	$134,683,061	$362,084,978
Excess ord. disbursements over ord. receipts	210,988,232	861,997,419
Excess total receipts over total disb'mts	125,488,054	....
Excess total disbursements over total receipts	....	307,476,436
Expenditures	345,671,294	1,224,082,397

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, AUG. 17, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	1,089,520	176,423	263,783
Year to date	189,569,489	85,140,968	120,516,972

—Closing.— Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
40	42	200	Adams Express	42¼	42½	41	41	—1
33	34	3,200	Advance Rumely	35½	36	32	33½	—2¾
68	69¼	100	Advance Rumely pf	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	+ ⅝
98½	100	300	Ajax Rubber	98	98	97¼	97¼	—3¼
2½	2⅞	300	Alaska Gold Mines	2½	2½	2½	2½	— ¼
35¾	37	5,400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	38	38	35½	35¾	—2½
100	101	1,800	Am. Agricul. Chem	101	101	100	100	—1½
81½	82½	500	Am. Beet Sugar	84½	84½	81½	82	—2½
105½	107	2,100	Am. Bosch Magneto	112	112	106¾	106¾	—6⅝
47¾	48¼	7,900	Am. Can	50	50⅛	47½	48	—3
103½	104¾	100	Am. Can pf	105	105	105	105	+ ¾
121	123	13,500	Am. Car & Fdry	125½	125½	120	121½	—5
52	53	900	Am. Cotton Oil	54	54	52½	52½	—3½
11⅛	11¾	1,200	Am. Druggists	11⅝	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛	— ¼
29¾	30	3,800	Am. H. & Leather	31½	31½	29⅛	29⅞	—2⅛
115	115¼	3,500	Am. H. & L. pf	118	118	114½	115	—4
45	48½	800	Am. Ice	48½	48½	47	48	—1½
67	68	400	Am. Ice pf	68¼	68½	67½	67½	— ½
91¼	91½	17,500	Am. International	94½	94½	91	91¼	—3½
70	71	1,900	Am. Linseed	73	73	70	70	—4
83	84	12,800	Am. Locomotive	85	85¼	81½	83	—1
57	58	1,300	Am. Malt	60	60	57	58	—2
73	73½	6,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	75	75⅛	72½	73½	—2
118	120	100	Am. Snuff	120	120	120	120	—3
38	39	6,700	Am. Steel F'dries	40½	40½	37⅝	38	—2⅝
94½	95½	400	Do. pfd.	95½	95½	95	95	— ⅝
124½	126	2,400	Am. Sugar Ref	128	128½	124⅝	124¾	— ¾
82¼	82½	11,200	Am. Sumatra Tob	81⅛	82¾	80½	82½	+ ⅝
100½	101	3,400	Am. Tel. & Tel	100⅞	101	100	101	...
205	206	1,400	Am. Tobacco	210	213	201¼	205⅛	—14⅞
109	110	4,400	Am. Woolen	112	112	108	109½	—3½
57	58	2,000	Am. Writing P. pf	60	60	57⅛	57½	—3
20½	21½	2,000	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	21½	21½	20½	20½	—1½
64⅞	65	7,600	Anaconda Copper	66	66	64½	65	—1
3	3¼	400	Assets Realization	3⅜	3⅜	3	3	...
52¾	53½	1,000	Asso. Dry Goods	53⅛	53⅛	52⅝	53	—1
88	88½	3,700	Atch., Top. & S. F.	89½	89½	88	88	—2
90	95	400	Atlantic Coast Line	94	94	92½	92½	—2½
141½	143	3,000	At., Gulf & West I.	143	143	140	142	—2½
101	101¼	40,700	Baldwin Loco.	105⅝	105⅝	100¼	101¼	—5⅜
39¾	40	3,700	Baltimore & Ohio	41	41¼	39¾	39⅞	—1⅛
116¼	118	800	Barrett Co	116⅛	117	116	116	—1⅞
113	116	100	Barrett Co. pf	113	113	113	113	—2¼
81	81⅝	30,600	Beth. Steel, Class B.	83¼	83⅞	79½	81	—3⅝
110¾	111	300	Beth. Steel 8% pf	111½	111½	111	111	— ⅞
18⅝	18¾	3,100	Booth Fisheries	19	19	18½	18⅝	— ½
23	23½	4,700	Brook. Rapid Tran	24	24	23	23	—1⅝
18	21	600	Do ctfs	20	20¼	20	20	...
78	83	100	Brook. Union Gas	80	80	80	80	— ¼
90	95	100	Brown Shoe	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	—4¾
96¼	97½	300	Brown Shoe pf	97¼	97¼	97	97	— ½
48	..	100	Buff. & Susq. pf	51	51	51	51	—2
135	140	100	Burns Brothers	138	138	138	138	—2
11⅞	12	1,200	Butte Copper & Z.	12¼	12¼	11¾	11¾	— ⅜
24¾	25	3,600	Butte & Superior	25	26	24½	25	+ ¼
30	32	400	Butterick Co	32	32	31⅝	31⅝	— ½
65½	65⅞	2,400	Cal. Packing	67	67	65¼	65½	—2
33¼	33½	1,500	Caddo Con. O. & P.	35	35	33	33	—2¼
41½	42¼	7,700	Cal. Petroleum	45	45	40⅜	41½	—3⅛
79	81	500	Cal. Petroleum pf	82½	82½	80	80	—3½
72	72¾	400	Calumet & Arizona	75	75	72	72	—2½
154	154¾	2,100	Canadian Pacific	153⅝	154½	153¼	154½	— ½
29¼	30	800	Central Foundry	30⅛	30⅛	29	29⅞	—4⅛
40	56¾	100	Central Foundry pf	58	58	58	58	—3½
90⅝	90⅞	49,900	Central Leather Co	92¾	92¾	89⅝	90⅞	—2⅞
49½	50½	3,700	Cerro de Pasco Cop	52	52	50	50	—2
212	220	1,400	Chandler Motor	225	225	209	220	—14
54¾	55½	900	Chesapeake & Ohio	55⅝	55⅝	54⅞	55¼	—1
23	24	300	Chi. Great West. pf	24	24	24	24	— ¾
39¼	39¾	2,900	Chi., M. & St. Paul	40	40	39	39	—3
61⅛	61¾	700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	62⅞	62⅞	61¼	61¼	—1⅝
73	76	300	Chi. Pneu. Tool	77	77	75	75	—3
23¼	23½	1,100	Chi., R. I. & Pac	24	24	23¼	23½	— ⅛
68½	69½	500	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	71¾	71¾	69	69	—3
59	59½	200	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	59½	59½	59	59	—1
22⅝	23	4,300	Chile Copper	23⅛	23⅛	22½	22⅞	— ⅝
41½	42	800	Chino Copper	42	42¼	41¾	41¾	— ½
78	79	200	Cluett, Peabody	79¾	79¾	79	79	—4
40¾	41¼	2,200	Col. Fuel & Iron	43	43	40⅛	41½	—2
21¼	22	100	Col. & Southern	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	—1⅛
58	58¼	2,500	Columbia Gas & El	59	59¼	58	58⅛	— ⅞
48	52	200	Comput. Tab. Rec.	50	50	50	50	+3
54	65	500	Consol. Cigar	55	55	54	54½	—6⅝
78	80	100	Consol. Cigar pf	79	79	79	79	+1
93	94	700	Consolidated Gas	94	94	93¼	93¼	—1¾
17½	17¾	3,700	Con. Int. Cal. Min	19	19	17⅝	17⅝	—1⅜
91	92½	1,500	Continental Can	94	95	90¾	90¾	—4¾
11¼	11½	9,500	Continental Candy	12¼	12⅝	11¼	11¼	—1¼
73⅝	73¾	19,700	Corn Prod. Refin	76	76	72½	73¾	—3¾
106¼	107	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	106½	106½	106½	106½	+ ½
133⅝	134	33,100	Crucible Steel	136	136½	132¼	133⅞	—3⅝
..	..	100	Crucible Steel pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	— ¾
31	31½	2,900	Cuba Cane Sugar	32	32⅛	30⅜	31	—1½
78	78½	900	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	78½	78½	78⅛	78⅛	— ⅝
226	245	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	227	227	227	227	—23
103½	108	300	Delaware & Hud	104	104	104	104	— ⅛
9	10	200	Denver & Rio G.	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
13½	14	1,600	Den. & Rio G. pf	15	15½	12⅝	14¼	+ ¼
12¾	13	800	Dome Mines	13	13	12½	12½	—1¼
3½	4	500	Dul., S. S. & At	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	...
103	104	800	Endicott-Johnson	105	105	102¼	102¼	—2¾
102½	103	100	Endicott-John. pf	102½	102½	102½	102½	— ½
36	36½	1,500	Elk Horn Coal	37	37⅞	35¾	35¾	—2¼
42	47	200	Elk Horn Coal pf	47	47	47	47	+3
15½	15¾	3,400	Erie	16¼	16¼	15¼	15⅜	— ⅝
23¾	24	1,600	Erie 1st pf	24¼	24¼	23⅝	23¾	— ½
16¾	18	600	Erie 2d pf	17	17	16¾	16¾	—1
101	102	1,000	Famous Play.-Las	105	105	102	102	—4
13½	14	100	Federal Min. & Sm	13	13	13	13	...
32	32¼	1,000	Federal M. & S. pf	32	33⅛	32	32¼	—2
87	88	500	Fisher Body	88	88	87½	88	—1
43½	43⅞	8,100	Fisk Rubber	45¾	45¾	42½	43½	—2
43⅞	44	2,800	Freeport, Texas	45¼	45¼	42⅝	44	—2½
29⅛	30	3,900	Gaston, Wm. & W.	30⅝	30⅝	29⅛	29⅛	—1½
79	80	3,200	General Cigar	81	81	78	78⅛	—3⅞
160	163	200	General Electric	162¾	162¾	162	162	—2⅝
210¼	211	8,200	General Motors	215⅝	216	210¼	210½	—7
86	86¼	1,500	General Motors deb	86½	87	86	86	— ½
70⅝	71	6,700	Goodrich (B.F.) Co.	74	74	70	70¾	—3⅜
66	67	200	Granby Consol	67	67	67	67	—3½
85⅛	85⅝	1,400	Great Northern pf	85½	85¾	85⅛	85⅛	— ⅛
40½	40⅝	6,100	Gt. N. ctfs. for O.P	41⅞	42	37⅝	40¼	—1¾
40⅝	42¾	600	Greene-Can. Copper	41¾	41¾	41	41⅝	— ⅛
58	60	300	Gulf States Steel	58⅛	58⅛	58	58	—2
7	9⅞	300	Gulf, Mobile & Nor	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
37	42	100	Gulf, Mob. & N. pf	38	38	38	38	—1
86	89	100	Hartman Corp	87	87	87	87	—1
56	59	1,000	Haskell & Barker	59¼	59¼	56	56	—4¼
93¼	95	400	Illinois Central	95	95	94	94	— ⅛
57	57½	8,900	Inspiration Copper	59	59½	57⅛	57⅛	—2⅝
6⅛	6¼	3,200	Interbor. Consol	5½	6¼	5½	6⅛	— ⅛
18	19	1,800	Interb. Consol. pf	16	18¾	16	18¾	+ ¾
26½	29	600	Int. Agricultural	28	28½	26½	26½	—2½
81	82	500	Int. Agricul. pf	81	81	80	80	—2⅛
128½	129	1,900	Int. Harvester, new	131	131	128¼	128½	—2½
48⅝	48¾	27,000	Int. Mer. Marine	53¼	53¼	48	48¾	—4
109⅞	110	8,200	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	113	113	110	110	—2¾
25¾	26	5,300	Int. Nickel	26⅛	26⅛	25½	25⅞	— ⅝
56¾	57	7,300	Int. Paper	56⅛	56⅛	52	52	—4⅝
75	76	200	Int. Paper pf., std.	75	75	75	75	—1
23½	25	1,200	Jewel Tea	25⅛	25⅛	24	24½	—1
64	70	100	Jewel Tea pf	65	65	65	65	—5½
36	37	800	Jones Bros. Tea	36⅝	36⅝	36	36	— ⅝
18½	19	400	Kansas City South	19¼	19¼	19	19	— ½
50	52	100	Kan. City South. pf	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	— ⅜
125¾	127	400	Kelly Springr. Tire	125	127	125¾	125¾	— ¼
35	35¼	4,900	Kennecott Copper	35⅜	35⅝	35	35	—1
79½	80	10,800	Keystone Tire & R.	83½	83½	79	79½	—4
76½	78	1,600	Lackawanna Steel	78	78	76	76½	—1⅝
50	60	100	Laclede Gas	50	50	50	50	...
9	10½	100	Lake Erie & West	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
30	30½	800	Lee Rubber & Tire	30	30	29	29	—1⅛
48	48½	700	Lehigh Valley	48	48¼	48	48	—1
200	204	100	Liggett & Myers	240	240	240	240	—10¼
65	67	200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	68	68	67	67	—4
214	215	1,200	Lorillard (P.) Co	220	220	210	214	—5½
31	33	200	Manhattan Shirt	31½	31½	31	31	—2⅝
44	44½	2,800	Maxwell Motors	46⅛	46⅛	44	44¼	—2½
70⅛	71½	900	Max. Motors 1st pf	72¼	72¼	70¼	70¼	—3¼
33½	34½	1,300	Max. Motors 2d pf	35⅛	35⅛	34	34¼	—1¾
108½	110	100	May Dept. St. pf	108½	108½	108½	108½	+ ⅝
167	168	18,700	Mexican Petroleum	173	173½	166¼	167	—7
26¼	26½	1,400	Miami Copper	27	27	26¼	26½	— ⅝
48	48¼	11,100	Midvale Steel	49⅛	49¼	48	48	—2½
15¼	16¼	700	Minn. & St. L. new	15½	15½	15¼	15¼	— ⅝
12	12½	13,000	Mo., Kan. & Texas	13½	13½	11⅞	12	—1¾
16	17	900	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	18	18	16	16	—2½
25¾	26	4,200	Missouri Pacific	26	26	25⅝	25¾	—2
46	47	300	Missouri Pacific pf	47	47	46¼	46¼	—3¼
70	71	300	Montana Power	72	72	70	70	—1
35½	36	1,100	Nat. Acme	36	36	35⅜	35½	— ¾
110	120	100	Nat. Biscuit	115	115	115	115	—1¾
80	81	200	Nat. Cloak & Suit	80¼	80¼	80	80	—3⅞
15¾	17	500	Nat. Cond. & Cable	18	18	17	17	—1
69¾	70¾	1,500	Nat. Enam. & St	73	73	69⅝	70	—3¼
76¼	77	800	Nat. Lead	79	79	76	76⅞	—2⅝
108	111½	100	Nat. Lead pf	110½	110½	110½	110½	— ¼
8	8½	200	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	8	8	8	8	— ½
17½	17⅞	800	Nevada Con. Cop	18	18	17½	17¾	— ¼
110	112	700	N. Y. Air Brake	111½	111½	111½	111½	...
71	72	4,800	N. Y. Central	72⅝	72⅝	70	71	—2
56	58	1,300	N. Y. Dock	58	58¼	56	56½	—5¾
30¼	30¾	3,500	N. Y., N. H. & H.	31¾	31¾	30¼	30⅝	—1⅝
19	20	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	20	20	20	20	— ⅛
99½	100	500	Norfolk & Western	100	100	99⅞	99⅞	—1
56	59	100	North American	58	58	58	58	...
85	86	1,700	Northern Pacific	85¾	85¾	84⅛	85¾	— ¾
70½	72	1,800	Nova Scotia S. & C.	73	75	70½	70½	—5½
49¾	50	15,300	Ohio Cities Gas	51	51½	49⅛	50	—1⅝
50⅝	50¾	100	Ohio Fuel Supply	50¾	50¾	50¾	50¾	— ⅛
6⅞	7	500	Ontario Mining	7	7	7	7	— ¼
9¾	9⅞	6,600	Okla. Prod. & Ref	10	10	9¾	9¾	— ¼
54	55	700	Owens Bottle Mach	55½	55½	55	55	—1
66½	68	100	Pacific Gas & E.	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾	— ¼
37	40	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	39	39	39	39	+ ¼
104	104½	32,500	Pan Am. Pet. & Tr	109½	109½	104	104⅛	—5½
43¼	43½	2,500	Pennsylvania R. R.	43½	43⅝	43⅛	43⅝	— ¼
40	41	2,400	Penn. Seaboard S.	42¾	42¾	40	40	—3⅜
43	44	800	People's Gas	45	45	42	42⅞	—2⅛
17	17¼	1,300	Pere Marquette	17¾	17¾	17	17¼	— ¾
13	14	300	Peoria & Eastern	13⅞	13⅞	13½	13½	— ¾
34⅛	34½	500	Philadelphia Co.	34⅝	34⅝	34¼	34¼	— ¾
49⅛	49¾	6,900	Pierce-Arrow	52	52	49¼	49½	—3
106	106¾	100	Pierce-Arrow pf	106½	106½	106½	106½	— ½
20	21	5,200	Pierce Oil	20⅝	20¾	20	20⅛	—1¼
63¾	64	6,100	Pittsburgh Coal	67	67	63	63⅝	—3⅝
92¼	94	300	Pittsburgh Steel pf	95	95	92¼	92¼	—2¾
30½	31	900	Pitts. & West. Va	32⅛	32⅛	30⅞	31	—1⅝
78	79	200	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	78½	78½	78½	78½	—1
17¼	17½	300	Pond Creek Coal	17½	17½	17½	17½	—2⅛
80½	81	900	Pressed Steel Car	85⅝	85⅝	80	80½	—5½
116	117	400	Pullman Co.	118¾	118¾	118	118	...
63½	64	1,000	Punta Alegre S.	64¾	64⅝	63⅛	63½	— ⅝
86	88	2,900	R'way Steel Spring	87	87	86	86½	—2¾
23¼	23½	1,000	Ray Consol. Copper	23½	23½	23¼	23¼	— ¼
75⅝	76	10,200	Reading	78⅛	78⅛	75⅝	75⅞	—3⅜
68	70	300	Remington Typew	70	70	68	68	—4
85	86	4,600	Rep. Iron & Steel	86	86	82½	85¾	— ⅜
104½	106¼	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	104¾	104¾	104⅝	104⅝	—1⅞
46	48	100	Republic M T.	47	47	47	47	—1
87⅛	87½	25,000	Royal Dutch-N. Y.	89⅞	90⅛	86	87¼	—2½
..	..	100	Do. tr. rcts	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	...
17½	17¾	3,900	St. Louis & San Fr	18	18¼	17½	17½	— ½
14	14½	100	St. Joseph Lead	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	— ¼
28	29	200	St. Louis South. pf	29	29	29	29	—1
71	73	200	Savage Arms	73	73	73	73	+1½
24	24⅞	2,500	Saxon Motor	25⅜	25⅜	23¾	24¾	— ½
9	9⅛	200	Seaboard Air Line	9⅛	9⅛	9	9	— ⅞
17½	18	200	Seaboard Air L. pf	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	—1¼
201	206	700	Sears, Roebuck Co	201	201	199	200½	—2½
13⅞	14	1,500	Shattuck-Arizona	15	15	13½	14	—1½
52¼	52½	41,400	Sinclair Oil Refin	53¾	55¼	51⅝	52	—3
60½	62	1,000	Sloss-Shef. Steel & I.	61	61	60¼	60¼	—1¾

Continued at Bottom of Columns Six and Seven.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Blue Monday.

Wall Street was hardly in a cheerful frame of mind yesterday, for the strike troubles, of which it has been talking much during the last few days, became at least in the Interborough case a discomforting reality. Weather conditions too were such as to make for anything but cheer and it was perhaps due as much to the strike and the weather as anything else that the stock market went steadily to lower levels. Traders on the short side took advantage of the situation and some of the recent speculative favorities lost additional ground for the present movement. There was no particular development in the news that could be held accountable for the recession unless it was the first hand proof that there is labor unrest. Wall Street, has, however, known that such unrest existed for a number of weeks. At any rate the selling was steady throughout the day and the professionals succeeded in forcing Steel below par at one time with the close for this issue just at par.

⁂

Dark Before Dawn.

While the railroad shares suffered with the general list in the depression yesterday, sentiment among the managers seemed to be improved, on the theory that conditions now are about as unfavorable as they can be and future developments should be promising. The representatives of the Association of Railway Executives who will testify before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce will start for Washington about the middle of the week, and it is expected that they will make their suggestions for remedial legislation immediately thereafter. This in itself was interpreted in railroad quarters as a hopeful sign, in view of the earlier indications that the railway executives would not be called before the Senate committee so soon.

⁂

One View of the Plumb Plan.

In discussing the Plumb plan for the railroads the current issue of The Railway Age says: "It cannot be too often emphasized that while the advocates of the Plumb plan generously propose that in case, under the employes' management, a surplus should be earned, the employes would divide it with the public, they at the same time most ungenerously propose that if a deficit should be incurred under their management the public should pay it all. Their proposition to the public is: 'Heads, we both win; tails, you do all the losing.'"

⁂

Car Shortage Continues.

That the shortage of freight cars for the movement of the grain crops is becoming more serious each day in some parts of the western territory is borne out by the report that many shippers and producers are sending complaints to the Railroad Administration. In some parts of the country the shortage has become so acute, according to report, that thrashing crews are idle because of the congestion of grain at elevators. The Railroad Administration reports that everything possible is being done to ease the situation, which is characterized as no worse than similar car shortages during crop movements in other years. The 10,000 cars which the Railroad Administration purchased in 1918 and about which there has been so much disagreement with the roads to which they were allocated are being rushed into service as rapidly as they can be stenciled. Some railroad managers say, however, that even with the addition of this equipment, the shortage will not be materially cut down, as the deterioration of cars during the war period was rapid and a greater percentage of equipment has been junked than heretofore.

⁂

Locomotive Exports Decrease.

According to the compilations of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce exports of locomotives from the United States during the month of June were less in value than in May, the total being seventy-eight, valued at $2,356,900. Freight cars exported in the same month increased from a few more than 3,000 to more than 5,050.

⁂

Some New Low Records.

In the railroad group there was evidence again yesterday that many holders of stocks, both of the low and high priced varieties, were eager to dispose of their shares. Atchison, on a moderate turnover, sold off to 88, its low for the year, made in the market break two weeks ago; Baltimore & Ohio sold at a new low for the year at 39¾, and Erie first preferred also declined to a new low for the year when it sold at 23¾. Many of the other rail stocks—there seemed to be little differentiation between the cheaper issues and the so-called standard issues—lost more than a point and got down to within a fraction of their lows for the year. At the same time it was reported that there was quiet buying of some of the railroad stocks, and traders who have been on the short side for some time covered themselves and predicted a rally soon.

⁂

Interborough Stock Rallies.

While the entire market appeared to be under strike depression it was one of the odd coincidences that Interborough stock, which was most directly affected, should present a strong front. There was some selling of both the preferred and common in the morning, the former issue going to 16 and the latter to 5½. From these two lows there was a pronounced recovery in the last hour, the common stock moving up to 6¼ and closing at 6⅛ with the net change a loss of ⅛. In the case of the preferred the rally was more pronounced, the close being at 18¾, its top for the day, with a net gain of ¾. It is probable that some traders who sold short in the morning covered in the final hour, fearing that a settlement of the strike overnight might jeopardize their position.

⁂

A Steel Industry Strike.

While it is known that a vote is being taken on the question of a general strike throughout the steel industry it is pointed out that the greatest safeguard against this is the agreement between the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers and the independent manufacturers which has been in existence for a number of years and is rigidly adhered to by both sides. The present contract is said to run until June, 1920. In the matter of pay the average wage in the Steel Corporation is placed at about $1,700 a year, a big increase over that of two years ago. It was pointed out yesterday that a strike might endanger benefits already attained and that the conservative would be opposed to any such action aside from the fact that a strike would be a violation of agreement.

⁂

Oil Stocks Down.

The oil stocks during last week were the first to respond to new buying and a number of them made advances of considerable proportions during the latter trading days. Yesterday, however, there were no favorites and the oils suffered with the rest of the list. Pan American, Texas Company, Mexican Petroleum, and Royal Dutch all lost ground. Mexican Petroleum was one of the heaviest losers, 7 points being marked off, compared with the close on Friday of last week.

⁂

A Market Barometer.

Just how much Steel Common is taken to be a market barometer is shown by the fact that, when the issue broke through par, support seemed to be lacking throughout the general list and decided recessions were made. More outstanding, however, as proof of how the action of this issue is watched, was the weakness that developed on other Exchanges when Steel slipped back. The cotton market broke and the grain market also suffered a recession. It was apparently far more than a coincidence. For several days the professional traders have been trying to drive Steel through par, knowing full well the importance which would be attached to such a decline.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, AUG. 17, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$13,613,000	$6,251,000	$3,110,000
Year to date	2,021,225,890	954,494,500	615,173,950

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-47
48.... 99.90
2.... 99.94
104.... 99.90
1.... 99.84
2.... 99.80
4.... 99.84
85.... 99.82
2.... 99.80
2.... 99.72
10.... 99.80
6.... 99.72
4.... 99.70
22.... 99.72
$237,000
1st conv 4s, 1932-'47
88.... 94.16
2d 4s, 1927-'42
102.... 93.00
81.... 92.90
2.... 92.92
1.... 92.90
25.... 92.98
4.... 92.90
1.... 92.92
6.... 92.90
25.... 92.98
93.... 92.90
20.... 92.86
20.... 92.86
$330,000
1st conv 4¼s 1932-'47
50.... 94.30
17.... 94.20
10.... 94.40
36.... 94.50
30.... 94.30
2.... 94.50
$145,000
2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42
40.... 93.30
5.... 93.36
140.... 93.26
8.... 93.20
15.... 93.28
5.... 93.24
23.... 93.28
120.... 93.24
123.... 93.20
3.... 93.24
40.... 93.30
165.... 93.24
60.... 93.26
25.... 93.28
10.... 93.24
10.... 93.26
15.... 93.28
20.... 93.24
20½.... 93.22
10.... 93.26
15.... 93.28
3.... 93.30
17.... 93.24
2.... 93.22
25.... 93.30
15.... 93.28
26.... 93.24
2.... 93.26
108.... 93.24
6.... 93.20
25.... 93.24
15.... 93.28
10.... 93.24
1.... 93.20
4.... 93.26
10.... 93.24
1.... 93.20
50.... 93.22
71.... 93.24
21.... 93.26
50.... 93.28
8.... 93.24
2.... 93.16
50.... 93.28
15.... 93.24
15.... 93.22
50.... 93.26
$1,499,000
3d 4¼s, 1928
75.... 95.00
55.... 95.02
45.... 95.00
15.... 94.90
20.... 94.98
55.... 94.88
6.... 94.86
1.... 94.90
5.... 94.88
3.... 94.86
5.... 94.88
2.... 94.84
18.... 94.86
5.... 94.90
25.... 94.86
6.... 94.84
16.... 94.90
1.... 94.86
72.... 94.84
2.... 94.80
1.... 94.88
3.... 94.82
1.... 94.84
60.... 94.86
24.... 94.80
1.... 94.78
50.... 94.86
18.... 94.86
6.... 94.82
37.... 94.86
1.... 94.82
2.... 94.84
29.... 94.86
150.... 94.84
26.... 94.86
1.... 94.80
14.... 94.88
41.... 94.90
10.... 94.88
1.... 94.82
10.... 94.90
30.... 94.94
8.... 94.88
2.... 94.84
1.... 94.94
6.... 94.86
3.... 94.84
2.... 94.86
1.... 94.80
3.... 94.84
23.... 94.90
2.... 94.84
15.... 94.94
20.... 94.98
139.... 94.94
106.... 94.90
10.... 94.94
28.... 94.84
3.... 94.80
7.... 94.82
21.... 94.90
15.... 94.94
13.... 94.90
2.... 94.86
90.... 94.74
2.... 94.80
1.... 94.90
1.... 94.80
18.... 94.86
9.... 94.84
97.... 94.90
19.... 94.84
30.... 94.86
3.... 94.84
10.... 94.80
4.... 94.90
50.... 94.86
25.... 94.88
3.... 94.80
8.... 94.82
25.... 94.88
5.... 94.82
50.... 94.86
30.... 94.88
95.... 94.90
$1,909,000
4th 4¼s, 1933-'38
150.... 93.20
5.... 93.16
50.... 93.14
60.... 93.16
101.... 93.12
10.... 93.08
165.... 93.16
100.... 93.12
3.... 93.08
17.... 93.10
7.... 93.04
100.... 93.06
22.... 93.04
2.... 93.08
25.... 93.06
135.... 93.04
15.... 93.02
90.... 93.06
10.... 93.08
33.... 93.10
110.... 93.18
10.... 93.10
3.... 93.16
40.... 93.12
17.... 93.14
7.... 93.12
6.... 93.10
12.... 93.12
50.... 93.16
120.... 93.18
1.... 93.12
247.... 93.18
6.... 93.12
20.... 93.16
70.... 93.18
10.... 93.16
8.... 93.12
1.... 93.10
112.... 93.12
15.... 93.08
7.... 93.12
1.... 93.10
14.... 93.08
28.... 93.14
1.... 93.10
11.... 93.12
28.... 93.14
40.... 93.16
26.... 93.12
64.... 93.16
12.... 93.12
39.... 93.16
114.... 93.18
7.... 93.16
1.... 93.10
1.... 93.14
3.... 93.10
20.... 93.12
5.... 93.14
45.... 93.18
2.... 93.06
5.... 93.14
4.... 93.16
10.... 93.12
1.... 93.10
40.... 93.16
21.... 93.12
75.... 93.14
32.... 93.10
70.... 93.16
116.... 93.18
11.... 93.16
21.... 93.14
4.... 93.06
17.... 93.10
5.... 93.06
33.... 93.16
8.... 93.12
2.... 93.08
10.... 93.14
48.... 93.12
3½.... 93.08
22.... 93.10
110.... 93.14
32.... 93.12
3.... 93.16
4.... 93.14
48.... 93.08
50.... 93.10
150.... 93.14
9.... 93.10
11.... 93.14
75.... 93.16
1.... 93.10
11.... 93.12
38.... 93.10
10.... 93.14
37.... 93.12
28.... 93.10
50.... 93.14
$5,688,500
Vict Lib Loan 3¾s, 1922-'23
75.... 99.80
195.... 99.76
10.... 99.78
68.... 99.76
1.... 99.70
47.... 99.78
329.... 99.76
100.... 99.78
20.... 99.76
410.... 99.78
10.... 99.72
10.... 99.76
165.... 99.70
7½.... 99.66
30.... 99.68
10.... 99.60
$1,470,000
4¾s, 1922-'23
82.... 99.70
60.... 99.72
111.... 99.70
100.... 99.76
103.... 99.70
555.... 99.72
180.... 99.70
5.... 99.74
143.... 99.70
118.... 99.72
2.... 99.70
78.... 99.74
6.... 99.72
35.... 99.70
119.... 99.72
403.... 99.70
35.... 99.68
30.... 99.70
19.... 99.72
142.... 99.68
30.... 99.70
1.... 99.72
10.... 99.68
3.... 99.72
201.... 99.70
63.... 99.68
10.... 99.74
26.... 99.68
20.... 99.70
5.... 99.72
29.... 99.70
145.... 99.68
1.... 99.66
16.... 99.68
56.... 99.66
40.... 99.68
60.... 99.70
4.... 99.66
20.... 99.62
87.... 99.66
46.... 99.64
37.... 99.60
$2,719,000
U S 2s, reg
7.... 99¾
Anglo-Fr 5s
10.... 97⅜
3.... 97¼
13.... 97⅛
15.... 97¼
1.... 97⅜
3.... 97¼
50.... 97½
2.... 97¼
½.... 97¼
½.... 97¼
1.... 97⅜
2½.... 97¼
3.... 97⅜
1.... 97⅜
2.... 97⅜
C of Paris 6s
9.... 95⅞
3.... 96
1.... 95⅞
Dom of Can 5s, 1921
1.... 98½
1926
7.... 95
1931
4.... 93½
U K of Gt B & I 5½s, 1919
19.... 99⅞
5½s, 1921
7.... 98¼
4.... 98⅛
14.... 98¼
25.... 98
15.... 98¼
5.... 98⅛
5½s, 1937
3.... 96¼
4.... 96
15.... 95⅝
17.... 95½
11.... 95½
U S of Mex 5s
3.... 61
N Y Canal 4s 1962
2.... 98½
Am Agr Chem deb 5s
9.... 103
Am H & L 6s
1.... 100
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
15.... 87
Am Tel & Tel col 4s
1.... 82½
1.... 82¾
3.... 82½
col tr 5s
2.... 86½
1.... 86¾
1.... 86
conv 6s
5.... 100⅞
2.... 101
1.... 100¾
1.... 100¼
1.... 100½
At, Top & S F gen 4s
5.... 77⅛
12.... 77
adj 4s, stpd
3.... 72½
5s30f. 72
Balt & Ohio pr lien 3½s
1.... 84
1.... 83⅞
temp 6s
3.... 96⅞
6.... 96½
3.... 96¼
Braden Copper s f 6s
1.... 94¼
Bklyn R T ref conv 4s
1.... 45
Cent Leath 5s
13.... 97
Ches & Ohio con 5s
1.... 93¼
conv 4½s
7.... 78
conv 5s
1.... 84½
1.... 84¼
1.... 84¾
1.... 84
C, B&Q gen 4s
2.... 77½
5.... 77
joint 4s
2.... 95¼
7.... 95
13.... 94¾
14.... 94½
Chi & E Ill ref & imp 4s cfs of dep
10.... 30
Chi Gt Wn 4s
5.... 57¾
2.... 57
Chi, M & St P 4s, 1925
2.... 78½
3.... 79
conv 4½s
1.... 72½
1.... 72
ref 4½s
4.... 66
1.... 67
6.... 67¾
1.... 67½
8.... 66⅞
Chi, M & P Sd 4s
1.... 69
Chi & N Wn gen 5s
1.... 96¾
3.... 96½
Chi, R I & P Ry ref 4s
11.... 68
11s30f. 67½
3s30f. 67
5.... 67½
Chile Cop 7s
1.... 118½
Clev Sh L 4½s
1.... 83
Col Indus 5s
2.... 80
Col & So ref & ext 4½s
7.... 79
Con Gas cv 6s
1.... 100¼
2.... 100
Den & Rio G con 4s
3.... 66½
1st ref 5s
2s30f. 58
5.... 58¾
1s30f. 58
Det United Ry con 4½s
4.... 74¼
Erie 1st gen 4s
2.... 51¾
6.... 51½
1.... 50⅝
cv 4s, Ser D
3.... 47
Erie-Pa col tr 4s
4.... 82
Fla East C Ry 1st 4½s
10.... 80½
Hud & Man 1st & ref 5s, Ser A
42.... 55
4.... 55¾
1.... 55½
1s30f. 54½
4.... 54⅞
1.... 55¼
5.... 55
2.... 54⅞
adj inc 5s
2.... 16⅛
1.... 16
1.... 15¾
Ill Central temp 5½s
1.... 93¼
Litchf div 3s
2.... 61
Ill Steel 4½s
1.... 84¾
Int-Met 4½s
13.... 30
8.... 30½
2.... 30¼
cfs of dep
9.... 30
Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s
45.... 65
10.... 65¼
198.... 65½
3.... 65¾
Int Agr Corp col tr 5s
1.... 83¾
8.... 83½
Int Mer Mar s f 6s
29.... 97
7.... 97½
5.... 96⅞
Kan C So 3s
5.... 57½
L S & MSo 3½s
2.... 70
4s, 1928
5.... 85
Leh Val cod tr 6s, temp rcts
1.... 101½
3.... 101¾
Louis & Nash unified 4s
6.... 83
Midvale Steel col tr 5s
1.... 88
Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1926
1.... 89
1.... 88½
gen 4s
4.... 57½
5.... 57½
6.... 57¼
22.... 57
3.... 57½
Mon Power 5s Ser A
1.... 91½
1.... 91½
N O, T & M income 5s
2.... 55¾
10.... 55
5.... 55¾
NYCent deb 6s
3.... 96¾
1.... 96½
deb 4s, 1934
5.... 79¾
gen 3½s
2.... 70
LScol3½s
1.... 62¼
NYG, EL, H&P col tr 5s
1.... 86½
N Y, N H & H cv deb 6s
11.... 78
NY&Nor 1st 5s
1.... 98¼
NYRys ref 4s
7.... 39
adj 5s
20.... 12
3.... 12⅛
7.... 12
N Y Tel 4½s
5.... 85½
5.... 85⅛
s f deb 6s
1.... 99¼
3.... 99
N & W cv 6s, sub r, full pd
2.... 104¾
8.... 104½
21.... 104
Nor Pac 4s
1.... 77½
Nor Pac 3s
2.... 56½
4.... 56
Og&LakeC4s
1.... 60
OhioRiv gen 5s
1.... 88
PaRRcon4½s
6.... 95½
gen 4½s
5.... 82⅞
gen 5s
4.... 91¾
13.... 91½
2.... 91¼
1.... 91⅜
2.... 91⅛
Penn gtd 4½s
4.... 97¾
Pere M 1st 5s
1.... 83½
Peo G & C of Chi ref 5s
2.... 69
Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1924
1.... 104½
1.... 104⅝
30.... 104½
1.... 104⅝
6.... [illegible]
5.... 104¼
PortlandRy5s
2.... 75¼
P S C s f 5s
2.... 78¼
Read'g gen 4s
3.... 80½
2.... 80
Rep Iron & Stl s f 5s, 1940
2.... 93⅞
1.... 93⅝
5.... 93½
St L, I M & So uni & ref 4s
3.... 76
St L & S F Ry gen 5s
1.... 93⅞
St L & S F pr lien 4s, A
7.... 57¼
12.... 57
pr lien 5s, B
1.... 71½
2.... 72
adj 6s
1.... 63⅛
income 6s
18.... 46½
10.... 46¼
StLSW 1st 4s
1.... 66
con 4s
1.... 59
1st Term 5s
3.... 59⅞
S A L gold 4s, stamped
1.... 67
adj 5s
1.... 45
2s30f.. 44
8.... 45
5.... 45½
ref 4s
1.... 52
So Pac col 4s
1.... 69⅞
conv 4s
4s20f.. 83½
10.... 84⅛
2.... 84
conv 5s
1.... 101
20.... 100½
3.... 100
1.... 100½
60.... 100
4.... 100⅝
1st ref 4s
14s30f.. 77
SouthRy 1st 5s
1.... 90⅝
2.... 91
gen 4s
1.... 65
4.... 64½
7.... 64⅛
9.... 64⅜
Tenn Cop cv 6s
2.... 94
ThirdAvadj5s
5.... 34¼
8.... 34
2.... 33¾
Tol & O Cent, West Div 5s
3.... 85¼
Tri-City 5s
1.... 93⅞
Un Pac 1st 4s
3.... 85
3.... 84½
conv 4s
5.... 83
5.... 82⅛
10s30f.. 82
1st & ref 4s
9.... 77
Union Pac 6s
1.... 102¾
URRsofSF4s, Un Tr c of d
4.... 30¾
USR&Imp5s
1.... 74
3.... 73¾
U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s
4.... 86⅞
14.... 86¾
8.... 87
USStlC s f 5s
2s30f.. 99⅞
15.... 100
VirgnRy 1st 5s
2.... 85
1.... 86¼
Wabash 1st 5s
1.... 89
WUfd&re4½s
21.... 87
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
1.... 98⅜
1.... 98¼
cv s f 6s
1.... 98¼
9.... 98
5.... 97¾
5.... 97⅝

SEEK KRUGER'S TREASURE.

Wealth-Laden Ships Sunk Off South Africa May Be Salvaged.

LONDON, Aug. 2, (Associated Press.)—To recover more than $3,000,000 in gold, part of the fortune of the late Oom Paul Kruger, once President of the Transvaal, which is believed to be cemented in the hold of the bark Dorothea, sunk on Tenedos Reef, off the coast of Zululand, is one of the projects which may be revived as a result of improvement in the science of salvaging sunken ships.

The Dorothea is named among the list of wrecks of eight treasure ships located off the African coast which are regarded by one leading expert as most likely for salvage. It is believed that Kruger's fortune still lies in the bottom of the Dorothea among the jagged rocks of Tenedos Reef.

The gold is reported to have been shipped some time prior to 1904 by Kruger, who was once credited with a fortune of $3,750,000. Some years ago a syndicate was organized to attempt its recovery and a Government steamer, the Alfred Noble, was sent to do the work of salvage, but failed.

Now that the war is over, men not content with the ordinary rewards of peace time industry are planning to renew the great adventure of seeking to salvage gold from the wrecks of treasure ships long since lost. The science of salvaging sunken vessels has reached the point where some experts believe the next few years will see much of the fabled wealth of the ocean's bed brought to the surface. Wrecks of treasure ships lost more than 100 years ago are being located and preparations are being made to bring ingots of precious metal to the surface.

Captain A. P. Gardinier, a salvage expert, has located thirty-eight hulls of sunken vessels off the coast of South Africa and believes that one-quarter of them may be redeemed. Eight of the ships selected as susceptible of salvage, with their location and value of contents, are given as follows:

The Grosvenor, on the Pendoland Coast, $8,750,000; Ariston, Marcus Bay, $4,000,000; Birkenhead, Birkenhead Reef, $3,900,000; Atlas, East Coast, $3,500,000; Dorothea, Tenedos Reef, $3,250,000; Thunderbolt, Thunderbolt Reef, $2,750,000; Abercrombie, Black Rock, $900,000, and Merestein, Jutton Island, $700,000.

A second list of ships still luring the treasure hunters to the African Coast includes seven wrecked in 1802, among them being H. M. S. Candos with $200,000 in gold coin and the troopship Addison with $100,000. Others carried copper, a hold full of ivory or silver ingots. Ten other vessels lost between 1737 and 1893 have been definitely located along the African sands, with the following wealth:

Five thousand bars of silver and copper; thirty boxes of gold and silver; 3,700 bars of silver; 200 tons of copper; 4,500 bars of copper; 4,500 bars of tin; 1,100 silver and copper bars; 1,250 bars of silver; 250 bars of tin, and another ship with still another big tin cargo.

French Airplane Lost in Africa.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—Anxiety is felt here over the lack of news of the arrival of the giant airplane Goliath at Dakar, in the French colony of Senegal, Cape Verde, Africa. The airplane was last reported Saturday morning at 3:30 o'clock passing above Portetinne, 500 miles from Dakar. At that time the machine had accomplished the worst part of the journey from Mogador to Dakar, having crossed the Sahara.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Columns Three and Four.

—Closing.— Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
93¾	94	15,800	Southern Pacific	95⅛	95¼	93	93¾	—1½
23¾	24	5,100	Southern Railway	25⅝	25⅝	23⅛	23⅛	—1¼
60	62	800	Southern Ry. pf	62	62	60⅛	60⅛	—2⅝
70	70½	3,250	Stromberg Carb	72½	73½	65	70⅝	—3⅛
97½	98	37,800	Studebaker Co	102	102¼	96½	97⅞	—5⅛
101½	103	100	Studebaker Co. pf	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	+ ¾
104	105½	1,700	Stutz Motor	106	106	103	105	—1⅛
36	40	200	Superior Steel	35¼	36	35¼	36	—4⅛
13⅛	13¼	2,700	Tenn. Cop. & Chem	13½	13½	13¼	13¼	— ⅜
246	247	2,500	Texas Co	249½	249½	245	246	—4
39	39½	12,700	Texas & Pacific	43¼	44	39	39¼	—5¾
18	20	200	Third Avenue	18	18	18	18	—1
95½	96	12,600	Tobacco Products	100⅜	100⅜	95¾	95¾	—5⅛
102	104¾	500	Tobacco Prod. pf	105	105	104½	104½	— ½
43⅛	43½	3,370	Transcont. Oil	45⅝	45⅝	43	43½	—2⅛
55⅝	56½	300	Transue & Williams	56½	56½	55⅝	55⅝	—2⅝
80	85	100	Union Bag & Paper	82	82	82	82	—3
121½	122	4,100	Union Pacific	123	123	120¼	121½	—2⅛
50	50¼	3,300	United Alloy Steel	51	51⅛	50	50⅛	—1⅛
175	199	300	United Cigar Stores	185	185	170	185	—16
150	158½	500	United Drug	158	158	150	150	—10
107	160	100	United Drug 2d pf	155	155	155	155	...
172¼	180	500	United Fruit	175	175	172½	172½	—7¾
101	101¼	39,800	Unit. Retail Stores	106⅛	106½	101	101	—6
14⅞	15	12,400	Do rights	15⅛	15⅛	14½	14¾	—1½
30½	31	3,300	U. S. C. I. Pipe & F.	33⅞	33⅞	29½	30	—4⅛
65	65¾	500	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf	67	67	65⅛	65⅛	—5⅛
25¾	26	300	U. S. Express	26⅛	26⅛	26	26	— ⅛
130½	131	600	U. S. Indus. Alco	133¾	133¾	130	130¾	—3
40	41	300	U. S. Realty & Imp	40½	40½	40½	40½	—2¼
74¾	75	15,400	U. S. Food Prod	78⅛	78⅛	74½	75	—3
117	118	11,400	U. S. Rubber	121	121	117⅛	117½	—5½
112	113	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	112⅛	112⅛	112⅛	112⅛	— ⅞
63	64	800	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	64¼	64¼	63	63	—1¼
99⅞	100	184,000	U. S. Steel	102	102½	99½	100	—2¾
116	116⅜	400	U. S. Steel pf	116	116¼	116	116	+1
80½	81	8,100	Utah Copper	83½	83½	80	80½	—3½
14½	16	200	Utah Securities	14½	14½	14½	14½	—2
77	77½	1,300	Va.-Caro. Chem	79⅛	79⅞	77	77⅞	—3
60	64	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C.	61	61	61	61	+1
9⅞	10	500	Wabash	10	10	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
30½	31	1,100	Wabash pf., A	30¾	31	30½	30½	— ⅞
11⅝	11⅞	1,900	Western Maryland	11⅝	11⅞	11½	11⅞	— ½
19	21	100	Western Pacific	20	20	20	20	—1
85½	86½	200	Western Union Tel	85½	85½	85½	85½	...
112	113¾	300	West. Air Brake	111⅞	111⅞	109⅝	109⅝	—2¾
51	51¼	5,700	West. E. & M.	52⅛	52⅛	51	51⅛	—1⅝
57¼	58	4,200	White Motors	60	60	57	57¼	—2½
84	85	3,600	Wilson & Co.	86¾	86¾	84	84	—2½
30¼	30½	12,600	Willys-Overland	31½	31½	30	30¼	—1½
92	94½	200	Willys-Overland pf	94	94	92⅞	92⅞	—2⅜
125	126½	300	Woolworth (F. W.)	126	126	126	126	—1
65	67	400	Worthington Pump	68	68	65½	67	—2

Analysis
Railway Steel Spring

Copy T. R. Upon Request

W.C. Langley & Co.
Investments
115 Broadway, New York
Members New York Stock Exchange

$90,000

City of

Portland, Maine Water District 4s

DUE DECEMBER, 1928

To yield 4.45%

Blodget & Co.
34 PINE ST., New York
60 STATE ST., Boston

Keep Informed About New Investments

Unless you are in close touch with the market for securities you realize how difficult it is to keep posted regarding the many attractive new issues of bonds, notes and stocks which banking houses are offering. If you care to have us do so, we shall be glad to keep you informed regarding the more desirable of these new issues. Send us your name and address and we will see that you are regularly supplied with data.

CHANDLER & COMPANY
35 Pine Street, New York
Philadelphia Boston

Maury Rogers & Auchincloss

Inquiries Invited on all Listed Securities

Members
N. Y. Stock Exchange
N. Y. Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade

25 Broad St.

Cuba
A wonderful field for the *American Exporter*

Banco Internacional de Cuba

43 Branches throughout the Island. Personal, efficient, Banking Co-operation.

Collections, Credit Information
Commercial Credits, Foreign Exchange

Head Office: Havana, Cuba.

FOR many years we have kept our clients informed as to current happenings likely to affect the values of their securities.

Correspondence Invited

Robert C. Mayer & Co.
Investment Bankers
Equitable Bldg.
New York
Tel. Rector 6770

City of Copenhagen
5½% Bonds
Due July 1, 1944
Callable after 1925
Price 93½ and interest yielding 6.03 - 6.84%

ELDREDGE AND COMPANY
SEVEN WALL ST. NEW YORK

Bought, Sold & Quoted

St. Louis & San Francisco 6s, 1928

J. S. Bache & Co.
BANKERS ESTABLISHED 1892
Members New York Stock Exchange
42 Broadway New York
Branches and Correspondents, throughout the United States.

Over 8%

The 8% Preferred Stock of the **Cadet Hosiery Company** is offered at par and accrued dividends and with it is given a 25% bonus of Common Stock on which monthly dividends are being paid.

CIRCULAR CT

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

Odd Lots
Write Dept. 2.
CHISHOLM & CHAPMAN
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 Broadway, New York City.
Uptown Office....39 E. 42nd St.
Harlem Office...290 Lenox Ave., cor. 125th St.
Bronx Office....391 E. 149th St.
Brooklyn Office....32 Court St.
Yonkers Office....12 N. Broadway
Newark Office....777 Broad St.

ROBINSON & CO.
Investment Securities
26 Exchange Place New York
Members New York Stock Exchange

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Bankers Trust Otis Elevator
First National Phelps Dodge
Telephone 1111 Broad.

ACT TO BAR RETURN OF RAILROAD LINES

Huddleston Asks House to Name Committee to Investigate Plumb Charges.

PLAN AUTHOR DEMANDS IT

Reiterates Charges of False Valuation and Payroll Padding—Accuses Morgan and Others.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The campaign to head off the return of the transportation lines to private ownerhhip was resumed today with the presentation to the House by Representative Huddleston of a resolution for the appointment of a committee of six members to investigate charges of corruption by financial interests, made by the four railroad brotherhoods and other labor organizations, connected with the Plumb Plan League. The request is made that the committee's report shall be laid before Congress prior to adoption of railroad legislation.

The belligerent note, which has been lacking from the assertions of the labor group for the last two weeks, was again noted today, both in an address delivered in the House by Mr. Huddleston and in a letter sent by Glenn E. Plumb, author of the Plumb plan for nationalization of the railroad lines, to Chairman Esch of the Interstate Commerce Committee, in which Mr. Plumb literally demanded that an unbiased report on the charges be returned quickly.

"You will recall," Mr. Plumb said in concluding his letter, "the earnest warning uttered to your committee by Mr. Garretson, in which he said, it is largely within the power of Congress to allay the unrest which is taking, to the utmost, the energies of the labor leaders to restrain. In this law-abiding course we ask your aid. We ask that our charges be respected and heeded, that this hearing be had, that the investigation prayed for be made, and that a report upon the findings be laid before Congress before it acts to restore the veins and arteries of the nation to the private financial groups that have drained them of their life-giving properties."

Reiterates Charges of Theft.

Mr. Plumb reiterates charges of theft and corruption made by him recently before a joint committee of Congress, and adds an attack upon the Interstate Commerce Commission, alleging that the valuation figures for railroad properties which it already has completed are about double what they actually should have been. Any program for a 6 per cent. guarantee, based on such a valuation, and the return of the roads of private capital, Mr. Plumb says, will in no sense be satisfactory to organized labor.

Representative Huddleston's resolutions, which provide for the committee of six members of the House with power of subpoena and with an appropriation of $100,000 for expenses, were referred to the Committee on Rules. They read in part:

"Whereas, Sensational charges have been made before the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce by the responsible representatives of 2,200,000 railroad employes, that the railroads of tho United States are now seeking to validate billions of fraudulent capitalization, thereby burdening the American people, in their cost of living, with unjust and oppressive charges for transportation; and,

"Whereas, If this gigantic fraud has been perpetrated the American people are entitled to know it and the full extent thereof; now therefore be it

"Resolved, That the Speaker of the House of Representatives be, and he is hereby, directed and empowered to appoint a committee of six Representatives in Congress, which committee shall be charged with the duty to investigate and to ascertain and report upon the truth of said charges, to wit:

"1. Whether it is true, as charged, that the railroads have fraudulently issued vast sums in securities in excess of the consideration paid therefor, and, if so, the extent of such usurpation.

"2. Whether it is true, as charged, that such railroads have expended on their properties out of excess earnings large amounts received by them as payment for such service, and, if so, to what extent and amount, and how far such expenditures are now represented in their inevestment accounts.

"3. Whether it is true, as charged, that gifts, grants, aids, and donations of great value made to said corporations in aid of the construction of their railways have been appropriated to the private benefit of promoters or capitalized against the public in property investment accounts, and, if so, to what extent.

"4. Whether it is true, as charged, that the payrolls of the railroads while under Government control have been padded for practical purposes, and, if so, on whose responsibility such expenditures have been made and the extent thereof.

"5. Whether it is true, as charged, that while under Government control the managers of the railroads have spent large and unnecessary sums for t maintenance and renewals of their properties, and for overcoming past depreciation, and, if so, to what extent, and on whom rests the responsibility thereof.

Says Charges Shocked Nation.

"The entire country," said Mr. Huddleston, in discusing his resolution, "was greatly shocked last week by the sensational charges made by the representatives of the railroad employes of gigantic frauds perpetrated in the capitalization of our railroads. The charges voiced by Mr. Plumb, attorney for the railway labor organizations, were so sensational and far-reaching as to cause amazement from one end of the nation to the other.

"The charges made against the railroads have the greatest significance, especially at this time, when the railroad owners are seeking to have Congress validate their capitalization and their debts by legislation. They are demanding of Congress a guarantee of an income upon their capital and debts. If Congress yields to their demands, the burden of all the frauds and stealing will be securely placed upon the shoulders of the people.

"There will be no hope for them to unload it in the future. This is the big stake that the railroads are playing for. This is why they have been carrying on the most expensive propaganda in the history of our nation, why they have bought newspapers and have poisoned all the fountains of public information.

"For these reasons, it is of the highest importance that a thorough investigation of the charges be made at once. The investigation must be made before any action is taken by Congress upon the pending railroad measures. It will be the greatest blunder in the history of Congress if we attempt to legislate upon the railroad issue without knowledge upon the truth of these charges.

"These labor officials assert that the charges are true. They are demanding an investigation of them. More than one-tenth of the entire population of the United States may be said to be back of these charges. We cannot afford to do less than give the full investigation which is demanded."

In his letter to Chairman Esch of the House Interstate Commerce Committee, Mr. Plumb made it evident that the idea of a review of labor's charges by the Interstate Commerce Commission, as has been suggested, instead of by a committee of Representatives, was not to his liking.

Charges Big Interests Control.

"We charge," he said, in continuing his attack upon private capital, "that the men who are pushing this conspiracy through the United States Chamber of Commerce and other bodies, are controlled in whole or in part by the Morgan interests, the Rockefeller interests, and the Gould interests. Through the interlocking directorates of banks and trust companies these three financial groups control the 254,000 miles of railway of the United States. We will submit complete charts showing these interlocking directorates and financial interests in their relation to the railroads.

"We charge that the five railway valuations first completed and published by the Interstate Commerce Commission show the aggregate property investment accounts of the railways named therein to be double their estimated actual cost of reproduction now. We charge that, so far as the valuation division of the Interstate Commerce Commission has valued railroads, after nearly completing its survey of the entire transportation area of the United States, this ratio of double the estimated actual cost of reproduction, new, holds constant with respect to the aggregate property investment account as submitted by the railroads. It is upon this fraudulent investment account which the United States Chamber of Commerce and the financial interests behind it ask Congress to compel the American people to pay over 6 per cent. in yearly returns.

"We charge that wherever the valuation division of the Interstate Commerce Commission has found the investment account, as stated by the carrier, equal to its estimated cost of reproduction, new, it is due to surplus and excessive earnings after ample dividends have been declared to stockholders and bondholders, and that the excessive earnings extorted from the public have been plowed into the property and made the basis for corresponding and unwarranted transportation charges.

Questions Underwood Charges.

"We demand investigation of the statement made by President Underwood of the Erie Railroad—and, since these charges were made, reaffirmed by him—that the railroad employment payrolls have been padded under Government control, in order to build a political machine. We charge that if it is found that the payrolls have been so padded the railway managers have padded them to make the expense account under Government control seem extravagant and wasteful.

"We charge that when the Government took control it found the railroads systematically starved in the interest of the financial groups named.

"We charge that the property investment accounts of the railroads have been fraudulently doubled above their estimated cost of reproduction, new, by such means as these: The $250,000,000 in bonuses given away to their stockholders from 1900 to 1910 by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, the Chicago Northwestern, the Great Northern, the Illinois Central, and the Southern Pacific. On this $250,000,000 of excess capital in 1913 alone the public was compelled to pay more than $11,000,000. The public had to pay in that year $4,317,000 on stock fraudulently issued by eight Eastern railroads during 1900 to 1910 for $101,000,000 less than the market value. During the same period eighteen representative railroads running through all parts of the country gave away stock bonuses aggregating $450,000,000. On these the public has to pay—now pays."

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads..	59.45	58.42	58.69	—1.13
25 industrials.	105.95	102.14	103.05	—3.84
50 stocks.....	82.70	80.28	80.87	—2.48

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Aug. 15......	84.07	82.92	83.35	— .38
Aug. 14......	85.00	83.36	83.73	—1.24
Aug. 13......	86.15	84.86	84.97	— .49
Aug. 12......	85.59	84.27	85.46	+ .73
Aug. 11......	86.00	83.90	84.73	— .13
Aug. 9.......	85.83	83.99	84.86	+1.76

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Aug.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919.	89.46 Aug. 2	80.28 Aug. 18	80.88
1918..	74.20 Aug. 26	71.18 Aug. 1	73.41
1917..	82.07 Aug. 6	74.49 Aug. 31	75.17
1916..	89.72 Aug. 23	83.45 Aug. 3	87.89
1915..	78.79 Aug. 17	73.18 Aug. 23	77.54

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919.	93.56 July 17	69.73 Jan. 24	80.87
†1918.	74.22 May 16	61.12 Jan. 15	72.83
Full Years.			
1918..	80.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	73.89
1917..	90.46 Jan. 4	57.43 Dec. 20	65.88
1916..	101.52 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915..	94.13 Oct. 22	58.90 Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues.......	75.19	— .11	—1.35	—1.37

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Aug. 15...	75.30	—.27	Aug. 7...	76.10	—.03
Aug. 14...	75.57	—.11	Aug. 6...	76.13	—.12
Aug. 13...	75.68	—.10	Aug. 5...	76.25	—.31
Aug. 12...	75.78	—.11	Aug. 4...	76.56	—.19
Aug. 11...	75.89	—.02	Aug. 2.	Exch. closed	
Aug. 9...	75.91	..	Aug. 1...	76.75	—.20
Aug. 8...	75.91	—.19	July 31...	76.95	—.03

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919.	79.05 June 2	75.19 Aug. 18	75.19
†1918.	77.87 May 24	75.77 Apr. 5	76.56
Full Years.			
1918..	82.36 Nov. 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.78
1917..	89.48 Jan. 30	74.24 Dec. 20	74.54
1916..	89.18 Nov. 27	88.19 Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

POST ATTACKS FEDERAL CONTROL OF ROADS

Submits Plan for Corporate Ownership, Limited Consolidation, and Federalization.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Government ownership of railways was attacked today before the House Interstate Commerce Committee by George A. Post, Chairman of the Railroad Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. Mr. Post presented a plan which the Chamber has approved by referendum, and which includes these principles:

Corporate ownership and operation, with comprehensive regulation.

Return of roads to corporate operation as soon as remedial legislation can be enacted.

Consolidation of lines in a limited number of strong competing systems.

Railroad companies to become federalized, the States to retain taxing and police powers over the properties.

Federal regulation of capital expenditures and security issues.

Federal regulation of intrastate rates affecting interstate commerce.

Statutory rule of ratemaking by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Creation of a Federal Transportation Board.

The program presented to the committee two weeks ago by the National Transportation Conference, held under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, is, up to a certain point, identical with the plan which Mr. Post presented today, he said. The conference program goes further, however, and includes certain recommendations which, although entirely in harmony with the principles embodied in the Chamber plan, have not yet been submitted to a referendum vote.

"Due to the unfavorable impression made upon the public mind by the operation of the railroads under Federal control for the period of sixteen months," he said, "there was manifest throughout the country a strong, even overwhelming, sentiment against continuance of Federal control and operation.

"American business is deeply concerned respecting the future of our railroads. It has high hopes of the wise outcome of your deliberations. Groups of business men differ in the details of financial plans, all of which must undergo your careful scrutiny. But in one thing they will be found in firm agreement: Government ownership must not prevail."

Mr. Post declared that under Government ownership the development of railroad facilities would depend upon Congressional appropriations, and that would prevent the anticipation of transportation needs. He pointed out that appropriations were not to be made in the amount and at the time necessary to insure adequate development, and that political considerations not only could control the amount of appropriations and the objects for which they were made, but also weigh heavily for the selection of men for official positions.

To acquire the railroads, he said, the Government would have to pledge its credit for eighteen to twenty billions of dollars, at a time when other large financiering must be done. It would be difficult for the Government to dispose of the securities required to purchase the railroads, and it would be necessary for the Government to obtain from five hundred million to one billion dollars of new capital every year.

Business men of the country are convinced, Mr. Post said, that Government operation cannot be as efficient as corporate management. Competition, the incentive to efficient progress in private enterprises, he declared, is absent from the Government administration of affairs.

The concensus of opinion of the National Chamber, Mr. Post said, is that unless the Government adopted the policy of fixing low rates and fares with the intention that any resulting deficit from operations should be placed as an increased burden of taxes upon the general public, rates and fares would be higher under Government than under private operation.

The political effect of Government ownership and operation might be serious, Mr. Post pointed out. There are now about 500,000 civil employes of the Government. The addition to the public service of 2,000,000 railroad employes, the majority of whom are voters, would constitute a force of approximately 2,500,000 Government employes interested in controlling the policy of the Government with reference to wages, hours, and conditions of service. Such a body of employes might easily exercise a controlling influence upon State and National politics, he asserted.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-French 5s..........	97⅛	97⅝
Argentine 5s	84	85
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921........	98⅛	98⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926........	..	94⅞
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931.........	..	93⅛
Chinese Government 5s..........	65⅞	66¼
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944....	93¼	96
Republic of Cuba ext 5s, 1949....	91⅞	93⅛
Republic of Cuba ext 4½s, 1949.	80	82⅞
Dominican Republic 5s..........	98⅜	..
City of Bordeaux 6s..........	99	99½
City of Lyons 6s..........	99	99½
City of Marseilles 6s..........	99	99½
City of Paris 6s..........	95½	96
Japanese 4½s	85	85⅞
Japanese 4½s, second series.....	..	87⅜
Japanese 4s	..	75
City of Tokio 5s..........	..	78
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919.	99⅞	100
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921.	98	98¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937.	95¼	95⅛
United States of Mexico 5s..........	..	61⅛
United States of Mexico 4s........	52¼	56

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930.	99½	100	Pan 2s, c, 1938	98⅝	..
2s, c, 1930.	99½	100	Pan 3s, r, 1961	88	92
3s, r, 1946.	89	92	Pan 3s, c, 1961	88	92
3s, c, 1946.	89	92	P I 4s, '34.	90	96
4s, r, 1925.	106¼	106⅞	P I 4s, '35.	90	94½
4s, c, 1925.	106¼	106⅞	P I 4s, '36.	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98⅞	99½	Dist of C 3-65s	97	100
Pan 2s, c, 1936	98⅝	..			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98⅝	99½			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alb & Sus.	..	185
Allis-Ch M pf.	90	92
Am Ag Ch pf.	98⅞	99½
Am Gk N..	43½	47
Do pf....	48	50
Am B S pf	91	94
Am Br Sh.	93	97
Do pf....	170	200
Am C & F pf.	115	116
Am Coal...	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf.	91	93
Am Exp...	90	95
Am Lin pf	92	94
Am Lo pf..	106	107
Am Shipb..	..	135
Am Sm pf. A	90	93
Am S & R pf.	102	104
Am Sn pf.	93	100
Am Sug R pf.	116	118
Am S Tob pf.	92¼	93
Am T & C.	58	62
Am Tob pf.	100	100¼
Am W pf..	105⅛	107⅛
Am Z pf...	56	57
Ann Arbor.	4	6
Do pf....	10	30
Asso D G 1st pf....	75½	80
Do 2d pf.	75	80
Assoc Oil...	89¼	92
A, T & S F pf.....	80	82
A, B & A.	9	12
A, G & W I pf.	73	75
Bald L pf.	104	106
B & O pf..	52	53
Batop Min.	1¼	1⅜
B'ch Cr'k..	80¼	..
Beth Steel.	78	81
Do 7% pf.	100	109
Booth Fish pf.	80	83
Buff & S..	71	75
Brook Ed..	101	103
Bruns Ter..	11	13
B, R & P.	57¼	60
Do pf....	93	100
Burns Bros pf.	99¼	118¼
Bush Ter..	85	100
Cal P pf..	117	119
Can So....	43½	48
Case (J I) pf.	100	101
Cent L pf.	109	112
C R R of N J..	205	225
C & S A Tel	115	120
C'tain-teed	41	43
Chic & Alt.	7	11
Do pf....	12⅜	15½
C & E Ill ctfs.	8	10
Do pf....	9	14
Chi Gt W..	8	9
C & N W.	92	93
Do pf....	120	126
Chi, St P, M & Om.	65	75
Do pf....	100	110
C, C, C & St L.	40	46
Do pf....	67	71
Cleve & P..	..	80
Clu-P pf...	100	107⅞
C & S 1st pf.	53	56
Do 2d pf.	46	53
Cons Coal..	..	88
Con C pf...	..	105
Cont Ins...	72	75
Crex Carp..	..	56
C-Am Sug pf.	102½	105
D & Co pf.	99	104
D, L & W.	185	190
Det Ed....	117	121
Det & M..	..	85
Det U Ry.	95	123
D, S S & A pf.	4	8
Em Bran..	29	32
Do pf....	92	97
Elec S B..	75	80
Erie & P...	..	70
Fisher Bdy pf.	100	104
Gen Chem..	..	180
Do pf....	103	107½
Gen Cig pf.	99	103
Do d pf, ex div..	90	100⅞
Gen M pf..	90	90½
G'drich pf.	102	103¼
Gulf S Stl 1st pf....	94	98
Homestake..	..	80¼
Int H pf...	114	..
Int N pf...	91⅝	96¼
Int P pf..	95	105
Int Salt...	..	54
Iowa Cent.	6	8
K C, Ft S & M pf.	..	65
Kayser (J)	120	129
Kelly S T pf.	95	98¼
Kelsey Wh.	63	73
Do pf....	95	96
K & D M.	4½	8
Do pf....	15	50
Kresge(SS)	150	170
Do pf....	105	..
Kress(SH)	82	86
Do pf....	108	..
L E & W pf.	18	22
L & M pf..	111	118
L-W B 1st pf.	100	103
Do 2d pf.	107	114
Lorill'd Co pf.	112	114
Louis & N..	104	105½
M'kay Cos.	72	74
Do pf....	64	65¼
Man B'ch..	½	2½
Marlin R...	63	70
Man Elev..	75	80
Math Alk..	31	33
M Dep Sts.	97½	100
Mex P pf..	107	115
Mich Cent..	..	109
M, St P & S S M...	85	86
Do pf....	..	109
Do l l....	58	64
M P 1st pf, ex div...	94¼	..
Mon P pf..	106	..
Mor & Es..	70¼	..
N, C & St L	113	117
Nat B pf..	115	128
Nat C & S pf.	106½	108
Nat En pf.	100	103
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	16	24
N O, T & Mex	34	36
N Y, C & St L.....	28	30
Do 1st pf	60	70
Do 2d pf.	47	49
N Y D pf	65	70
N Y, L&W	91⅜	..
Norf So...	15	16
N & W pf.	69	70
Owens B pf	101½	105
Pac Coast..	40	50
Do 1st pf	70	100
Do 2d pf.	48	60
Pac Mail..	37½	38½
P T & Tel pf.	87	93
Pere M pr pf.	60	61⅜
Do pf....	40	47
Pett-Mull..	45	53
Do 1st pf	95	102
P, C, C & St L.	53	60
Pitts C pf.	93	96½
P, Ft W & C pf.	129½	139
Pr Stl Car pf.	103	108
P S, N J.	80	90
R R Sec, I C stk cfs.	..	75
Ry Stl Spr pf.	100	108
R T 1st pf.	96	101
Do 2d pf.	95½	96½
Rdg 1st pf.	34⅞	36
Do 2d pf.	37	39
Rens & S..	115½	118
R D-Am..	87	97
St L S F pf.	25	27⅞
St L S W.	15	16
Sears-R pf.	115	125
S-S S & I pf.	87	93
So P R S.	157	205
Do pf....	115½	120
St'd Mill...	125	135
Do pf....	87	93
Sup Stl 1st pf.	105	..
T P L Tr.	365	465
Tidew Oil..	235	245
T, St L & West	6	12
Do ctfs..	9	13
Do pf....	16	25
Do pf c..	20	26
T C R T..	40	49
Do pf....	84	125
Und Type..	..	179
Do pf....	108¼	114½
Un Pac pf.	70	71
Un Cig Sts pf.	119	121
U D 1st pf.	51	51½
U Rys Inv.	10¼	10½
Do pf....	22½	23
U S Ind A pf.	103	105¼
U S Sm pf.	46	49
Va-Car Ch pf.	112	114
Va R & P.	..	48
Wab pf, B.	20	21
W F Exp..	55	60
W Md 2d pf.	20	26
W Pac pf.	53	59
W E & M 1st pf....	55	75
W & L E.	9	12
Do pf....	17½	21½
Wilson pf..	86½	100
Wis Cent...	30	40
W'w'th pf.	116	..
Wor Pump pf. A....	92½	96
Do pf. B.	75½	77

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Airplane ..	..	1½	La Rose...	25	35
Am Oil....	5	5½	Majestic ...	28	31
Bost & Mon	77	79	Mex Metals	5	7
Bohemia ..	1½	2	Moj Tungs	12	16
Butte & L	17	22	New Bal..	3¼	3⅝
Champion.	2	3	Nat L & Z	9	11
Calaveras..	1½	..	Nixon	24	26
Chief Con.	3½	3⅞	Nev Doug.	26	30
Cons Cop..	6½	6⅞	Onondaga..	25	60
Crystal, n.	58	62	Rang Pete.	1⅞	2
Crown Res	20	30	Ranier	1¼	1½
Denbigh ..	28	30	S W Miami	5	7
Eagle B B	2⅛	2⅜	Seven Met.	38	39
Homa	23	24	Texana	70	74
Fortuna ..	2	5	Un Ver Ex	41	43
Houghton.	1¼	1⅛	Victoria ..	..	1⅛
Iron Blos.	25	40	Yukon	1⅜	2½
Iron Cap..	13⅞	13⅞			

111 Subsidiaries in 22 States

working together under a successful centralized management of broad experience produced net earnings of $31,428,222 in 1918. This is one of the reasons why Cities Service Company

6% Cumulative Preferred Stock

forms the basis of a sound investment with possibilities of market appreciation.

Monthly Dividends
Monthly Earning Statements

Write for circular T-7

Henry L. Doherty & Company
Bond Department
60 Wall Street, New York

Present-Day Taxation

together with problems arising from the cost of living have made it advisable for investors to put at least part of their funds in preferred stocks because they yield more than any other class of sound investments and because of their tax-exempt features. Many strong corporations have issued preferred stocks yielding more than bonds. By this method of financing they can keep their own taxes down and at the same time maintain a stronger financial position.

Write for our recommendations of preferred stocks yielding in excess of 7%. Ask for Booklet No. 476.

BODELL & CO.
Investment Securities
120 BROADWAY
Providence Boston

The Desdemona Oil Pool

The Desdemona Pool, located at the junction of Eastland, Comanche and Erath Counties, North Central Texas, is the latest addition to the Ranger Oil Field. The Duke, or Discovery, Well came in on September 2, 1918, producing 300 barrels. The Knowles Well made 1,000 barrels on the top of the sand, and later, when drilled in, made 4,500 barrels daily. The Humble came in recently with 12,000 barrels, and on last report was producing 9,000 barrels. About 48 wells are now drilling.

This field is fairly well controlled by the larger companies, and pipe line facilities seem to be well able to take care of the production.

J. R. Bridgeford & Co.
111 Broadway New York

The Intrinsic Worth of Transcontinental Oil

The remarkable position of this company and its great possibilities fully discussed in an interesting booklet.

Sent free upon request
Ask for Booklet 50

R. C. MEGARGEL & Co.
27 Pine Street—New York

New York Stock Exchange Stocks
Carried on conservative margin.
Wade Templeton & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
42 Broadway New York

Stocks & Bonds
SARTORIUS & LOEWI
Members New York Stock Exchange
20 Broad St. New York
Phone Rector 2480
BRANCH OFFICE
640 Ocean Ave., West End, N. J.

COMMON STOCK BONUS

With the 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock of an established industrial corporation—we offer a bonus of 35% in the Common Stock. Larger earnings are indicated in the near future for the common.

Particulars in Circular C-10.

I. D. NOLL & COMPANY,
Investment Underwriters
170 Broadway New York

New Issue

$3,300,000
Barnsdall Oil Company
6% Serial Gold Notes

Maturing $100,000 on the first day of each month from September 1, 1919, to May 1, 1922, both inclusive

Interest payable quarterly January 1, April 1, July 1, October 1.
Fully registered in denomination of $10,000 only.
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee

Guaranteed unconditionally as to principal and interest by Barnsdall Corporation

We summarize from letter of Mr. E. B. Reeser, Vice-President of the Company, as follows:

Barnsdall Oil Company's interest in producing leases in Oklahoma represents about 24,000 acres and 825 wells with a daily average production of 4,000 barrels of high grade oil.

As the average age of the wells is about eight years the production may be considered settled.

The properties are now conservatively valued at a figure in excess of three times the maximum amount of Notes outstanding.

Net earnings of Barnsdall Oil Company for the last eight calendar years have averaged $1,500,000 annually after operating expenses, taxes and interest, but before depreciation. For 1916, 1917 and 1918 the balance available for interest, Federal taxes and depreciation averaged over $2,092,000.

Present quoted price on the stock of Barnsdall Corporation, the guarantor, indicates a value in excess of $18,000,000.

Prices to yield 6% to 6¾%
according to maturity

Descriptive Circular on request.

MONTGOMERY & CO.
14 Wall Street
Philadelphia New York Chicago

This information and these statistics are not guaranteed, but have been obtained from sources we believe to be accurate.

A *Comprehensive* Investment Service

Next in importance to the safety of your investment banker's offerings are his facilities for rendering a complete and efficient investment service.

Our organization, extending to the principal financial centers and connected by private wires, offers a comprehensive service of which the purchase and sale of investment bonds, though the main feature, is only a part.

Through an efficient statistical department and a corps of experts thoroughly conversant with bond values, we offer a prompt and dependable bond appraisal, valuation and quotation service.

Our staff is always available for investment counsel whether or not the purchase of our offerings is being considered. Those who do not have access to our offices are served thru a well organized Correspondence Department. All bond coupons may be collected through our offices. By giving us a Power of Attorney to sign Income Tax Ownership Certificates, bond holders can be relieved of this detail.

For the inexperienced investor we have prepared, and offer for free distribution, a number of educational booklets dealing with the advantages of bonds and answering in a non-technical manner the questions which our experience has shown are those most frequently asked by beginning bond buyers.

Our tax authorities will cheerfully assist those subject to the Federal Income Tax in solving questions regarding the interpretation and application of this and other Federal War Taxes.

Our "Partial Payment Plan" will be found of interest to those who wish to invest systematically as their funds accumulate. This permits the purchase of our bonds in partial payments, we allowing interest at the coupon rate of the bond being purchased on all payments until completed.

The extent of our investment services, which are at your disposal, are more fully described in Booklet NA-24, "Choosing Your Investment Banker," which will be sent upon request.

HALSEY, STUART & CO.
INCORPORATED—SUCCESSORS TO
N. W. HALSEY & CO., CHICAGO
49 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
TELEPHONE: HANOVER 4041
CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA BOSTON ST. LOUIS
DETROIT MILWAUKEE

Suitable Investments *for* Business Men

CIRCULARS on request.

SECURITIES, listed or unlisted, bought and sold in small or large amounts. Listed stocks carried on margin. Correspondence invited.

MacQuoid & Coady
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 9970

New Issue

$375,000

City of Johnstown, Pennsylvania
4½% Bonds due 1933 and 1938

Free from the Pennsylvania State Tax. Exempt from Federal Income Taxes. Acceptable as security for Postal Savings Deposits. Legal Investment in New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut and Pennsylvania. Offered subject to legality being approved by our attorneys.

Net Debt about 2.04% of Assessed Valuation

Price on Application

Kean, Taylor & Co.
New York *Pittsburgh*

W. W. Lanahan & Co.
Investment Securities
Members { New York Stock Exchange. Baltimore Stock Exchange.
Calvert Building, Baltimore
Telephone St. Paul 5775

RUSSIAN CURRENCY AND BONDS
Bought & Sold On Order.
Shuman & Seligmann
Members New York Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7270

Hendee Man'f'g Co.
Splitdorf Electrical Co.
FILOR, BULLARD & SMYTH
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
61 BROADWAY NEW YORK.
Telephone Bowling Green 9840.

I. M. TAYLOR & CO.
Incorporated
INVESTMENTS
7 Wall Street
Boston Cleveland
Philadelphia Pittsburgh

Central Petroleum Com. & Pfd.
United Lt. & Rys.
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow.
Standard Gas & Elec.
Amer. Lt. & Trac.
Western Power
Amer. Gas & Elec.
City Investing Co.
Stern Brothers Pfd.
Texas & Pacific Coal & Oil
New Mex. & Ariz. Land Co.
Hendee Mfg. Co.
New England Fuel Oil
Boston Mex.
Singer Manufacturing Co.
General Gas & Elec. Pfd.

Bought, Sold, Quoted

MacQuoid & Coady
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., New York. Tel. Rector 9970.

Motor Products
Du Pont Chemical Pfd.
Standard Gas & Electric
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power
Cities Serv. Bankers Shares
Atlantic Ref'g Pfd. & Rights
Columbia Graphophone
Fisk Rubber, Old Stocks
Colombian Emerald
Poole Engineering & Mach.
Gillette Safety Razor

Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
PHILADELPHIA
Land Title Bldg.
Tel. Spruce 381.
NEW YORK
42 Broad St.
Tel. Broad 7300.

B
GOODYEAR
TIRE & RUBBER

Gross Sales, 1909, $4,277,067
Gross Sales, 1918, 131,247,382

This company is probably the largest tire manufacturing organization in the world. Gross business this year will probably exceed $150,000,000. We are issuing a special letter regarding this company and its business, which we will forward on request.

Write Today for Letter T-6

Bolster & Company
40 Wall St. New York

THE
MARINE
TRUST COMPANY
BUFFALO, N.Y.

SEVENTIETH YEAR OF SERVICE

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
SEVENTEEN MILLION DOLLARS

RESOURCES
$100,000,000

Municipal Bonds
Exempt from Income Taxes
To Net
4½% to 5½%
Send for Our List

Bolger, Mosser & Willaman
Investment Bankers
29 S. La Salle St. Chicago

Aetna Fire Ins. Co.
Hartford Fire Ins. Co.
National Fire Ins. Co.
Phoenix Fire Ins. Co.

Address Dept. "G-8"

Adams, Merrill & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
36 Pearl St. Hartford, Conn.

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, N. Y.

We specialize in
Standard Gas & Elec. Co.
Common Stock

Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston

Bank of
Long-Island
STOCK

CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

STOCKS FEEL FORCE OF TRACTION STRIKE

Market Operations Hampered by Inability of Clerks and Customers to Get Downtown.

PROFESSIONALS OUT EARLY

Opening Drive Sends Steel and Petroleum Shares Down—Some Bargain Buying.

One of the results of the subway and elevated strike was a break in prices on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday soon after the opening. This was generally attributed to the comparatively small attendance of customers in the brokerage offices, and to the fact that thousands of employes in the same offices were delayed by the traffic congestion and were not on hand to carry on the clerical end of the business.

Brokers reported that there were few buying orders on hand before the opening, and after business had started for the day this condition continued for some time until belated customers began to arrive. In the interim the professionals, who had foreseen the conditions and had made it a point to be on hand early, seized their opportunity and succeeded in hammering down many issues. Among these was United States Steel which opened off ⅝ of a point and sold down almost immediately to 101¼. Pan-American Petroleum and Mexican Petroleum also lost ground right after the opening and the professional selling and out-of-town orders to sell, which had been received over the week-end holidays, proved sufficient to force values from 2 to more than 10 points lower.

As the financial district began to recover its poise when employes from uptown found their way into short-handed offices, there were indications of a firmer market and there was some quiet buying of investment issues which were considered to be selling at bargain prices.

Because of the demoralization of a large part of the financial machinery early yesterday many downtown banks and trust companies hired motor trucks to transport their employes to their homes, as did many brokerage houses.

One surprising feature of yesterday's stock market was the action of local traction issues. Interborough Consolidated common stock sold off fractionally, but the preferred closed with a net gain of ¾ of a point, while Interborough Rapid Transit Refunding 5 per cent. bonds lost a fraction. This was generally attributed to the fact that the stock market had previously readjusted itself to meet Interborough conditions. In the same peculiar manner Brooklyn Rapid Transit, which might be expected to gain revenue through the strike, lost slightly.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security. Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov...5	May 15,'20	98¾	99½	6.40
Dom. of Can.5	Apr., 1921	98½	98⅞	5.75
Dom. of Can..5	Dec., 1925	93	94⅝	5.65
Norway Gov..6	Feb., 1923	99	100	5.90
Russ.G.rubles.5½	Feb.14,'26	85	89	..
Russian Gov..5½	Dec., 1921	43	46	..
Swiss Gov...5	Mar., 1920	99	100	5.00
War F. Corp.5	Apr., 1920	99⅞	100	5.00
Company Issues.				
Am. Cot. Oil..6	Sep. 2,'24	98½	99¼	6.15
Am. Thread..6	Dec., 1928	100	101	5.85
A. T. & T....6	Feb., 1924	99⅛	99½	6.10
Am. Tob. Co..7	Nov., 1919	100⅛	100⅜	4.40
Am. Tob. Co..7	Nov., 1920	101⅛	101⅝	5.40
Am. Tob. Co.7	Nov., 1921	102⅛	102⅝	5.75
Am. Tob. Co..7	Nov., 1922	102¾	103¼	5.90
Am. Tob. Co..7	Nov., 1923	103⅛	103¾	5.95
Beth. S. Corp.7	July 15,'22	101¾	102¼	6.15
Beth. S. Corp.7	July 15,'23	101¾	102⅛	6.30
Braz. Tr. Lt. & Power....	Nov., 1919	99⅝	100	6.00
Can. Pac. Ry.6	Mar. 2,'21	99¾	100⅛	5.85
C. Argen. Ry.6	Feb., 1927	88	90	7.35
Chi., B. & Q.5	July19,'21	94¾	95⅛	..
Chi. Pn. Tool.6	Oct., 1920	99⅛	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.6	Oct., 1921	99⅛	100	6.00
C., R. I. & P..6	Feb., 1922	98½	99	6.50
Cub.-Am. Sug.6	Jan., 1920	99¾	100¼	5.40
Cub.-Am. Sug.6	Jan., 1921	99⅞	100⅜	5.75
Cudahy P. Co.7	July 15,'23	101	101½	6.50
Del. & Hud..5	Aug., 1920	99⅛	99⅜	5.40
Fed. Sug. R..5	Jan., 1920	99	99¾	5.50
I. R. T........7	Sep., 1921	84½	85½	..
Laclede G.Co.7	Jan., 1929	99¼	99¾	7.05
N. Y. Cent...5	Sep., 1919	99¾	100	5.00
Phila. Co......6	Feb., 1922	96¼	97	..
Penn. Co......4½	June15,'21	97½	98	5.55
Proc. & Gam.6	Mar., 1920	100½	101	4.80
Proc. & Gam.7	Mar., 1921	101½	102	5.50
Proc. & Gam.7	Mar., 1922	102	102½	5.95
Proc. & Gam.7	Mar., 1923	102¾	103½	5.90
Pub. S. Corp.7	Mar., 1922	95½	96½	8.60
Roch. R. & L.7	Sep., 1921	98½	100½	6.45
Southern Ry..	Mar., 1922	96	98	..
Stude. Corp...7	Jan., 1921	100	101½	5.80
Swift & Co...6	Aug. 15,'21	100	101½	5.80
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.....6	May, 1920	98	99½	8.10
U. L. & R.sec.7	Apr., 1923	97	99	7.70
W. E. & M..6	Feb. 19,'20	100	100¼	5.50
Utah S. Corp.6	Sep. 15,'22	89	91	8.15

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	$1.80	$1.76½	$1.78	$1.82	$1.61⅞
Dec.	1.43¼	1.38⅞	1.40¾	1.44	1.63⅝
May	1.37¼	1.33¾	1.35¾	1.38⅝	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year
Sept.	73	71	72⅛	73¾	70⅞
Dec.	71⅝	73⅝	75	75⅞	..
May	78¼	76	77¾	78⅛	..

RYE.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.
September	$1.53¾	$1.53¼	$1.55
October	1.57½	1.55½	1.57
December	1.63	1.58½	1.60¼

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
Lard—					
September	29.25	28.00	28.30	29.40	26.72
October	29.00	27.67	27.95	29.05	26.82
January	26.70	25.00	25.00	26.90	....
Ribs—					
September	24.70	23.20	24.75	24.90	24.75
Pork—					
September	44.00	40.40	41.25	44.65	48.00
October	39.00	38.50	38.50	....	....

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Prev. Close.
January	21.30	20.85	20.85	....
October	23.50	23.35	23.39	23.95
November	21.65	21.41	21.41	22.35
December	21.25	20.85	20.85	21.80

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	21.00	20.40	20.40	19.85
May	20.70	20.35	20.36	19.75
July	20.40	20.40	20.30	19.65
September	22.00	20.90	20.99	20.43
October	20.75	20.75	20.83	19.93
December	21.00	20.40	20.49	19.93

BUTTER AND EGGS MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,220 packages. With short supplies of fancy fresh creamery on hand and an active demand, prices on leading grades advanced fully 1 cent. Medium and low grades show little change from Saturday. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 56@56½c; extras, 92 score, 55½; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 52½@55c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 50@52c; lower grades, 48½@49½c; unsalted, higher than extras, 59@59½; extras, 58@58½; firsts, 55@57c; seconds, 52@54c; State dairy tubs, finest, 54½@55c; good to prime 50½@54c; common to fair, 46@50c; renovated, firsts, 50@51c; lower grades, 46@49c; ladles, current make, No. 1, 46½@47c; No. 2, 46c; 48@49c; seconds, 46½@47c; lower grades, 45@46c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 46½@47c; No. 2, 46c; lower grades, 43@45½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 9,083 cases. Arrivals are light, present and prospective, and the demand shows some improvement. There is also a little improvement in quality of some of the eggs arriving. For good useful and high grade stock the market shows a little more firmness, but on the more seriously defective goods there is still pressure to sell and the full range of values shows little change. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 54@55c; extra firsts, 51@53c; firsts, 47@50c; seconds, 42@46c; under grades, 30@41c; dirties, No. 1, 39@40c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@38c; checks, good to choice, dry, 34@36c; under grades, 25@33c; refrigerator, firsts, buyer assuming charges, 46@47c; seconds, 44@45c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 65@68c; fair to prime, 50@64c; gathered whites, common to prime, 50@65c; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 66@67c; freight, 53@63c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 45@64c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery browns, fancy, 58@62c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded fancy, 53@56c; fair to prime, 45@52c.

美國友華銀行

Above is the "chop" (trade-mark) registered in China by the Asia Banking Corporation

Draft of China's Revised Tariff

WE HAVE just embodied in booklet form the complete draft of China's Revised Tariff. In addition to a tabulated classification of rates on all merchandise subject to tax, the booklet contains the rules governing the administration of the tariff.

The new tariff became effective August 1st, and we are officially advised by Consul General E. S. Cunningham, at Hankow, China, that the State Department does not intend of its own accord to raise any objection to its enforcement.

American exporters and manufacturers interested in trade with China will find this booklet of much value. It will be sent, without charge, on request.

Do not hesitate to call on us—personally or by mail—about your particular problems relative to trade with China.

Asia Banking Corporation
35 BROADWAY NEW YORK
CAPITAL $2,000,000 - SURPLUS $500,000

Branches in the Far East:
SHANGHAI HANKOW PEKING
TIENTSIN HONGKONG

Branches to be opened soon in
CANTON CHANGSHA MANILA
VLADIVOSTOK HARBIN

NEW BOOKLET

THE
PROVINCE *of* QUEBEC
AND ITS
MUNICIPALITIES

A synopsis of what the Province of Quebec has done to promote sound Municipal Finance.

A copy gladly supplied on request

A. E. AMES & CO,
Investment Securities
74 Broadway - - - - New York
Union Bank Building - - Toronto
Transportation Building - Montreal
310 Belmont House - Victoria, B. C.
1022 Harris Trust Bldg. - Chicago
Established 1889

International Investment Opportunities

We have issued a reprint of an interesting article on the Investment Opportunities in Foreign Government Bonds and high grade American Securities of Corporations doing extensive and profitable foreign business.

Circular "T-20" sent upon request.

J. M. Byrne & Co.,
Members New York Stock Exchange
Bond Department
60 BROADWAY NEW YORK CITY
Telephone Rector 7000

BENFORD AUTO PRODUCTS, INC.

Prospectus sent on request

S. S. CAMPBELL & CO.
Members New York Curb Market Association
20 Broad Street New York, N. Y.
Telephone Rector 668-669-3349-1683

Babcock & Wilcox
Safety Car Heating & Lighting
Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
National Bank of Commerce

McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway 'Phone 7662 Rector

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS
Maturing 1921-1932
List of Offerings on Application
FREEMAN & COMPANY
CAR TRUST SECURITIES
34 PINE STREET, NEW YORK

$2,500,000

Rainey-Wood Coke Company

First Mortgage 6 Per Cent Serial Gold Bonds

Guaranteed jointly and severally as to both principal and interest by Alan Wood Iron & Steel Company and by the Trustees under the Will of W. J. Rainey, both individually and as Trustees

Dated July 1, 1919; due $250,000 annually July 1, 1920 to 1929, inclusive. Redeemable at the option of the Company in whole or in part on any interest date on sixty days' notice, but not less than all of any one maturity to be called at one time, and if less than the entire issue is called, bonds of the latest maturity are to be called first. Redemption price: If called within the first year before maturity, 100½ and accrued interest; for each additional year to elapse before maturity an additional premium of ¼ of 1 per cent is to be paid. Interest payable semi-annually, January 1 and July 1. Principal and interest payable in United States Gold Coin in Chicago or in New York, at holder's option. Coupon bonds in denominations of $1,000, except that bonds maturing July 1, 1925, may also be had in denominations of $500 and $100. Bonds registerable as to principal. First Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, Trustee.

The Company assumes the Pennsylvania State Tax and any Federal Income Tax deductible at the source up to 2 per cent

For information regarding these bonds we refer to letters of Mr. Ledyard Heckscher, President of the Rainey-Wood Coke Company, and of Mr. Howard Wood, Jr., Secretary and Ass't. Treasurer of the Alan Wood Iron & Steel Company, and of Mr. R. A. Rainey, Managing Trustee of the Estate of W. J. Rainey, copy of which may be had upon request and from which we summarize as follows:

The Rainey-Wood Coke Company owns a modern and efficient by-product coke plant situated about 16 miles from Philadelphia. This plant will be in complete operation about September 15th. The Alan Wood Iron & Steel Company and the Estate of W. J. Rainey, which own and manage this Company, have guaranteed jointly and severally the payment of principal and interest of these bonds.

Net tangible assets of the Company as of July 1, 1919, available for the payment of these bonds, which will be the only outstanding obligation of the Company, after giving effect to the present financing, were over $7,200,000, or approximately 3 times the amount of this bond issue.

Net tangible assets, free and unencumbered, of the Alan Wood Iron & Steel Company were $18,130,239, or over 7 times the amount of this bond issue. Net tangible assets, free and unencumbered, of the Estate of W. J. Rainey were $14,877,222, or approximately 6 times the amount of this bond issue.

The total net tangible assets of the Rainey-Wood Coke Company and the guarantors available for the payment of principal and interest of these bonds were more than $40,000,000, or more than 16 times the amount of this issue.

Net earnings of the Company, based on contracts now made, are estimated at approximately 5 times maximum annual interest requirements on these bonds.

Average annual net earnings of the Alan Wood Iron & Steel Company for the past five years were $2,535,964, or more than 16 times the maximum annual interest requirements on these bonds. For the same period the average net earnings of the Estate of W. J. Rainey were in excess of $1,400,000, or more than 9 times the maximum annual interest requirements on these bonds.

We offer these bonds subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued and delivered to us and subject to approval of counsel.

Price 100 and Interest

We Recommend These Bonds for Investment. Circulars Furnished on Request.

A. G. Becker & Co.
CHICAGO ST. LOUIS NEW YORK
SAN FRANCISCO

Ames, Emerich & Co.
CHICAGO MILWAUKEE

First Trust and Savings Bank
CHICAGO

Exempt from Federal Income Tax

$760,000
City of Toledo
Ohio
5% Park and Street Bonds

$220,000 Street Improvement Bonds, Due $22,000 March 1st, 1920-29 Inc.

$290,000 Street Extension Bonds, Due March 1st, 1949. Opt. March 1st, 1924.

$250,000 Park Bonds, Due April 1st, 1949. Opt. April 1st, 1924.

Coupon or Registered Bonds in $1,000 denomination. Principal and semi-annual interest payable at the United States Mortgage and Trust Co., New York City.

Legal for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio and the New England States. Eligible to secure Postal Savings Bank Deposits at 90% of their par value.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation		$323,033,950
Total Bonded Debt		13,025,598
Water Debt	$1,065,000	
Sinking Fund	3,852,350	
	$4,917,350	
Net Debt (less than 2½%)		8,108,298
Population (1910)	168,497	
Official Estimate	300,000	

Legality to be approved by Peck, Schafer & Williams, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Prices to yield 4.50%

Hornblower & Weeks
42 Broadway
New York

Sidney Spitzer & Co.
115 Broadway
New York

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING THAT

MR. JOHN V. BOUVIER, 3rd,
MR. RUDOLPH ZENKER and
MR. EDMUND W. FITZGERALD,

HAVE BEEN ADMITTED AS GENERAL PARTNERS IN OUR FIRM.

H. HENTZ & CO.,
New York, August 1, 1919. *22 William Street.*

To Holders

First Consolidated Mortgage 30-Year Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the

Ft. Wayne and Wabash Valley Traction Company:

The undersigned Committee, acting under a Bondholders' Protective Agreement, in accordance with which $6,063,000 of the $6,966,000 outstanding Ft. Wayne and Wabash Valley Traction Company Bonds have been deposited, announces the preparation of a Plan and Agreement of Reorganization for the Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana Traction Company system, dated August 18, 1919. A copy of the Plan has been mailed to each depositor under the Protective Agreement, and additional copies may be had from the Secretary of the Committee.

Under the Plan, holders of Ft. Wayne and Wabash Valley Traction Company Bonds who have not yet deposited their bonds with the Depositary may do so within thirty days from and after August 18, 1919.

P. M. CHANDLER, Chairman
E. W. CLARK
JOHN M. IRWIN
A. A. JACKSON
JOHN H. MASON
C. S. W. PACKARD
R. LANCASTER WILLIAMS
Committee

HENRY C. BOYER
JOSEPH S. CLARK
Counsel

J. K. TRIMBLE, Secretary
Franklin Bank Building
Philadelphia

DEPOSITARY
COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA
DEPOSITARY'S AGENT
Fidelity Title & Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Pa.

OVERLAND TIRE COMPANY

Circular furnished on request

Judson G. Wall & Sons
Established 1880
10 Wall St., New York
Phone Rector 77

S. S. Ruskay & Co.
Established 1877
20 Broad St., New York
Phone Rector 2471

COTTON GOES DOWN AS STOCKS WEAKEN

Market Is Influenced by the Sharp Decline in Foreign Exchange.

LIVERPOOL PRICES ALSO OFF

South Sold Heavily of October and December Contracts — Short Covering Brings Rally.

Cotton prices went lower in yesterday's trading, the net decline for the day amounting to from 56 to 62 points for the more active positions. At one time the recessions amounted to in the neighborhood of 90 points. This sharp dip as compared with Saturday's closing came at a time when Stock Exchange prices were weakest and the cotton break seemed to be of a sympathetic nature.

Later in the afternoon prices rallied well under the influence of covering by the shorts who had put out rather extensive lines in the earlier trading.

A factor of influence in the situation was undoubtedly the weakness in the foreign exchange market. Sterling, francs and lire declined, sterling touching a new low. While exports from New Orleans and Wilmington totaled 25,341 bales, rather heavier than was expected for Sunday and Monday, it is realized that exchange, moving too heavily in favor of this country, as has been the case recently, will find reflection in the exports of cotton, as the situation is too great a handicap for the spinners abroad. This weakness in exchange probably accounted for a considerable amount of selling yesterday.

The Liverpool market closed off from 54 to 58 points for the day. That market was due to have had an advance of from 2 to 5 points at the opening to have been in accord with the closing here on Saturday.

There was heavy selling by the South of October and December contracts, much of this being of the hedge type against holdings of spot cotton. At the low prices October sold at 29.75, December at 29.89, January at 29.86, November at 29.96 and May at 29.90. The rallies from the low brought prices up from 28 to 30 points.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Oct.	30.10	30.30	29.75	30.05@30.08	30.65
Dec.	30.35	30.43	29.89	30.18@30.25	30.80
Jan.	30.03	30.30	29.86	30.14@30.18	30.70
March	30.05	30.32	29.96	30.18@30.22	30.76
May	30.25	30.30	29.90	30.19@30.32	30.81

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 30.55c for middling upland, 60 points decline. Sales 1,100 bales. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 30.50c; New Orleans, 30.38c; Savannah, 31.25c; Augusta, 29.87c; Memphis, 32.50c; Houston, 30.25c; Little Rock, 31c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	6,412	16,137	9,135
Exports	25,341	19,861	11,300
Exports, season	279,624	209,509	158,312
N. Y. stocks	89,309	83,759	87,728
Port stocks	1,034,629	1,066,271	826,628
N. Y. arrivals	950	4,483	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 18.29d for middling. Sales, 4,000 bales, American 3,000; imports, 37,000, America 17,000. Futures opened irregular, 22 to 30 points decline. Closed easy, 54 to 58 points decline. August, 18.23d; September, 18.40d; October, 18.56d; November, 18.61d; December, 18.64d. Manchester: Yarns, dull and irregular; cloths, small inquiry.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Cloudy Tues.; showers and thunderstorms in s. Wed., probably fair.

S. Car., Ga., Fla., extreme N. W. Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Showers and thunderstorms Tues. and probably Wed.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Ohio and Lower Mich.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; warmer Wed.

Ind.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; warmer.

Upper Mich.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; warmer.

Utah Securities Earnings Rise.

The report of the Utah Securities Corporation for 1918 shows gross earnings amounting to $6,993,227, compared with $6,586,592 in the preceding year, and net earnings of $3,750,185, compared with $3,498,366 in 1917. This was with intercompany charges eliminated, the totals including all properties now controlled by the corporation.

A Tax on Oil.

The great inroads that fuel oil is making in industrial sections of the country is apparently the only foundation which exists for a proposal to place a tax of $1 a barrel on Mexican importations. The coal men are worried by the situation, for coal is being displaced at an alarming rate. It may be that the coal men have suggested the tax to bring the price for oil into closer accord with coal prices.

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 18.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with last week's statement:

	Aug. 16, '19.	W'k's Ch'ges, Decrease.
Circulation	$4,737,000	$16,000
Loans, discounts, and investments	541,999,000	22,303,000
Individual deposits, including U. S.	455,909,000	*106,000
Due to banks	112,777,000	*586,000
Time deposits	11,688,000	3,000
Exchange clearances	19,217,000	1,129,000
Due from banks	85,366,000	*8,455,000
Cash in banks and in F. R. Bank	68,550,000	*3,007,000
Cash excess and with F. R. Bank	21,790,000	8,694,000

*Increase.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.
Lead	5.80	....	5.72½	....
Spelter	7.90	....	7.80	....
Antimony	....	9.00	....	9.00
Quicksilver	....	$109.00	....	$109.00
Aluminium	*32.00	33.00	*32.00	33.00
Iron, No. 2X, silicon	30.30	30.80	30.30	30.80

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 23¼c, 30 days; on Metal Exchange, 22½c for spot.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	101	15	0	92	5	0
Copper, futures	102	15	0	99	5	0
Tin, spot	271	0	0	271	10	0
Tin, futures	265	10	0	266	10	0
Spelter, spot	40	10	0	39	0	0
Spelter, future	41	10	0	40	10	0
Lead, spot	25	0	0	25	0	0
Lead, future	25	12	6	25	1	26

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Montgomery & Co. are offering for subscription $3,300,000 6 per cent. serial gold notes of the Barnsdall Oil Company at prices to yield from 6 to 6.8 per cent., according to the maturities of the notes, which have been arranged serially from Sept. 1, 1919, to May 1, 1922, $100,000 on the first day of each month intervening, and including those [illegible] dates.

The Factory Products Corporation has declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent. on the preferred stock, payable Sept. 15 to stockholders of record Aug. 15.

A syndicate headed by White, Weld & Co. offered preferred and common stocks of the Phillips-Jones Corporation yesterday, the price for the preferred being 96.50 and the common 42.50. It was later announced that the offering had been oversubscribed. Application will be made to list the stock on the New York Stock Exchange.

John V. Bouvier, 3d; Rudolph Zenker, and Edmund W. Fitzgerald have been admitted as general partners with H. Hentz & Co.

A. G. Becker & Co.; Ames, Emerich & Co., and the First Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago are offering at 100 and interest an issue of $2,500,000 first mortgage 6 per cent. serial gold bonds of the Rainey-Wood Coke Company.

J. D. RYAN DENIES CHARGES.

Resents Allegation That Anaconda Made Undue War Profits.

John D. Ryan, Chairman of the Board of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, replied yesterday to charges made by Representative Graham, Chairman of the Special House Committee which is investigating War Department expenditures. Mr. Graham was quoted as saying that the Anaconda Company had made large profits out of its sales of metal to the Government, and that John D. Ryan, as Aircraft Administrator, ordered much copper for his department. It was asserted by Mr. Graham that the Government paid 23½ and later 26 cents for copper which cost the Anaconda Company 14.90 cents a pound, and the two Anaconda allied companies, Inspiration and Greene-Cananea 10.34 cents and 16.07 cents, respectively.

Mr. Ryan, discussing the charges yesterday, said that the price of copper was fixed by the Government at 23½ cents in September, 1917, to bring it down from a 30-cent level, and above, at which it was selling previous to our entering the war. The Government, he explained, desired the maximum output of copper and to insure this decided that a lower price could not be set. Anaconda, Inspiration, and Greene-Cananea, he said, were able, fortunately for them, to make good profits at a price level that other companies required to come out even. At the time the 23½-cent price was fixed Mr. Ryan said he was acting with other copper producers in their dealings with the War Industries Board and was not occupying any Governmental position. It was eight or nine months later that he took charge of aircraft production.

WANT DRYS TO FIGHT WETS.

Anti-Saloon Leaguers Say Ordinary Job Hunters Wouldn't Do.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The Anti-Saloon League will oppose the appointment of ordinary job hunters to posts of importance in the machine for enforcing dry laws in the country.

"The fellow merely looking for a job should not be the man to be in such a position," said Dr. E. C. Dinwiddie, Secretary of the league, today. "The average fellow hanging around a street corner certainly would not be suitable."

It has been intimated in Washington lately that some of the offices would be given to, or would be sought by, members of the league. On this point Dr. Dinwiddie said:

"Such a statement is entirely premature and unauthorized. The law is not even yet in effect. I would not say we would not reject the offices, but our officers have never sought the positions. I will say this, that theoretically the law would be better enforced in the hands of its friends than in the hands of its enemies."

Emphatic denial was again made by Dr. Dinwiddie that the league intended to participate in an anti-tobacco campaign.

CAN VOTE ON PROHIBITION.

Nebraska Court Holds Legislature's Ratification Isn't Binding.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 18.—The voters of Nebraska have the right to vote to reject or approve the action of the State Legislature in ratifying the Federal prohibition amendment, and until a vote is taken it cannot be said the Legislature has ratified the amendment, the District Court here held today.

The court so decided in granting a writ of mandamus directing the Secretary of State to accept and file petitions for a referendum on the legislature's ratification of the amendment. Application for the writ was made recently by John H. Hopkins, an Omaha attorney, after the Secretary of State had refused to accept and file the petitions on the ground that the legislature's ratification was not referable under the State's initiative and referendum law.

Nebraska's legislature ratified the amendment on January 16, last. It was the thirty-sixth State to ratify, and at that time furnished the requisite number of State indorsements to make the nation-wide constitutional prohibition effective.

EMPLOYES RECEIVE BONUS.

Franklin Simon & Co. Distributing 5 Per Cent. of Salaries.

Announcement was made yesterday that all employes of Franklin Simon & Co., Fifth Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street, are receiving a bonus of 5 per cent. of their salary for the last six months. This year's profit-sharing bonus, it was said, amounts to $125,000, payable semi-annually on the payroll of the organization, which is $2,500,000.

The plan put into operation was devised after a careful study of many profit-sharing schemes. It covers all employes. It is not intended to interfere with increases of salary, and it applies to all employes who entered war service. The present award covers those employed by the firm from Feb. 1 to Aug. 1, 1919.

Favors Palmer's Confirmation.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The Senate Judiciary Committee today ordered favorably reported to the Senate the nomination of A. Mitchell Palmer as Attorney General.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Colorado Co. pf.	1¾	Q	Sep. 15	Aug. 31
J. I. Case Co.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 15
Nebraska Pow. pf.	1¾	Q	Sep. 1	Aug. 20
Phila. Electric	1¾	Q	Sep. 15	Aug. 30
S. W. Penn P. L.	3	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 15

WANTED

Bibb Mfg. Co.
Bijou Irrigation District 6s
Brandon Mills Co.
Butte Water Co. 5s
Canadian Puget Sound Lumber 6s
Champion Lumber Co. 6s
E. Chicago & Indiana Harbor Water 5s
Emmett Irrigation District 6s
Guanajuato Reduction & Mines Co. 6s
Knoxville Water Co. 4½s
Lowell & Fitchburg St. Ry. 5s
Michigan Power Co. 5s
Montana, Wyoming & Southern 5s
Peoria Waterworks Co. 4s & 5s
Pacolet Mfg. Co.
Savannah River Lumber Co. pfd.
Union Lumber Co. pfd.

CHAS. A. DAY & CO.,
Sears Building, Boston, Mass.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Midwest Refining
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

Send $1.00
and this advertisement for
the next 8 issues of
"THE STREET"
The Illustrated Financial Weekly
49 Wall Street, New York
In tomorrow's issue:
"OUR CRITICAL POSITION"
By Francis H. Sisson

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Sixty-one new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $4,728,500, were chartered today. They include:

Motor Hall, Inc., Buffalo, garage and repair shop, $25,000; T. R. Wheeler, C. M. Baldy, H. F. Cunningham, Buffalo.

Dextro Products, Inc., Buffalo, make starch and adhesive products, 500 shares pfd. stock, $100 each; 1,500 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $57,500; A. D. Fuldheim, E. H. and R. W. Warner, Buffalo.

896 Amsterdam Av. Realty and Const. Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; S. Lerner, A. Sokalski, J. Dorf, 35 7th St.

Mesler Realty Corpn., Manhattan, $20,000; W. Van Wick, H. W. Brush, A. M. Clonney, 114 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

Heitler-Tischler Blouse Co., Inc., Manhattan, $25,000; C. Heitler, M. Tischler, J. Spivack, 525 West 138th St.

Frank Motor Products Corpn., Manhattan, 11,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $55,000; H. S. and L. S. Frank, L. B. Miller, 566 West 162d St.

Charming Phonograph Co., Inc., Bronx, $10,000; W. S. Orton, E. C. and L. E. Mechling, 477 Willis Av.

New Departure Coaster Brake Corp., Buffalo, $200,000; F. A. Gaynor, B. Lockwood, E. H. Kelly, 43 Cedar St.

Stackpole-Northrup Garage, Inc., Syracuse, $10,000; J. G. Bradley, H. F. Barton, G. T. Stackpole, Syracuse.

Farmers' Drug and Products Co., Inc., Brooklyn, $20,000; I. Bercovitz, G. Smagler, C. Timmin, 204 Ross St., Brooklyn.

The Brooklyn Tanning Co., Inc., Brooklyn, $10,000; M. and S. and I. M. Barnet, 1,543 54th St., Brooklyn.

S. and S. Razor Corp., Manhattan, $21,000; A. E. Shepard, H. and D. Schaefer, 35 West 125th St.

The Demand Wet Wash Laundry Co., Manhattan, $7,000; A. Shor, I. and H. Weiss, 89 Jewell St., Brooklyn.

Bradford Fabrics Co., Inc., Manhattan, $50,000; A. J. Burgun, T. A. Knally, A. Kannable, 272 East 199th St.

Honigstock-Simon, Inc., Manhattan, make paper boxes, $15,000; S. Honigstuck, H. F. Simon, H. Frank, 87 Nassau St.

Profit Sharing Jewelry Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Fass, S. Weinstock, M. Lenkowsky, 78 Rivington St.

Finery Hosiery Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; R. M. Gluck, A. Caldwell, M. Silverstein, 1,242 Intervale Av., Bronx.

Adolph Hirsch & Co., Inc., Manhattan, hides, skins and rubber, $2,000,000; A. Hirsch, E. Katz, E. N. Bloomberg, 5 Beekman St.

The Strauss-Morley Corp., Rochester, make furniture, $10,000; E. V. Strauss, E. J. Morley, G. W. Brown, Rochester.

Kinaesthetic Arts, Inc., Manhattan, moving pictures and theatricals, $5,000; G. Kraft, G. Vichl, L. G. Gatter, 35 St. Nicholas Terrace.

Harris-Telfer, Inc., Manhattan, printing, bookbinding, and stationery, $10,000; J. G. Harris, T. Sproull, A. W. Fox, 1 Madison Av.

Ritter Textile Co., Inc., Amsterdam, $50,000; G. R. Pensel, C. W. Peck, R. W. Ritter, Amsterdam.

Spitzberg Ready-to-Wear Co., Inc., Manhattan, general merchandise, $10,000; J. Spitzberg, M. Stark, S. Kapp, 1,482 Broadway.

Domino Candy Co., Inc., Manhattan, $15,000; E. M. Lake, A. S. Bernstein, 619 West 143d St.

Rubber Finance Corp., Manhattan, promoters, contractors, and merchants, $20,000; S. Katz, J. M. Sternburg, M. E. Levin, 1,150 President St., Brooklyn.

Tutelman-Leopold Shirt Co., Inc., Manhattan, $50,000; H. I. Lurie, H. Tutelman, E. L. Leopold, 20 White St.

Master Waterproofers, Inc., Manhattan, construction operations, 50 shares common stock no par value, active capital $100,000; M. S. Goldberg, E. D. and H. A. Hyman, 55 East 93d St.

Bloss Vein Coal Co., Geneva, Ontario County, mining, $235,000; G. M. B. Hawley, E. H. Palmer, H. L. Coleman, Geneva.

Normandy Theatre, Brooklyn, $125,000; M. and H. O. Ostreicher, S. Rhonheimer, 226 St. James Place, Brooklyn.

Sunset Feed and Grain Co., Buffalo, $10,000; M. F., A. M. and O. C. Cohn, Buffalo.

Swamp Trucking Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. and M. Fuchs, A. Somerman, 86 Columbia St.

Owasco Securities Corp., Manhattan, stocks, bonds and general construction, $5,000; R. M. Barber, J. A. Behan, P. A. Chase, 1,032 Amsterdam Av.

Buchner Silk Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $25,000; S. J. Tischler, M. Glantz, S. Buchner, 920 Tiffany St., Bronx.

Victory House and Window Cleaning Co., Manhattan, $8,000; D. Dross, M. Miller, R. Schachter, 224 East 18th St.

M. R. Shafter Co., Manhattan, make auto accessories, $20,000; M. R., V. F. and B. J. Shafter, 3,750 Broadway.

Caldwell Paper Co., Manhattan, $20,000; J. and F. Weider, B. Meyers, 469 5th Av.

Eighty-first Street Theatre Corpn., Manhattan, $250,000; J. A. Hopkins, H. A. Gugler, A. L. Robertson, 1,564 Broadway.

A. G. Rose and J. Elven, Inc., Manhattan; make women's wearing apparel, $25,000; A. and F. Rose, S. J. Elven, 230 East 14th St.

Pablo Flouse-Fisch, Inc., Manhattan; general commission business, $100,000; R. Krause, A. Watson, E. R. Baar, 1,040 Park Place, Brooklyn.

The Yukon Fur Co., Inc., Manhattan; $10,000; P. Solomon, S. Gershman, H. S. Goldstein, 135 Rivington St.

Magn-Chordia Corpn., Manhattan; make pianos and organs, $100,000; A. Weinstein, R. Helder, B. Clark, Jr., 82 Nassau St.

Walter C. Johns Co., Inc., Manhattan; mill agents, $10,000; W. C. Johnson, H. Lind, B. First, 409 Edgecomb Av.

Highlands Navigation Corpn., Manhattan, $250,000; J. J. and D. F. McAllister, A. M. Clair, 103 Kent St., Brooklyn.

Nedelman-Schoenfeld Co., Inc., Manhattan; decorating and sign painting, $30,000; J. Nedelman, C. and J. Greenberg, 174 East 104th St.

Eclipse Paper Box Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; S. Koch, B. Argude, K. Argude, L. Silver, 31 Market St.

Commonwealth Oil Corpn., Buffalo, $500,000; J. L. Kennedy, O. B. Augsburger, J. R. Young, Buffalo.

Kingston Fairgrounds, Inc., Kingston, amusement park, $50,000; A. Cohen, M. H. Herzog, W. M. Davis, Kingston.

Bay Steam Laundry Co., Inc., Brooklyn, $10,000; L. Langfelder, B. and M. Newman, 328 Columbus Av.

Bon Ton Ice Cream and Charlotte Russe, Inc., Brooklyn, $5,000; M. Lipvinoff, H. Lippon, C. M. Beck, 19 Wilkin Av., Brooklyn.

Ensco Products Co., Inc., Whitestone, make toys and household articles, $10,000; S. Friedman, M. Brandt, S. I. Hartman, 528 West 111th St.

Kor-Lanz Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $30,000; W. B. Landes, H. and M. Korchin, 1,412 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Atlas Iron Works, Manhattan, $2,000 to $5,000.

Shepard-Hecht Corp., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Mechanical Tire Co., Inc., Mount Vernon, $10,000 to $100,000.

American Gyroscope Makers, Inc., Manhattan, $15,000 to $75,000.

Peter Samuels & Co., Inc., Manhattan, $25,000 to $40,000.

Triangle Fireproof Door and Sash Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $10,000.

The Albert Ochse Co., Manhattan, $250,000 to $325,000.

The North River Insurance Co., Manhattan, $600,000 to $1,000,000.

Gerset, a Corp., Manhattan, $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

Michael Bros., Manhattan, $250,000 to $500,000.

Progressive Mercerizing and Dyeing Corp., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Bird & Co., Inc., Manhattan, $50,000 to $75,000.

Gennrich Indirect Heat Oven Co., Inc., Manhattan, $75,000 to $150,000.

Geneva Limestone Co., Inc., Geneva, $12,000 to $250,000.

W. F. George Chemicals, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $15,000.

Seaboard Mills, Inc., Manhattan, $100,000 to $250,000.

Sons-Cunningham Reed and Rattan Co., Manhattan, preferred shares $100 each to 1,000 shares; common stock, no par value, to 5,000 shares; active capital to $125,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

State Commercial Corp., Manhattan, $30,000 to $600.

Teekay Food Products Co., Inc., Manhattan, $440,000 to $290,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

United States Register Co., Ltd., Michigan, to United States Register Co.

The Rector, Wardens and Vestrymen of Trinity Church, Sing Sing, in the Town of Ossining, to the Rector, Wardens and Vestrymen of Trinity Church of Ossining.

Disk-Phone Piano Method Inc., Manhattan, to Renaud-Piano Makers, Inc.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

Green Star Steamship Corp., Delaware, $10,000,000. Rep., R. McCormick, 120 Broadway.

Consolidated Cigar Corp., Delaware, $5,000,000. Rep., L. Cahn, 29 East End Av.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Broadway Wine and Liquor Co., Manhattan.

L. Ruberman Co., Manhattan.

The David Klein Co., Manhattan.

F. A. Dillingham, Manhattan.

The Ten Herbsco, Manhattan.

Grojeans, Manhattan.

Consolidated Cigar Co., Manhattan.

Brooklyn Crozite Book Corp., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Aug. 18.—Charters filed:

Wood Burn Oil Corp., acquire oil lands and develop same, $50,000,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

E. F. Coller & Son Co., do a general printing and publishing business, $10,000,000; A. W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, George V. Rilley, New York.

Detroit-Biltmore Hotel, maintain and operate hotels, department houses, &c., $500,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Wichita Petroleum Corp. of Texas, locate and develop oil properties of all kinds, $5,000,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

The Lang Body Co., manufacture, sell, and deal in automobile and airplane bodies, &c., $3,000,000; Joseph McDaniel, M. E. Scanlon, Wilmington.

Rock Gas Products Company, acquire oil lands and develop same, $3,000,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

The Northern Wheel Company, manufacture wheels and other parts of automobiles, &c., $1,000,000; Ezra Smith, Jasper W. Blakely, Edward T. Lamb, all of Alma, Mich.

Oklahoma National Oil and Refining Company, acquire oil and gas lands and develop same, $1,000,000; Edward P. Allen, Frank H. Clark, L. R. Hethington, all of Quincy, Ill.

American Heater Corporation, carry on general manufacturing of heaters, &c., $1,000,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

American Oil Royalties Corporation, do a general oil business, $1,000,000; M. E. Rogers, W. G. Steigler, L. A. Irwin, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

The Bowen Motor Railways Corporation, manufacture motors of all kinds, $1,000,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Louisville-Yellow Taxi Cab Company, own and operate all kinds of motor vehicles, &c., $250,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Steigler, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Southland Oil and Refining Co., obtain oil from earth, to refine and market same, $250,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Central Investment Co., deal in and with securities and investments of all kinds, $250,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Defiance Realty Corp., do a general real estate business, $100,000; M. L. Horley, S. L. Mackey, F. C. Coleman, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Kentucky-Tennessee Gas, Oil and Mineral Co., mine and mill for oil, &c., $100,000; M. L. Horley, S. L. Mackey, F. C. Coleman, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Great Western Pictures Corp., amusements, $100,000; Franklin L. Mettler, M. E. Mettler, L. F. Mettler, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Intercity Motor Express Lines, Inc., operate lines of motor vehicles, &c., $100,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

The Seamans Depositors Co., drill for and market oils, &c., $100,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Stereopticon Products, Inc., manufacture and sell photoplays, &c., $100,000; Garrett Stores, Walter L. Johnson, Earl H. Hopkins, all of New York.

Honus Wagner Sporting Goods Co., deal in and with athletic and sportsmen's goods of all kinds, $100,000; W. I. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Charles H. Jones, local Dover, Del., incorporators.

Alsen & Co., own and develop oil lands, $100,000; Fred Alsen, Thomas J. Leonard, H. J. Maloney, all of Chicago, Ill.

Maxton Mills, Inc., manufacture cotton and woolen goods, $50,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Joseph R. Smith Construction Co., buildings, bridges, &c., $25,000; Edwin M. Smith, Harry Hartz, John J. Clark, all of Philadelphia, Penn.

United Shoppers' Service Corp., do a general brokerage business, $25,000; George G. Steigler, H. E. Bedwell, F. L. Bushler, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Calumet Oil Co., El Paso, Texas, market for petroleum and its products, &c., $20,000; J. P. Mullin, R. N. Mullin, A. S. Peatros, all of El Paso, Texas.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Canton Cooler Co. to Canton Fan Heater Co., New York.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 18.—New charters:

Hudson Electrical Supply and Equipment Co., Hoboken, operate as electrical engineers, &c., $50,000; A. T. Pupke of Hoboken and W. E. Stanton and W. J. Coleman of Jersey City.

Bogota Publishing Co., Bogota, publish and print periodicals, &c., $5,000; William St. John Tozer of Bogota, A. C. Immeg and L. T. Vreeland of New York City.

Universal Garage and Machine Shops, Newark, deal in autos, &c., $25,000; Harry Sevel and Joseph Klein, New York, and Louis Pristate, East Orange.

First Offering

$3,500,000
Capital Stock of the
National Motor Bus Corporation
Par Value $10
Authorized Capital $25,000,000 (2,500,000 Shares)
$7,500,000 Outstanding, Including this Issue
Full Paid and Non-Assessable

All Common Stock
Transfer Agent
Registrar & Transfer Co.
120 Broadway, N. Y.

No Bonds
Registrar
Empire Trust Co.
120 Broadway, N. Y.

Property This Corporation owns the entire capital stock of Chicago Motor Bus Company, **successfully operating 50 double-deck buses** on the North Side of Chicago, which in 1918 covered 1,411,789 miles, carrying 4,571,374 passengers.

Additional Equipment From the proceeds of this issue, it is the intention of the management immediately to increase equipment to 130 buses, install a new service on the South Side and give Chicago a thoroughly modern and satisfactory Motor Bus System.

Arrangements are also under way to establish Motor Bus Systems in St. Louis and Newark, connecting the business sections with the residential districts. Other cities have given assurances of hearty support to similar plans as soon as they can be perfected.

Earnings The Corporation will have in operation a minimum of 250 buses in the three cities mentioned as soon as deliveries can be obtained. The earnings per bus per annum are conservatively estimated at $9,300, which indicate net earnings from operation of approximately $2,325,000. **Exclusive license rights** have been acquired by the Corporation to a **new "stepless" Motor Bus** with enclosed stairway to the upper deck. This upper deck is covered, permitting the operation of the bus to its full capacity regardless of weather. This is swung so low that it will pass under trolley wires and low bridges with entire safety to passengers.

The exceptional future for a system of modern motor buses in leading cities cannot be over-emphasized. Motor bus organizations in London, Paris, Chicago and New York are enjoying remarkable prosperity. Buses are becoming increasingly popular and profitable as a means of passenger transportation.

We advise the purchase of this stock. Application will shortly be made to list it on the New York Curb and other markets. Subscriptions will be entered and orders executed as received, subject to allotment.

Subscription Price $7.50 a Share
Descriptive folder T1 will be sent on request

The Boughton Company
Incorporated
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
71 Broadway New York

The foregoing information has been compiled from statements and statistics which we believe to be correct but do not guarantee.

$5,000,000
St. Louis Coke & Chemical Co.
8% CUMULATIVE PREFERRED STOCK
Preferred Both as to Assets and Dividends
Retirable at the Option of the Company at 125 and Accrued Dividends
Quarterly Dividends, the First days of March, June, September and December
Par Value of Shares, $100

CAPITALIZATION

	Authorized	Issued	
Preferred Stock	100,000 Shares	50,000 Shares	$100 par value 8% cumulative after January, 1920, retirable at $125 per share.
Common Stock	200,000 Shares	200,000 Shares	Nominal par value $5.

The information regarding this issue of Preferred Stock and the business of the corporation is taken from a letter of Clement Studebaker, President of the St. Louis Coke & Chemical Company, from which we summarize as follows:

The proceeds are to be used in the erection of one 500-ton Blast Furnace and 80 Roberts By-Product Coke Ovens, at Granite City, Ill.

The Roberts By-Product Coke Ovens will produce metallurgical coke from nearby Illinois and Indiana coals. A portion of this coke will be used in the Company's blast furnace to manufacture iron; the balance will be sold on the open market.

The blast furnace will produce pig iron using ore from the Lake region and elsewhere.

The National Enameling and Stamping Company has contracted to take the major portion of the output of the plant for use in its Granite City Steel Works. There is also an existing general market for the products of this plant which should net the Company large profits.

The Company has a broad license for the construction and operation of By-Product Coke Ovens under the Roberts Patents, owned by the American Coke and Chemical Company.

This is the only Coke Oven which has successfully produced metallurgical coke on a commercial scale from the so-called non-coking coals of the Illinois and Indiana fields.

Ample provisions has been made in the charter of the Company for the protection of the Preferred stock.

The legality of the proceedings for the incorporation of the Company and the issue of the Preferred stock have been approved by the following attorneys: Defrees, Buckingham & Eaton of Chicago, Judge Peter S. Grosscup of New York and T. M. Pierce of St. Louis.

The validity and scope of the Coke Oven Patents owned by the American Company and of the license thereunder to the St. Louis Company have been passed on by the following patent lawyers: Rector, Hibben, Davis & Macauley and Banning & Banning of Chicago.

The above statements are not guaranteed, but are based upon information which we believe to be accurate and reliable.

DIRECTORS

Scott Brown .... Chicago
Managing Director, Studebaker Bros. Trust
George T. Buckingham .... Chicago
Defrees, Buckingham & Eaton, Attys.
L. E. Fisher .... St. Louis
Gen'l Manager, St. Louis Coke & Chemical Co.
George B. Hagerty .... New York
Treasurer, Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.
John Henry Hammond .... New York
Brown Brothers & Co.
Breckinridge Jones .... St. Louis
President, Mississippi Valley Trust Co.
George W. Niedringhaus .... St. Louis
President, Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.
Fred C. Orthwein .... St. Louis
Capitalist
F. B. Richards .... Cleveland
M. A. Hanna & Co.
Arthur Roberts .... Chicago
Inventor of Roberts' Coke Oven Process
Clement Studebaker .... Chicago
President, Studebaker Bros. Trust
George M. Studebaker .... Chicago
Vice-President, Studebaker Bros. Trust

OFFICERS

Clement Studebaker .... President
Arthur Roberts,
Chairman of Executive Committee
George W. Niedringhaus .... Vice-Pres.
George T. Buckingham,
Vice-President and General Council
Scott Brown .... Secretary and Treasurer
W. G. Maguire .... Assistant Secretary (in Charge of Sales)
L. E. Fisher .... General Manager
M. W. Ditto .... Consulting Engineer
C. S. Lomax,
Chief Engineer in Charge of Operations
A. C. Barclay .... Comptroller

STUDEBAKER BROS. TRUST
CHICAGO, ILL.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST CO.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

The above stock having all been placed, this advertisement appears as a matter of record only

Columbia
Graphophone
Old & New
Bought, Sold & Quoted
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

THE PEERLESS TRUCK & MOTOR CORP.
Twelve Thousand Peerless Cars
Were actively engaged in the World War. The Securities of this Company form the basis of an attractive, conservative investment.
Statement and Quotation Upon Request
Address Dept. "T."
ROLAND T. MEACHAM
Member Cleveland Stock Exchange
Guardian Building Cleveland, Ohio

Established 1893.
Clarence Hodson & Co.
26 Cortlandt Street
Investment Bonds
Specialize in Securities Yielding Above the Average
CIRCULARS SENT ON REQUEST.
Phone Cortlandt 2773-4.

N. J. Securities
Everett Heaney & Co.
Van Sant & Legg
Tel. 5056-7 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.
NO MARGIN ACCOUNTS.

Disaster On The High Seas

WHEN the good ship Kent with rich freight for India went down in flames but few survived to tell the tale. In 1782 marine insurance was still in its infancy, and merchants and ship-owners too often faced the overwhelming loss of cargo and craft.

Today, the public has learned the necessity of protection—the value of knowing that in case of disaster, insurance is available to offset the loss.

MARINE. FIRE AUTOMOBILE
INSURANCE
THE IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS INSURANCE COMPANY
of New York
17 South William Street
N.Y.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT AGENTS

Marine Department	Trans-Marine Underwriting Agency	17 So. William St.
Fire "	Central Fire Office, Inc.	80 Maiden Lane
Automobile "	A. Whelpley	68 William St.

R. J. Reynolds
Tob. Stocks
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Imperial Tobacco
of Great Britain and Ireland
Ordinary Shares and Rights
A. Hicks Lawrence
10 Wall Street, New York

Central Petroleum
PREFERRED
Special circular on request.
Douglas Fenwick & Co.
34 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. John 4220

Allied Packers 6s
Atlas Portland Cement
Bordens Condensed Milk
Babcock & Wilcox
Carib Syndicate
English Marconi
Fajardo Sugar
Imperial Tobacco
Mexican Eagle Oil
U. S. Rubber Rights

Ernest Smith
20 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 6157

Columbia Graphophone
(Old & New)
H. W. Johns-Manville
Todd Shipyards
Industrial Finance
General Baking
Hale & Kilburn
BOUGHT AND SOLD

DAWSON & CO.
40 Wall St. Tel. John 6444

Amer. Power & Lt.
Caddo Central 6s
Mexican Eagle
Yukon Alaska Trust
Nor. St. Power 5s, 1941
American Chicle
United Lt. & Ry. 5s, 1932
Puget Sd. T. L. & P. 7s
Austin Nichols

E. BUNGE & CO.
44 Broad St., N. Y. Phones Broad 6951-6.

J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell
Air Reduction
American Chicle Com.
American Cigar Com.
American Cyanamid Com. & Pfd.
American Hawaiian S. S.
American Vanadium
Atlas Portland Cement Com.
E. W. Bliss Com.
Del., Lack. & West. Coal
Kirby Lumber Com. & Pfd.
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
North River Ins.
Penn. Coal & Coke
Port Lobos Petroleum
Pyrene Mfg.
R. J. Reynolds Tob. Com. "B"
Texas Pac. Coal & Oil
Victor Talking Machine
Western Power Com.
White Rock Water Stocks

J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Int'l Motor Truck
Common
2d Preferred
1st Preferred
Fractions
Bought & Sold

Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad Street New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

FOR SALE
Amer. & Brit. Sec. Co. Com.
Standard Shipbuilding
American Caramel Com.
Du Pont Chemical Pfd.
Man. Bridge Three Cent Line

DIDRICHSEN BROS.
Tel. Han. 7885-6-7-8. 15 Broad St.

Internat'l Great North.
5s, 1914

Wolff & Stanley
Tel. 2860 or 6557 Broad. 27 William St.

Spicer Manufacturing
Safety Car Heating & Ltg.
Otis Elevator

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Rector 6340. 74 B'way, New York.
Private telephones to Boston and Philadelphia.

Oregon & California 5s, 1927
Chicago, St. Louis & N. O. 5s, 1951
Cuban Gov't 5s, 1944

COWEN & CO.
67 Exchange Place Tel. Rector 2364

Cities Service
Preferred
An investment issue yielding about 7½% at the present market
Circular on Request

Maguire & Burleigh
67 Wall Street New York
Phone Hanover 2214

Alabama Gt. So. "Ordinary"
A. T. T. Stk., Columbia Tr. Co. Rcpts.
City & Suburban Homes
Mountain States Tel. & Tel.
National Bank of Cuba
Tenn. Rwy., Lt. & Pr. Pfd.

T. L. MacDonald
52 B'way, N. Y. Tel. Broad 2357-8-9.

STANDARD OIL CO. EXPANDS.

Jersey Concern Files Certificate of Increase in Stock to $200,000,000.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 18.—The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey today filed with the Secretary of State a certificate of increase of the capital stock showing that the directors and stockholders had decided to increase the stock of the corporation from $110,000,000 to $200,000,000.

The new capitalization is divided into 2,000,00 shares, of which 1,000,000 is preferred and 1,000,000 common. Each share is valued at $100. The certificate was signed by Walter G. Teagle, President, and C. T. White, Secretary. The State received a fee of $18,000 for filing the certificate.

Sells $10,000,000 Worth of Tires.

The Kelly Springfield Tire Company announced yesterday that it had closed tire contracts with four automobile companies, the total amount involved annualy being estimated at between $10,000,000 and $15,000,000. The contracts are with the Packard Motor Car Company for passenger cars and trucks, the Federal Truck Company for pneumatic tires exclusively, and the Winton Motor Car Company and the White Motor Car Company for passenger car tires.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	2¼	3	Isabella	3½	4
Dr. J'pot	3	5	M. McKin'y	7	8½
Elkton	3¾	4	Portland	92½	98
El Paso	14	16	Un. Gold M.	17	17½
Golden C.	154	157	Vindicator	39½	41
Granite	10	12	R. Nicol	10	14

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 18.—The Mining Exchange was closed today because of labor troubles in the New Divide and Comstock districts. Owing to conflicting reports brokers decided to close to protect their accounts. The exchange may open Thursday.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.
4½s June, 1967	101⅞	102⅜	101¾
4½s June, 1965	101⅞	102¼	101¾
4½s Mar., 1963	101⅞	102¼	101¾
4½s Nov., 1957	101¾	102¼	101¾
4½s Mar., 1957	101¾	102¼	101¾
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	97⅝	98	97¾
4¼s Mar., 1964	97⅝	98	97¾
4¼s Mar., 1962	97⅝	97⅞	97⅝
4¼s Mar., 1966	97⅝	97⅞	97⅝
4¼s Sept., 1960	97⅝	97⅞	97⅝
4s May, 1959	92⅞	93¼	92⅞
4s Nov., 1958	92⅞	93½	92⅞
4s Nov., 1957	92⅞	93½	92⅞
4s Nov., 1955	92¾	93¼	92¾
4s Nov., 1936	94¼	95⅛	94¼
3½s Nov., 1955	83	84	83
3½s Nov., 1954	83	84	83
3½s May, 1954	83	84	83

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.
4½s 1924-1932	4.50	4.35	4.50
4¼s 1919-1923	4.55	4.35	4.55
4¼s 1924-1931	4.50	4.37	4.50
4¼s 1920-1923	4.55	4.37	4.55
3½s 1949-1953	4.50	4.37	4.50
3½s 1920-1939	4.50	4.37	4.50
3½s 1922-1929	4.50	4.37	4.50
3½s 1919-1921	4.70	4.50	4.70
3s 1940-1953	4.55	4.40	4.55
3s 1919-1925	4.60	4.45	4.60
3s 1926-1930	4.55	4.40	4.55

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
905	Cities Service	439	433	434	437
1,982	Cities Service pf	76½	76¼	76¼	76¾
$5,000	Cities Service deb. B 7s	154	153	152	154
....	Cities Service deb. C 7s	..	..	105	107

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	12	16	Miss River Power	12½	15
Adiron Elec Power pf	75	79	Miss River Power pf	53½	58
Am Gas & Electric	126	130	Northern Ohio Electric	24½	23
Am Gas & Electric pf	41	42	Northern Ohio Elec pf	69	72
Am Light & Traction	228	231	Northern Ont L & P	11	14
Am Light & Tr pf	95	97	Northern Ont L & P pf	57½	61
Am Power & Light	60	65	Northern States Power	65	70
Am Power & Light pf	69	72	Northern States P pf	89	91
Am Public Utilities	10	13	Northern Texas Elec	56	58
Am Public Util pf	30	35	Northern Texas Elec pf	76	80
Am W W & Electric	5½	6½	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	88	90
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	58	61	Puget Sd T, Lt & P	13	16
Am W W & Elec par pf	10	14	Puget Sd T, Lt & P pf	58	62
Carolina Power & Lt	38	42	Ry & Light Secur pf	80	85
Colorado Power	20	25	Republic Ry & Light	15	16
Colorado Power pf	100	102	Republic Ry & Lt pf	50	54
Columbus Elec pf	73	78	Southern Cal Edison	88	89
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	25	26½	Southern Cal Edison pf	101	105
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	57	60	Standard Gas & Elec	30	32
Conn Power pf	78	83	Standard Gas & Elec pf	45	46
Consumers' Power pf	85	87	Tampa Electric	112	115½
Eastern Texas Electric	56	59½	Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	5	6
Eastern Texas pf	80	83	Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf	15	19
El Paso Electric	..	95	United Light & Rys	45	48
Electric B & S pf	92	95	United Light & Rys pf	72	75
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	Western Power	24½	26
Federal Light & Trac	10	12	Western Power pf	76	79
Federal Light & Tr pf	46	51	West. Church & Kerr	57	62
Galveston-Houston Elec	13	15	West. Church & K pf	80	86
Galveston-Hous El pf	62	65			

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am W W & E col 5s	63	66	Nor Ont Lt & Pow 6s	82	85½
Appalach Power 1st 5s	72	74	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	95	96½
Arizona Power 6s, '33	82	86	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	84	87
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	93	95	Pac Gas & Elec 6s, '31	88	95
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	80	85	Puget Sd Tr, L & P 7s	99	99⅝
Col Power 5s, '53	87	89	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	88	91
Com Pow Neb 6s, '44	..	85	S W Power 5s, '43	81	85
Conn Power 5s, '63	85	90	Stand Gas & El 7s, '21	97	99
Dallas Elec 5s, '22	99⅞	..	Twin S G & E 5s, '53	71	76
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	98½	100	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	85½	87
El Paso Elec col 5s	86	92	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86½	90
Gt West Power 5s, '46	84	86	Un Util conv 6s, '43	80	87
Met Edison ref 5s, '22	91	94½	U S Pub Serv 6s, '27	83	88
Midwest Util 6s, '25	90	95½	Utah Securities	88	92
Miss River Pow 1st 5s	79	81			

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Con Power	107½	107½	107½	3,000	Celestine	4.20	3.95	3.95
200	Cosden	10⅛	10	10	23	Fidel & Dep.	120	120	120
50	Dav Chem.	32	32	32	25	Indahoma	7½	7½	7½
115	Mt V Mills.	50	48½	48½	25	W. B & A.	25	25	25
20	Do pf	96	96	96	200	Wayland	4½	4½	4½

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.			High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	C B 4s, 1951.	94	94	94	$3,000	Cos 6s, B.	100¾	100¾	100¾
1,000	Con P 6% nts	98	98	98	5,000	Md Elec 5s.	89	89	89
1,000	Do 7% nts.	101½	101½	101½					

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
70	Am Zinc	21¼	20⅞	21¼	115	Mass Consol	7½	7½	7½
100	Adventure	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	2,160	Mayflower	10¼	9¾	10
25	Ahmeek	80	80	80	20	Mohawk	72½	72½	72½
113	Allouez	45	43	43	25	N Arcadian	4½	4½	4½
225	Anaconda	66	64⅞	64⅞	114	N Cornelia	25	24½	24½
50	Ariz Com	15¼	15¼	15¼	140	New Idria	11¼	11	11¼
455	Big Heart	11½	11	11	505	North Butte	16	15¼	15⅝
50	Bingham	9	9	9	75	Nipissing	10¼	9¾	10
25	Butte Sup	25	25	25	100	Ojibway	3	3	3
210	Calu & Ariz	74½	73	73	70	Old Domin	44½	42½	42½
2,575	Carson	22¼	21	21	50	Osceola	58¾	58¾	58¾
65	Centennial	16½	16¼	16¼	45	Pond Creek	18¼	18	18¼
595	Cop Range	54	51¼	51¼	145	Seneca	21⅝	21¼	21⅝
755	Davis Daly	10	9⅛	9½	205	Shannon	3½	3¼	3¼
1,318	East Butte	19⅛	18	18	2,300	South Utah	40c	35c	35c
40	Franklin	5¾	5¼	5¼	300	Sup & Bos	4	3⅞	3⅞
175	Hancock	7	7	7	195	Trinity	3¼	3	3
170	Helvetia	5½	5¼	5¼	1,377	Tuolumne	2	2	2
100	Indiana	1½	1½	1½	20	U S Smelt	63¾	63¾	63¾
100	Inspiration	57½	57¼	57¼	30	Do pf	48½	48⅛	48⅛
209	Isle Royale	34½	33½	33½	25	Utah Apex	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
50	Kerr Lake	5	5	5	425	Utah Consol	10¼	9¾	10
140	Keweenaw	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	510	Utah Metal	4⅜	4¼	4½
120	Lake Copper	6	6	6	680	Victoria	3⅝	3½	3⅝
50	La Salle	4½	4½	4½	65	Wolverine	24¾	24	24¾

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Boston Elev.	66	66	66	195	NY, NH & H	31	30	30
141	Boston & Me	32¾	30	30	100	West End	41½	41½	41½
10	Fitchburg pf	52	52	52	75	Do pf	50	50	50
25	Mass Elec pf	11½	11	11					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Am Agr Ch.	101¾	100	100	20	Mass Gas	71	71	71
5	Do pf	99½	99½	99½	1	Do pf	63	63	63
59	Amoskeag	130	130	130	60	Mex Inv	57	54½	54½
2	Am Bosch	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	25	N Scotia St	72	72	72
524	Am T & T	101	100¼	100¼	15	Pacific Mills	170	170	170
59	Am Wool pf	106	105½	106	110	Punta Sugar	64	63	64
80	Cuban P C	14½	14¼	14½	2	Pullman	120	120	120
260	Eastern S S	16	15¼	15½	1,640	Root	40	39¼	39¼
415	Do pf	60	60	60	325	Stewart	48½	48¼	48¼
75	Fairbanks	76	76	76	655	Swift	138⅜	137	138⅜
150	Gorton	32	32	32	155	Swift Int	59	58	58
72	Gen Electric	163⅜	162½	163⅜	110	Torrington	65	64¾	65
94	Gray	43¼	39¼	40	185	Un Fruit	180	178	178
10	Int Port C	5½	5½	5½	456	Un Shoe	51	50	50½
80	Do pf	25	25	25	8	Do pf	27¼	27¼	27¼
10	Int Products	46	46	46	755	Ventura Oil	15¼	14⅝	14⅝
85	Island Oil	6¾	6½	6½	960	Waldorf	19½	19	19
8	N E T & T	91	91	91	50	Walworth	22	22	22
176	Libby	27	26¼	26½					

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.			High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	AG & W I 5s	80	80	80	$5,000	Swift 5s	93	93	93
1,000	Mass G 4½s	84	84	84	2,000	U Fruit 4½s	100	100	100
2,000	Pun Sug 6s	105	105	105					

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
415	Armour pf	101¼	100½	100½	75	Mitchell	45	44	45
245	Booth Fish	19½	19	19	9,025	Nat Lea w i	25	20	21
80	Cudahy	108¼	108	108	35	Reo Motors	31	29⅝	29⅝
120	Com Edison	107¼	107	107¼	185	Sears, Roeb	204	200	200
26	Con Co pf	88½	88¼	88½	760	Stew Warn	105½	104	104
2,095	Cont Motors	11¼	11	11¼	50	Stewart Mfg	49	49	49
100	Hol-St L Sug	17	17	17	1,572	Swift Inter	58½	56¼	57
50	Hupp	12¾	12¾	12¾	6,836	Swift & Co	139	137	138
35	Hartman	88	88	88	25	Thompson	86¾	86¾	86¾
1,685	Libby	26½	25¼	25¾	5,170	Un Carbide	80⅝	78½	78½
815	Lindsay Lt	13½	12½	12½	45	Wilson	87	85	85
35	M Ward pf	106	105	105					

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Com Edison 1st 5s	90¾	90¾	90¾
1,000	Swift 1st 5s	93	93	93

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am Stores	33¼	33¼	33¼	18	Phila Trac	68½	68½	68½
100	Buf & Sus pf	50¼	50¼	50¼	800	Phila Elec	25½	25½	25¼
110	Brill	53	53	53	100	Ton Belmont	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
10	Camb Iron	40	40	40	100	Ton Mining	3	3	3
690	El Stor Bat	86	83½	83½	25	Union Trac	38¼	38¼	38¼
100	Gen Asphalt	75	75	75	160	Un Gas Imp	68⅞	68	68
1,790	L Sup Corp	23	22¼	22¼	700	WCramp & S	189	189	189
100	Phila R T	25	25	25					
1,275	Do t c	25½	25	25					

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.			High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	El & P Tr 4s	68½	68½	68½	$9,000	Ph El 1st 5s	94¾	94¾	94¾
5,000	L Sup inc 5s	71	69½	69½	1,000	Wel col tr 5s	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
120	Am Sewer P.	20	20	20	165	Nat Firepfg	9⅝	9¼	9¼
110	Am W G M	114	114	114	120	Do pf	17	16½	16¾
20	Do pf	91½	91	91	175	OhioFuelSup	51½	51¼	51¼
85	Ark Gas	72	71⅞	71⅞	559	Okla Gas	33½	33	33
110	Barnsdall	38	38	38	1,000	Okla P & R	10	10	10
200	Carbo-H pf	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	220	Pitts Coal	66	64½	64½
100	Colum G & E	58¾	58¼	58¼	1,050	Pitts Oil & G	14½	14	14
10	Harb-W pf	102½	102½	102½	35	RepubIron&S	84	84	84
125	Ind Brew	4⅛	4	4	2,600	San Toy	9c	9c	9c
50	Lone Star G	185	185	185	100	U S Steel	101½	99½	99½
1,546	Marland Ref	7	6⅞	7	50	W'house AB	110	110	110
100	Midvale Steel	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	352	W'house Elec	52¼	51¼	51¼

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.
Am Brass	220	227	220	Hercules	210	220	210
Atlas Powder	140	145	140	Do pf	107½	110	107½
Do pf	90	92	90	Ingersoll-Rand Co	173	183	173
Babcock & Wilcox	123	126	123	Do pf	102	105	102
Bliss	330	370	330	Merrimac Chem	93	95	95
Do pf	65	75	65	Niles-Bem't-Pond	120	125	120
Columbia Grapho	435	450	475	Do pf	95	100	95
Do pf	94	95	94	Scovill Mfg	405	420	405
Du Pont	315	320	315	Stand Screw Co	350	365	350
Do pf	92	94	92	Tex & P C & O	1700	1850	1700
Draper Corp	128	130	128	Valvoline Oil pf	105	110	105
Fed Rub 1st pf	99	101	99	Yale & Towne	255	265	255
Fisk Rub 1st pf	99	101	99				

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday Bid.
Am Cigar	120	126	120	MacA & Forbes pf	90	100	90
Do pf	90	94	90	P R-Am Tob	155	165	155
Conley Foil	205	215	205	R J Reynolds	500	600	450
Geo W Helme Co	165	175	165	Do B	400	500	450
Do pf	104	109	104	Do pf	112	114	111
J S Young	125	135	125	Weyman-Bruton	172	178	172
Do pf	98	105	98	Do pf	105	110	105
MacA & Forbes	155	163	155				

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

On what was believed to be a fair prospect for settlement of the Interborough strike at a late afternoon conference, there ensued an improved tone during the final hour on the Consolidated Exchange, on which numerous issues rallied from 1 to 2 points. Before the end of the first three hours average losses of from 2 to 6 points were netted in the active shares. On liberal offerings of the steels, Crucible moved down 5⅞, United States Steel common 3, Bethlehem Steel B 4¾, and Midvale 2⅜. The equipment issues were also freely supplied, Baldwin Locomotive receding 6⅝, American Car and Foundry 7, and American Locomotive 4⅞.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
110	Ajax Rub	98½	98¼	98¼	700	Interb Corp.	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞
430	Alaska Gold	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	540	Do pf	17⅜	16⅛	16⅝
540	Allis Chalm.	38⅞	35¾	36¾	100	Jewel Tea	24¼	24¼	24¼
440	Am B Sugar	84⅝	84½	84½	200	Kelly-S Tire	125½	125½	125½
1,840	Am Can	50⅝	47½	47½	960	Kenne Cop	35⅞	35	35
760	Am C & F	125¼	119¾	122⅝	1,160	Key Tire	82½	79⅝	80⅝
250	Am Cot Oil	54⅝	53⅝	53⅝	750	Lack Steel	78⅛	77⅞	77⅞
750	Am H & L	31½	29⅞	30	590	Lehigh Val	49⅞	47⅝	47⅝
540	Am Ice Sec	47½	46½	46½	460	Max Motor	46⅛	45	45
820	Am Linseed	73⅜	72¼	73	3,280	Mex Petrol	173⅛	166⅛	169
3,040	Am Inter C	94¼	91	91⅜	780	Miami Cop	27	26½	26½
980	Am Loco	85⅛	81⅛	83⅛	1,710	Midvale Steel	49⅝	47⅞	49
450	Am M & G	57⅞	57½	57½	710	Mo, K & T	13⅛	12	12¼
1,560	Am S & R	75	72⅞	73⅞	1,210	Mo Pacific	26¼	25⅝	25⅞
120	Am Sugar	125	124½	124½	520	Nat Acme	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛
1,650	Am Sumatra	82⅞	80⅝	82⅛	810	Nat Conduit	17⅞	17⅛	17⅛
790	Am T & T	104⅝	99¾	100⅝	870	N Y Docks	58⅛	55⅛	55⅛
410	Am Woolen	109⅞	107½	109½	720	N Y Central	72⅛	70⅞	70⅞
750	Am Zinc	21⅛	20¼	20¼	1,810	NY, NH & H	31⅛	30⅞	30⅞
1,510	Anaconda	66	64⅝	65⅛	1,650	Okla Prod	10	9⅞	9⅞
440	Atchison	89½	88⅝	88⅝	1,850	Ohio C Gas	51⅛	49	50⅛
410	A G & W I	141⅛	141⅛	141⅛	2,030	P A P & T	109⅛	104⅛	104½
9,860	Baldwin Lo	105⅝	100⅜	102	1,510	Pennsylvania	45⅛	43⅛	43⅛
420	Balt & Ohio	40¼	40	40	110	People's Gas	43⅛	42⅜	43⅛
5,160	Beth Steel B	83⅞	79⅞	81⅛	1,520	Pierce-Arrow	51⅛	49¼	49¼
750	Bklyn R T	24⅛	22⅞	23⅛	760	Pitts Coal	67⅛	63⅛	63½
850	Booth Fish	19	18⅞	18⅞	510	P & W Va	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
550	Butte & Sup	25⅛	24½	24⅛	540	Ray Con Cop	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛
960	Butte C & Z	12	11⅝	12	1,890	Reading	77⅛	75⅞	76⅛
550	Cal Packing	67¼	67¼	67¼	520	Rep I & S	85	83½	83⅞
870	Cal Pet	45⅛	40	42	700	Saxon Motor	25⅝	24	24½
3,300	C Leather	92⅞	89⅝	90⅞	1,770	Sinclair Oil	55⅝	51⅝	52½
420	Ches & Ohio	55⅝	55	55	1,550	So Pacific	95	93⅛	93⅞
1,740	C, M & St P	40⅝	39¼	39⅞	420	So Railway	24⅛	23⅛	24⅛
850	Do pf	61⅝	61⅛	61⅛	510	St L & S F	17⅛	17⅛	17½
790	Chile Copper	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	5,170	Studebaker	102¼	95¾	97¼
420	Chino Cop	42½	42	42½	550	Stutz Motor	105¼	103½	104¼
340	Columbia G	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛	1,540	Tenn Copper	13¼	13¼	18⅛
450	Col F & I	42⅝	40⅛	41⅛	510	Trans Oil	45⅝	[illegible]	45⅝
3,540	Corn Prod	76½	72¾	74⅛	1,560	Texas & Pac	44	[illegible]	89⅛
2,180	Crucible St	136⅛	132⅛	134	830	Third Av	17⅝	17⅛	17⅝
580	Cuba C Sug	32⅛	30⅛	30⅞	1,490	Tob Prod	100⅝	96	96
580	Cons Cal M	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	1,100	Royal Dutch	89⅝	86⅝	87⅞
970	Cont Candy	12	11	11½	965	Union Pac	123	121	121
410	D & R G pf	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝	590	U S C I P	33	29⅛	30⅛
210	Dome Mines	13	13	13	430	U S Ind Al	132⅞	131½	132
670	Erie	16	15	15	1,520	U S Rubber	121½	118	118
820	Do 1st pf	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	47,500	U S Steel	102	99⅝	100⅝
310	Freeport T	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	1,840	U S Food	78⅝	74¾	75
830	Fisk R T	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	850	Utah Copper	83⅛	81	81¼
700	Gas W & W	30⅜	29⅛	29⅞	3,170	U S Ret St	106¼	101¼	101⅝
480	Gen Cigars	80½	79⅞	79⅞	330	Va-Car Ch	78	76⅝	78
620	Gen Motors	215	211½	211½	410	Wab pf A	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞
790	Goodrich Rub	73	70⅝	70½	545	White Mot	59	57	57
540	Gt Nor Ore	41	39⅞	39⅞	310	Wilson & Co	86⅝	83	83
930	Inspir Cop	59⅝	57⅝	58	470	Western Md	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝
1,770	Int Mer Ma	52	48½	48⅞	830	Westing El	52⅛	51⅛	51⅛
1,520	Do pf	112¼	109⅜	110½	1,400	Willys-Over	31⅝	30⅞	31¼
780	Int Nickel	26⅛	25⅛	25⅛					
810	Int Paper	54	52⅞	52⅞					

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
4,000	‡Acme Coal	2⅝	2¼	2⅜	100	‡Nat Firepfg	9	9	9
900	‡Aetna Expl	10½	10⅛	10⅛	1,700	‡Nat Leather	25	20	21½
600	Allied Pack, Inc.	56	55	55½	100	N Y Ship	56	56	56
6,500	‡Am S & C.	37⅝	34½	35	1,000	N A P & P.	4¼	3⅞	4
500	‡Am Wr Pa	14	13	13⅛	5,000	Otis Steel	38	35	35
1,200	‡Beth Motor	27½	25⅛	25⅛	3,000	‡Overld Tire	17	16¼	16½
5,100	‡Br-Am Ch.	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛	1,900	‡Parr Bing.	34	32	33
2,500	Br-Am Tob, coupon	23	22⅝	23	50,000	Perfect T &R	1⅛	1⅛	1⅜
4,500	‡Car L & P.	4½	4⅛	4½	275	‡Phil-Jones, w i	65	59	60
1,500	‡ColonialTire	36	33	34	850	‡ Do pf w i	96½	95½	96½
1,000	‡Col Grapho, w i	47	44½	45	2,000	‡Phil Morris	12⅛	11⅞	12
6,000	‡Cu-Mor Ch.	1¼	1	1¼	1,100	Pressman	11⅛	10¼	10⅝
2,200	‡Dafoe-E,Inc	18½	12½	12⅝	2,500	‡Repub Rub.	6⅜	5⅝	6
2,300	‡Excel T & R	9	8⅝	9	1,200	‡Root & Van	40	39	39
1,100	‡Farrell Coal	56	55	55	1,500	Savold Tire	57	52	53
40	‡G A T Car	130	130	130	500	Savold N Y	50	49	49
1,000	‡Gen Asph	75	73	73½	700	‡ Do Ohio	32	30	30½
200	Grape-Ola	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	100	‡Stan G & E	24	24	24
300	Do pf	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16	3,000	Submar Boat, v t ctfs	16	15	15½
23,000	‡Heyden Ch.	9⅞	8⅞	8⅞	1,000	‡S C of Am	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞
2,500	Hupp Mot C	13	12⅛	12⅛	600	‡Swift Inter.	56	55	55
5,000	‡Indian Pack	39	34½	34⅝	4,800	‡Tob Pr Exp	35	29	30
1,200	Inter Rub	22	20	20	135	‡Todd Ship	150½	150	150
300	‡Knick Mot	7¼	7¼	7¼	2,000	‡Un Carbide	80	77	78
200	‡Lack C C	9	8⅛	9	5,000	Un Prof Sh	3	2¾	2¾
500	‡Lib,McN&L	26	25	25	2,500	‡U S Rub rts	11½	10½	10⅝
100	‡Lima Loco	85	85	85	1,000	U S St'ship	2⅝	2½	2⅝
200	Motor Appli.	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝	100	‡WarrenBros	75	75	75
1,500	‡W H M Mfg	35	31	33	1,500	Wayne Coal	4¾	4	4½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	‡Ohio Oil	365	365	365	800	St Oil, N J pf, w i	111½	111	111¼
57	‡St Oil, N J	700	690	690	10	‡St Oil, N Y	395	395	395

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	‡Ajax Oil, w i	10¼	10	10¼	2,000	‡Ohio Ranger	1¼	1¼	1¼
22,000	‡Allied Oil	1	⅞	[illegible]	4,000	†Omar O & G	67	65	65
2,500	‡Amal Roy	1⅜	1¼	1¼	600	‡Orient O & G	5	4⅝	5
500	‡Barn't O&G	⅛	⅛	⅛	1,000	‡OsageNation OilSynd, Inc	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,700	‡Boone Oil	8⅜	8	8¼	2,000	‡Pennok Oil	14⅝	14½	14½
4,000	‡Boston Mex	4½	4	4¼	1,500	‡Phillips Pet	60¼	59	59½
15,000	‡‡Bost-Wyo	70	68	69	3,200	‡Pitts-Texas	12⅝	11¾	12
400	‡Brazos Oil	27⅝	27	27	3,000	††Prod & Ref	8⅝	8	8
1,000	‡Can-AmO&G	⅝	⅝	⅝	1,000	‡‡Queen Oil	9	9	9
400	‡Circle Oil	5	4⅝	4⅝	300	‡Ranger Oil	¾	¾	¾
800	‡Cities Serv, B T shares	45⅝	44⅝	44⅝	2,200	††Red Rock	70	68	70
1,000	‡Cmwlth Pet	59	57	57	900	‡Rickard Tex	18	16⅝	17½
1,500	‡Cosden & Co	10¼	9⅝	10	7,000	‡Ryan Petrol	4⅝	4⅛	4¼
1,400	‡Ertel Oil	10	9⅝	9⅝	2,200	‡SaltCkProd	56	54	55
3,500	††Esmeralda	18	17	17	5,600	‡Seab'd O&G	8¼	7	8
1,500	‡Federal Oil	3	2⅝	2⅞	500	SequoyahO&R	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5,900	‡Glenrock Oil	5	4⅝	4⅝	3,000	‡Shell T & T	69	66⅝	66⅝
4,500	Globe Oil	1 1/16	1¼	1⅜	300	‡Simms Pet	30½	30½	30½
2,000	‡Guffey-Gil	20	19	19½	5,600	‡Sinclair Con	54	51½	51½
4,500	†Hime Petrol	33	32	33	5,000	‡SinclairGulf	53¼	51⅝	51⅝
2,400	‡HomeOilRef Co of Tex	19¼	18⅝	19	15,000	†Southw Oil	26	24	25
2,000	‡Hudson Oil	1⅛	1	1	900	‡S W P & R	3½	3½	3½
700	‡Int Petrol	28½	28	28	900	Spencer Pet	16¼	15½	15½
1,800	‡Invincible	35	32	32	8,000	‡Stanton Oil	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
8,000	‡Island O & T	6⅝	6½	6⅝	4,500	‡Tex-Ken Oil	6¼	5	6
8,000	‡LanceCkRoy	⅞	⅞	⅞	1,100	‡Texana O&R	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,500	Little Sioux	1	⅞	⅞	1,700	‡Tex P & R	7	6	6½
4,500	Livingston	8	2⅞	8	200	‡Tex-Ranger	8½	8½	8½
1,200	‡Merritt Oil	23⅛	21⅛	21½	8,200	‡Texon O&L	1½	1¼	1⅜
1,000	Met Petrol	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝	50,000	‡Trinity Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
700	Mex-Panuco	17	16½	17	12,400	‡United Tex	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
12,500	‡Mid States	3⅝	3½	3½	2,500	Vacuum O&G	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
685	‡Midw Ref	168	162	163	1,800	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	2¼	2	2¼
1,000	‡Midwest-Tex	1	⅞	⅞	1,000	‡Vulcan Oil	12½	12	12½
2,000	‡Morton Pet of Me	8⅝	8¼	8¼	1,500	‡West States O & L, new	4	3¼	3
1,000	‡National Oil	3½	2⅞	2⅞	600	‡White Eagle	23⅝	23	23

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6,400	Ala-Br C M	1	⅞	[illegible]	2,000	††MacN C M	33	32	32
1,500	Alaska M C	½	⅝	⅝	10,000	††MacN Min	66	62	62
500	‡Amer Hond M Co w i	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	11,500	††Magma C.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
200	‡Am Mines	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Mason Val	3½	3½	3½
200	‡Ariz Silver	[illegible]	4	4½	2,230	‡Motherlode Cop Min n.	4¾	4½	4¾
6,000	‡Atlanta	⅝	½	⅝	800	‡Nat Tin C.	4	3¾	4
8,000	Big Ledge	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,300	Nipissing	10¼	10	10¼
6,200	††Belch D p.	*52	47	47	500	†Nixon Nev.	25	25	25
3,500	††Bel Ex p.	30	28	28	2,850	‡Ray Her M	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝
3,000	†Bos & Mont	80	75	75	8,400	Roper-Group	1	⅞	⅞
2,800	††Caledonia	39	38	39	5,100	††Seven Met	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2,500	‡Cal & Jer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	200	‡Silver Dol.	1	1	1
5,800	‡Candelaria	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	3,000	S K of Ariz	1	[illegible]	1
7,000	‡Carrie Sil	13	11	13	5,000	††Sil K Div.	16	15	16
2,200	Cresson C G	3	2⅞	2⅞	1,000	‡S Am G&P	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
2,700	‡Div Exten	2½	2½	2½	2,000	††Suther Div	14	14	14
5,000	El Salvador	3⅝	3½	3½	200	Stand S L	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
800	‡Eu C M Co	1½	1⅜	1½	900	St Croix Sil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2,900	‡Forty-nine	1⅝	1¼	1⅜	1,800	‡Ton Divide.	6⅛	5⅝	5⅝
2,200	‡GoldenGate	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛	2,200	Ton Exten	2⅝	2½	2½
4,000	††G Zone D.	47	41	42	200	‡Ton Mining	3	2⅞	2⅞
4,700	G Pac Cop	90	85	87	1,200	Un Eastern.	4½	4⅜	4⅜
300	‡Ham M & S	2½	2	2¼	1,000	††U S Con M	15½	15½	15½
1,000	††Hasb Div	13	13	13	4,000	‡Vic Div, (a pros.)	37	34	35
2,500	††J Butler	32	31	32	1,100	†Wash G Q.	83	82	83
700	Kerr Lake	5⅛	5	5⅛	1,900	†W E Con	1⅛	1⅜	1⅜
6,300	††Knox Div.	25	20	20	600	‡Wil Sil Min	⅝	½	½
2,100	††Liberty S.	47	46	47					

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.			High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	‡A T & T 6s	99	99	99	$15,000	‡Int R T 7s	84½	84½	84½
2,000	‡Can G 5½s, 1921	99½	99½	99½	8,000	‡Rus G 5½s	46	44	46
50,000	‡ Do 1929	97	97	97	25,000	‡So Rwy 6s	97⅝	96	96
25,000	‡Copen 5½s, 1944, w i	93¼	93¼	93¼	1,000	‡Swift & Co 6s, 1921	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
25,000	‡G of Sw 6s	98	97½	98	20,000	†Sw G 5½s.	96⅛	96	96

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

⁂

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Friday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Ask.		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Ask.
Am-Brit Mfg.	2	4	2	4	Int Mot 1st pf	90	92	91	93
Do pf	40	50	40	50	Do 2d pf	62	67	64	67
Am Chicle	90	95	100	104	LV CoalSales	85	90	85	90
Do pf	81	85	81	85	Nat A & O pf.	85½	87	86	87¼
Cont Motors	11	11⅛	11	11½	Nat C & I.	65	75	..	..
Curtiss Aero.	15	19	..	..	MINING STOCKS.				
FarrellCoal pf	89	91	89	91	Am Tin & T.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Inter Motors	80	85	84	88	McKin-Dar	57	60	57	60

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	21	22	21	Penn-Mex Fuel	70	74	72
Atlantic Refining	1370	1390	1370	Prairie Oil & Gas	680	700	685
Borne-Scrymser	480	500	480	Prairie Pipe Line	277	282	280
Buckeye Pipe Line	100	102	100	Solar Refining	355	375	355
Chesebrough Mfg.	290	310	290	Southern Pipe L.	164	168	164
Continental Oil	550	575	550	South Penn Oil	310	320	315
Crescent Pipe Line	35	37	34	S W Penn P L.	100	102	100
Cumberland P L.	170	180	170	Stand Oil of Cal.	294	298	292
Eureka Pipe Line	162	165	162	Stand Oil of Ind.	720	730	730
Galena Signal Oil	98	102	100	Stand Oil of Kan.	570	590	570
Do pf, new	105	110	105	Stand Oil of Ky.	460	470	460
Do pf, old	115	130	115	Stand Oil of Neb.	525	550	525
Illinois Pipe Line	182	187	182	Stand Oil of N J.	687	692	690
Indiana Pipe Line	100	102	100	Stand Oil of N Y.	390	395	392
Int Pet Co, Ltd.	27½	28½	27½	Stand Oil of Ohio	520	530	515
National Transit	28½	29½	28	Swan & Finch	95	105	95
New York Transit	183	188	183	Union Tank Car	125	130	125
Northern Pipe L.	107	111	108	Vacuum Oil	430	435	430
Ohio Oil	360	370	360	Washington Oil	43	48	43

BOUGHT — SOLD
Delatour Beverage Corporation
Founded 1808
Manufacturers of DELATOUR Ginger Ale, Sarsaparilla, Lemon Soda, Club Soda and non-alcoholic liqueurs.
Traded In on the New York Curb
Special Letter on Request
FREDERICK SCHWED
67 Exchange Place Rector 1561

Texas Producing and Refining Co.
Traded in on the New York Curb
Circular on Request
H. Raphael & Co.
Investment Securities
74 Broadway New York
Phone 5333-4 Rector

Foreign Money
Foreign Exchange
Foreign Gov't Bonds
(ALL ISSUES)
Bought—Sold—Quoted
DUNHAM & Co
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place New York
Telephones 8300-16 *Hanover.*

Manati Sugar Co.
Procter & Gamble Co.
COMMON STOCK and FRACTIONS
Bought and Sold
A. M. Kidder & Co
5 Nassau St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 2780.

Otis Elevator
Spicer Mfg. Co.
Texas Pac. Coal & Oil
Ajax Oil Co.
Gwynne Bros.
Tel. Broad 3230 to 3235. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Phillips-Jones Corporation
Traded in on N. Y. Curb
G. G. SCHROEDER
Specialist
43 EXCHANGE PL. 7492-3 *Hanover*

$10,000 Reward
will be paid by this Company
for the recovery of the bonds listed below which were stolen on Tuesday, August 12, 1919, by or from a messenger of Richard Whitney & Co., 14 Wall St., New York:

VICTORY 4¾% BONDS
465877/82
1478611
2479344/80
1451073/74
2203501/5
1478604/8
1817438
2251103
2120023
2475866/80
1888385
1459083
1707451/9
862779/85
465868/76
518603/37
1707386/91
2479381/93
518601/2
518639/41

VICTORY 3¾% BOND
243325/28

LIBERTY 4th 4¼%
2786443/4
2783886/91
2783982/85

LIBERTY 2d 4¼%
1116408

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY
115 Broadway—Telephone Rector 8000
WORLD'S LARGEST SURETY COMPANY

Canadian-American Paper Trade

During the last fiscal year Canada exported approximately $100,000,000 of pulp, paper and pulpwood. Eighty-two per cent. came to the United States. This phenomenal growth of a basic Canadian industry and the part which American trade has played in it is shown by the following tabulation:

	—Fiscal Year Ending March— 1919	1918	Per Cent. Increase
Canada's Total Export	$99,260,000	$71,820,000	27.6
Exports to U. S.	82,090,000	67,028,000	81.7
Per Cent. to U. S.	82.7		

American importers of pulp and paper, and American exporters of pulp and paper machinery and supplies will find the services of the New York Agency of the Union Bank of Canada at their disposal. With 360 branches at all strategic commercial points throughout Canada, the Union Bank of Canada is in a position to give efficient service.

Union Bank of Canada
Head Office Winnipeg
New York Agency, 49 Wall St.
W. J. Dawson, F. L. Appleby, W. M. Forrest, Agents
Capital & Surplus $8,600,000

Whom Do You Bank With?

Every business man has been asked this question many times.

The answer often means—gain or loss of business.

The selection of your bank should be of great importance.

We have a proud record of 60 years and satisfied customers. We offer depositors every convenience and accommodation consistent with sound banking.

A Brooklyn Commercial Bank neither owned, nor controlled by, nor connected with any other banking institution.

NASSAU NATIONAL BANK OF BROOKLYN
46 Court Street
Established 1859 Resources $20,000,000

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
At Forty-first Street
New York
London Paris
Foreign Exchange
Administrator Guardian
Member Federal Reserve System and New York Clearing House

Investor's Questionnaire
Fifth Edition.
Invaluable booklet sent on application. Write today.
S. W. STRAUS & CO.,
150 Broadway.

Liberal Interest
on daily balances.
Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
60 Wall Street. 716 Fifth Avenue.

LIBERTY BONDS
All denominations bought for cash
Based on the closing we pay to-day
$49.67 for a $50—3½% Bond, 56 Coupons
$46.42 for a $50—2d 4% Bond, 1 Coupon
$47.85 for a $50—3d 4¼% Bond, 2 Coupons
$46.80 for a $50—4th 4¼% Bond, 3 Coupons
$49.88 for a $50—5th 4¾% Victory Loan
PURDY & CO.,
Tel. John 3174-5-6-7. 34 Pine St., N. Y.

FOR SALE
200 shares stock in the
Fulton Motor Trk. Corp.
Need money badly.
Schuyler 8695

The Normal Credit Loss For Your Business

You can buy the American's Unlimited Policy of Credit insurance on an absolutely *scientific* basis. This achievement is the culmination of statistical research and mathematical calculations based on the experience of thousands of Policies issued to wholesale merchants in *every* line of trade. This enables The American Company to define the normal credit loss ratio resulting from *any* given volume of sales in *any* line. Such an event constitutes an epoch, opens a new era in credit underwriting, and will, in the fullness of time, be of incalculable value to the vast mercantile and financial interests of our country.

If you are a manufacturer or wholesaler, we shall be glad to tell you, without obligation upon your part, the normal loss figures for *your* particular house. Write or phone us today.

The AMERICAN CREDIT-INDEMNITY CO. OF NEW YORK
A. B. TREAT, Gen'l Eastern Manager. R. S. CHAMBERS, Gen'l Agent.
91 William St. Phone: John 533-534-3365.
New York City.

Commercial Trust Company of New Jersey
Member of Federal Reserve System
Main Office {Opposite Pennsylvania R. R. Ferries / Exchange Place Station, Hudson Tubes} Jersey City

THE BANKING, TRUST AND SAFE DEPOSIT FACILITIES OF THIS COMPANY, BECAUSE OF ITS LOCATION, ARE MOST ACCESSIBLE FOR THOSE DESIRING TO TRANSACT THEIR BUSINESS IN NEW JERSEY

Largest Banking Institution in Jersey City

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership between Morris Roth and I. Arthur Ganger, who were conducting business at 1,476 Broadway, New York, as the Store Specialties Co., was on the 16th day of August, 1919, dissolved by mutual consent. The continuing partner, I. Arthur Ganger, will pay and discharge all debts and liabilities of the said firm.

CAPITAL TO INVEST
WE PURCHASE FOR CASH
THE ENTIRE ISSUE OF PREFERRED STOCK, OR BONDS OF ESTABLISHED ENTERPRISES WITH RECORD OF EARNINGS. CORRESPONDENCE CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS H. T., BOX 2812, BOSTON, MASS.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

INTERNATIONAL TRACTION COMPANY, SIX PER CENT. THREE-YEAR GOLD NOTES, DATED AUGUST 1, 1917.

To the Holders of the Six Per Cent. Three-Year Gold Notes of the International Traction Company, dated August 1st, 1917:

You are hereby notified that through the efforts of the Protective Committee appointed under the Protective Agreement, dated January 31, 1919, the interest on said notes which became due February 1, 1919, and August 1, 1919, together with interest at the rate of six per centum (6%) per annum upon each of said instalments of interest from its respective due date to and including September 2, 1919, will be paid on and after September 2, 1919, at the office of Bankers' Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York City.

In order to receive such payment, registered holders of certificates of deposit issued by said Depository should present the same to the Bankers' Trust Company on or after September 2, 1919, for notation of such payments thereon. Holders of notes who have not deposited them under such Protective Agreement should on or after September 2, 1919, present to Bankers' Trust Company for payment the coupons due February 1 and August 1, 1919. Income tax certificates in prescribed form, in accordance with the requirements of the Income Tax Law and the Treasury Department Regulations, must be presented with all coupons.

43 Exchange Place, New York,
August 16th, 1919.
J. H. WHEELER,
F. W. ELLIOTT,
G. H. TAYLOR,
G. deB. GREENE, Chairman,
Protective Committee International Traction Company Six Per Cent. Three-Year Gold Notes, Due 1920.
CAMPBELL, HARDING & PRATT,
Counsel.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, DEFAULT having been made in the payment at maturity on May 1, 1919, of all of the Two Year Six Per Cent. Bond Secured Gold Notes of West Virginia Traction & Electric Company, to wit, $1,800,000, principal amount thereof, then outstanding and issued under the trust indenture of said company to the undersigned as trustee, dated May 1, 1917, the undersigned, as trustee under said trust indenture, will on September 3, 1919, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, through Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneer, at the Real Estate Exchange Sales Room, 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder the collateral deposited and pledged under said trust indenture to secure said notes, namely: one temporary bond representing $2,500,000 principal amount of general and refunding mortgage twenty-five year gold bonds of the said company, bearing interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum with interest coupons due May 1, 1919, and subsequently; accepting in payment therefor at such sale any of said Two Year Six Per Cent. Bond Secured Gold Notes of West Virginia Traction & Electric Company in lieu of cash to the amount which shall, upon distribution of the net proceeds of such sale, be payable thereon.

Dated New York, August 8, 1919.
NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
26 Broad Street, New York, N. Y.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION.

OKLAHOMA GAS AND ELECTRIC CO

Six Per Cent. Debenture Bonds.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE SIX PER CENT. DEBENTURE BONDS, OKLAHOMA GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY:

Pursuant to the provisions of that certain Indenture between Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company and Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank and Frank H. Jones, Trustees, dated October 1, 1912, authorizing an issue of Three Million Dollars ($3,000,000), face value, Six Per Cent. Debenture Bonds, dated October 1, 1912. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, in the exercise of the right reserved in said Indenture, has elected to pay and redeem on October 1, 1919, all of the Six Per Cent. Debenture Bonds described in and issued under the terms and in accordance with said Indenture, then outstanding and unpaid, by paying the face value of said bonds, accrued interest, and a premium of one per cent., all as provided in said Indenture; said bonds and all interest coupons attached thereto should be presented and surrendered at the office of said Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, 208 South La Salle Street, Chicago, Illinois, on October 1, 1919. On and after said date, interest on said bonds shall cease.

Dated, August 14, 1919.
OKLAHOMA GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
By ARTHUR S. HUEY, Vice President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON the 4th day of September, 1919, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, there will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder at Room 1601, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, $15,000 par value of the 6% Gold Coupon bonds (due March 5, 1922,) of the Maxim Munitions Corp., (now the Maxim Corp.) The said bonds being the property of the said Maxim Corp., a corporation of the State of Delaware, or its receiver, James G. Graham, but pledged with the undersigned as collateral security for the payment of a note of the said corporation, to the undersigned for $4,349.13, dated May 17, 1919, and due June 17, 1919, with interest at the rate of 6% per annum. Carl S. Stern and Teresa M. Durkin, executors of the estate of Joseph A. Durkin.

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of September, 1919, at 2 P. M. in the afternoon of that day, there will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder at Room 1601, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, $15,000 par value of the 6% gold coupon bonds (due March 5th, 1922) of the Maxim Munition Corporation. (Now the Maxim Corporation.) The said bonds being the property of the said Maxim Corporation, a corporation of the State of Delaware or its receiver, James G. Graham, but pledged with the undersigned as collateral security for the payment of a note of the said corporation, to the undersigned, for $6,099.31, dated Jan. 6, 1919, and due May 6, 1919, with interest at the rate of 6% per annum.
EVERLY M. DAVIS.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The Arlington National Bank, located at Arlington, in the State of Texas, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
JAMES DITTO, President.
Dated, June 27th, 1919.

THE MARKET NATIONAL BANK, LOCATED at Cincinnati, in the State of Ohio, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
CASPER H. ROWE, President.
KRAMER & BETTMAN, Cincinnati, Attorneys.

THE NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, located at New Orleans, in the State of Louisiana, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.—Dated New Orleans, July 16, 1919. Adolph Katz, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Stockholders of the
U. S. Rubber Reclaiming Company, Inc.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the United States Rubber Reclaiming Company, Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, No. 30 East 42nd Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of the 25th day of August, 1919, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to sell and convey all of the corporation's assets, property, rights, privileges and franchises to the Madison Tire & Rubber Company, Inc., a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York.

Dated, August 8th, 1919.
A. THALHEIMER,
Secretary.

To the Stockholders of the METROPOLITAN MAGAZINE COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the Metropolitan Magazine Company will be held at 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on August 28th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that the said corporation be forthwith dissolved.

Dated, July 28th, 1919.
THOMAS J. REGAN, President.
J. M. CRANK, Secretary.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

New York, N. Y., August 11, 1919.

A special meeting of the stockholders of ALLIED FOREIGN TRADE CORPORATION will be held on the 27th Day of August, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M., at the office of said Company, No. 44 Whitehall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to amend its Certificate of Incorporation by reducing its stated capital from $3,000,000 to $1,100,000.
DUNCAN M. STEWART, President.
HAROLD D. McANENY, Secretary.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of Fredericks & Van Cott, Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, 112-116 West 18th Street, New York City, on the 4th day of September, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., for the purpose of adopting a resolution pursuant to Section 66 of the General Corporation Law to change the name of said corporation from Fredericks & Van Cott, Inc., to Van Cott Bros., Incorporated.

Dated, New York City, August 7th, 1919.
MORTIMER VAN COTT, Jr., President.
ELBERT VAN COTT, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.

Notice is hereby given that the regular Quarterly Dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) has been declared on the Preferred Capital Stock of the above Company and will be payable on September 2nd, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on August 20th, 1919.

The transfer-books of the Company will be closed for the registration of transfers from the close of business on August 20th, 1919, until ten o'clock in the forenoon of September 2nd, 1919.
F. M. BOUGHEY, Secretary.
Chicago, Illinois, August 15th, 1919.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Rumors of three large deals in the downtown district, which, according to report are likely to be closed in a few days, were rife in the realty market yesterday. They involved the former American Tract Society Building, now occupied to a large extent by The New York Sun, at the corner of Spruce and Nassau Street; the former American Bank Note home on Trinity Place, opposite Trinity churchyard, and the five-story structure at 49 Nassau Street, adjoining the Liberty Tower building, on the northwest corner of Nassau and Liberty Streets.

A syndicate is negotiating to buy the old Track Society building, it is said, from the New York Life Insurance Company, which took it over at foreclosure several years ago, subject to a $2,000,000 mortgage. The New York Sun occupies four floors and the tower section, but the newspaper will move next month to the Stewart Building, which was purchased two years ago by Frank A. Munsey, owner of The Sun. The building is twenty-one stories high, covering a plot of 100 feet on Nassau Street and 97.2 on Spruce Street.

The old American Bank Note home will be acquired, it is stated, by interests which are planning the construction of a tall office building. The property is at 78 to 86 Trinity Place, 124.10 feet front, and extending through the block to Greenwich Street, 177.8 feet on that thoroughfare by 181.4 feet on the northerly line, between Rector and Thames Streets.

The 49 Nassau Street property is owned by the Barnes estate. It has a frontage of 28 feet with a depth ranging from 66 to 70 feet.

Investor Buys Plot Adjoining Whitehall Building.

The Whitehall Realty Company sold to an investor a plot of 9,152 square feet, covering 18, 19 and 20 West Street and 32 Washington Street. The plot adjoins the Whitehall Building at Washington Street, West Street and Battery Place, and within a stone's throw of the new Cunard Building now under construction. The purchaser intends to alter the property for business purposes.

Furriers Buy Seventh Avenue Buildings.

Wagner & Schecter, manufacturing furriers, purchased from F. Michael the two five-story buildings at 316 and 318 Seventh Avenue. The buyers will alter the buildings and occupy them. Spear & Co. negotiated the sale.

East Harlem Factory Deal.

John H. Taylor sold the two four-story semi-factory buildings, 162 and 164 East 118th Street, on plot 33 by 101, to Royal Wet Wash Laundry, Inc., which will occupy after extensive alterations. Ephraim Buchwald was the broker.

The Bronx Market.

The Bronx Land Mortgage and Real Estate Company sold for P. Cestaro the two-family house at 2,884 Coddington Avenue.

E. Osborne Smith sold for Frank Nolan a two-family dwelling at 25 East 198th Street to James McDermott.

Charles Edelson sold for N. Gartner to a client 427 St. Ann's Avenue, southwest corner of 145th Street, a six-story flat.

Brooklyn.

The Meister Builders, Inc., sold 191 Adams Street, Brooklyn, a five-story brick tenement, on a lot 25 by 97.6, to an investor.

I. Salzberg sold for A. Jacobs to Dr. Siegmeister an eleven-room cottage, on a plot 45 by 100, at 4,915 Fourteenth Avenue.

Howard C. Pyle & Co. sold the frame dwelling 1,471 East Fourth Street, for the estate of D. J. O'Connor to A. C. Ketcham, for occupancy.

Samuel Galitzka and J. Lacov sold from plans for the South Fifth Construction Company, to an investor, eighteen dwellings at the southwest corner of Avenue L and East Tenth Street, on a plot 420 by 100 feet, for $168,600.

Owing to the need for increased production, M. Martin & Co. of 102 Madison Avenue, manufacturers of underwear, have purchased the five-story building at 130-138 Palmetto Street, Brooklyn, as an additional plant. The building was purchased from the D. M. Balsam Company. It has a frontage of 100 feet on Palmetto Street in the residential Ridgewood section.

Sales in Queens.

The W. R. Gibson Company, Inc., sold four new houses at Richmond Hill, on the west side of 110th Street, south of Roanoke Avenue, and on the southwest corner of 110th Street and Roanoke Avenue, to F. Scharola.

W. Sim has sold three plots with improvements on the east side of Ninety-sixth Street, south of Atlantic Avenue, Richmond Hill, 22 by 125, to A. J. Ketschke, G. Thellman, and A. Happe.

M. Schmidt purchased two plots at Woodhaven, 25 by 100, on the east side of Chester Avenue, south of Liberty Avenue, and 42 by 100, on the south side of Liberty Avenue, west of Van Sicklen Place, from C. F. Hitchcock.

Westchester County.

George Howe sold the residence of Mrs. Hazel G. Merritt of Howell Park, Larchmont, to Mrs. Edith B. Bolling of New York City, who will occupy the premises.

Prince & Ripley sold for the Wilson-Veeder Company an English stucco and half timber house located on Brite Road, Scarsdale, to Thomas F. Toomey of New York City. The property was held at $16,000.

Big Sag Harbor Purchase Rumor.

It is rumored that the Maidstone Mill property, comprising about an acre on the waterfront between Division and Wharf Streets, Sag Harbor, Long Island, will be bought by the E. W. Bliss Company of Brooklyn from the Long Island Railroad. It is reported that the Bliss company will use the property as a torpedo proving station, as it is stated that the Bliss company has been looking for additional property.

Results of Saturday's Sales.

Two successful auction sales were conducted by Joseph P. Day on Saturday. He sold 192 lots at Lynbrook, L. I., on the Merrick Road, Langdon and Lyon Places, for a total of $41,860, an average of $218 per lot. Among the purchasers were Marcus Weisman, Charles Weber, Michael Kelly, Arthur P. Clark, Paul Gillan, James A. Edwards, Thomas F. O'Connor, Rose Goltze, Anna L. Shea and James J. McGuire.

From Lynbrook Mr. Day and his force went to Arverne, where at 7:30 P. M. he started to sell 195 unrestricted lots and seven houses at Arverne, on Remington Avenue, Wavecrest Avenue and adjoining streets. The final lot was struck down about 10 o'clock. An average of $250 was obtained, the total being $49,060.

More than 1,500 persons faced Auctioneer Fred Snow, of the Jere Johnson, Jr., Company, on Saturday afternoon at Neponsit at the liquidation auction held by order of the Neponsit Realty Company. Spirited bidding marked the offering, especially for ocean front parcels. The sale was adjourned at 7 P. M., up to which time 603 lots were sold for a total of $384,050, an average of about $630 per lot. The remaining 164 lots are to be sold at auction on the premises at Neponsit at 2:30 P. M. next Saturday.

At Blue Point, L. I., Arthur C. Shandan sold at auction Saturday three cottages and nine villa plots for a total of $55,600.

Commercial Leases.

Sydney S. Cohen has leased for Charles J. Stumpf and himself to Harry Beardon and Mannie Walker, doing business as the firm of "Harry and Mannie," clothiers, at 63 Nassau Street, the remainder of the building now in the course of construction at 1,612 Broadway, northeast corner of Forty-ninth Street, for a term of fifteen years at an aggregate rental of about $450,000.

A. A. Hageman, in conjunction with Oscar L. and John R. Foley, has leased the building at 556 Seventh Avenue for twenty-one years, at an aggregate rental of $100,000. A new building will be erected on the site.

Realty Notes.

Shampan & Shampan, architects, have filed plans for ten stucco residences and independent stucco garages to be erected on the block bounded by Avenue M, East Third Street, East Fourth Street, and Cortelyou Road, for Avondale Building Company as owners.

William A. White & Sons were the brokers who negotiated the $2,000,000 first mortgage 6 per cent. serial bond issue for 910 Fifth Avenue, Inc., that was underwritten by S. W. Straus & Co.

DIVIDENDS.

New York, August 15, 1919.
OFFICE OF
WEBER & HEILBRONER.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the preferred stock of WEBER & HEILBRONER has been declared payable September 1, 1919, to stockholders of record, at close of business on August 20, 1919.
LOUIS M. WEILLER, Treasurer.

American Power & Light Co.
71 Broadway, New York.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 27.

The regular quarterly dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the common stock of the American Power & Light Company, has been declared payable Sept. 1, 1919, to common stockholders of record at the close of business Aug. 21, 1919.
WILLIAM REISER, Treasurer.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

45th St, 116-118 West, s s, 210 ft w of 6th Av, 40x100.4, nine-story hotel; Manhattan Savings Institute against T. E. Greacen et al; Rapallo & K., attorneys; due, $134,839.84; taxes, &c., $5,000; withdrawn.

113th St, 540 West, s s, 306.9 ft e of Broadway, 18.9x100.11, four-story and basement building; C. T. Raynolds et al against Standard Operating Co. et al; T. M. Healy, attorney; due, $19,618.37; taxes, &c., $459.80; adjourned sine die.

By Henry Brady.

Madison Av, 1,814, n w corner 118th St, 25.6x85, five-story tenement and stores; Central Savings Bank against Pauline Weinhandler et al; Meyer Auerbach, attorney; due, $26,319.61; taxes, &c., $450; withdrawn.

By Charles A. Berrian.

57th St, 419 East, n s, 156.5 ft e 1st Av, 16.8x100.4, three-story and basement dwelling; J. F. Banken, trustee, &c., against Alpha Sigma House Co.; H. R. Squier, attorney; due, $5,921.71; first mtg $6,500; to William H. Diefenbach for $7,625.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Madison Av, 342, for a twenty-story church, offices and stores; Fifth Church of Christ, Aeolian Hall, Mrs. Jesse G. Frost, Chairman, Ritz-Carleton Apartments, owners; Pickney & Jeppesen, 103 Park Av., architects; cost, $3,000,000.

Fordham Road, s e cor Morris Av, for two 1-story brick stores, 46.6x95.6, and 83.1x93; Gaines Roberts Co., on premises, owners; Harry T. Howell, 3d Av, and 148th St, architect; cost, $45,000.

White Plains Av, e s, 64.17 s of 219th St, for a one-story brick store, 50.1x70; Siegfried Karleback, 249 East 235th St, owner; Charles Kreymborg, 369 East 163d St, architect; cost, $8,000.

149th St, n e, cor Union Av, for a 6-story brick tenement, 75x90; Maurice Miller, 935 Intervale Av, owner; Charles Kreymborg, 369 East 163d St, architect; cost, $125,000.

147th St, s e, cor Tinton Av, for a one-story brick garage, 50x100; John Brown, 521 East 149th St, owner; David S. Lang, 110 West 34th St, architect; cost, $15,000.

Webster Av, 2,755, for a one-story brick garage, 31.3x126.8, Grob & Kusbel, 2,711 Webster Av, owners; Emile L. Capel, 512 5th Av, architect; cost, $1,500.

Fordham Road, s e, cor Grand Concourse, for a 5-story brick store and tenement, 72.9x97.6; Realty Managers, Inc., Frank Begerish, 200 Broadway, Pres., owner; Chas. Kreymborg, 369 East 163d St, architect; cost, $20,000.

Grand Concourse, e s, 72.9 s of Fordham Road, for two 5-story brick stores and tenements, 75x97, and 75x103.1; Realty Managers, Inc., Frank Begerish, 200 Broadway, Pres., owner; Chas. Kreymborg, 369 East 163d St, architect; cost, $20,000.

Castle Hill Av, 1,654, for a 3-story brick store and dwelling, 25x65; K. Bach, on premises, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 1,812 Gleason Av, architect; cost, $1,200.

176th St, s e, cor Prospect Av, for a 2½-story frame dwelling, 36x40; James Dougherty, 2,564 Marion Av, owner; Chas. Kreymborg, 369 East 163d St, architect; cost, $1,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Gramercy Park, 9, to a four-story residence; George W. Bond, 1,170 Broadway, owner; John C. Breiby, Englewood, N. J., architect; remove stoop, install new skylight, elevator shaft, and new bathroom; $8,500.

60th St, 36 to 40 West, to a five-story warehouse and garage, brick, 50x98; estate of Nicholas Henry, Eugene M. Guyon, exr., 537 Manhattan Av, owners; Robert L. Lyon, 52 Vanderbilt Av, architect; remove fire escape, install new stairs, doors and partitions; cost, $5,000.

22d St, 9 East, to five-story stores and dwelling, brick, 26.8x98.9; Mrs. Clara W. Tillman, 8 East 23d St, owner; George McCabe, 96 5th Av, architect; change basement to level of street, new extension at rear, build out front wall to building line, rearrange partitions, install new vent shaft and new stairs; cost, $20,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, AUG. 18.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, n e, 184th St, 99.11x20; Seymour Realty Co. to Rexton Realty Co., 37 Liberty St, all liens, mtg $1,875; attorney, Elias Kempner, 132 Nassau St..$1

BROADWAY, s s, 33.8 ft s of Canal St, 26.11x85; Seamen's Bank for Savings to Four-Fourteen Broadway Corp., 41 Park Row; attorney, L. S. Quast, 41 Park Row $100

EAST BROADWAY, n w corner of Rutgers St, 25x45.7; Godsol Realties Corp. to Rutgers Square Realties, Inc., 162 East Broadway, all liens, July 31; attorney, Louis J. Rosett, 198 Broadway $100

MADISON AV, w s, 75.5 ft n of 54th St, 25x70; Henry P. Talmadge to Max Williams, 116 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn; attorney, Lawyers Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

MADISON AV, 1,838, w s, 101 ft s of 120th St, 25x100; Isabel Burger to Hyman Simon, 132 West 117th St, mtg $21,600, July 10; attorney, Paul D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St. $1

MORNINGSIDE AV, East, s e corner of 123d St, 100.11x100; College Holding Co. to Shenk Realty and Construction Co., 118 West 120th St, mtg $220,000; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway..........$100

MORNINGSIDE AV, East, s e corner of 123d St, 100.11x100; William H. and Elwood S. Bartlett to College Holding Co., 118 West 120th St, mtg $154,000, Aug. 9; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff, 320 Broadway......$100

ORCHARD ST, w s, 125 ft w of Hester St, -- x 88.10; Public Stables, Inc., to Rachel Cutterman, N. Y., mtg $25,000; attorney, M. N. Schleader, 299 Broadway........$100

SEAMAN AV, n w s, 215 ft s w of Emerson St, 110x125; Esther W. Dryfoos to Abr. Schein and another, 1,744 Washington Av, Bronx, mtg $98,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 63.10 ft s of 133d St, 37.5x77.6; Francis S. Bancroft to Alice F. Warsauer, 421 74th St, Brooklyn, mtg $18,250; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway $100

5TH AV, n e corner of 72d St, runs e 172x n 109.3x s 62.2x w 47x s 40x w 125 to Av x s 62.2 to beginning, with all title to alley on 73d St, s s; Post Investing Co. to 910 5th Avenue Corp., 27 Cedar St, b. and s., Aug. 16; attorney, Clifford Roberts, 27 Cedar St $1

11TH ST, s s, 230.8 ft e of University Place, 21.4x94.9; Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. to Newport Realty Corp., 63 Park Row; Attorneys, Bulcher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av $100

52D ST, 327 East, n s, 25x97; Kalman Popper to Gizella Popper, 611 West 141st St, mtg $24,500, all liens, b. and s., Aug. 16.$1

54TH ST, n s, 303 ft e of 6th Av, 20x100.5; Joseph B. Bourne to Julia C., his wife, 76 East 80th St, mtg $20,000, June 2; attorney, G. A. Leary, 2 Rector St..........$1

71ST ST, s s, 215 ft w of Columbus Av, 21x100.5; Warren Holding Corp. to Truxton Holding Corp., 233 Broadway, mtg $27,500; attorneys, Brooks & M., 115 Broadway....$1

75TH ST, s w corner of Madison Av, 64x27.2; Royal Atlantic Realty Corp. to Harry Cohen, 21 East 75th St, mtg $62,500; attorney, P. S. Glickman, 299 Broadway.....$1

75TH ST, s s, 183.9 ft e of 3d Av, 39.2x102.2; Denwood Realty Co. to Iron Hill Realty Co., Inc., 1,589 Washington Av, Bronx, mtg $14,500; attorney, Wm. Koerner, 261 Broadway $100

80TH ST, s s, 147.6 ft w of Lexington Av, 18.4x102.2; John Y. Van Pelt to Morton L. Fearey, Garden City, L. I., mtg $28,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

80TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 3d Av, 168x100; Morton L. Fearey to Fenwick Beekman, 71 East 80th St, mtg $10,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $100

85TH ST, s s, 275.9 ft e of Park Av, 20.10x102.2; Margaret G. McConaughy to John J. McDonald, Westwood, N. J., mtg $17,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

86TH ST, s s, 307 ft e of Ave. A, 21x102.2; Amelia Leibach to Marguerite E. Schaefer, 526 East 86th St, mtg $9,000; attorney, Frank Herwig, 93 Nassau St.........$100

92D ST, 4 East, s s, 100 ft e of 5th Av, 20x100.8; Mary T. Schlosser to Carroll L. Post, Battle Creek, Mich., Aug. 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $67,000

100TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of Central Park West, 40x100.11; Charles Kirchner to Charles T. Caine, 14 West 101st St, mtg $49,000 ....$100

113TH ST, n s, 325 ft e of Lenox Av, 18x100.11; Louis H. Kircher et al. to E. T. Kircher and Rebecca Wolfson, mtg $6,000, quitclaim, all liens, Aug. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, 6 deeds $1

118TH ST, s s, 330 ft e of Park Av, 20x100.11; Isaac Mayer and another, trustees, to Israel S. Goldman, 1,039 Tiffany St, Bronx; attorney, Louis Hess, 42 Broadway $6,000

118TH ST, s s, 201.9 ft e of 3d Av, 33.4x100.11; John H. Taylor to Royal Wet Wash Laundry, Inc., 1,528 Madison Av, mtg $10,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

125TH ST, 543 West, n s, 25x99.11; Solomon Riley to Gertrude E. McFall, 202 4th Av, mtg $14,750, all liens, Aug. 14; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St.....$1

127TH ST, n s, 355 ft w of Lenox Av, 16x99.11; William F. Brown, trustee of William A. Brown, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., sub. trustee, William A. Brown, 176 Broadway; attorney, Charles A. Clayton, 44 Court St, Brooklyn..............$1

129TH ST, 128 East, s s, 20x99.11; Kate Kurshaw to Peter Eckert, 20 West 130th St, mtg 06,000, Aug. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$100

SAME PROPERTY; Peter Eckert to William T. Morgan, 258 West 123d St, mtg $6,000, Aug 15 attorney, same.. $100

131ST ST, 245 West, n s, 18x99.11; Gaines-Roberts Co. to Florence Gordy, 245 West 131st St, mtg $9,000, rerecorded from Dec. 5, 1918, all liens, Dec. 4, 1918; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

133D ST, 537-43 West, n s, 100x99.11; Chartag Realty Co. to Simon Gorman and another, 1,950 Washington Av, Bronx, mtg $71,000, Aug. 15; attorney, Abraham Midonick, 132 Nassau St..........$1

137TH ST, s s, 228 ft w of 8th Av, 16x99.11; Leonhard Michel to Leonhard A. and Augustus Keller, 27 Prospect Park West; Brooklyn, grandchildren of party 1st part Gift

139TH ST, n s, 331.6 ft e of 8th Av, 18.2x99.11; Equitable Life Assurance Society of United States to Aletha Fraser, 237 West 139th St; attorney, William H. Austin, 220 Broadway $1

Bronx.

CLAY AV, 1,212, s e corner of 168th St, 34.6x80; Mary H. Kuehn to Jeanne Sonnenberg, 351 East 87th St, mtg $19,500, Aug. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

ELLIS AV, 2,132, s s, 24.11x108; Teasdale Realty Co. to Annie Baumbach, 1,938 Benedict Av, prior mtg $4,500, Aug. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

FINDLAY AV, 1,108, e s, 38.4x100; Lester S. Williams to Lester S. Williams, 1,108 Findlay Av, and another, mtg $20,000, March 29; attorney, E. Rolph, 535 East 177th St.$1

FOREST AV, 1,167, w s, 16.9x87.7; Harry Steindler to Augustus Steindler, 1,167 Forest Av, July 31; attorney, L. Rosenberg, 116 Nassau St $100

HUGHES AV, 2,126, e s, 16.8x85; Francis J. Mulgannon to John Vreeken, 2,121 Hughes Av, mtg $4,500, Aug. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.... $100

HUGHES AV, 2,128, e s, 16.10x85.3; Francis J. Mulgannon to Hy. G. Wincor, 2,128 Hughes Av, mtg $4,000, July 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

ST. LAWRENCE AV, w s, 50 ft s of Merrill St, 25x100; Nellie V. Riley to Harrison W. Phillips, 854 Clason Av, Brooklyn, mtg $3,900; attorney, James H. Goggin, 2,806 3d Av $1

UNION AV, e s, 144.11 ft s of 152d St, 24.11x90; Charles A. Conrath and another to Mary Santini, 609 Jackson Av, Aug. 15; attorneys, Arnstein & Levine, 912 Brook Av $100

178TH ST, 228 and 230, s s, 47.5x98; Pauline Citrin to Peter Ross, 511 East 183d St, prior mtg $3,000, Aug. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.... $100

178TH ST, 230 West, s s, 27.3x98.6; Peter Ross to Ferdinand Steinfeld, 230 West 178th St, mtg $1,500, Aug. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, e s, 99.11 ft n of former 183d St, closed, 150x129.11, P. M. Aug. 18; Max Taigman to Abr. B. Meyer, 11 West 81st St, due Aug. 1, 1927, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lachman & G., 35 Nassau St..$50,000

AV B, 181, e s, 68.11 ft n of 11th St, 17.2x71, Aug. 11; David Zebrowitz to Samuel Zebrowitz, 201 West 123d St, due Sept. 1, 1921, prior mtg $8,500; attorney, Edmund G. Joseph, 1,834 Broadway..$5,000

EAST BROADWAY, n w cor Rutgers St, 25x45.7, P. M. July 31; Rutgers Square Realties to Godsol Realties Corp., 200 West 96th St, 5 yrs; attorney, Louis J. Rosett, 198 Broadway $39,000

SAME PROPERTY, P. M. July 31; Same to same, installs, $375 qrtly, 6 p. c., prior mtg $39,000; attorney, same..............$6,000

MORNINGSIDE AV, East, s e cor 123d St, 100.11x100, P. M., Aug. 15; College Holding Co., to William H. and Elwood S. Bartlett, Atlantic City, N. J., 10 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $154,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$66,000

5TH AV, n e cor 72d St, 172x62.2x irreg, trust mtg and bldg loan, Aug. 15; 910 5th Av. Corpn. to Simon W. Straus, 3 East 69th St, trustee for bondholders, due Aug. 15, 1931, 6 p. c.; attorneys, S. W. Straus & Co., 149 Broadway, gold bonds..........$2,000,000

39TH ST, 452 West, s s, 25x98.9, Aug. 15; R. M. Corp. to Mid-Manhattan R. and Leasing Corp., 1,737 Broadway, due Feb. 15, 1921, 6 p. c., prior mtg $10,400; attorney, Sigmund Rubin, 299 Broadway.$1,850

113TH ST, n s, 325 ft e of Lenox Av, 18x100.11, Aug. 15; Rebecca Wolfson to Edward T. Kircher, 57 West 113th St, 5 years, prior mtg $6,000; attorney, Felix H. Levy, 128 Broadway $2,500

128TH ST, 79 W, n s, 30x99.11, July 30; Hillmon Realty Corpn. to the State Bank, 376 Grand St., due April 1, 1928, 6 p. c..$5,000

129TH ST, 128 East, s s, 20x99.11, P. M., Aug. 15; William T. Morgan to Peter Eckert, 446 Lenox Av, 2 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $6,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway............$1,000

133D ST, 537-43 West, n s, 100x99.11, Aug. 15 P. M.; Simon Gorman and another to Chartag Realty Co., 17 33d St, Brooklyn, 7 yrs, 6 p. c., prior mtg $71,000; attorneys, Pallister, G. & O'C., 233 Broadway..$31,000

Bronx.

CLAY AV, 1,212, s e corner of 168th St, 34.6x80; Jeanne Sonnenberg to Mary H. Kuehn, 727 N. 25th St, St. Joseph, Mo., prior mtg $19,500, Aug. 19, due Dec. 13, 1920, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.......$11,000

ELLIS AV, 2,132, s s, 27.11x108; Annie Baumbach to Teasdale Realty Co., 529 Courtlandt Av, prior mtg $4,500, Aug. 16, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$1,400

HUGHES AV, 2,126, e s, 16.8x85; John Vileken to Francis J. Mulgannon, Hempstead, L. I., Aug. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,200

HUGHES AV, 2,128, e s, 16.10x85.8; Henry J. Wincor to same, prior mtg $4,000, July 15, due Jan. 15, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorney, same $1,000

PRIVATE RD, leading from public rd, to Clason's Pl, to farm late Edw. H. Ludlow, at line between farm, Edw. H. Ludlow, and land Sacred Heart Academy, contains 35 353-1000 acres; also plot, begins at low water mark on e s bay at mouth of Bronx River, adjoining land now or late Charles Miles, contains 41 15-100 acres; Sound View Land Impt. Ct. to Valcour Realty Co., 20 Vesey St, prior mtg $16,000, July 24, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $20,000

ST. LAWRENCE AV, w s, 50 ft s of Merrill St, 25x100; Harrison W. Phillips to Nellie V. Riley, 1,443 St. Lawrence Av, Aug. 9, 3 yrs, 5 p. c.; attorney, James H. Goggin, 2,806 3d Av..............................$3,900

178TH ST, 230 West, s s, 27.3x98.6; Ferdinand Steinfeld to Peter Ross, 511 East 183d St, prior mtg $1,500, Aug. 15, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,500

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

MADISON AV, 1,738; Jos. Q. Steinam, executor, to Central Savings Bank, 157 4th Av; attorney, Lawyers' Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway $15,000

WEST END AV, w s, 50.2 ft s of 85th St, 20x64; Cornelia W. Hall et al, trustee, to Bowery Savings Bank; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St..........$15,000

WOOSTER ST, 174; 5th St, n s, 267 ft w of Av C, 26.8x97; 90th St, 62-64 East; 96th St, 32 West; 113th St, n s, 250 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x100.11; Manhattan Av, e s, 73.11 ft s of 120th St, 26.11x94.10; People's Trust Co., Trustee Geo. L. Pease, to People's Trust Co., 181 Montague St, Brooklyn, and another, executors Gertrude P. Anderson; attorney, Warren H. Bristol 181 Montague St, Brooklyn; (7 assignments) $1

5TH AV, n e corner of 57th St, 62.3x100; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Central Savings Bank, 100 East 14th St; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $120,000

22D ST, 418 West; Geo. B. Agnew, Trustee, to Trustees of Princeton University, Princeton, N. J.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....................$1

SAME property; same to Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$3,250

22D ST, 418 West; Trustees of Princeton University to same $3,250

35TH ST, 223 West; Peter Fisher to Rose C. Quinn, 762 Union St, Brooklyn.........$1

72D ST, 122 East; Title Guarantee & Trust Co. to Troy Savings Bank, 32 2d St, Troy, N. Y.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $25,000

86TH ST, 138 West; Wm. I. Jacobs to Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

87TH ST, 54 East; Wm. L. Condit et al, trustees, to Greenwich Savings Bank, 246 6th Av; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St $12,000

90TH ST, 206-210 West; National Corp. to H. S. Holding Co., 317 East 3d St; attorney, Lawyers' Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway $20,000

109TH ST, 75 East; Marcus Lndan to Benj. Burrows, 261 West 112th St; attorneys, Borowsky & B., 132 Nassau St....$1

119TH ST, 111 East; Dinah L. Cohen to Benj. Burrows, 261 West 112th St; attorneys, Borowsky & B., 132 Nassau St.....$1

122D ST, 514 West; Clara C. Murray to J. Romaine Brown, 79 Fanshaw Av, Yonkers, N. Y., or 299 Madison Av, New York City. $1

132D ST, 133 West; Mary E. Edmiston to Sol D. Silberstein, 38 West 93th St; attorney, Harry Silberstein, 2,457 8th Av..$6,500

149TH ST, 528 West; Irving G. Gaylord to American Missionary Assoc., 287 4th Av; attorneys, Lyon & Smith, 48 Cedar St..$1

188TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 125x irregular; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to New York Life Insurance Co.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway, two assignments....................$1

Bronx.

ARLINGTON AV, e s, 65 ft s of 230th St, 60x125; Mary M. McKelvey to Estate Isaac G. Johnson A. Coyne at Spuyten Duyvil, N. Y.; attorney, J. J. McKelvey, 43 Cedar St $7,000

ARLINGTON AV, s w corner of 227th St, 240x70x irregular; William H. Sage to John H. Wagner, at 227th St and Arlington Av; attorney same....................$1,000

LYMAN PLACE, 1,360; Guaranteed Mortgage Co. to Joseph Byers, 154 Lowell Av, Newtonville, Mass., trustee; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. $30,000

MAPES AV, 2,048-2,052; Sophie K. Ahrens to Hugo H. Ritterbusch, 107 West 69th St; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

MARION AV, w s, 273.11 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 25x79.7x25x80.4; Louis Lavigne to Bronx Savings Bank, 425 Tremont Av; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $4,000

MORRIS AV, 1,981; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Katharina and Peter Mulvey, 22 Convent Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $6,500

POWELL AV, 2,320; Pauline Hauser to Gottlieb Wieland, 2,147 Gleason Av; attorney, O. A. Deffoa, 3,013 3d Av......$2,000

SAME PROPERTY; Gottlieb Wieland to Otto Raquet, 2,843 Briggs Av; attorney same.. $2,000

WOODYCREST AV, 1,019; John B. Thomas to Anna R. Thomas, 820 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, ½ part; attorneys, Harris, C., M. & S., 165 Broadway $2,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, n e corner of 71st St, 109.5x98x irregular x86, 5 stores and cellars; Transit Realty Co. to Krim Realty Co., 426 West 14th St, from completion of alterations to Jan. 31, 1940; attorney, Benjamin Weiss, 271 Broadway......$35,000 to $47,500

NORFOLK ST, 61, all; Gruenstein & Mayer to Max Zuckerman, on the premises, 5 years from Sept. 1, 1919; attorney, E. Halpern, 140 Nassau St....................$2,400

7TH AV, 1,878, first flat, n s; Adolph Voltter to Henry A. Rafsky, 1,878 7th Av, 5 years and 2 months from Aug. 1, 1919; attorneys, Deutsch & Diamond, 789 Broadway $1,500

11TH AV, 770, store, first floor, and part of cellar; Jacob Peterson to Benjamin Dukal, 241 Henry St, 3 years from Aug. 1, 1919; attorney, Ph. S. Glickman, 299 Broadway.. $780

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

CLAREMONT AV, e s, 175 ft n of 122d St, 150x100x irreg; Beglad Construction Corporation against Excellent Holding Corporation, (action to declare deed void); attorneys, McLaughlin & Stern.

21ST ST, 40 East; John A. Stewart et al., trustees, against Gertrude V. Morgan et al. (foreclosure of mortgage); attorneys, Backman, Menken & Griscom.

Bronx.

LOTS Nos. 98 and 99, Map of Benfield property, located in South Mt. Vernon, now Bronx County; Herman Hagenbuchle against Stephen J. Stilwell et al., (foreclosure of mortgage); attorney, F. P. Trautmann.

236TH ST, 259-261 East; Clement H. Smith against Louisa Renz, (action to enforce lien); attorney, H. C. Kelly.

BUILDING CONTRACTS.

Manhattan.

5TH AV, n e cor of 72d St, 62.2x172x irreg; S. W. Straus & Co., Inc., loans 910 Fifth Avenue Corporation, (to erect a twelve-story apartment building, 2 payments,) $2,000,000.

51ST ST, n s, 400 ft w of 5th Av, 33.4x100.5; City Mortgage Company loans Beadleston Realty Corporation, (to erect a 6-story apartment hotel, 8 payments,) $105,000.

MECHANIC'S LIENS.

Manhattan.

2D AV, 155; Morris Cohn against John Palmieri, owner; Hyman Bursky, contractor $740

102D ST, 343 East; Charles O. Riker against Otto Volkening, owner; Joseph Roth, contractor $395

137TH ST, s e corner of Lenox Av, 410x199.10; John Feldman against Harlem Hospital, owner; R. Pratt, contractor......$180

SATISFIED MECHANIC'S LIENS.

Manhattan.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 414; F. Barns against Leopold Weiss; May 23, 1919, cancelled. $416.75

3D AV, 934; Edward J. Keller against Margaret Murphy et al; June 25, 1919.$154.22

43D ST, 251 East; same against same; June 25, 1919....................$63.69

56TH ST, 163 East; same against same; June 25, 1919....................$13.93

117TH ST, 306 West; Isaac Hoffman et al against Dorothy S. Rennard et al; Aug. 1, 1918, cancelled....................$274.73

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage—Money

In Large Amounts for Manhattan Properties

5%

Existing Mortgages Taken by Assignment

ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc.
Mortgage Department
14 Wall St. Tel. Rector 4090.

MORTGAGE MONEY
BUILDING AND PERMANENT LOANS
SLAWSON & HOBBS
162 WEST 72ND STREET, NEW YORK.

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE

Presbyterian Church property, So. 6th Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Located in good commercial section and labor market. Church structure of substantial design; can be readily converted for commercial purposes. 650 ft. from N. Y., N. H. & H. Main Line Station and ½ block from main trolley system of both Mt. Vernon and New York. Plot 200x105. For further particulars apply to J. S. Doyle, c/o I. R. T. Co., 98th St. and 3rd Ave., New York City. Telephone Lenox 6493.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Broadway Corner Apartment
HOUSE

on a Square in a rapidly improving neighborhood. Present rentals very low. Satisfied tenants. This property is being offered to investors only. Owner retiring from real estate operating.

H 278 Times

FOR SALE.

3 Story and Basement Dwelling
Madison Ave., bet. 91st & 92d Sts.
Reasonable Terms—$17,500.
3 Story and Basement Dwelling
79th Street near Lexington Ave.
Reasonable Terms—$30,000.
DUFF & CONGER, Inc., Madison Avenue, Cor. 86th St.

RESIDENCE BARGAIN

Five story granite front, every modern improvement, five baths, extra toilets, elevator, excellent condition, 52nd St., near Fifth Ave. For particulars Telephone Murray Hill 7528.

FOR RENT

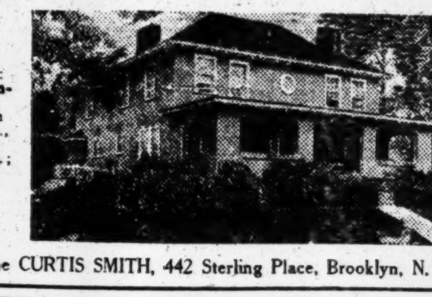
4 STORY DWELLING, 33 FEET WIDE. 15 rooms and 3 baths; Madison Av., near 79th St.; now being renovated.
DUFF & CONGER, Inc., Madison Avenue, Cor. 86th St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Brooklyn Water Frontage
24 acres on Jamaica Bay. Bargain.
Jamaica South, 23 Acres
2,000 feet frontage on Rockaway Turnpike for sale or exchange. Brokers protected. Owner, Jos. Rohrer, 119 West 42d.

MORTGAGE $6,000. ONLY $4,000 ON EASY TERMS TO PAY.

RIPARIAN RIGHTS ON TWO PICTURESQUE LAKES. A FEW DOLLARS DOWN AND THE RENT YOU WILL PAY FOR THE COMING FEW YEARS WILL BUY THIS HOME FOR YOU.



On beautiful lawn plot 100 ft. by 214 ft.; many fine old oaks, flowers and shrubs; aristocratic surroundings and neighbors; only a few minutes' walk to express station of D., L. & W., 47 minutes on train to N. Y C.; now ready for occupancy; luxuriously fitted with every modern convenience.

10 big rooms, 2 huge open fireplaces, 6 large bedrooms, 2 tiled baths; all handsomely finished in parquet floors, white enamel and chestnut trim; very conveniently located as to markets, schools, churches and several country clubs nearby; nine hundred feet elevation; sparkling, pure artesian water. Ideal for Summer and Winter.

Write or phone CURTIS SMITH, 442 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. 9887 Prospect.

Floor Space

From 3,000 to 5,000 square feet wanted by manufacturer, between 33d and 51st Streets and between 5th and 9th Avenues. Address A 850 Times Annex.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

1 & 2 Family Houses
READY—TODAY—BROOKLYN

The wise ones are looking around for a home today.

New York City is short some 40,000 homes and apartments.

DON'T WAIT UNTIL FALL. There will be a panic then among home buyers.

Send for our Brooklyn list—Today.

REALTY TRUST
217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AT RICHMOND HILL
A Real Home for Sale Cheap.

House consisting of ten rooms and bath, on large plot in choice location adjoining Kew Gardens, and convenient to that station; fine garage, shrubbery; roomy; porches; modern conveniences, and in fine condition; ready for immediate occupancy; the price, $13,500, is very low, and the terms are reasonable. Address or phone,

H. R. WILLIAMS & SON,
11,406 Jamaica Av., Richmond Hill, L. I.
Phone 156 Richmond Hill.
Not open Saturday after 12 M. or Sunday.

Forest Hills Gardens

15 Minutes from Penna. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots for Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 W. 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Exceptional Opportunities at

WHITE PLAINS

For Builders or Individuals

80 lots, 50x150 and larger, with all improvements, from 5 to 10 minutes' walk from Harlem Division station; high ground, good location; can be bought at remarkably low prices on easy terms. Can arrange building loans. For further particulars apply

527 5th av New York. Fish & Marvin Scarsdale, New York.

AT LAKE MAHOPAC

California bungalows, situated in most beautiful section, near New York; permanent water rights. Only 1 hour and 50 minutes from N. Y. If you are looking for a bungalow where you can have all conveniences this is the place; easy terms.

Mahopac Point Corp., 1 Madison Av
Telephone Gramercy—2377.

NEW ROCHELLE.

In beautiful Rochelle Heights. Modern stucco and frame country home, 11 rooms, 2 baths, gas, electricity, hot water heat, large veranda and sleeping porches. Beautiful, well-shaded grounds.
PRICE $16,000. VERY CHEAP.
Leslie P. Harris 9 North Ave. Tel. 1186. New Rochelle, N. Y.

NEW ROCHELLE
MODERN HOUSE....$11,500

Eight rooms and bath; plot 60x140; hot water heat, electricity; two-car garage; in restricted park; ten minutes from station.
H. B. DOWNEY, 211 Huguenot St. Tel. 1807.

HILLSIDE AVENUE,
MT. VERNON.

2½ story dwelling, close to Columbus Av. station; house in excellent condition; will be sold cheap to quick buyer.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

HANDSOME NEW STUCCO HOME

Living room, fireplace; four master bedrooms; two tile baths; steam, electricity; parquet floors; large plot; garage; restricted community; $17,500. McClellan & Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kensington

NEW homes of distinction, nearing completion, at Great Neck, L. I. One ready for occupancy August 15th, others Sept. 1st. Send for plans and full particulars. Prices $25,000 up.

Attractive offerings along the North Shore of Long Island.

Finlay Realty Company
Phone 5921 Greeley. 1 West 34th St.

Immediate Possession
VACANT NOW.

Out of town owner will sacrifice splendid new detached cottage, on 40 feet of grounds; 7 beautiful living rooms, bath and laundry; electricity; parquet floors; situated in the most beautiful section of Flushing; convenient to school and all car lines; no assessments.
PRICE, $8,800. CASH, $1,000.
H. J. CALLISTER,
4,521 5TH AV., BROOKLYN.
Telephone Sunset 8366.

IDEAL COUNTRY ESTATE
Within 30 Miles of New York.

In the most prominent section of Nassau County, consisting of about 125 acres of fertile land, large, old-fashioned, well-built house, in excellent repair, standing on imposing elevation, commanding one of the finest views on Long Island; situated on macadam road, within 3 miles of express Long Island Railroad station.

For sale—price $80,000—on liberal terms.
Apply Box 468, Westbury, Long Island, N. Y.

SPECIALISTS in NORTH SHORE OF LONG ISLAND PROPERTIES
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

Mr. Automobilist, Attention!

Spend your week ends, holidays and vacation in the country next to nature. Offer acre high land, fine trees, 3 room bungalow, porch, outbuildings; good section, hour out; $1,250 entire cost. Particulars,
DANIEL M. GERARD, 1,270 B'way, N. Y.

Moving Picture Studio
IN LONG ISLAND CITY

For Sale, fully and completely equipped, and ready for immediate use.
Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N.Y.

FREEPORT.

6 rooms and bath; steam heat; 50x125; $4,000, $1,000 cash. Right on trolley, close to bay. E. J. CARROLL, 34 South Grove St., Freeport, L. I. Phone 978. Open Sundays.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forced to Sell
MY NEW HOME.

Changes in my business plans force me to sell this week, at a fraction of its real value, my beautiful new eight room home, finished this month, complete in every detail, on plot 100x160. This house is unusual in many respects. It is in real country, near city, and overlooks large mountains and lakes, yet within commuting distance of New York City; express service. See this and compare it with any house anywhere. Price $8,000. Mortgage $5,000. T. J., Box 228 Times Downtown.

OWN YOUR HOME $3900
Roselle Bungalows

now building; six large rooms, tiled bath, oak floors, chestnut trim; gas and electric, heat, gas range; ready to move in Oct. 1st. $500 down, $35 monthly on balance includes interest. ACT NOW.
J. Schwartz, 78 Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SHIPPAN POINT, STAMFORD

Attractive house of 8 rooms, 2 baths, hardwood floors, electric light, telephone, &c.; garage with chauffeur's rooms and bath; beautiful grounds; cement walks, plenty shrubbery; real sacrifice. Apply owner, on premises, E. B. Reynolds, Auldwood Road, Shippan Point, Stamford, Conn.

MISCELLANEOUS—For Sale or To Let.

Virginia and Maryland
Farms and Country Estates for Sale

Send for our catalogue.
Also many large tracts throughout the South. Cotton, grazing, timber.

John W. Thompson & Co.
Incorporated
728-732 Fifteenth St. N.W.
Washington, D. C.

COUNTRY HOUSES WANTED.

HOUSE WANTED IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

To rent with prospect of buying, furnished or unfurnished, a modern house with about nine rooms, within one hour of Grand Central.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

50,000 SQUARE FEET FOR ONE TENANT
Possession February 1, 1920
30-32 West 13th Street

Six story and basement building; excellent condition; sprinkler system; high pressure plant; elevator; floor capacity 200 pounds per square foot.

Can be had under long term lease.

SPEAR AND COMPANY
840 Broadway New York
Stuyvesant 627.

STORE, BASEMENT and 1ST LOFT

Six Story Building.
66 ft. x 86 ft.
Immediate Possession
141-145 WEST 17TH ST.
Two Electric Elevators; Steam Heat; Well Lighted
WM. I. ROSENFELD, Owner,
1 Maiden Lane. Cortlandt—2627.

OFFICE SPACE
4,000 SQUARE FEET
Immediate possession
Grand Central Terminal Section
Principals Only
BRETT & GOODE CO.
582 Fifth Ave. Bryant 695

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

BUSINESS PROPERTY WANTED

We have several responsible clients who are desirous of securing business space in the Metropolitan district. The requirements range from 5,000 to 250,000 square feet. Office, loft or factory and warehouse properties.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 30 East 42nd St.

WAREHOUSE SPACE WANTED

Will purchase or lease up to one million square feet. Fireproof buildings. Floor 250 lbs. Cost not to exceed 35c per square foot.
Frank L. Fisher Co., 30 East 42d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

1229 PARK AVE.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 96TH ST.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
7 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $1,500 AND $1,700.
ONE 8-ROOM CORNER APT., $2,000.
A. Brandstein, 133 East 118th. Harlem 1518.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$25,000, first mortgage; corner, near 149th; exceptional bond security. Schaefer, 763 Courtlandt Av.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Five-story new law avenue corner apartment, 3, 4 and 5 rooms, with stores on ground floor; unusually well built; near subway station; will net 20 per cent. on $25,000 cash investment; a decided bargain.
Frank L. Fisher Co., 30 East 42d Street.

5½ story.—4 stores; 14-room tenement; 47th St., 8th-9th Avs. Owner Lowensohn, 449 West 124th St.

Apartment houses and loft buildings to lease on long term; show large returns. E. Browning, 110 West 40th St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

SPECULATORS' ATTENTION.
Six two-family brick, 11 rooms, 2 baths, bay windows, two furnaces, stone stoop; fine location; will sell all or singly; $5,300 each; terms.
WILLIAMSON, 6,317 18TH AV.,
OPPOSITE SEA BEACH STATION.

Garage property, East New York section; lease for ten years, $3,000 yearly income; price reasonable; suitable terms arranged. Enterprise Exchange, 1,451 Broadway, Manhattan.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

OVERLOOKING THE SOUND.
Semi-bungalow, eight rooms and bath; large plot, garage, sewer, water, gas and electricity; twenty-seven minutes from Penn. Station; forty-four trains daily; $1,500 cash, balance easy terms, Stephenson, 161 West 34th St. Greeley 3282.

At Flushing.—Beautiful corner plot at sacrifice price; all improvements; best section. R. L. Paris, 141 West 36th St., New York.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Want to buy or rent house on west side. E 232 Times.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE AT LAKE MAHOPAC
bungalows consisting of 7 bedrooms, 2 baths, kitchen, living room, closed porch, electric light, running water, open fireplaces, steam heat. Apply S. Frollock, 1 Madison Av. Tel. Gramercy 2577.

For Sale.—Westchester County estate of 178 acres; modern residence, sanitary barns, profitable orchard; land high and fertile; terms easy. J. M. Reid, Granite Springs, N. Y.

26 acres at Mount Kisco, overlooking Croton Lake; no buildings; fine site for a country home or institution. A. A. Schopp, 53 2d Av., New York.

White Plains.—14-room house, all modern improvements; price $12,000; land extra; rent $1,800. Ely J. Rieser, 28th St. and 1st Av., New York.

LARCHMONT'S BEST HOME
proposition; $1,000 cash, balance like rent. M. S. Keller, 131 West 39th. Bryant 1251.

Long Island.

Desirable new two-story frame dwelling, nine rooms and three baths, every modern convenience; plot 70x120; minute's walk Woodmere, L. I. R. R. station; 35 minutes from New York, electric train; possession Oct. 1; also several choice Woodmere home sites.
M. MORGENTHAU, JR., CO.,
206 Broadway. New York.

Apartment House up-to-date for sale; 5 minutes from L station Long Island City; 12 families; rents for over $4,000 a year; will be sold at a bargain to settle estate. Address Executor, 131 East 42d St., Manhattan.

For Sale, 5-story, in a good neighborhood, 2 blocks from "L" and subway station; income now $6,300; low rent; can be raised; price $42,000; this is the best bargain in town; the reason is, owner must go abroad. Massimino, 11 West 177th St.

$500 cash buys 6 room, 2 bath, house, all improvements, hot water heat; balance of $4,000 same as rent; act quick; at Port Washington, L. I. R. S. Baker, Tel. 367 Port Washington.

For Sale.—Five lots, Nassau Manor allotment, Long Island; Block 12, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. Price $550. Ira E. Grubb, 73 Aberdeen St., Akron, Ohio.

PORT WASHINGTON ESTATES,
on Manhasset Bay; all improvements; fine trees; plot 100x150; price $2,000. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SUBURBAN STUDIO HOME.
Will sacrifice new, artistic cottage, on $2,800, on easy terms, almost like rent, buys it; balance of $5,000 can remain on mortgage; has 8 large rooms, tiled bath, splendid studio 25 ft x 35 ft., with fine northern light, steam heat, parquet floors, electric light, running water; every convenience; beautifully situated, on plot 100x165 ft; fine garden, shrubs and flowers in profusion; close to pretty lake stocked with fish; select, congenial neighbors, good markets, school and churches near; this is a chance of a lifetime to obtain a home at fraction of real worth; could not be duplicated at less than $9,500; ideal commutation to New York City. Address THE OWNER, Box 95 Times Downtown.

Prettiest spot in Bergen County, near Westwood; country estate and farm, 29¼ acres, 14 miles from Fort Lee ferry; 9-room house, inclosed porch, all improvements, barn, stable, chicken house; forty-gallon-per-minute spring that feeds a little lake, with possibility of two-acre lake at little expense; price $14,000. Apply owner, Canzoneri, 200 West 72d St., Room 25; telephone Columbus 5416.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—New 7-room craftsman home, sleeping porch, tile bath, open fireplace, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, steam heat, gas, electricity; all improvements; near station, schools, churches; superior neighborhood; 28 minutes N. Y. City; 8c commutation; $1,000 cash; balance on terms. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Telephone John 5047.

Leonia.—Eight new houses, ready for occupancy; price $6,500 to $10,000, cash $500 to $2,500; also real bargains in used houses. LEONIA HOMES REALTY CO.

Big plot at Westfield, fully improved, cheap. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

At Westfield.—412 lots, cheap; developed section, H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Factories for sale or to let, and built on easy terms. Walter Baker Co., 756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

One to ten acres at $600. Donovan, Park Ridge, N. J.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

Residential estate, with picturesque stream and valuable water power on line of coal railway, with chance of industrial and real estate speculation; 160 acres; unusually well built house, in valley 550 feet above tide, between Del. Water Gap and the Poconos, about three miles from Stroudsburg, Penn. Address T. Dunkin Paret, care Miss Blanche Carmer, 901 Main St., Stroudsburg, Penn.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan.

Attention! If you are looking for a private residence on the west side, see my 3-story and basement dwelling, all improvements; sacrifice price, easy terms; must sell. B 690 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Private dwelling, 313 Convent Av., at 143d St.; 11 rooms, 2 baths. Very desirable; private residential section of Washington Heights; price $16,000.

Brooklyn.

Borough Park.—Fine section; fifteen room detached two family frame cottage, 40 by 100; two car garage; $11,500. B 788 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

The Osborne
N. W. Cor. 57th St. & 7th Av.

Apartments of eight or more large, light rooms, with two or more baths. High ceilings. Several Duplex Apartments.
FIREPROOF BUILDING.
Apply to
AGENT ON PREMISES
Telephone: Circle 5420.

WILBRAHAM, N. W. Corner 5th Ave., at 30th St.—Choice Apartments, two rooms and bath each; rent $75.00 and $90.00 per month, including maid's services. Superintendent on premises, or FRED'K FOX & CO., Inc., 14 West 40th St. 540 Vanderbilt.

APARTMENTS TO RENT.
171 W. 80TH ST.

Two and three rooms and baths; parquet floors, electric lights, shower baths, etc. Building recently remodelled. Ready Sept. 1. ALL LIGHT ROOMS. Rent $75 up. Inquire on premises.

B'way, cor. 69th St.
Spencer Arms
2, 3, 4 Room
Restaurant
MAID SERVICE FREE.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Westchester County.

Flushing.—A perfect little Colonial home, 8 rooms and bath; large open fireplace in living room; large front porch and tea porch; 10 minutes' walk to station, 2 minutes to trolley; value $12,000; will sell for $9,500, $2,500 cash. Rex Lee Paris, 141 West 36th St., New York. Telephone Flushing 768.

Houses rent, completely and handsomely furnished, exclusive neighborhoods; splendid view; garage; large grounds. L. Birdsall, Tarrytown, N. Y.

Long Island.

PLANDOME, L. I.
I will sell my 10-room, hollow tile residence for $17,000; occupancy Oct. 1. Stewart Hemingway, 50 East 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 8862.

New Dutch Colonial, suburban home, under construction; 6-rooms and bath; at electric station; 40 minutes' out; restricted residential neighborhood; $7,000; terms; unusual opportunity. Address M. H., 147 Times.

Wanted for one year small, comfortably furnished house on Long Island (preferably North Shore) within one hour downtown. Write C 667 Times Downtown.

All-year home, actual waterfront; 30 minutes; best section; rent or sell; available. H 294 Times.

New Jersey.

For six or nine months 8 large rooms, large attic, all improvements, hot water heat, large lawns inclosed by shrubbery; grand view overlooking country; 45 minutes from New York, 8 minutes' walk from station; garage for two cars; garden and use of 35 chickens if desired. Address Owner, Room 174, 50 Church St., N. Y. Phone 7940 Cortlandt.

Unusually well-built house, large living room, dining room, pantry, kitchen, four bedrooms, bath, hardwood trim, oak floors, beam ceilings, shades, copper screens, steam heat, shade, fruit, 8 minutes' walk to depot, $7,500. Apply 39 North Pleasant Av., Ridgewood, N. J. Phone 1460.

Forest Hill, Newark, corner, 50 by 100, restricted, guaranteed title; nine rooms, laundry and servants' bath; garage; newly, completely furnished, modern; owner going abroad; $15,000; terms approved parties. C 684 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Private brick 2-story and cellar house, convenient to all lines of cars; 6 rooms and bath; A1 condition. A. O. W., 61 Park St., Jersey City, N. J. No agents.

East Orange, N. J.—14-room house, 3 baths; restricted residential district; necessary to sell at once. Phone Montgomery 491, or write Attorney John J. Lenehan, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

Lakewood, (Pines.)—Pretty cottage, secluded, modernized, 2 baths, electricity; artesian water; furnished; air splendid for asthma, &c. Dr. Mendes, River Av., Lakewood, N. J.

Fort Lee.—Beautiful Italian villa, 11 rooms, 2 baths, gas, electricity, steam heat; 65x100; corner; $10,500; worth $15,000; cash $2,000; terms to suit. Ross, 154 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 8806.

Nearly new house, 6 good-sized rooms and bath; steam heat; 7 minutes' walk depot; lot 50 by 350; $4,000. Apply 89 North Pleasant Av., Ridgewood, N. J. Phone 1460.

At Wyckoff, N. J., two-family house, one floor rented; all improvements; 5 minutes' walk to station; garage; lot 75x300. K 997 Times Harlem.

At Ridgewood, N. J., 10-room house, all improvements; 5 minutes from station; garage; lot 90x200; easy terms; possession May 1. K 996 Times Harlem.

Do you need a home? We have it at Westfield, the wonderful town; $4,200 up. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Seven rooms, six miles New York; $6,000; terms; modern conveniences. E 235 Times.

Connecticut.

For Rent.—Small stucco furnished house at Old Lyme, Conn.; suitable for all-year occupancy; modern conveniences; hot air furnace, fireplace, running water, electricity, garage. Address E. P. Trowbridge, New Haven, Conn.

Miscellaneous.

8-room house, $50, Mt. Vernon, 225 Franklin Av.; $35, Dumont, Seneca Av.; $35, Paterson, 519 E. 39th St.; $75, Leonia, 188 Central Av.; Wood Ridge, 43 First St.; Morsemere, Harriet Av.; Cliffside, 5th and Walker Sts., 4 apartments, $20 each. Ackerman, 187 Greenwich.

Country Houses Wanted.

Wanted to rent 8 to 10 room modern house, not more than 50 minutes from New York City; rent to range from $720 to $1,200 per annum. Address B. C., Room 414, 50 East 42d St., New York City.

Want to rent a house, 7-9 rooms, in Westchester County or Connecticut; commuting distance New York; unfurnished; modern; from Sept. 1 to May 1 or longer; privilege buying. F 161 Times.

Small house wanted at Forest Hills Gardens or Kew; brick preferred. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row. 2596 Beekman.

Four adults desire renting in Mt. Vernon, apartment or house; detached preferred; good location; moderate rental. F 145 Times.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

Long Beach, West End.—Six-room bungalow for September; all conveniences. Wilson, Room 419, 34 Nassau St., Manhattan.

Summer Homes Wanted—Furnished.

Refined Gentile family requires furnished cottage on nearby beach for immediate occupancy. Address 145 Park St., Montclair, N. J., or better telephone Montclair 3407.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SOUTHWEST CORNER
CENTRE AND WALKER STREETS.
8 STORY, MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING
STORE, BASEMENT AND 2 FLOORS.
42,000 FEET OFFICE SPACE.
11,000 FEET TO EACH FLOOR.
S. H. STONE, AGENT,
135 BROADWAY,
OR ANY BROKER.

For Sale or on 10-Year Lease.—Six-story, fireproof brick garage, 50x100 feet, 6-ton Otis elevator, built 1910; ready for occupancy May 1, 1920; situated on west side, between 42d and 59th Sts.; good security required; net lease preferred, tenant paying taxes and insurance. Address all communications to Box A 761 Times Downtown.

For rent in the Broadway Theatre, Long Branch, N. J., a store, 15x70 feet deep, suitable for shoe-shining and hat-cleaning, barber shop, cafeteria restaurant, jewelry store, bakery or laundry; rental, $50 per month; no more and no less; will give five-year lease. Apply James Green, Broadway Theatre, Long Branch, N. J.

ATTENTION, CATERERS!
Dining room for rent in high-class apartment hotel; entrance on 2 streets; moderate rental; wonderful opportunity: call mornings, 10 to 1. Mr. Fields, 340 West 57th.

Newark, N. J.—7,000 sq. ft. (heat and power) in modern loft building, southeast corner New Jersey R. R. Av. and Hamilton St. Walter Baker Co., 756 Broad St., Newark.

For Rent or Sale—Three-story and basement stable, 33 Morton St.; 40 stalls. Jerome C. Cook, 14 West 40th St. Telephone Vanderbilt 540.

Excellent light loft to let for light manufacturing and stock room in church goods and drug district. Call Empire Co., 71 Barclay St.

Fine manufacturing building located at Lawrence, L. I.; 39 feet by 100 feet; two stores and basement. Located, 802 Times Downtown.

Storage space, 534 East 20th St., 2d and 3d floors; elevator; 33-184; no manufacturing. Apply Estate John U. Brookman, 165 B'way.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Lofts to let. 245 West Broadway, size 20x100; hoist, manufacturing permitted. Cross & Brown Co., 438 Broadway. Tel. Canal 9290.

To Sublet.—Beautiful office, 2 large rooms, Fitzgerald Bldg., B'way and 43d St. Low rent. Weiss, 1,482 B'way.

Store, 23x90, next to corner 116th, on 7th Av., suitable for restaurant. Apply premises or phone Morningside 3507.

Third Av., near 86th, 25x100; good condition, ideal location for any business. Charles Steyer, 1,464 3d Av., New York City.

Brooklyn Factory for sale.—Can give possession of 10,000 feet. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Desk room for rent, 29 Broadway; $15 monthly. Telephone Burkhard, Whitehall 367.

Office, sublet, about 400 sq. ft., financial district, furnished; high class. B 712 Times Downtown.

Office and desk room, suite facing Bryant Park. Room 305, 47 West 42d.

55th St., 243 West, (near Broadway.)—2,500 square feet, lofts; modern building.

Two well lighted lofts, 35x65. Greenwich St. Kennelly, Barclay 8956.

Desk Room—Excellent light; will divide. 12 John St., Room 86.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

200 to 300 square feet in office building for showroom, between 20th and 40th Sts., Lexington and 7th Avs.; lease. B 150 Times.

Will buy business property which can be bought on easy terms. Address Principals, Box 26, 125 East 34th.

DESK SPACE WANTED, NEAR CORTLANDT ST. B 780 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Small private office, desk, telephone; silk piece goods. Box S P, 1,358 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

29TH, 35 EAST.—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; electricity; every convenience; reference.

30TH ST., corner Lexington Av., (163.)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, 2 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished, $20 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

34TH ST., 145 EAST.—Handsomely furnished suite, two outside rooms, bath, kitchenette; southern exposure; hardwood floors, open fireplace; subway; $110; call 7 to 9 P. M. Empey.

50TH ST., 10 EAST.—Elegantly furnished two rooms, bath; suitable 2 bachelors; reference; seen between 3 and 6 P. M. Chalmer.

50S.—Magnificently furnished 7 room apartment; 2 master's, 2 maids'; yearly lease. Plaza 7269.

40 EAST 51ST ST.
Attractively furnished one, two, three room apartments by month or year; meals.

50S, EAST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; year's lease; $250 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

93D ST., cor. Madison Av.—Apartment hotel; corner suite, 2 rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; $50 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
East, west side; long, short leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished, two and three rooms and bath, $17.50 weekly up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St., or Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St.

CHARMING 9 rooms, 2 baths; duplex, 9th floor; exclusive house. Plaza 4252.

DOCTOR'S APARTMENT.
We have two houses under construction, Murray Hill district and East 72d St., occupancy Oct. 1; doctors may make own specifications for ground floor apartments now. Apartment Headquarters, 5th Floor, 507 5th Av. Murray Hill 5022.

FIFTH, PARK, MADISON, WEST END AND CENTRAL PARK WEST.
EXCLUSIVE MODERN BUILDINGS.
OCTOBER OR IMMEDIATE RENTAL.
R. DE FLOREZ & CO., 402 Madison Av.
Tel. 2890 Murray Hill. Vanderbilt 7034.

MRS. WILSON'S
HOME RENTING COMPANY,
TEL. PLAZA 6585. 444 PARK AV.
EXCLUSIVE APARTMENTS.
FURNISHED. UNFURNISHED.

SELECT FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Stanley S. Wooley, 665 5th Av. Plaza 2674.

SEPTEMBER 1 OCCUPANCY.
Seven-room and bath apartment, Madison and 87th St.; rent, $950 year; will sell lease for $200 cash. Apartment Headquarters, 507 5th Av.

TWO LARGE ROOMS, bath, kitchenette, furnished, unfurnished; exclusive apartment house. Plaza 4252.

Furnished—West Side.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom, and bath; $21 per week up; full hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

50S, (near 5th Av.)—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; $100. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

55TH ST., (cor. 7th Av., The Regal.)—Modern elevator apartment house; newly furnished; hotel service; 1 and 2 rooms and bath; $65 to $150; references required.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)—Two rooms and bath; special weekly rates; full hotel service.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Lovely little housekeeping apartment atop beautiful Rodin Studios; maid service; refrigeration; $175 month. Manager. 8560 Circle.

57TH ST., 340 WEST, (near Broadway.)—The Clintonia, a modern elevator apartment house, newly furnished; hotel service; two-three rooms and bath, $18 weekly up; references required.

69TH, 3 WEST.—Elegantly furnished bachelor apartments; two rooms, dressing room and bath; maid service; meals optional; rents $100 to $200 per month.

69TH, 245 WEST, (the New West End.)—1, 2, 3-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; latest improvements; complete housekeeping; $45 up.

71ST ST., 10 WEST.—Large studio, bedroom and bath; highest class; owner's residence; maid service; breakfast optional; unusual. S 223 Times.

73D ST., 126 WEST. (Hotel Nobleton.)—Several beautifully furnished 2-room suites with bath; moderate weekly and monthly rates. Suites, $90 monthly and up.

74TH, 45 WEST.—TWO LARGE, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED ROOMS; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, SHOWER, ELECTRICITY, SEPARATE KITCHEN; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; DISHES, LINEN, SILVER; REASONABLE.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Two room suites; nice kitchens; sunny; all conveniences.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Apartment to let, comfortably furnished; high-class apartment, seven rooms; term of three months, $200 per month. Call at Apartment 43.

78TH, 134 WEST.—Attractive large three-room apartment, private bath.

80S, WEST.—Handsome furnished apartment, six rooms, bath; piano; year's lease; $165. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

90S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, four rooms, bath, from October; year's lease; $135. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

90'S, (near Drive.)—6 rooms, 5th floor; $150; yearly lease. Columbus 1277.

91ST ST, 27 WEST.—High class furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath; maid service; $85.

98TH ST, 309-311 WEST, (Hotel Schuyler Arms.)—Subway to 96th, two blocks up and one block west; leases are not required, but references are; newly furnished suites of two, three, four, five, and six rooms, from $75 to $180 a month, with or without kitchens; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included, in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; refinement of quality.

104TH, 304 WEST.—2 rooms, elegantly furnished, in excellent location, convenient to bus and subway; near Riverside Drive; equipped with all modern improvements; apply on premises. Academy 3199, or office, 215 Manhattan Av. 1647 Academy.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Seven rooms and bath, handsomely furnished; all light; linen and silver; long lease. Clark.

109TH, 107 WEST.—Capitol, Academy 1611, 215 Manhattan Av., Alcazar, Academy 1710, 2 to 6 rooms, completely furnished; elevator, non-elevator; $50 and up monthly. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av., Academy 1647. Open Sundays and evenings.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Artistically furnished two rooms, kitchenette, adjoining bath; southern exposure; front, private apartment. Weber, Apt. 1-A.

120TH, 414 WEST.—For September, four-room furnished apartment; near Columbia. James.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Attractively furnished four and five rooms; immediate possession; year's lease only. Mrs. Finch.

124TH, 510 WEST.—Front elevator apartment; six rooms, outside; year's lease. Weber.

130S, WEST.—Handsome elevator apartment, six rooms, bath, from October; year's lease; $120. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

140S, (near Riverside Drive.)—High-class elevator apartment, four rooms, bath; handsomely furnished; $125. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

156TH ST., (corner, facing Riverside Drive.)—For sublet, attractive furnished apartment, five rooms and bath, Sept. 1st to April 1st; rental $150 per month; references required. Phone Audubon 5756.

2, 3, 4, 5, 6 ROOMS.
A number of unusually artistic and comfortably furnished apartments, complete in every detail, for housekeeping and some ready for immediate leasing; high-class elevator building. 517 West 113th. Cathedral 7380.

ATTRACTIVE apartments with hotel conveniences; inspection invited.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
110th St., bet. Amsterdam & Columbus Avs.
Excellent locality to stop during the Summer or while looking for permanent apartments; fully furnished apartments rented monthly.
1 room with kitchenette and bath, from $40 up.
2 rooms with kitchenette & bath, from $55 up.
3 rooms with kitchenette & bath, from $70 up.
Telephone Academy 613 for further information; linen and maid service, if desired; two blocks east of Broadway subway, near 6th and 9th Av. L; 5th Av. bus lines stop at door; reference essential.
Weekly rentals at special rates.

APTS. OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS.
Two and three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $60 a month and up; comfortably furnished; telephone, elevator service; maid service optional; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential.
THE WILSONIA,
223-229 WEST 69TH ST.

APARTMENTS.—CHOICE LOCALITIES.
Handsomely furnished; long, short leases.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
347 Madison Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Columbus 836.

APARTMENT Seeking Simplified.—For long and short leases furnished consult Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT.—Your ideal furnished apartment is positively listed with us; bargains from $75 to $350. Pierre & Frost, 220 West 42d St. Bryant 343.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

APARTMENT, furnished; seven outside rooms; family of adults; reliable references required; $75. Tel. Yonkers 3635.

ATTRACTIVE five room apartment, furnished for housekeeping; Aug. 20-Oct. 1, $100. Cathedral 7890. Apt. 8.

BROADWAY, (55th St.)—Beautiful six-room modern elevator apartment to sublet, Sept. 1 to May; completely furnished; baby grand piano, linen, etc.; $200 monthly. Telephone 6488 Circle.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

CLAREMONT AV., 180.—Beautiful furnished 5-room apartment; everything supplied; elevator; victrola; $125 per month. Apply Mr. Baker, Morningside 4773. Convenient to Columbia University.

EDGECOMBE AV., 68, (Corner 138th.)—Five room corner apartment; complete for housekeeping; very richly furnished; all modern improvements; facing park; bus passes door, or 6th and 9th Av. "L"; will suit the most particular. Apply Leon Sobel, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS & HOUSES TO LET, ALL SECTIONS.
APARTMENT HEADQUARTERS,
507 FIFTH AV.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Five charming rooms, artistically furnished; about 3 months. Cathedral 10055.

THREE AND FOUR ROOM furnished apartments to respectable parties; $70 and $80 per month. Inquire Office, 110 West 89th.

WEST END AV.—8 room, 3 baths; handsomely furnished; $300. Columbus 1278.

Furnished—Westchester County.

6 rooms, $70; near station; upper floor, 2 family house. Bronxville 1419 W.

Unfurnished—East Side.

36TH ST., 163 EAST.—Exclusive Murray Hill; New building, elevator, studio apartments, 1, 2 and 3 rooms and bath, kitchenettes, open fireplaces, roof gardens; $1,350 to $2,500; one doctor's apartment; ready Oct. 1. Apply on premises.

60TH ST., 44 EAST.—Second floor apartment, three rooms beautifully decorated, kitchenette, and bath, $250 per month; door service, also valet and maid service available; furnished if desired; can be seen between 12 and 5 P. M.

93D ST., Cor. Madison Av.—Apartment hotel; beautiful corner suite, 2 rooms and bath; unfurnished; $40 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS TO LEASE.
1,337 MADISON AV., CORNER 94TH ST.
7, 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths.
Rent $1,350 to $1,800.
Inquire Superintendent on Premises.

STUDIOS just completed; all improvements; excellent north light; elevator service. 637 Madison Av. Apply superintendent on premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

34TH ST., 120 EAST.
8 ROOMS AND BATH, ELEVATOR APARTMENT; 3 OPEN FIREPLACES.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; open fireplace; $100 month.

54TH ST., 424 WEST., between Amsterdam and St. Nicholas.—Unfurnished or partly furnished, parlor floor, high basement, bath, in house with owner.

44 WEST 57TH STREET,
Two beautiful rooms and bath,
EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.
JANITOR ON PREMISES.

58TH, 181 WEST.—2 rooms, bath, and kitchenette; possession Oct. 1. Henry B. Riecke, 1,737 Broadway at 55th St. Telephone Circle 2916.

70TH, 209 WEST.—High class, one, two room apartment, $80-$150.

71ST ST., 115 WEST.—One room and bath, high class elevator apartment house. Telephone Columbus 4181.

86TH, 44 WEST, (Central Park.)—High-class 2-3 room apartment, kitchenette.

67TH ST., (near the Park.)—Owner will rent or sell large duplex studio apartment, eight rooms, two baths, studio 25x30; rent furnished, $4,000; unfurnished, $3,600; price $20,000. J 135 Times.

90TH, 259 WEST.—High-class apartment for housekeeping, three rooms and bath.

117, 155 WEST, (Corner 7th Av.)—Eight extra large rooms, southern exposure.

172D, 700 WEST, (Corner Ft. Washington Av.)—New Building, 3-4-5 extra large rooms. St. Nicholas 4840.

181ST, 736 WEST, (Near Ft. Washington Av.)—3, 4, 5, 6 rooms, elevator; 2 blocks subway. St. Nicholas 9236.

CENTRAL PARK WEST AND 72D ST.—Will sublease apartment fronting park; 8 fine rooms, Oct. 1 or before; will dispose some fine furniture if desired. H 898 Times.

GREENWICH VILLAGE. — Exceptional 5 room apartment, furnished, unfurnished; call mornings or evenings, 51 Barrow St.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 146 West 90th St.—Storage, $4 per month vanload; motor vans moving; moderate rates. 1702 Riverside.

WEST END AV, (cor. 85th.)—Three rooms and bath, all outside rooms. Kops, 2,389 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 2194.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

Refined Christian gentleman wants apartment of five large rooms with all modern improvements; select neighborhood, below 128th St.; near elevated or subway; rent $900-$1,000 yearly; immediate possession on Oct. 1. Reply C 674 Times Downtown.

Wanted by the year, one extra large or two medium size rooms, unfurnished, with bath and kitchenette; good location; state particulars; best references. E 236 Times.

Eight rooms for physician; below 110th, west or east side. 7335 Morningside.

Furnished.

Fifth, Park, West End, Central Park West, in exclusive modern buildings; Winter, season, or yearly rentals; for responsible tenants only. R. De Florey, 402 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 7034.

Wanted, by a small family, from Sept. 15, well furnished seven-room apartment, west side, between 72d and 110th Streets. Address P. A., Room 906, 198 Broadway.

Business couple (Jewish) would like accommodation or share apartment with another couple seeking companionship; references exchanged. F 169 Times.

I CAN rent your apartment; list with me now. E. J. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St., Tel. 1077 Columbus.

Furnished apartments wanted, all sections, all prices; exceedingly desirable tenants waiting. Write Pierre & Frost, 220 West 42d.

APARTMENTS WANTED FURNISHED.
Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Columbus 836.

Refined couple desires small apartment, Washington Heights; $50 month. B. B., 107 Times.

Three or four rooms, kitchen or kitchenette, from Nov. 1 to May 1; about $75. N 687 Times Downtown.

Five light rooms, Oct.-May, uptown, good neighborhood; references exchanged. F 194 Times.

RESPONSIBLE CLIENTS WANTING furnished apartments, choice localities. Clark Realty, 647 Mad. Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

Attractive four rooms, bath, furnished or unfurnished, Flatbush; adults only. Schuyler 8893.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

25TH ST. & LEXINGTON AV., (n. e. corner, Hotel Belmore.)—Exceptionally nice, light rooms with private bath, $10-$12 weekly.

30TH ST., (corner Lexington Av., 163.)—Exclusively for women; $7 weekly and up, with use of bath; $9 weekly and up, with private bath, $12 weekly; cozy, cool comfortable; rooms en suite. Hotel Rutledge.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath, parlor bedroom, bath; breakfast optional; references.

58TH ST., 504 EAST.—Big, beautiful room, overlooking river; gentlemen. Call after 6 P. M.

86TH ST., 131 EAST, (corner Lexington.)—Light, clean parlor, separate bedroom, bath, telephone; subway express station. Richter.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,338, (89th St.)—Elegant furnished room; refined business people; all conveniences.

LEXINGTON AV., 250, (34th.) — Large, beautifully furnished room; $12.

MADISON AV., 735.—Single room in quiet, clean house; $5 week.

West Side.

11TH ST.—Furnished, detached room, running water, near semi-private bath; telephone in room; references. Tel. Farragut 9877.

14TH, 245 WEST.—Fine old mansion; large room, private bath; steam heat; single rooms. Telephone Chelsea 654.

16TH, WEST, (Between 5th and 6th Avs.)—Attractive room, bath, for two men; breakfast. E 175 Times.

22D, 350 WEST.—Beautiful two-room suite, one adjoining bath; $16; references.

37TH, 40 WEST.—Nice large rooms, very quiet, clean house; running water, electricity, bath; $8-$10 week. Ed. Krehl.

47TH, 100 WEST, (Raleigh Hall.)—Refined, comfortable residence for men; attractively furnished rooms, $8.25 weekly up; free use tub, shower; with private bath, $10.50.

56TH ST., 55 WEST.—Large, handsome room; all modern improvements; references.

58TH ST., 40 WEST.—Several very large hall rooms at reasonable rates.

59TH, 220 WEST, (Central Park South.)—Attractive room, lavatory, electricity; $10; gentlemen; charming apartment; refined private family; reference. Langdon.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Attractively furnished front room; electricity; basement, kitchenette privileges.

70TH, 40 WEST. — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; ONE FLIGHT; BAY WINDOW; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; REASONABLE.

70TH, 208 WEST.—Large rooms, adjoining bath; newly decorated; refined home; electricity.

70TH, 215 WEST.—Attractive large room; southern exposure; electricity; adjoining bath; private.

70TH, 60 WEST.—Front parlor, with running water; suitable for studio; telephone.

71ST, 33 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, with bath; also large front room; references.

73D, 140 WEST. — BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED FRONT BASEMENT; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING, ALSO MEDIUM-SIZE ROOM ADJOINING BATH; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large room, private bath; references.

73D, 173 WEST.—Room, private bath, two men; $15; references.

74TH, 45 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE, SINGLE ROOMS, BATH ADJOINING; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE.

74TH, 145 WEST.—Comfortable, medium room, bath adjoining; gentleman only; references exchanged.

74TH, 33 WEST.—Light single room $7; perfectly appointed; private home.

75TH, 55 WEST.—Elegant first floor front room, bath, kitchenette privilege, electricity, telephone.

76TH, 49 WEST.—Handsomely furnished parlor bedroom, bath, electricity; also skylight room.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; entire floor; continuous hot water; electricity.

76TH ST., 176 WEST.—Exceptionally well kept clean double room; reasonable. Vincon.

76TH, 305 WEST.—Attractive rooms, running water, electricity, in high-class house.

76TH, 54 WEST.—Attractive, large and small rooms; all improvements; high-class house.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; electricity, phone.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large room, beautifully decorated, twin beds, extension, private bath, electricity.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Cheerful large front room, bath adjoining; private house. Schuyler 4093.

78TH, 134 WEST.—Attractive large front room, running water; furnished 3-room suite.

79TH, (64 Riverside Drive.)—Single, double rooms, baths; electricity, phone; $7-$15-$22.

80TH, 163 WEST.—Attractive room, clean, comfortable; $5; gentlemen; refined private apartment. Ronza.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Atttractive room, dressing room; constant hot water, electricity, telephone; references.

80TH, 163 WEST.—Elegant parlor suite, piano; independent; ground floor; $12.50. Nelligan.

81ST, 29 WEST, (facing Manhattan Park). Large, elegant front room, private bath, electricity, steam heat, continuous hot water, phone, maid service; also small rooms; private home.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Front room, connecting bath, electricity, telephone; reasonable.

82D, 319 WEST, (Riverside.)—Large beautifully furnished room; southern exposure.

85TH, WEST.—2 rooms for people of refinement; surroundings quiet and dignified. F 165 Times.

85TH, 101 WEST, Apt. 5.—2d floor; high-class house; gentlemen preferred.

86TH, 341 WEST.—Large room adjoining bath; also small; electricity; suitable 2 gentlemen.

87TH, 48 WEST.—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; BATH, ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

87TH, 323 WEST.—Large rooms, suite, adjoining bath; kitchenette; $9-$15.

89TH, 56 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room, running water, southern exposure, telephone.

89TH, 61 WEST.—Beautiful parlor, bedroom adjoining, for couple or studio.

90TH ST., 55 WEST.—Double or single; private house; references required. Riverside 9616.

90TH, 102 WEST.—Small room; strictly clean; refined French family; $3.75. Delorme.

92D, 51 WEST.—Large, small connecting rooms; running water, bath; southern exposure.

93D, 151 WEST.—Nicely furnished large front room; running water; adjoining bath.

94TH ST., 38 WEST.—Single room; running water, electric light; excellent table board.

96TH, 66 WEST.—Large room, suitable 2, 3, with board; every convenience.

110TH ST., 501 WEST, (Apt. 19).—Large, pleasant room for 2 gentlemen; refined family; references. Call 6 to 8 evenings.

114TH, 528 WEST.—Large, attractive, well-furnished outside room; southern exposure; references.

114TH, 425 WEST.—Furnished room to let, all improvements. Apt. 2.

115TH ST., 424 WEST, (Apt. 21.)—One room, student preferred; references. Call 6-8 P. M.

116TH AND CLAREMONT.—Front room overlooking Columbia; ladies. Morningside 5136. Apt. 23.

118TH ST., 430 WEST.—Very desirable large front room overlooking Columbia. Apt. 25.

118TH, 353 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms. Telephone Morningside 6652; Apt. 6, west.

120TH, 371 WEST.—Large sunny rooms suitable for two; reasonable. McKenna.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Desirable rooms, week, month; three housekeeping suites. Miss Roth.

142D, 605 WEST.—Front room; southern exposure; suitable two men; elevator. Scott.

ATTRACTIVE bedroom, kitchenette, dining room and living room privileges; $10 weekly. Cathedral 7890.

BROADWAY, 3,686, (152d St.)—Large, small rooms; running water; all conveniences.

CONVENT AV., 330.—One furnished, one unfurnished; private house; immediate. Audubon 4925.

FROM SEPT. 1, 6 OR 7 ROOM HOUSE, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, WITH MODERN CONVENIENCES; LONG ISLAND PREFERRED, FOR TWO ADULTS WITH BABY, WITHIN 45 MINUTES CITY HALL; WILL PAY GOOD RENT FOR SUITABLE PLACE; LEASE; FULL PARTICULARS. S. M., CARE S. C. LUTHI & CO., 277 BROADWAY.

MANHATTAN AV., 2, (101st.)—Sunny bedroom, private family; gentlemen; $4.50. Cowdrey.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 70.—2 single rooms, telephone. Morningside 1100; Apt. 32.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Refined Spanish couple offer room, with private bath and dressing room, to gentleman; exclusive; bus, subway; $65; phone Morningside 7028, Apt. 1B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440.—Beautiful large outside room, bath adjoining; private family; suitable one or two. Phone Morningside 6694.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Large beautiful rooms overlooking Hudson; elegant house.

WEST END AV., 263.—Attractively furnished suites; large rooms with bath; small rooms with bath adjoining at Summer rates. Telephone Columbus 1535.

WEST END AV., 911.—Beautiful large front room; all conveniences; telephone; electricity.

WEST END AV., 896.—Large front room; bath adjoining; $12. Phone Academy 2097.

Long Island.

At Jamaica, L. I., twenty minutes from Pennsylvania Station, large furnished room for rent in private home, near station; reference required. C 660 Times Downtown.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

94TH ST., 308 WEST.—City; 8 rooms, 2 baths; near Riverside Drive.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Wanted, by profession lady, about Sept. 1, furnished room, modern conveniences, with service; breakfast and dinner optional; good locality; separate entrance desirable. Write particulars to F 174 Times.

Business couple desire fair size, well furnished, heat, sunny room, private bath or running water. Murray Hill section; permanent. B. C., 1358 B'way.

Young Wall St. gentleman, 28, of standing, desires unusual accommodations in home; no roomers; culture and references essential, also location. Address E 109 Times.

Wanted.—One or two partly furnished rooms, Murray Hill section or East 60s, for woman writer; no cooking; price moderate. E 227 Times.

Refined young man desires comfortable single room with private family; West 80th to 110th St.; $5. F 182 Times.

Furnished room with or without board; vicinity Greenwich Village. Rae, 228 Warburton Av., Yonkers.

Young business man wishes nice room, adjoining bath, with refined family; moderate rate; give particulars. Z 422 Times Annex.

Couple desires 1 large or 2 smaller rooms and bath; permanent. Write Walter Kupser, 308 West 109th.

Refined young man desires large, comfortable outside room with private family. D 203 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

30TH, corner Lexington Av., (163.)—Rooms with meals, $14 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service, elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

West Side.

59TH, NEAR 5TH AV.—Attractively furnished, suitable for one, two; also large single room; gentlemen only. Particulars, Plaza 4340.

72d, 245 WEST.—Table boarders; elegant home cooking.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Rooms, with or without private baths; parlor dining room.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (wide, parked street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests.

85TH, 203 WEST.—Handsomely furnished two-room suite, bath adjoining; private entrance; tray breakfast. Campbell.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Superior accommodations; excellent board. Schuyler 8831. Jay.

92D ST., 60 WEST.—Two-room suite, running water, bath adjoining; also single and double, with or without running water.

98TH, 316 WEST.—Elegant suite, two bedrooms, parlor, bath; ideal for couple and young daughter; newly furnished;; references.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Single, double rooms; first-class Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2128.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Attractively furnished; southern exposure; kitchen privileges; double, $9-$12; single, $5.50-$8. Mrs. Finch.

279 WEST END AV., (COR. 73D ST.)
THE WILLIAM HENRY.
Exclusive private hotel overlooking river and Schwab mansion; rooms or suites with private baths; excellent table.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large double rooms, private baths; meals; one flight; singles; facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 524.—Large, small rooms; house thoroughly appointed; excellent table; references.

New Jersey.

Two front connecting rooms, 2d floor; all improvements; 45 minutes from city; reasonable terms. Phone Montclair 2484-M.

BOARD WANTED.

Two rooms, bath, and board wanted by Jewish couple for entire Winter. Reply, stating price, F 195 Times.

Young man desires room and board with refined family; refined surroundings. G 194 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

Rockledge Manor Hotel and Cottages.—Few desirable rooms open for engagement. 124 Bruce Av. Telephone 3344 Yonkers.

Richmond.

The Evelyn Lodge.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of High Standard;
20 Min. Delightful Sail Downtown N. Y.
Lovely Furnished, Excellent Chef & Service,
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Water View;
Weekly $17 Up. Capacity 75. Booklet.
Ten Years Under One Management.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.

New York State.

LAKE GEORGE, N. Y.
In its most beautiful time of the year, at a private cottage on restricted grounds; you will find excellent cuisine and any home comforts. Rates $25 per week, open until Oct. 1st. Bathing, boating, fishing. Woodside Cottage, Meadow Point, Hulett's Landing, Lake George, N. Y.

New Jersey.

Lynwood Lodge, Englewood, N. J.—Nervous and mental conditions.

Miscellaneous.

Will take Summer boarder at my beautiful farm home; good food and fine location; also provide home for elderly people who are willing to pay for comfort. Garden Spot Table Water Co., Akron, Lancaster Co., Penn.

Country Board Wanted.

Wanted, by business man, wife and two children, board, residence, September to December, in comfortable home on Long Island; easy commutation. Write C 668 Times Downtown.

Board wanted for elderly gentleman in small sanitarium in or near New York City; price reasonable. Z 414 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, audited, disentangled, posted for firms without bookkeepers. Edith Greene, Madison Square 4912.

ADVERTISING.
Having had charge of planning and buying all direct-by-mail advertising and other printed matter and art work for a prominent advertising agency, I am desirous of obtaining similar position with a good live agency or a large commercial concern. F 141 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (19,) thoroughly understands double entry; experienced general office work; dependable and accurate; $22; references. F 143 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 8 years' experience, desires position in auditing or accounting department; thoroughly competent; salary $28. E 210 Times.

BOOKKEEPER,
experienced, desires to connect with house in which she can also take charge of showroom. W. K., 801 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, 12 years' experience, understands French, German; $2,500 year. C 806 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-MANAGER. — Experienced, capable, reliable; statements; $30; Christian. Haworth, 177 West 79th.

BOOKKEEPER, six years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balance; reference; $26. C 1204 Times, Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, expert clerk; Christian; 13 years same firm; $30. G 402 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; competent; general ledger; 7 years' experience; $25. B 792 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; also stenographer; 4 years' reference; $25. C 1041 Times Harlem.

BUSINESS WOMAN of wide experience, German, English stenographer, translations, cabling, corresponding, wants superior position; executive ability; references. Box 569 Times, 2 Rector St.

COOK.—EXCELLENT; WISHES POSITION; SALARY $70. 203 EAST 39TH.

CORRESPONDENT with sales record, experienced selling direct, interviewing, office managing. F 149 Times.

DRESSMAKER, WITH PRIVATE TRADE, LIKE TO MAKE SOME ARRANGEMENT WITH A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE TO BRING HER CUSTOMERS. F 172 TIMES.

GOVERNESS.—Visiting New York, Edgemere; Parisienne; French, English; pianist; kindergartner. A 100 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Good cook wants position; take entire charge; state particulars. F 192 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, Christian, wants care of New York apartment. Telephone Bedford 8274.

HOUSEKEEPER, refined, seeking position with small family. Write B., 2876 Broadway.

LIBRARIAN WITH 8 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN LARGE CITY LIBRARIES, WANTS POSITION IN BUSINESS FIRM. ADDRESS F 181 TIMES.

MASSEUSE, licensed; lady patients. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J. Market 8275.

NURSE.—Practical, experienced; for invalid, convalescent; free Sept. 1; references. Z 423 Times Annex.

NURSE, graduate, refined, wishes mental cases; experienced. Phone Audubon 2745, Apt. 53.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young lady, (23,) seven years' practical experience in office routine, desires position where ability will be rewarded; best of references; $20. B 871 Times Annex.

OFFICE or outside position, married, (25,) experience as chief disbursing clerk while in A. E. F.; accounting, timekeeper; 5 years' lumber experience inside and outside; knowledge of French. F 144 Times.

SECRETARY, correspondent, capable of managing advertising department of wholesale concern, familiar with follow-up system, college graduate, desires real opportunity; advertising preferred. V 897 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — Christian; thoroughly efficient, seeks high-grade connection; best references; salary $40. F 184 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, intelligent, energetic, seeks responsible connection; $30. G 404 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, executive ability, knowledge bookkeeping; $30. Box 570, Times, 2 Rector St.

SECRETARY-Stenographer and correspondent desires position with future; salary $25. Phone Morningside 357. E 147 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, COLLEGE GRADUATE. PHONE HARLEM 2502-J.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, nine years' experience assistant export manager, executive ability, handle correspondence, desires responsible position; salary $35. W 441 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert engineering, electrical, desires permanent position; 9 years' experience; $30. Address E. T., 263 West 125th St.

STENOGRAPHER, 22, Christian; thoroughly accurate, neat and punctual; four years' experience; excellent references; salary $22. E 119 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; twelve years' experience; desires permanent position; thirty dollars. F 183 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Monitor switchboard operator, experienced; salary $27. S. E., 810 Fox St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Christian, thoroughly experienced, desires high-class position; $25. B 783 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; rapid, accurate, competent, references; $20. C 631 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, reliable; reference former employer; $20. L 468 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; executive ability; conscientious, willing worker; $25. Box 107, 217 7th Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, five years' experience; salary $25-$30. Morningside 7946.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, law, seeks permanent position; $30. L 453 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, willing worker; $20. R. G., 116 Hopkins St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, (19,) three years' experience; good knowledge bookkeeping; $22; references. F 142 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; experienced; $22. Deitsch, 254 Herzl St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, high school graduate; six years' experience; $30. F 176 Times.

SWITCHBOARD and clerical experience 4 years (busy board only;) salary $17. Miss S. Goedberg, 106 East 109th St.

TITLED FRENCH WOMAN, whose property has been ruined by the war, a descendant of a famous French writer and sole war survivor of her immediate family, is destitute in New York, to which city she has come to earn a living; she needs employment at once; is in good health; speaks perfect French, and can teach that language; familiar with English; good musician; prefers position as lady's companion or secretary, or governess for girl of 10 or 12 years; can act as chaperone in deportment and manners to young girls. Write for appointment, B 889 Times Annex.

TUTOR.—Young man just returned from France; experienced, college graduate; speaks, reads, writes French. E 209 Times.

TYPIST AND STENCIL CUTTER, knowledge general office experience; $20. B 797 Times Downtown.

WOMAN desires work as visiting lady; day work; repair lingerie, clean silks, corsets. Mrs. Landway, 208 East 72d St.

YOUNG LADY, tired of inside work, wishes situation driving car; also willing to act as secretary or companion to lady, taking care of children, &c.; country preferred; excellent education and references. Telephone between 10 and 2, Vanderbilt 1236. Miss Romig.

YOUNG WOMAN.—Position houseworker-cook; small family; $15 week. Higley, 408 West 34th.

YOUNG LADY.—Four years' experience, desires a clerical position. E 192 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5023. Established 1890.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 183d St. Morn. 6816.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants, 2,415 Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, American, Protestant, married; 14 years' experience general ledger work, office management; prefer connection with firm of accountants. C 659 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 23, long experience, excellent reference, recently discharged from service, will take entire charge; knowledge of cashier's work. L 451 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, considerable experience, college graduate, capable taking complete charge, aggressive, desires responsible position; excellent character. J 749 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—25 years' wide experience in accounting, 15 years Treasurer of large corporations, seeks engagement, temporary or permanent; $60 week. C 663 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened, systematized, audited; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; financial statements; reasonable. Greene, 12 West 27th. Telephone Chelsea 3954.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert cost and general accountant; professional experience, desires position with high-class manufacturing concern; take charge of accounting; highest references; salary, $65. Z 359 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, and bookkeeper, 22, four years' experience, university student, desires position with firm where ambition will merit advancement. W 320 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, college graduate, experienced, A1 bookkeeper, can take full charge, desires connection with growing concern. C 666 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER.—(25;) thoroughly experienced manufacturing, public accounting, executive capacity. L 446 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly; books opened; systems; tax reports. Goldwater, 132 Nassau St. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, age 30; married, with 12 years' experience; best of references; $40 per week. L 418 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, eight years' experience cost systems, factory production, auditing, correspondence, desires executive position with large manufacturing concern. E 219 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, certified; audits, reports, systems; highest credentials. Willcox, 488 St. Nicholas Av. Morningside 8375.

ACCOUNTANT, junior; experienced, efficient, desires connection with reliable firm. A 109 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, public, desirous of obtaining several additional clients; rates reasonable. C 557 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, spare time evenings, Saturday afternoons; books kept, opened, systematized. D 129 Times.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT, bookkeeping, cost experience, desires connection with C. P. A. firm. C 669 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, (28,) auditor, senior, eight years' experience C. P. A.; best references. Harry Falb, 159 Hopkins St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT, American, Hebrew, desires work several evenings; accounting preferred. E 228 Times.

ADVERTISING-PUBLICITY MAN, 3 years' metropolitan newspaper experience, at present making up large trade journal, wants position with wider possibilities, preferably in advertising department of large firm. L 501 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE, or capacity requiring creative ability; 25, excellent record, and varied experience in responsible capacities; supervised production, testing, and inspection of gas masks for navy while in service; compensation dependent on proposition and future offered; clerical not considered. G 310 Times.

ASSISTANT to buyer or manager, young man, (23 years,) desires connection with house, where results count; my reference tells the story. F 180 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, six years' general experience, import, export, and manufacturing, foreign exchange and cost accounts, typist. E 237 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thorough accountant; long experience; entire charge books and office; financial reports; systematizer; immediate acceptance; $35. E 231 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accounting student, desires permanent position, growing concern; experienced; $18. C 678 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, 32, married; can take full charge; 9 years former concern; salary $50. W 337 Times.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, 21, experienced, competent, wishes good position. Goldman, 57 2d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, (23,) seeks connection; accountant; wide, practical, and theoretical experience. C 691 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Available afternoons to take charge of set of books. K 1029 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, (20,) 2 years' practical experience, desires position. C 657 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (25,) five years' experience, thorough knowledge; accurate, competent worker. F 155 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (23,) thoroughly experienced, seeks permanent connection. Herbst, 1,448 Fifth Av.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, five years' experience, executive ability; salary $30. E 197 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (22,) experienced, open for engagement. B 781 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (23,) controlling accounts; trial balance; high school graduate; $25. F 191 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced office manager; salary, $30; with growing concern. G 286 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—(25;) experienced, controlling accounts, trial balances; full charge; $25. B 775 Times Downtown.

BUTLER OR VALET.—Young man wishes position. Sampson, 135 West 142d St., care Davis.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER, Cost Accountant, Cashier, Office Manager, Correspondent; 8 years' experience corporation controlling accounts; books opened, closed; entanglements, monthly balances, financial statement rendered; good personality; unquestionable references; $36. B 676 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (25,) married; seven years' experience; controlling accounts; financial statements; experienced importing, exporting, manufacturing; unquestionable references. F 154 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.— Thoroughly experienced, general ledger, controlling accounts, commercial banking, prepares all financial statements. Bookkeeper, 1,039 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 23, experienced, wishes country position, outside or inside; excellent references; small salary. S. H., 290 East 3d St.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, desires position controlling accounts, trial balance; initiative, quick and accurate; salary $22. C 1203 Times, Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER and general office assistant with some knowledge of typewriting, recently returned from France, desires position. B 774 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, N. Y. U. graduate, able take charge office; best references. Harry Falb, 159 Hopkins St., Brooklyn N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, experienced, executive ability; seeks responsible position. Ahronson, Dearborne Av. and Milton Road, Rye, N. Y.

CARETAKERS, couple wish to take care private house or estate; exceptional references. F 197 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, EXPERIENCED MECHANIC, SCOTCH, SINGLE, AGE 38, WANTS STEADY YEAR ROUND POSITION; ROLLS-ROYCE, PIERCE, LOCO; HIGHEST REFERENCES FOR PAST 10 YEARS. DOUGAN, 9 WEST 100TH ST. PHONE RIVERSIDE 9535.

CHAUFFEUR desires private position, city or country; exceptionally good mechanic; can drive all makes; first-class references from private families; careful driver, neat, courteous, obliging; reasonable salary. Telephone Greeley 4955.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, first-class, single, age 26 years; 6 years' experience; private family; A1 references; army discharge. Address Store, 188 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Swede, 15 years' experience; expert mechanic and driver. Phone Plaza 5005.

CHAUFFEUR, 40, single, careful driver, mechanic; best private references. Telephone Rhinelander 3652.

CHAUFFEUR, careful driver, wishes private position; references; Cadillac preferred. Eby, Circle 1560.

CHAUFFEUR, 30, wishes position, city or country; own repairs; references. F 157 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Honest, sober, willing, desires steady position, own repairs; well recommended. Tel. Col. 5083.

CLERK, (20,) stock, general; 2 years' practical experience; reliable. C 658 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, sales, general mercantile experience; capable handling department, supervising office or relieving busy executive. L 506 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, office manager, experienced merchandise claims, &c.; $25 week least. F 148 Times.

COST ACCOUNTANT'S ASSISTANT.—Young man, thoroughly experienced; university training in cost accounting; thorough knowledge of perpetual inventories; distribution of overhead; types of cost systems and general accounting; references. F 199 Times.

CREDIT AND SALES MANAGER,
experienced and energetic, credit and sales manager, now employed by a large manufacturer, desirous of making a change; at present having complete charge of credit work, as well as initiating and putting through sales policy; can furnish highest references. Z 412 Times Annex.

CREDIT MANAGER-EXECUTIVE, extensive general business and credit experience, desires position with high-grade mercantile or financial institution; familiar with automobile financing; best of references, character and ability. F 196 Times.

DRAFTSMAN. — First-class mechanical; technical education; various experience. E 211 Times.

EXECUTIVE or assistant to executive, American, 25 years old, with best references, has the following qualifications to offer: College training, speaks and writes fluently German and French and has workable knowledge of Spanish; 6½ years' experience in European and American concerns; familiar with all phases of commercial work, whether at the home office or as traveling representative; good knowledge of the leather trade and some knowledge of the watch line; can take dictation and operate typewriter; familiar with bookkeeping, handling of foreign drafts, and other clerical work. F 153 Times.

EXECUTIVE.
AMERICAN, 32, COLLEGE GRADUATE, DESIRES POSITION WITH PROGRESSIVE COMPANY WHERE INITIATIVE, EXPERIENCE AND TACTFULNESS ARE ESSENTIAL; WELL QUALIFIED FROM PAST EXPERIENCE TO ASSUME CHARGE OF EMPLOYES; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF INCOME TAX, BUSINESS LAWS, ACCOUNTING, COLLECTIONS, CREDITS, AND CORRESPONDENCE; WOULD CONSIDER POSITION AS AID TO BUSINESS MAN OF LARGE AFFAIRS; POSITION MUST HAVE POSSIBILITIES OF A GOOD FUTURE. B 650 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXECUTIVE.—I am a young man, 29 years of age, energetic and adaptable, well versed in accounting and office executive; have had ten years "getting experience," paid for it, and now I have it; can you afford to pay $2,200 to $2,500 a year to a man who can spell the most significant word in human relations—Service—and who will serve you with satisfaction? If you have something good, write me. E 223 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Can you use the services of man with valuable experience in accountancy, salesmanship, and executive ability; highest references; would represent house or be valuable to head of company to relieve him of details. F 110 Times.

EXECUTIVE, experienced managing, purchasing, advertising, selling; possesses initiative, originality; open for position in or outside city. F 187 Times.

EXECUTIVE, sales and office experience, seeks connection with growing concern. G 287 Times.

EXPORTERS AND IMPORTERS.—Can you use the sedvices of an ambitious high school graduate? Three years' business experience, highest credentials. F 177 Times.

EXPORT BUYER, American, (25,) experienced general merchandise; fair knowledge Spanish. L 503 Times Downtown.

INVESTIGATOR, 29, married, ex-soldier and Government intelligence officer. E 214 Times.

LIVE WIRE,
23, seeks job with reliable concern; competent double-entry bookkeeper, salesman, collector, and chauffeur; consider small business opportunity requiring moderate cash investment. G 231 Times.

MAN, (31,) little lame; clerical, bookkeeping, factory, mechanical; responsible; anything. C 541 Times Downtown.

MAN, 30 years last conecrn, desires position messenger. Langer, 1,471 Brook Av., Bronx.

MARINE AND MECHANICAL ENGINEER, French, going to France, England and Belgium, wishes connections; best of references. E 98 Times.

NEWSPAPER WRITER, who has had successful experience on conservative, high-grade newspapers, such as Rochester Post-Express, Springfield Union, and Hartford Courant, desires position as editor, managing editor, or editorial writer. Address E. F. Giddings, 301 West 108th St., New York City.

PACKER, CRATER, on exports; knowledge of bookkeeping; 5 languages; $25. G 407 Times Downtown.

PUBLISHING HOUSE.
University post graduate, ex-army man, desires position in reading, correspondence or editorial department; former occupation, educational and literary; initial salary, most modest. F 185 Times.

REAL ESTATE.
Ten years' experience in collecting, renting, and management; age 30. K 1038 Times Harlem.

SALES MANAGER OR MANUFACTURERS' REPRESENTATIVE, 39, WITH PROVEN SALES, EXECUTIVE, AND ORGANIZING ABILITY IN THE HANDLING OF HIGHLY SPECIALIZED MERCHANDISE AND SERVICE, DESIRES TO CONNECT WITH FIRM WANTING A MAN WITH UNUSUAL MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL TRAINING WHO KNOWS MANUFACTURING FROM RAW STOCK TO FINISHED PRODUCT, A GO-GETTER AS TO SALESMANSHIP, FORCEFUL CORRESPONDENT, CAN ORGANIZE CAMPAIGNS, KNOWS FIELD WORK, AND CAN ADAPT HIMSELF TO MOST ANY INDUSTRIAL LINE. B 137 TIMES.

SALESMAN, with 5 years' practical experience; will consider immediate connections with progressive organization; minimum compensation $50 per week and commission arrangement. F 162 Times.

SALESMAN, 29, American, desires to associate with organization that carries responsible manufactured or specialty commodity. C 685 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, covering New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania, selling to the dry goods and gentlemen's furnishing trade, wishes side line. Z 416 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, COVERING NORTH AND SOUTH CAROLINAS, WISHES SIDE LINES. F 178 TIMES.

SALESMAN, clean cut young man, selling ability, desires connection; references. L 410 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, (22,) well educated, experienced auto accessories, desires reliable connection. C 664 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SECRETARY and confidential assistant with large business firm wishes to connect with reliable house; am 21, having 2 years' experience in above capacity and assistant to sales manager; aggressive, possessing tact and initiative; can talk well and convincingly through telephone; can furnish satisfactory references, and interview will be appreciated. L 500 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-EXECUTIVE, 32, Gentile; broad, constructive experience as stenographer, correspondent, secretary and manager; capable organizer and systematizer, accustomed to handling subordinates and producing results, seeks opening requiring unusual executive ability; $3,000 per annum upward. C 585 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING MANAGER.—American, 35 years old; 15 years' experience managing receiving, order, shipping, large manufacturing concerns. L 496 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, first-class, knows rail-steamer routes, parcel post, expert marker; take charge department; reliable. F 156 Times.

STATISTICIAN-ECONOMIST.—YOUNG EX-SERVICE MAN, EXCELLENT UNIVERSITY TRAINING, EXPERIENCE IN TRADE STATISTICS, CAPABLE; RELIABLE RESEARCH WORKER. B 778 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, clean-cut, age 24, seven years' technical experience touch operator, accurate, rapid, excellent speller, grammarian, mathematician; $25; unquestionable references. B 604 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Exceptionally capable expert at liberty for temporary engagement; also evenings and Sundays; $10 per day. C 677 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Christian, high-class, long experience banking, &c., seeks offer; well educated; A1 credentials. C 661 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, thoroughly competent; highly recommended; six years' experience; $28. B 776 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (26,) thoroughly experienced, rapid, with view to becoming salesman. F 163 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, knowledge accounting and Spanish, wishes position with advancement. W 361 Times.

TEXTILES.—Young man, married, desires position with export house as correspondent and sample man; textile school, with three years' experience, cotton textiles. F 188 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER, thoroughly experienced in export, import, and domestic business, office management, good correspondent, wishes position with first-class concern; references furnished. W 279 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER, 28, thoroughly qualified mercantile experience; expert on claims; versed on interstate commerce law. P. M., 116 Times.

VALET, visiting, to take care of gentlemen's apartment and clothes during the day; best references. F 193 Times.

YOUNG MAN, graduate electrical engineer, (24,) experience supervision of cost studies, office, and construction statistics, returned army officer, seeks opening with future, business side of engineering. Office 514, 101 Park Av. E 224 Times.

YOUNG MAN, with legal and business training, lately discharged from service, desires position where merit will earn promotion; best references furnished. G 226 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) having large commercial experience, shipping, stock, sales, seeks opportunity; tackle anything; references. E 229 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) 4 years' experience importing novelties, beads, tinsels; selling and importing ability; best references. C 675 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, now employed, experienced handling woolens, acquainted with market, desires position with manufacturer. Gillis, 23 East 120th St.

YOUNG MAN, 27, Christian, neat, pleasant personality, capable, seeks any responsible position; excellent nine years' reference. F 160 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position with chance for advancement; willing worker; reference; salesman experience, auto supplies. B 795 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, experienced in silk line, desires to connect with reliable firm; at present employed; no Saturdays. F 186 Times.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN, (20,) wishes position in export silk or woolen house; salary no object. Allen Boretz, 142 South 9th St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, Summer school student, wishes a position in evenings from 7:30-11 o'clock. Address E 220 Times.

YOUNG ITALIAN-AMERICAN, well educated; take anything where there is a future. A 94 Times.

YOUNG MAN, eight years' wholesale, manufacturing experience, seeks opportunity; references. E 230 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, well educated, desires clerical position. B 784 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, (2,) 3 years college training, chemical experience, would like to connect in selling capacity. K 1035 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) high school graduate, knowledge of bookkeeping, wishes position as assistant to bookkeeper. H 383 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position in export house; 4 years' experience. G 405 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, Christian, references, position downtown; high-class firm; $22. G 406 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires to connect with real estate office; experienced. L 507 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) desires position with commercial house, with advancement. C 670 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, experienced clerk, high school graduate, desires position. C 690 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires position with chance for advancement. B 777 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, college education, desires position with mercantile establishment. N 678 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) honest, accurate, clerical ability, operates typewriter. F 146 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, knowledge of Russian, desires position with dry goods house. N 675 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes position, clerical or anything; best references. E 218 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, desires position 6 to 10 P. M. B 796 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes a night clerical position; best references. E 202 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position in mountains. Kealy, 155 East 84th St.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) desires position with advancement. B 782 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, position with good future; good at figures. F 152 Times.

Employment Agencies.

JAPANESE, (200,) skilled cook, faithful butler; agency. 804 6th Av. Bryant 7931.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.
Have vacancies in the following departments for Saleswomen:

- Women's Shoes
- Women's Suits
- Misses' Suits
- Children's Shoes
- Boys' Clothing
- Corsets
- Silks
- Dress Goods
- Books
- China
- Toys
- Ribbons
- Notions
- Waists

ALSO
MILLINERY WORKROOM
Require Milliners, Improvers, and Apprentices for our workroom; long season, liberal salary.

ALSO
SODA DEPARTMENT
Needs several soda dispensers.

ALSO
WAITRESSES.
Several waitresses needed for our Restaurant and Buffet Lunch.

ALSO
CASHIERS.
Require several cashiers with tube room experience.

ALSO
COMPTOMETER OPERATORS.
Require for our Department of Accounts several comptometer operators. Applications can be made at the Employment Office, Subway Floor, Central Building, or by mail.

ADDRESSERS.
EXPERIENCED, GOOD PENMAN, CAN EARN $20 PER WEEK; PERMANENT POSITION, WITH ADVANCEMENT. SEE MR. SCHNELL.
RAPID ADDRESSING, 46 WEST 23D.

ADDRESSER and office assistant, good penman, for office of manufacturing concern. Gem, 59 Pake Place, corner West Broadway.

ADDRESSERS with experience. Call Wise & Co., 21 West 45th St.

ARMY OFFICER'S WIDOW will take care of apartment and cook for business people. N 655 Times Downtown.

ART EMBROIDERY.
SALESLADIES WHO UNDERSTAND THIS DEPARTMENT. CALL 9-12 O'CLOCK.
HENRY HESSE,
399 SIXTH AV., 24TH-25TH STS.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER in wholesale jewelry house; must be well recommended; state reference and salary expected. H 284 Times.

Want Advertisements

Advertisements of help or situations wanted; board, rooms; purchase, sale or rental of real estate; business opportunities, and other classified advertisements, as well as display announcements, for The New York Times may be left at any office of The Times.

Classified advertisements for the daily edition should be delivered to branch offices by 6 P. M. of the day preceding publication, and for the Sunday edition, not later than 3 P. M. Saturday.

Offices of The New York Times:

Times Building—Times Square
Times Annex—43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown—7 Beekman St.
Wall St.—2 Rector St.
Harlem—2,109 Seventh Ave., near 125th St.
Brooklyn—401 Fulton St.
Bronx—2,914 Third Ave.
Washington Heights—3,525 Broadway

HELP WANTED—Female.

A CHANCE TO SEE
WASHINGTON, D. C.
ALL EXPENSES PAID.

The Bell Telephone Company in that city is offering BOARD, LODGING, LAUNDRY, TRANSPORTATION, and LIBERAL SALARY to girls who have had telephone operating experience, if not engaged in that occupation now.

For particulars write, giving age, experience, present employment, if any, and salary, to
R. K. ALLERTON,
725 13th St. N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

ASSISTANT FOR
LINGERIE DEPT.
OF
HIGH CLASS
FIFTH AVE. SHOP.

Must understand high class merchandise and clientele. Excellent opportunity for the person who can qualify. Address H 393 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; permanent; must be experienced. Copp, 236 West 54th.

ALTERATION HAND AND FITTER on ladies' dresses. Madam Bogart, 1,542 Broadway.

BILL CLERK, stenographer, rapid advancement; no beginner. Stasny Music Co., 56 West 45th St.

BILLING CLERK, EXPERIENCED TYPIST; SALARY $18; PERMANENT POSITION. ENCORE HOSIERY, 906 BROADWAY.

BINDERY GIRLS wanted, all around work; union. McGraw-Hill Co., Inc., 10th Av. and 36th St.

BONWIT, TELLER & CO.,
5TH AV., AT 38TH ST.,
Require the services of
SALESWOMEN
for NEGLIGEES.

Women of refinement, who can properly address the most fastidious customers.

Also

SALESWOMEN
for UNDERWEAR.

Women of intelligence, who can sell underwear of the finest character; good salaries and permanent positions.

Apply, or write to
Employment Department,
6 East 38th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced; write detailed qualifications, age, references, permanent position; $17 to start; 5 minutes' distance from Hudson Terminal. National Asbestos Mfg. Co., 193 Henderson St., Jersey City.

BOOKKEEPER.—MUST BE VERY ACCURATE AT FIGURES; ONLY THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY. CALL, WITH REFERENCES, PILATSKY BROS., 401-403 EAST 104TH ST.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, in small Christian office; pleasant surroundings; permanent position for refined and intelligent young lady; $22 weekly. Telephone Beekman 1720.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced, take charge of office, understand billing, trial balance, &c.; splendid opportunity for right party. Harry Solomons, 4 West 37th.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography; complete charge set double-entry books; several years' experience; reference; good salary. Apply Fleischmann, 500 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Young lady, about 25, with executive ability, to take entire charge of office; excellent chance for right party. Apply Room 705, 291 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced, to take charge of office; permanent position; state age, experience, and salary expected. G 403 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, or ledger clerk, quick and accurate at figures; one with cloak and suit experience preferred. H 397 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced stenographer; excellent opportunity for advancement; good salary. Belrae Corset Co., 130th St. and Park Av.

BOOKKEEPER,
experienced on double entry and office duties; good references required. Arthur W. Ware, 12 E. 18th.

BOOKKEEPER, by manufacturing house; $23 weekly; applicant must state names and addresses previous employers. L 438 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, office manager, controlling accounts, trial balance, &c.; 15 years' experience; best references. B 779 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant typist, stenographer, bill clerk; few years' experience. Weinberg Feather Neckwear, 33 East 10th St.

BOOKKEEPER,
retail experience, trial balance, controlling accounts, thorough knowledge of bookkeeping; salary $25. C. F., 412, 1,777 B'way.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry; exceptionally fine permanent position for the right young lady. N 690 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST.—Competent; position in Greenpoint, L. I.; attractive hours, good salary; best references. Inquire for Mr. Morgan. Max A. Witt, 42 West 88th.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED DOUBLE ENTRY. PARADISE, 25 WEST HOUSTON ST.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant stenography, experienced; must be accurate at figures; salary $15; apply by letter. H 40001 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, and stenographer; must have 10 years' experience; good pay. H. Leinkian, 8 East 23d St.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, INCLUDING AGE, EDUCATION, AND SALARY. H 399 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, experienced: state age and salary wanted. H 40000 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; hours 8 to 6; state experience and salary desired. K 2 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ambitious, with knowledge typewriting. Harriet Hubbard Ayer, 323 East 34th.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, highest credentials; salary $28-$30. Apt. I, 692 Stone Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, reliable; can furnish highest reference. E 216 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, with knowledge of typewriting and stenography; also general office work; pleasant surroundings and good opportunity for right party; state experience and salary desired. Write C. D., 412, 1,777 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, TO WORK ON LEDGERS; MUST BE RAPID, ACCURATE AND NEAT. APPLY UNTIL 1 P. M., ROCKHILL & VIETOR, 22 CLIFF ST. TAKE SUBWAY TO FULTON ST. AND BROADWAY, WALK DOWN TO CLIFF ST.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT for Brooklyn office, with cost work experience; must be accurate, with about 5 years' experience; good salary with advancement to right party. Address Christian, N 686 Times Downtown.

BUYER
INFANTS' WEAR
AND KINDRED LINES.

This position is right here in New York, and is now open. The department is a successful one, and caters to a nice class of trade—a pleasant and lucrative place for a bright, capable woman. Apply in strictest confidence to Z 424 Times Annex.

CANVASSERS, house to house, introducing products, temperance beverages, that will sell; commission only. Call forenoon. Ebling Brewing Co., Bottling Dept., 156th St. and Eagle Av.

CASHIER and office assistant; must be quick and accurate; stenographer wanted also; moderate salary to start. The Mentor Co., 226 West 125th St.

CASHIER-BOOKKEEPER wanted in high-class restaurant; state age, references, and wages expected. E 217 Times.

CLERKS.

WE HAVE A FEW VACANCIES FOR CLERICAL WORKERS; PREFERABLY THOSE WHO HAVE HAD SOME HIGH SCHOOL TRAINING. APPLICANTS MUST BE OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE, WILLING AND ACCURATE. CALL AT ONCE.
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

CLERK—COLLEGE WOMAN.
One of the big downtown banks has good opportunity for a capable young woman under 30 years; should have college training in finance and economics; library experience desirable; chief requirements, good judgment in research work and retentive memory; state age, education, experience, and salary. B 798 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Knowledge of stenography and typewriting; state age, reference, and salary. N 688 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL WORKERS who want to get out of a rut and learn a profession which includes typewriting; offers an opportunity to do executive work and pays up to $1,500 a year. Apply Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., (near Canal and Broadway,) New York.

CLERICAL WORKER and typist, steady position, excellent opportunity. Apply Krug, 209 Columbia St., Bklyn.

Consolidated Stock Exchange House wants
Dictaphone Operator,
Stenographer,
Typist,
who can relieve on switchboard two hours a day; state experience, education, religion, and salary desired. P. O. Box 379, City Hall Station.

COOK.—Plain cook and houseworker for country; family two adults; no washing or ironing; state age, references, wages. P. O. Box 17, Essex Fells, N. J.

COOK.—First-class colored man or woman; good wages; by Hotel Osborn, New Rochelle. Telephone 3650 New Rochelle.

COPYHOLDERS, EXPERIENCED,
on publication work; steady work, agreeable conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th.

CUTTER OR ASSISTANT,
TISSUE PAPER PATTERNS,
for layout and marking only; advancement. Mr. Mitchell, 10th floor, McCall, 236 West 37th.

DESIGNER
ON FINE DRESSES
who is willing to live in Paris part of the year; must speak French and English.
CROWN, 105 MADISON AV.,
AT 30TH ST., 18TH FLOOR.

DESIGNER OF INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES BY MANUFACTURER IN BROOKLYN; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. ADDRESS, STATING EXPERIENCE, D., 208 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

DESIGNER.
Thoroughly experienced on cotton waists; exceptional opportunity to competent designer; only one having worked with reputable houses need apply, in strict confidence. Write F. E., 209 Cable Bldg.

DESIGNER wanted by large children's dress house, 2 to 6 white lawn dresses. K. W., 807 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS for first-class positions; good salary; chance for advancement; instruction on dictaphone given free of charge if necessary. Miss Charash, 280 Broadway, Room 523.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—$70 a month; quick advancement; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12. Call Room 1048, 120 Broadway.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, with knowledge stenography preferred; state experience, salary, religion. E 225 Times.

DRAPERS.—Girls assist draping dresses; steady work. Ward, Daniel, 16 West 46th.

DRESSMAKER.—Must be competent to take charge in high-grade Tennessee department store. Apply Wednesday morning, 10 to 12, or write or phone for appointment, Alexander H. Meyer, 6 West 32d St.

FILERS
AND
CLERICAL WORKERS.
Girls over 16 years of age may secure permanent positions in our large mail order business; splendid opportunities for advancement; good working conditions and agreeable companionship. Apply mornings, Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. ferry.

FILING CLERK and office assistant in law office; state age, experience and salary expected. N 682 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK, experienced, matured woman; salary moderate if advancement assured. A 798 Times Downtown.

FORELADY.
$50 a week to start; competent to take charge of 100 girls, manufacturing children's dresses in Brooklyn. Address, stating experience. "Forelady," 208 Broadway, Brooklyn.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER wanted, white, for three; small apt.; room furnished. Circle 1941, Apt. 8B.

GIRL, bright, wanted in large publishing house to assist in statistical work; must write a good hand, and make neat figures; salary $15 a week to begin. Address Progress, Box C 688 Times Downtown.

GIRLS, about 16 years, for clerical work in accounting department of Collier's publishing house. 416 West 13th; ask for Miss Collins.

GIRL for billing dept. of wholesale house; one with experience preferred; age about 20; state salary; must be quick and accurate. A 793 Times Downtown.

GIRL.—Neat handwriting, for waiting department large wholesale house; modern modern office; convenient location. W 442 Times Downtown.

GIRL for general housework; Swede preferred, family four; $50 per month. Phone Forest Hills 6401 or call 95 Kelvin St., Forest Hills, N. Y.

GIRLS AS STOCK KEEPERS IN WHOLESALE MILLINERY HOUSE. JUDKINS & McCORMICK CO., 10 WEST 20TH ST.

GIRLS for general office work. Apply to Mr. Entenberg, Samuel Stores, 460 4th Av., 12th floor.

GIRL, small, wanted in large advertising agency. Apply J. Walter Thompson Co., 244 Madison Av., N. Y. C.

GIRLS to insert circulars; salary to start $17. Call Wise & Co., 21 West 45th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS
AND
WOMEN
ORDER PICKERS.

ACTIVE GIRLS AND WOMEN, OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE, TO ASSEMBLE ORDERS FOR WEARING APPAREL RECEIVED BY MAIL.

THIS IS NOT FACTORY WORK, BUT THOSE WHO APPLY SHOULD BE ABLE TO WORK STANDING.

WRAPPERS, PACKERS, TO PREPARE ORDERS FOR SHIPMENT BY PARCEL POST AND EXPRESS.

EXAMINERS
ON NEW READY-TO-WEAR MERCHANDISE; JUST THE TYPE OF WORK FOR CAREFUL AND PAINSTAKING WOMEN.

HOURS, 8:30 TO 5:30.
1 P. M. SATURDAYS.
PAY TO START, $10.
CALL AT ONCE.
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

GIRLS
OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE.
Strong, active girls and women to
PICK ORDERS,
EXAMINE MERCHANDISE,
WRAP LIGHT PARCELS.

This is not a factory; working conditions are the best, and the work is LIGHT, CLEAN, and PLEASANT. Experience is not necessary, and we will give you every help in learning the work.

Starting salary is LIBERAL and there is a splendid chance for conscientious workers to advance themselves to more responsible and better paying positions.

Apply after 8:30 A. M.,
NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO.,
207 WEST 24TH ST.

GIRLS
WANTED
for easy clerical work; experience is not necessary; liberal starting salary, with rapid advancement to more responsible and better paying positions.

Offices are light, cool, and pleasant, and every comfort is provided.

A lunch room where excellent food is sold at cost, rest rooms, hospital, library, etc., are at the disposal of all employes.

SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY.
APPLY AFTER 8:30 A. M.,
NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT,
207 WEST 24TH.

GIRLS
for stencil department,
large publication;
experience not necessary.
Apply
M. C. MOOK,
76 5th Av.

GIRLS, YOUNG,
LEARN MILLINERY PROFESSION.
Good salary to beginners; permanent position; short hours. Apply Miss Helen Henely, 6 West 57th St., 10th Floor.

GOVERNESS, English or Scotch, for little girl of 3; city in Winter; will pay good salary for young woman of culture and experience. Apply Wednesday, 10:30 A. M., Room 1307, 30 East 42d St., New York City.

GOVERNESS wanted; a competent person to take care of two children, 5 and 8 years old: must be well recommended. Write, giving full particulars, H 385 Times.

GOVERNESS, take full charge of two boys, 4 and 7 years old. C. M. Oppenheimer, 39 East 29th.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL GRADUATES, BETWEEN 16 AND 20 YEARS OF AGE, TO DO CLERICAL WORK IN THE OFFICE OF A LARGE CORPORATION.

EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY.

HOURS 9-5, SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY; MANY OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY $10 PER WEEK TO START. WRITE, STATING AGE AND EDUCATION, TO C 542 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES who desire positions leading to supervisory work and offering advancement to $1,500 a year. Apply to Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., (near Canal and Broadway,) New York.

HOUSEKEEPER, a competent, middle-aged woman, for family of one adult and two children; must be well recommended. H 384 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted, competent woman to take full charge small house, Connecticut; 1 hour from city. Tel. Verderbilt 4931.

HUYLER'S,
136 EAST 18TH ST.
CHOCOLATE DIPPERS,
BON BON DIPPERS.

EXPERIENCED AND LEARNERS; HIGHEST SALARY, BONUS PAYABLE DEC. 20; ALSO PART TIME WORKERS; SELECT YOUR OWN HOURS, 8 TO 1, 1 TO 6, 6 TO 10 P. M.; ONLY THOSE UNEMPLOYED DURING DAY FOR NIGHT WORK. APPLY EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT.

LABELERS, experienced, perfumery; best references. Apply 9:30 A. M., Klotz, 90 5th Av.

LADIES, solicit membership for Jewish national institution; splendid opportunity right person; commission. 160 East 25th St., Room 4.

MAID.—Good seamstress, not over 25, to travel with theatrical company; apply daily between 12 and 1. Tuxedo Hall, 59th St. and Madison. Gertrude Hoffman.

MILLINERY LEARNERS.

Those handy at needlework who would care to learn; excellent opportunity for advancement and good salary to start. Apply all week
L. L. WARSCHAUER,
56 WEST 38TH.

MILLINERY
COPYISTS, MAKERS, PREPARERS.
YEARLY POSITION; HIGHEST SALARIES PAID. APPLY MISS HELEN HENELY,
6 WEST 57TH, 10TH FLOOR.

MILLINERS AND COPYISTS.—HIGH-CLASS WORK; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. BLOSSOM HAT, 21 WEST 38TH ST.

MILLINERY CUTTER, EXPERIENCED, TRIMMED HAT HOUSE. BLOSSOM HAT, 21 WEST 38TH.

MILLINERS, to work with designer, good pay, yearly position. Robert Nelson, 35 West 36th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MILLINERY.
PEGGY HOYT, INC.,
16 EAST 55TH ST.,
REQUIRE
MILLINERS,
IMPROVERS,
APPRENTICE MILLINERS.
RAPID ADVANCEMENT; CHEERFUL WORKROOM.

MILLINERY COPYIST experienced on ladies' hats; fine work only; yearly position; highest pay. Robert Nelson, 35 West 36th St.

MODEL wanted for juniors' and misses' coats; an exceptional opportunity for a refined, experienced business woman. See Mr. Anderson, 3d floor, Nemurs Trading Corporation, 151 5th Av.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR
temporary; good salary for competent girl. McCall, 236 West 37th.

NURSE and governess, thoroughly competent person, to take care of 2 children, girl 5, boy 11; must be highly recommended. Write to B. H. Roth, 141st St., Belle Harbor, L. I. City address 598 7th St., Brooklyn.

NURSE or mother's helper to assist in care of 14-month baby; no housework; refined, preferably French; to live out; for New York City. H 382 Times.

NURSE GIRL for 9 months baby. Call Mrs. Louis R. Gans, 53 South Beach 119th St., Rockaway Park, L. I.

NURSE.—Trained infants' nurse, for delicate new-born baby. Write particulars, Room 69, St. Lukes' Hospital.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT for insane hospital; pay $35 month. Call 146 East 28th St. today at 3 P. M.

NURSES, undergraduates, for night duty. Apply N. Y. Orthopedic, 420 East 59th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, wholesale house; must be able to figure well; state age, experience and salary expected. H 285 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANTS, two experienced girls. Nelson Bead Co., 4 West 37th St.

OPERATOR
on children's dresses; will pay $16 a week start to competent help; also learners taken over 16 years at $9 a week; bonus for attendance; a free life insurance policy after three months. W. L. Leavy, Broadway and Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

OPERATORS, experienced on Singer or other sewing machines, for finishing sweaters; learners taken; steady work, very good pay. Krossknit Mills, Rider Av. and East 142d St., near 3d Av.

OUTSIDE OPERATORS AND FINISHERS; LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR; NOT LESS THAN 3 MACHINES; EXCELLENT PRICES FOR GOOD WORK. APPLY ALL WEEK. ISERSON, 395 FOURTH AVENUE.

SALESWOMEN.
We need 4 clever outside saleswomen to sell a sanitary paper specialty in N. Y. C. If your present work does not give you the opportunity to use your sales ability, we will pay you a liberal commission which will give you big earnings; the work is easy and dignified. Apply Tuesday, 9 A. M.,
PAPER UTILITIES CORP.,
37 East 18th St.

SALESWOMEN
for our various
retail stores.
THE MIRROR,
61 WEST 42D ST.

SALESWOMAN.—We desire to employ on a salary basis a high-grade woman who has had school teaching experience to sell the revised up-to-date U. S. Character Building Plan for Children; no selling experience necessary if otherwise qualified. The Cloyes-Lyon Co., 110 West 34th St.

SALESWOMEN,
refined, for high-class shop; yearly position; good salary. La Maisonette, 66 West 47th St.

SECRETARY, German and English stenographer, A1 references, desires congenial position: $30. Z 415 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in law office; must be well educated, competent. Address, giving full particulars, C 618 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; must be neat and accurate; good salary and chance for advancement; State age, previous experience, and phone number, if any. A 110 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.
Large magazine house, both experienced and beginners; good salary and working conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th.

STENOGRAPHER Wanted.—Intelligent girl by importing house; permanent position, with good advancement. L 505 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, INTELLIGENT YOUNG LADY, IN IMPORTING HOUSE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. BRONSTON BROS., 24 WEST 4TH.

STENOGRAPHER.—A capable stenographer by concern making milling cutters; experienced to handle office and trade routine. B 748 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, experienced stenographer; one who is accustomed to take rapid dictation. Call Eastern Parts Mfg. Co., 135 Spring St.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; must have gilt-edged references; to a responsible party a good and steady position is offered; good salary. H 332 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; law office position; permanent; must be able to take dictation and transcribe correctly; salary $20. Room 408 1,482 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, 2, EXPERIENCED; GOOD SALARY; PERMANENT POSITION; CHRISTIAN FIRM. PHONE STUYVESANT 2646.

STENOGRAPHER, who is fair piano player, and who can read; excellent opportunity. Call Tuesday, C. C. Church & Co., 153 West 48th St.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, state experience and references, answer by letter only. Irving Waist Co., 72 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and capable, for agreeable position; manufacturing concern. Samek Bros., 13 East 22d.

STENOGRAPHER, one willing to learn dictaphone; state experience, salary, religion. E 226 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced; good salary; permanent position. Apply personally Room 1303, 15 William St.

STENOGRAPHER, RELIABLE AND EXPERIENCED. APPLY ROOM 401, 17 BATTERY PLACE.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman or man who has had advertising experience. Address E 113 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, to take charge of correspondence. Columbia Corrugated, 50 West 20th.

STENOGRAPHER, French, possessing good knowledge of English; state qualifications, salary. F 179 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and capable; good salary; excellent position for right party. Apply Room 903, 45 John St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Only competent and experienced need apply; good pay. Call after 10 A. M., P. S. S. & Co., 20 East 20th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced penman; splendid opportunity. Enterprise Music Supply Co., 145 West 45th St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, in publication office. Call Gardner-Moffat Co., 22 East 17th St.

STENOGRAPHER, educated, brainy, beginner. Call Klein, Room 2434, 21 Park Row.

STENOGRAPHER, temporary position, good salary; 9 to 5. See Mr. Anderson. Angier Mills, 30 Reade St.

STENOGRAPHER, intelligent and neat appearance; good opportunity. Write Box K 614, 1,265 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER with experience, for manufacturing concern. Call V. B. & T. B. Co., 38 Murray St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be competent; wanted at 30 East 57th St. Room 15; salary $18 to $22.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, desires position; capable, accurate, willing; $20. C 673 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, in small Christian office; permanent position for refined young lady; $18 weekly. Telephone Beekman 1720.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; knowledge of bookeeping; moderate salary for start. Louis Freedman, 713 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER in wholesale dry goods business; must have business experience. Call Syndicate Trading Co., 230 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced law; permanent position; state salary, and qualifications. N 681 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, for large downtown office; permanent position, commencing at $18; chance for advancement. F 190 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, for temporary position in large office; salary $20. F 189 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; thoroughly capable and efficient. Apply in person only. Colonial Tire & Rubber Co., 1,922 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, to do clerical work; state age, reference and salary. N 689 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, neat and accurate; good opportunity for advancement. The Wheeler Syndicate, 373 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST.—Underwood No. 5 operator; also give particulars. H 396 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; good salary; permanent position. Write R. A. P., 1,358 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, in busy law office; state salary, references, and experience. L 442 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHERS.

A large electrical firm in New York City has several openings for thoroughly experienced stenographers in its engineering department; those having had experience on technical work preferred. Apply by letter to T. K., Room 2502, 110 West 40th St.

STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPISTS.
Old established export house (Christian) has opening for two or three A1 stenographers and as many typists; salary commensurate with ability and experience. Reply stating age, education, church affiliation, and salary desired, C 682 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST
not an ordinary stenographer, but a young woman who is sufficiently intelligent to act as assistant to executive; an unusual opening in a large organization, for a bright, educated young woman, who is willing to start at a moderate salary. Write giving full particulars, Box 352, Room 406, 110 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER.
YOUNG LADY POSSESSING THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING WILL FIND STEADY EMPLOYMENT IN CHRISTIAN EXPORT AND IMPORT OFFICE; STATE REFERENCE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY DESIRED. C 671 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHERS.—WE REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL REFINED, EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHERS; MUST BE NEAT, ACCURATE AND RAPID BOTH IN TAKING DICTATION AND TRANSCRIBING; INQUIRE MANAGER. GOLDBERG & HEIM, 74 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

STENOGRAPHER.
MUST BE COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED; GOOD, PERMANENT POSITION WITH LARGE MERCANTILE FIRM; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION, SALARY EXPECTED. P. O. BOX 27, MADISON SQUARE STATION.

STENOGRAPHER

To do substitute work on commercial correspondence; will pay at current rate, but must have one who can turn out work. Call Room 103, 500 5th Av., corner 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY
as assistant to executive in advertising department of newspaper and magazine publishing house. Speed, accuracy and ability to grasp details essential. Write giving full details as to past experience, salary desired, etc. D. W., 807 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—A young lady who is as progressive as this firm, who knows bookkeeping, and who is sufficiently ambitious to appreciate opportunity for advancement with a growing advertising service; please state your age, experience, and salary expected. Box 63, 1619 St. James Building.

STENOGRAPHER, must be experienced and good disposition; good pay to right party; must be American; one experienced with machinery house preferred; knowledge of French essential, but not necessary. E 238 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Rapid operator; one having routine knowledge of broad silk house preferred. Gerfeta Corporation, 461 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Christian firm has positions for two young women, who can take dictation rapidly and correctly; $22 per week to start, with opportunity for rapid advancement; call after 5 P. M. Room 905, Tribune Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, age 21 to 26, preferably but not necessarily with experience in publication office, to handle copy, correspondence and details; must have executive ability; ask for Mr. Pinto, Gardner-Moffat Co., 22 East 17th St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER,
with good experience, who is rapid and accurate; some office work; prefer applicant living in Jersey; position is with department executive. If unable to call telephone Sprague Electric Works, Bloomfield, N. J.

STENOGRAPHERS,
GENERAL OFFICE EXPERIENCE.
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

STENOGRAPHER and typist with woolen commission house; must be competent and reliable; experience in woolen line preferred, but not essential; good surroundings; state full particulars. N 676 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, with ability to master other office details, is wanted in accounting department of a Bronx manufacturing concern; give age, salary, experience, and all particulars. Auditor, P. O. Box 50, Westchester, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.
One thoroughly experienced on Remington machine; must also be generally useful at filing and office details. Advance Novelty Candy Co., 519 East 72d.

STENOGRAPHER for purchasing department; good chance for advancement for bright young lady. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary expected. Steno., 208 East 23d.

STENOGRAPHER.
Expert operator on Underwood machine.
GOOD OPPORTUNITY. CALL.
EPSTEIN-CHAS. DOUGLAS CO.,
826 BROADWAY, 6TH FLOOR.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; young lady to fill stenographic and clerical position; salary to start $20; chance for advancement. Apply after 10 A. M., the Holbrook Co., 67th St. and West End Av.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must have experience; good permanent position and chance for advancement; must be neat and of good appearance. Drukker & Co., 66 Leonard St.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; Christian contracting engineering firm; position permanent, advancing; state age, experience, nationality, salary expected. C 665 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must be able to transcribe notes accurately and rapidly. Room 705, Woolworth Building. Phone 7940 Barclay.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Intelligent young lady with general office experience; Christian firm; excellent chance for advancement; $18 per week. Telephone Worth 3785 for appointment.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in large music publishing house; wonderful opportunity. Broadway Music Corporation, 145 West 45th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, in wholesale house; good pay, splendid opportunity; state past experience. Box 59, 1,619 St. James Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, wanted by large downtown corporation; position permanent; pleasant surroundings; salary $100 a month. N 680 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST,
experienced, also to assist in bookkeeping; good salary. Arthur W. Ware & Co., 12 E. 18th St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in New York office of large Importing and Manufacturing company. State experience and salary expected. C 676 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; one who knows how to operate Elliott Fisher machine preferred. Call 10 A. M., bring references, S. J. Aronsohn, Inc., 17 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, with several years' experience with engineering or building work; should be experienced in secretarial position. F 159 Times.

STENOGRAPHER to sales manager; must be expert in dictation; $100 per month to start; references and full experience necessary in first letter. N 691 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school education and two years' experience essential; pleasant office; steady employment; $20. Write fully, H 387 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, dictation, typing; one experienced in metal trade preferred; office manufacturer; apply in person. Livingston Radiator, 205 West 75th.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, NO BEGINNER; STATE IN FULL EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. T. Y., 809 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—English, Spanish. Address, stating in full knowledge and experience, giving age, references, and salary desired, I. D., 216 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and order clerk; good penman; exceptional opportunity for advancement. Apply Welte & Sons, 2 East 53d St.

STENOGRAPHER by large export and import house; Christian firm; $18 weekly. Apply Room 2001, 50 East 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, musical agency; $10 to $12; chance beginner. Room 315, 1,493 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, experienced. Apply Paul Wenger Co., 35 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; 7 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; $30. E 215 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid; no beginner. Stasny Music Co., 56 West 45th St.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED. ALBERT A. SON, 5 EAST 46TH ST.

STOCK LEDGER CLERK, efficient, wanted by automobile accessory house. Call Eastern Parts Mfg. Co., 135 Spring St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, law office; state experience, salary desired, and references. L 443 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.

A large electrical firm in New York City has several openings for thoroughly experienced typists in engineering dept.; those having had experience on technical work preferred. Apply by letter to T. K., Room 2502, 110 West 40th St., N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Female.

TELEPHONE
SPRING TWELVE THOUSAND
if
you want to earn
$12 A WEEK
to start
with.
OPPORTUNITIES
for
ADVANCEMENT.
New York Telephone Co.

TYPISTS.

GIRLS WHO ARE INTERESTED IN SECURING POSITIONS AS TYPISTS, WITH A FAST GROWING ORGANIZATION; PAY TO START BASED ON ABILITY AND CAPABLE BEGINNERS WILL BE GIVEN OPPORTUNITY TO QUALIFY.
CALL AT ONCE.
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

TYPISTS.
Girls over 16 years of age may secure permanent positions in our large mail order business; splendid opportunities for advancement; good working conditions and agreeable companionship. Apply mornings, Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. ferry.

TYPIST and switchboard operator, (monitor,) must be rapid and accurate; experience in woolen line preferred, but not essential; state full details. N 677 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Young woman; good appearance; rapid and accurate on Underwood machine; knowledge of bookkeeping essential. Apply Columbia X-Ray & Electric Corp., Room 1207, 131 East 23d St.

TYPIST.
Spanish-French-English translator; shorthand desired; state experience and salary required. Box 571 Times. 2 Rector St.

TYPIST, neat and rapid, for report and statistical work; state age, experience and salary wanted to start. N 684 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, WELL EDUCATED AMERICAN, IN ADVERTISING OFFICE; $20 TO START, WITH ADVANCEMENT. CALL ELLIOTT SERVICE CO., 141 WEST 36TH.

TYPIST.—Refined young lady for temporary position. Salary $15 per week; must come well recommended. Lederle Antitoxin Laboratories, 511 Fifth Av., Cor. 43d St.

TYPIST wanted by large publishing concern; state qualifications, salary desired. F 168 Times.

TYPIST AND OFFICE ASSISTANT.—One who is good at figures. Twisted Wire and Steel Co., 437 11th Av., near 36th St.

TYPIST, billing clerk, experienced; $18 to start; opportunity for advancement; permanent. Box A 797 Times Downtown.

TYPIST; ACCURATE.
McCALL, 236 WEST 37TH.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, WITH COMMERCIAL EXPERIENCE, FOR SWITCHBOARD OF LARGE IMPORTING HOUSE. Z. J., 211 TIMES UPTOWN.

WAITRESS.—Hours 7 to 10:30 A. M., 6 to 8:30 P. M.; $8 and meals. Apply mornings, Studio Club, 35 East 62d.

WOMEN TRAVELERS.—One or two young women to do educational work in connection with retail stores handling men's and women's apparel; we do not want sales solicitors; we have no goods to market; we want young, alert, cultured women of experience; salary and expenses. Apply by letter only, stating fully past associations. L. S. Goldsmith, 244 5th Av.

WOMEN WITHOUT EXPERIENCE
who wish to learn a business which offers permanent employment and a good salary. Apply Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., (near Canal and Broadway,) New York.

WOMAN to do general housework, including laundry; sleep out; 2 in family; small apartment. Apply between 3 and 6 o'clock, Apt. 47, 135 West 16th St.

YOUNG WOMAN, in a large downtown office, switchboard operator; would be required to do other work, such as filing, &c., during period when not employed at switchboard; answers should state experience and salary expected, also what schooling applicant has had. B 787 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRL, beginner, to learn to string beads and make herself generally useful in office; splendid opportunity for ambitious girl; easy work; pleasant surroundings; paid while learning. Write C. A., 150 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, over 18, to take orders over telephone; must be bright and accurate; good position assured. National Imperial Woolens, Inc., 906 Broadway.

YOUNG LADY to assist in experimental laboratory of large perfumery concern; interesting work; splendid opportunity for advancement; salary $15. H 392 Times.

YOUNG LADY for office work; experience not necessary; prefer one with fluent knowledge of French; moderate salary. Z 351 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY, as junior stenographer and office assistant; willing to start $14; state age and experience. C 622 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, with all around ability, for retail store; salary no object for right person. 422 Columbus Av.

YOUNG LADY, experienced, for office and show room. Marshall Dress Co., 275 5th Av.

YOUNG GIRL for office. Alvin Silver Co., 20 Maiden Lane.

Instruction.

FIND SATISFACTION IN YOUR VOCATION.
If you are not satisfied with your present occupation find out whether you are naturally fitted to it; perhaps you are in the right position, but have a personal trait that needs correcting to increase your success and bring you happiness; perhaps you are in the wrong position; a mental analysis and vocational consultation (arranged for by appointment) will answer your question as to the "right" occupation. For particulars and Booklet "K" call or write Merton Institute, 96 5th Av., at 15th St., New York. (Phone Chelsea 4054.)

$12 to $35 POSITIONS WAITING FOR YOU after finishing our month's course of instruction. Call for particulars or phone 6097 Madison Square; day, evening, and correspondence courses.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
1,170 Broadway, at 28th St.,
(formerly of the Singer Building.)
Branches Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago.

HOTELS need trained women; positions waiting; demand far exceeds the supply; we will train you at home by mail in your spare time for this fascinating profession; big pay, fine living; splendid opportunity for advancement; send for free illustrated book, "Your Big Future in Hotel Work." Lewis Hotel Training School, 397 Mather Bldg., Washington, D. C.

BE INDEPENDENT—EARN $5,000 YEAR or more as a doctor of chiropractic, day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet C.
N. Y. COLLEGE OF CHIROPRACTIC,
1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6958.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Summer courses; stenography, bookkeeping, secretarial; convenient hours; (day, evening.) 500 5th Av., 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

REGISTERED School for Nurses. Sydenham Hospital, 343 East 116th St., New York City.—Vacancies exist for women desiring to give 2 years 2 months training; diploma granted after passing successful examination. Apply Superintendent of Nurses.

POSITION GUARANTEED.
$15 Wed., Aug. 20. Day or Night, pays for Six Weeks' Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted; demand never so great; we qualify you in 30 days. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St.; 598 West 181st St.; 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING,
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 154 NASSAU STREET. MISS GRIFFIN. Supervisor, mailing department, must be competent, $25; secretary-stenographers, several, $25; switchboard, typists, $15; file clerks, $12-$15.

INVESTIGATION CLERK wanted, experienced, or complaint adjuster for export house, $17-$18. Registration free. Evelyn Agency, 309 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Switchboards, Clerks, Typists, $12-$30; free registration. Fulton Stenographic Agency, 93 Nassau St., 489 5th Av.

Rose Webber, 1009 Tribune Building.—Stenographers; permanent, temporary; commercial, legal; $12-$30.

HORRIGAN AGENCY, 38 Park Row; Cortlandt 8352. Stenographers, Typists, Bookkeepers, Clerks; beginners, experts.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 BROADWAY.
Numerous stenographic and secretarial positions open; also switchboard, typing, file, adding machine operator, addressograph; register free.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers; numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT. — ESTABLISHED CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT HAS EXCELLENT OPENING FOR COMPETENT SENIOR POSSESSING EXCEPTIONAL ABILITY, CAPABLE OF HANDLING ANY CLASS OF WORK, AND WRITE FINISHED REPORTS; REPLY, STATING AGE, NATIONALITY, FULL EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY DESIRED. L 509 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT, SENIOR.—ONE WHO HAS HAD ACTUAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTING EXPERIENCE; MUST BE ABLE TO TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE OF AUDIT, DEVISE PRODUCTION AND FACTORY COST SYSTEMS OF MODERN TYPE; IF YOU THINK YOU CAN QUALIFY, WRITE COMPREHENSIVELY, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, NATIONALITY, AND SALARY DESIRED. B 789 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT.—Certified public accountant in Middle West, desires services of experienced accountant, preferably with New York certificate; not over 35 years of age; salary, $3,000, and substantial increase second year; in replying, state present connections and last five years; please arrange for interview this week in New York. E 234 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., with good practice, wishes to establish firm with another accountant, not certified, also with good practice, with view of sharing office expenses; practice established by each man and income earned therefrom is to be retained by each individual; replies considered confidential. Box H 790 Times Downtown

ACCOUNTANT, expert; and stenographer; boys' agricultural school; $100 per month and maintenance, with possibility of advancement. Apply Groff, Tuesday, 46 Cedar St. Telephone John 3977.

ACCOUNTANT wanted, with building construction experience; moderate salary to start, but unusual opportunity for man with real ability. Write Post Office Box 739, Pittsburgh, Penn.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT.

OPPORTUNITY FOR BRIGHT YOUNG MAN WITH ADVERTISING EXPERIENCE TO MAKE A PERMANENT CONNECTION WITH A LARGE CHRISTIAN MANUFACTURER; ONE WITH EXPERIENCE IN CORRESPONDENCE, CATALOGUE WORK, PRINTING, ENGRAVING, &c., PREFERRED; STATE EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. F 173 TIMES.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, real space sellers, wanted and a big line permanent growing daily proposition; every encouragement and assistance will be given the right men; commission, with drawing account. Address in confidence, stating experience, C 173 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR for popular Spanish magazine; must be a high-class man, experienced in handling national advertising; salary and commission. D 152 Times.

ART DEPARTMENT NEEDS ANOTHER GOOD ARTIST.
There is room in the Art Division of a large advertising service department for a good, all-around artist and letterer, capable of executing sketches and other art work on advertising layouts. The opportunity should interest an experienced, rapid worker who values association with a large company and who desires a permanent connection with the chance to establish a reputation for high-class work in a large department. When applying, bring samples of your work and ask to see Mr. Lockwood, 12th floor, McGraw-Hill Co., Inc., 10th Av. at 36th St.

ARCHITECTURAL SUPERINTENDENT
wanted with experience and fully qualified to supervise construction of large buildings, with full working knowledge of the various details encountered. Write, giving in detail experience, references, and salary desired, to Albert Kahn, Architect, Detroit, Mich.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN capable of preparing plans, working drawings, and specifications from preliminary sketches. Reply, stating age, nationality, education, experience, references, and salary desired, H 390 Times.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMEN.—Building contractor has opening for several high-class draftsmen; those with theatre experience preferred. State age, salary, and detailed experience, H 391 Times.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN wanted; experienced man only. Bertram Cunnyngham, Inc., 120 Broadway, New York City.

ARTIST WANTED.
One who is capable of doing the highest class pencil or pen and ink commercial drawings of buildings and machinery artistically rendered. Bring samples of your work and ask to see Mr. Semple, McGraw-Hill Co., Inc., 10th Av. at 36th St.

ARTISTS. — Good commercial and sketch men; steady positions. Ed Usosken Lytho. Co., 230 West 17th St.

ARTIST wanted, clever in sketching stylish ladies' figures; best inducement. Call any time. Osgood Studio, 141 West 36th St.

ASSISTANT TO EXPORT MANAGER.
Young man, intelligent, energetic, with good education, and office experience; knowledge of French and German desirable; large corporation offers good chance for advancement; state experience, references and compensation expected. L 510 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT EXECUTIVE.—Good chance for advancement. Picker, 497 Lexington Av.

ATTENDANTS AND NURSES are wanted in a large hospital in caring for patients suffering with mental and nervous diseases; a large number of soldiers and sailors are being treated; pleasant surroundings, good wages; nurses' home. Write for particulars, Dr. S. Metz Miller, State Hospital, Norristown, Penn.

AUTOMOBILE
BODY FITTERS.
BREWSTER & CO., QUEENSBORO BRIDGE PLAZA, L. I. CITY,
REQUIRE
EXPERIENCED MAN ON ASSEMBLING GLASS FRAMES AND WINDSHIELDS ON AUTOMOBILE BODIES.
ALSO
AUTOMOBILE BODY WOODWORKERS ON REPAIR AND FITTING BODIES ON CHASSIS.

AUTOMOBILE TRIMMER, experienced; steady work; good working conditions. Ellis Motor Car Company, 416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

AUTOMOBILE
TOP MAKER.
BREWSTER & CO., QUEENSBORO BRIDGE PLAZA, L. I. CITY,
REQUIRE
EXPERIENCED TOP MAKER ON ALL KINDS OF AUTOMOBILE TOPS.

BILL CLERK, thoroughly familiar with railroad routings, wanted in order department of large chemical concern; a man who has been in the chemical line and familiar with it preferred; salary $30 per week to start. Apply John C. Wiarda & Co., 257-273 Greene St., Brooklyn.

BILLING CLERK, YOUNG MAN EXPERIENCED ON EDGEWOOD TYPEWRITER; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES. JACOB SPERBER, 20 WEST 33D ST.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced in all branches; permanent position to right man; references; state salary. Apply, by letter only, United Theatre Ticket Co., 1,465 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT.—Young man, between the ages of 21 and 30; must understand double entry bookkeeping; knowledge of export and import trade preferred; salary according to ability. N 672 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Man about 25 or 30 years of age who thoroughly understands double entry, to assist cashier and take charge in his absence; state qualifications, salary expected, &c. A 794 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, DOUBLE ENTRY.
Must understand trial balance and be thoroughly experienced; state salary, references, &c. Advance Candy Co., 519 East 72d.

BOOKKEEPER. — Furniture manufacturer, and located in lower Bronx, requires assistant bookkeeper; state full particulars. D 1205 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER. — Manufacturing company, metal trade, wants bookkeeper take charge books, payroll. Apply in person, Livingston Radiator, 205 West 75th St.

BOOKKEEPER. — THOROUGHLY QUICK AND ACCURATE; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. W. R., 802 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; state age, experience, salary, and references. W 365 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and Stenographer; hours, 8 to 6; state experience and salary desired. K 3 Times.

BOOKKEEPERS, with experience on individual ledgers; state age, present salary, telephone number. N 671 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent; state age, experience, salary, and references. W 364 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man with ambition; must know real bookkeeping; do own correspondence, manage small office; this is real opportunity for some on with pep; knowledge of machinery sales preferred but not essential; $25 to start; rapid advancement and bright future to right party. Apply personally. E. Kronman, Inc., 248 Lafayette St.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly qualified for general ledger work; accustomed to preparing monthly statements; state age, married or single, experience in detail, reference, and salary; good opportunity for right man. E 213 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typists; a large export and import concern requires the services of an experienced young lady, accurate at figures and good penmanship; excellent advancement; salary $20. H 193 Times.

BOYS.
An opening for several bright boys with a big investment house in Wall Street. Address R. R., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOYS INTERESTED IN MECHANICAL WORK AND TELEGRAPHY who wish further training leading to work along electrical lines, apply Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., near Canal and Broadway, N. Y.

BOY
for light packing in coffee department of wholesale house, downtown, steady position; good wages. Call Mr. Lunsford, 10-12 Leonard St.

BOYS wanted by a Wall St. bank to start as runners; good salary, bonuses and lunches; advancement assured. N 669 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, in downtown office, to run errands, &c.; reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience if any, reference, salary required, &c., to F. H., P. O. Box 990, City Hall Station.

BOY in a large downtown office, about 15-16 years of age; must be bright, active, and willing to learn; answer, stating age, schooling, and salary expected. B 785 Times Downtown.

BOY, OVER 16 YEARS, BY LARGE WHOLESALE MILLINERY HOUSE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT WORKERS. JUDKINS & McCORMICK CO., 10 WEST 20TH ST.

BOY, bright, for office work; congenial surroundings; splendid opportunity for advancement; one with some high school training preferred; state age; salary to start, $40 per month. B 794 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Opportunities for reliable and industrious boys between 15 and 17 to secure permanent position with advancement with Wall St. brokerage firm. C 511 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright, energetic boy for office work and light deliveries; permanent position with good chance for advancement; good salary. A. C., Box 150 Times Downtown.

Boy wanted in downtown office of manufacturing company; capable boy can advance rapidly; reply own handwriting. Address N 604 Times Downtown.

BOY.—SCHOOL GRADUATE TO TAKE CHARGE OF LETTER FILES; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. BRONSTON BROS., 24 WEST 4TH.

BOY or young man who wishes to learn the wholesale notion business; no experience necessary; state age and salary expected. Write B. X., 1,358 Broadway.

BOY to make himself useful in large publishing house; splendid opportunity; salary to start, $12. Call Wise & Co., 21 West 45th St.

BOY wanted as messenger by downtown banking house; salary $12; must come well recommended. B 724 Times Downtown.

BOYS, 16 to 18 years, to learn jewelry business; good chance for advancement; $10 to start. Call 1,261 Broadway, 4th floor.

BOYS, HUSKY, OVER 16.
Light factory work; opportunity to learn trade. McCall, 236 West 37th.

BOY, (16,) to work in electrical factory; wages to start, $10 per week. J. H. Bunnell Co., 5 Sullivan St.

BOY for export office; one who wants to learn the business; must be intelligent and ambitious. 108 Greenwich St.

BOYS, between ages of 14-16, wanted by large corporation house; advancement for right kind of boys. N 558 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by Christian firm for telephone service and general office work. Apply Room 2102, 140 Cedar St., New York City.

BOY wanted in office; state age, experience, and salary expected. N 683 Times Downtown.

BOY
for office and generally useful; Christian firm. Compagnie Morana, 118 East 27th.

BOY, about 18 years old, to begin as runner in bank; good chance for advancement; state age. Address Box 70, 2,121 3d Av.

BOY, bright, willing; office large manufacturers; state age, salary. E 221 Times.

BRUSH MAKERS, several good all around; we pay good salaries and guarantee work all the year round; good climate and living expenses moderate. Write at once, The Capitol Brush Mfg. Co., Denver, Col.

BUYER.—For large wholesale dress concern; exceptional opportunity for right man, state qualifications and houses previously connected with; all applications will be treated strictly confidential. K 4 Times.

CANVASSERS. — Crew work; temperance beverages; big money for hustlers; commission only. Call forenoon, Ebling Brewing Co., Bottling Dept., 156th St. and Eagle Av.

CHAUFFEUR for Pierce; must be thorough mechanic; continual employment; single preferred; state salary, experience, reference required. N 679 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced driver of Ford truck; steady position, with advancement; state experience and salary wanted. N 674 Times Downtown.

CHECKERS
and
TOOL DESIGNERS.
FAMILIAR WITH UP-TO-DATE SHOP PRACTICE AND TOOLING METHODS; RAPID AND ACCURATE IN THEIR WORK; NONE BUT A1 MEN NEED APPLY.
SLOCUM, AVRAM & SLOCUM LABORATORIES, INC.,
120 PACIFIC ST., NEWARK, N. J.

CHEMIST.
Young man with industrial chemical buying experience for general assistant in chemical department of large export house. Address "T. V.," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

CLERK.
OIL PRODUCTS, NEW YORK STATE MANUFACTURING CORPORATION, seek the services of an experienced New York office head clerk, bookkeeper and assistant to executive; up to date experience in all office detail work, ability to furnish accountant service in balance sheets, statements, factory costs, an accurate stenographer, and be able to handle routine correspondence by own dictation as well requisite; unusual chance for advancement to grow up with an entirely new manufacturing process for a standard commodity for a young man who can fill the requirements; age about 30 preferable, reside in New York City, and be able to furnish A1 references; address replies in own handwriting, stating salary; Christian firm. C 693 Times Downtown.

CLERK—Hotel, on front and bills; $120; no meals; state experience and reference; confidential. H 394 Times.

COLLECTOR.—Experienced furniture collector. Apply Mr. Schiff, Bauman Co., 2,939 3d Av., 152d St.

COOPERS, first-class, wanted at once. Apply in person to The Texas Company, Av. A and First St., Bayonne, N. J.

CUTTER, experienced, for custom tailoring establishment; willing to work out of town; must be quick and up to date; good position to right party. Newcorn & Green, 1032 Market St., Philadelphia.

DESIGNERS
and
DRAFTSMEN.
SEVERAL DESIRABLE OPENINGS EXIST IN OUR ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT FOR DRAFTSMEN EXPERT IN THE DESIGN OF INTRICATE AUTOMATIC MACHINERY SIMILAR TO ADDING AND CALCULATING MACHINERY, WRAPPING MACHINERY, &c. SUCCESSFUL APPLICANTS MUST BE ORIGINAL IN DESIGN, CAREFUL, AND ACCURATE IN THEIR WORK. APPLY
SLOCUM, AVRAM & SLOCUM LABORATORIES, INC.,
120 PACIFIC ST., NEWARK, N. J.

DETAILER AND LAYOUT MAN WANTED FOR ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT. ADDRESS ENGINEERING DEPT., DORT MOTOR CAR CO., FLINT, MICH.

DRAFTSMAN. — Heating and ventilating draftsman wanted by large engineering and contracting firm located in the city, but doing business all over country; young man with some experience preferred; state experience and salary expected. N 606 Times Downtown.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Count six words to an agate line. (Minimum space two lines.) Per Agate Line.

Agents Wanted (Sunday 55c)	50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	47c
Automobile Exchange (Sunday 55c)	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	40c
Country Board	45c
Employment Agencies (Sunday 55c)	50c
For Sale (Sunday 55c)	50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	40c
Help Wanted	40c
Lost and Found (Sunday 55c)	50c
Mortgage Loans (Sunday 55c)	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	47c
Situations Wanted	35c
	Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 15c)	10c
Buyers' Wants	10c

Reward of $100 will be paid by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money by means of a fraudulent advertisement in The New York Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

DRAFTSMAN, chief; one with large experience especially upon small machines with interchangeable parts; a first-class man will find good, permanent position in factory in New York City. Premier Special Machine Corporation, 421 Canal St.

DRAFTSMAN, ARCHITECTURAL, EXPERIENCED IN STORE ALTERATION. C. H. SEYMOUR, ARCHITECT, 405 LEXINGTON AV.

DRAFTSMAN.
Mechanical draftsman, some knowledge designing. Sprague Electric Works, Bloomfield, N. J.

DRAFTSMAN.—Junior architectural, for builder's office; state experience and reference. L 502 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, pattern cutter; children's coats. P. O., 482 Times Downtown.

DYER, experienced, for textile laboratory of dyestuff manufacturers. Address "G.," Room 713, 108 Fulton St., New York City.

DYER MAN, COMPETENT TO TAKE CHARGE OF STRAW BRAID DYEING PLANT; SALARY $600 AND BONUS; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, IN CONFIDENCE. WRITE F. R., 209 CABLE BLDG.

EMBALMER, single, in an undertaking establishment of high standing; state salary and experience. Box 25, 3,013 3d Av.

ENTRY CLERK, experienced entering from caller. Address Correct, Box 139, Madison Square.

ENTRY CLERK in woolen commission house; must be good at figures. Address H 389 Times.

ESTIMATOR and detailer, for steel and concrete; capable and reliable; work in general contractor's office; reply giving age, experience and salary. The A. Bentley & Sons Co., Toledo, Ohio.

FIREMAN for apartment hotel. Inquire Supt., 116 West 72d St.

FOREMAN.
MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE
ON AUTOMATIC MACHINES
and ability to handle female employes.
APPLY IN PERSON,
SWEETS CO. OF AMERICA,
416-422 West 45th

FOREMAN for toolmaking department; have modern equipment and employing thirty tool and die makers on jigs, fixtures, compound, and sub-press die; applicant must be first-class mechanic with executive ability and previous experience as a foreman; good salary paid to person meeting the requirements; in your reply state previous experience and furnish references. Address Z 328 Times Annex.

FRENCH
mechanical or electrical
ENGINEER,
graduate from a
technical university abroad,
with practical experience
along machinery lines
in his native country
and in the United States
wanted for
engineering translation work.
Full day position;
call between 12 and 1 o'clock
with diploma and references.
Ask for Mr. Goldstein,
IRON AGE PUBLISHING COMPANY,
239 WEST 39TH STREET.

GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTOR wishes to receive applications for the following positions: Structural engineer, Superintendent concrete construction, foreman mason and bricklayer, foreman excavator, all to be of the highest type of men, with successful record, and familiar with all the usual systems and routine of successful management, knowledge of equipment, &c.; give experience, salary, and particulars. F 158 Times.

HELPERS' Useful House Departments. Youths 18. Useful, Box 139, Madison Square.

JEWELER WANTED; HIGH-CLASS MAN ON FINE PLATINUM JEWELRY; GOOD WAGES, STEADY WORK. CALL CARRIER, 2 EAST 52D ST.

JUNIOR ACCOUNTANTS.
A bond house wants four junior accountants, experienced, not over 30; good pay and opportunities. Address S. V., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

JUNIOR CLERK.—Law office; $10; bring references; call after 10. 805, 59 Wall St.

LAW CLERK, admitted, with some experience in brief, court, and office work; Christian firm. F 171 Times.

LEDGER CLERK, experienced, wanted in leading import and export establishment; must be familiar with exporting; permanent position, with every chance for advancement. Address, stating salary and full particulars, C 686 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST,
thoroughly familiar on all kinds sewing machines; must have good references. K. Y., 804 Times Downtown.

MAGAZINE SUBSCRIPTION SALESMEN.—Must be experienced on trade publications; traveling position, representing three leading high-class magazines; commission proposition with drawing account. Apply by letter to George J. Floren, Room 1003, 1,182 B'way.

MAN WITH THOROUGH EXPERIENCE IN KEEPING INVENTORY AND EQUIPMENT RECORD CAN GET IN TOUCH WITH A DESIRABLE OPENING IF HE WILL WRITE FULLY TO C. G., 810 BROAD ST., NEWARK, N. J.

MAN for foreign department wanted by out-of-town bank; must know principal European languages. Apply, own handwriting, stating experience, qualifications, and salary expected. H 395 Times.

MAN, good, stout, to work on battery wagon; good wages and reasonable hours. Apply Room 210, 44 Broad St.

MAN for tray service in apartment hotel. Inquire Manager, 116 West 72d St.

MECHANICS, ATTENTION!
WE WANT
FORGE HAMMERMEN,
DIE SINKERS,
TOOLMAKERS.
NO LABOR TROUBLE.
SEE MR. LANGHAMMER,
PENNSYLVANIA HOTEL,
WEDNESDAY, 9-10 A. M., 8-9 P. M.

OFFICE BOY.—MUST BE BRIGHT, CLEAN CUT, AND AMBITIOUS; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL TUESDAY, MR. YOUNG, C. E. SHEPARD CO., 311 HUDSON ST.

OFFICE BOY.—Good opportunity for bright, willing public school graduate to learn export shipping; in reply state age and wages expected. B 790 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Good opportunity for bright, ambitious boy. U. S. Rubber Co., 1,790 Broadway, 14th floor.

OFFICE ASSISTANT; young man, good penman and accurate at figures. Call P. S. S & Co., 20 East 20th St.

OFFICE BOY.—Bright; state age, experience, if any, salary, references. W 366 Times.

OFFICE BOY, quick, alert, willing; splendid opportunity for advancement. Call Krower & Tynberg, 46 West 23d.

OFFICE BOY wanted. Ask for Mr. Meeks, 185 Madison Av.

OFFICE BOY, 16-17, bright, active. Call Magazine of Wall Street, 42 Broadway.

PACKER, experienced packing holiday articles. Address Holiday, Box 139, Madison Square.

HELP WANTED—Male.

PACKER.—Young man having experience packing cloaks and suits. Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

PORTERS wanted for all-around work; good pay, steady work. McGraw-Hill Co., Inc., 36th St. and 10th Av., 8th floor.

PORTUGUESE,
mechanical or electrical
ENGINEER.
Graduate from a
technical university abroad,
with practical experience
along machinery lines
in his native country
and in the United States,
wanted for
engineering translation work.
Full day position.
Call between 12 and 1 o'clock
with diploma and references.
Ask for Mr. Goldstein.
IRON AGE PUBLISHING CO.,
239 WEST 39TH ST.

PROGRESS CHART AND DIAGRAM DRAFTSMAN WANTED.

A financial house has an opportunity for a draftsman who is qualified, by training and experience, to analyze "figure facts" and prepare charts and diagrams.

This is an unusual opportunity for a man who will bring to his work not only ability as a draftsman, but ability to analyze.

State experience, age, religion, salary expected, and, if possible, send examples of work to show scope of experience and ability to produce.

Replies will be held in confidence, and examples and data sent to us will be returned if requested. H 321 Times.

PUBLIC SCHOOL GRADUATES who wish to earn a good salary while learning a profession which offers permanent work and regular advancement. Apply Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., (near Canal and Broadway,) New York.

PURCHASING AGENTS' ASSISTANT, experienced; write detailed qualifications, and salary desired; big future for intelligent hustler; National Asbestos Mfg. Co., 193 Henderson St., Jersey City.

REPORTER.—A new daily wants a super-reporter, a man who innately and by training is suited to interview men of big affairs in the commercial, professional, and political fields; must be an experienced interviewer of recognized integrity and veracity; must have initiative enough to command attention and personality enough to exact respect, a man who can beget and not betray confidence; an exceptional man is wanted for an exceptional proposition; in confidence state fully experience and remuneration expected. Address C 173 Times.

REPORTER wanted for suburban daily newspaper; one writing shorthand preferred. Z 420 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.
LIFE INCOME.
Our office requires three additional salesmen in placing the "Income for Life" contracts; greatest thing in the world; assets $35,000,000; unusual opportunity; renewal income plus commissions. Apply Mr. Fellows, 111 Broadway.

SALESMEN.
Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require experienced salesmen for their silk and leather goods departments. Applications can be made at the Employment Office, Subway Floor, Central Building, or by mail, addressing Department E, Abraham & Straus, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN wanted; old reliable house, with a national reputation, can use several specialty salesmen in the metropolitan district to sell a grocery product; on salary and commission basis; those with some experience of the retail grocery trade preferred. N 583 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN FOR AN ESTABLISHED PAINT AND COLOR HOUSE; COMPETENT AND ACTIVE MEN TO CALL ON HARDWARE AND DRUG DEALERS IN THE EAST AND SOUTH; STATE EXPERIENCE, AGE AND POSITIVELY SALARY EXPECTED AND IF EMPLOYED. Z. G., 263 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.
WONDERFUL NEW LINE OF TUBE FORM TOILET SOAPS; BIG MARKET OPPORTUNITY TO MEN ACQUAINTED WITH DRUG, AUTO ACCESSORY, AND SPECIALTY STORES; COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT; GIVE PHONE. C. M., 805 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN, experienced, to sell first-class non-alcoholic beverages put up champagne style to the retail and wholesale trade; also salesman calling on hotels and clubs can earn big money; large commissions allowed; references required. Address BUBBLE-UP, N 665 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, first-class and experienced, who is accustomed to call on large users of folding boxes, wanted; best opportunity to connect with high-class folding box manufacturers; commission or salary; state reference, particulars. W S 806 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN WANTED.
Three or four experienced salesmen, to travel, calling on people already interested to explain development proposition; commission basis; expenses allowed; unusual opportunity; big money to the right man. Call Suite 326, 5 Beekman St., 10 to 4.

SALESMEN.—Exclusive selling rights arranged for salesmen to handle our factory rebuilt tires; estimated commissions $100 weekly to start; if you have automobile, can double you up with one of our experienced salesmen. Atex Tire and Rubber Co., 1,472 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted in bedding, carpet, rug, and linoleum store; must have about 10 years' experience in this line; married man preferred; can make $50 to $60 a week; reference wanted; salary or salary and commission. Z 413 Times Annex.

SALESMAN for an opening with a growing grocery firm to sell groceries to hotel and restaurant trade; excellent opportunity; state particulars as to reference and experience; salary and commission. N 685 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN Wanted.—Factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted upon application; estimated commissions about $100 weekly to start; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustlers need apply. Eastman Rubber Works, Inc., 213 West 40th St., New York.

SALESMAN,
WITH KNOWLEDGE OF PRINTING, FOR CITY; WONDERFUL MONEY-MAKING PROPOSITION FOR LIVE WIRE; COMMISSION; GIVE PHONE. M. G., 804 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN, experienced, to sell boys' wash suits; good opportunity to those who have a following among first-class trade to cover all territories outside of New York, on commission basis. Alexander Propper Co., Inc., 1,270 Broadway.

SALESMEN, experienced, to sell children's dresses; a good opportunity to those who have a following among first-class trade to cover all territories outside of New York, on commission basis. Alexander Propper Co., Inc., 1,270 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—PENNSYLVANIA, NEW ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE; POPULAR LINE GEORGETTE NET WAISTS; COMMISSION BASIS TO START ON. C 1039 TIMES HARLEM.

SALESMEN, ON TRACTOR INVESTMENT; LIVE LEADS FURNISHED TO HIGH-CLASS MEN; GOOD COMMISSION. 4TH FLOOR, 22 EAST 42D ST.

SALESMEN.—Photographic history of the war, 500 views given with a subscription to Collier's Weekly; monthly payments; commission basis; if you want to earn $10 per day our demonstrator will show you how. Collier's, 244 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—Statistical service of prime necessity to banks and business houses; liberal commission; state experience in application for interview. E 106 Times.

SALESMAN.—Package sealer required by every class of business; moderate priced; sells readily; liberal commission. A 111 Times.

SALESMAN to sell desk pads and cloth-covered cabinets to stationers, South or Middle West; commission basis; excellent opportunity. L 504 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced in selling dresses, to call on city and offices; very good opportunity for right man; commission basis. I. A. Hartman & Co., 5 West 31st St.

SALESMAN, live, energetic Brooklyn man, for motor trucks; experience advantage, not necessary; commission basis. Call 587 Franklin Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, STOCK.—The American Rubber Company of Chicago offers a wonderful opportunity to high-grade man; liberal commission. Room 101, 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMAN, with good following of medium sized stores in greater New York, wanted by large selling house; salary. Z 374 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, first-class, on misses' and children's headwear for city and surroundings, with good following, on salary and commission basis. Apply H 386 Times.

SALESMAN.—Office appliance experience; commission, salary, drawing account; excellent opportunity for conscientious worker. Mr. Stanger, Room 702, 114 Liberty St.

SALESMAN, experienced in ostrich feathers; salary or commission. Weiss, 78 West 36th St.

SALESMEN, call on tailors with woolens; salary. Camden Textile Co., 7 West 22d.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN.

A LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE CATERING TO THE BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS IS LOOKING FOR A SALESMAN IN THE STATE OF OHIO. HE MUST BE A MAN THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ABOVE-MENTIONED TRADE AND BE ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE HIS SELLING ABILITY. TO SUCH A MAN WE OFFER A LUCRATIVE POSITION WITH EXCELLENT PROSPECTS. SALARY AND COMMISSION. ESTABLISHED ROUTE. GIVE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND ALL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. C 687 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.—A few clean cut young men, hustlers, wanted immediately to call on offices and factories to sell a new sanitary drinking cup, which will be widely advertised; salary and commission; position is permanent and offers an excellent opportunity to men of calibre; call between 9 and 12 or by appointment. Royal Paper Goods, 19 East 9th St., New York.

SALESMEN—BOOKS.
FOR MANAGERS.
The Mid-Week Pictorial, published by The New York Times Company, has openings for three successful, aggressive salesmen as crew managers; they will be paid a commission of 50c and $1 per order on the production of their crews, in addition to the regular commissions of 20% and 30% on their own orders; only men who can show a clean and consistently successful record in this or similar lines will be considered. Call at Mid-Week Pictorial salesroom, 215 West 43d St.

SALESMEN.—The Alexander Hamilton Institute said of us: "Their methods for training salesmen show that they are a progressive organization, employing up-to-date ideas and methods. An opportunity to become a member of such a sales force ought to be a good one." And the security we offer—the fact that all dividend requirements have been met and that this company has been in business—should impress a prospective investor favorably. Commission basis. Call daily, 10 to 4 and 6 P. M. to 9 P. M., Suite 160, Metropolitan Tower, or, 10 to 4, Suite 1101, Firemen's Insurance Building, Newark.

SALESMEN with experience in selling automobile accessories through the jobber or to dealers; to men who can guarantee results immediately, and who are looking for an opportunity to better themselves financially, this company offers a very attractive proposition in the way of salary, expenses, and a commission. C. S. M., Box X, Essex St. Station, Boston, Mass.

SALESMEN.—A new investment firm requires several security salesmen; all the opportunities that exist in a new organization or yours if you can qualify for our sales force in Eastern and Central States; character, energy, and determination will assure those we accept; exceptionally good earnings; experience in selling securities not essential but desirable; permanent connection; commission basis, with weekly settlements. Telephone Mr. Bee, Vanderbilt 2117, Extension 8, today, for appointment.

SALESMEN—COATS.
We are ready to place three thoroughly experienced salesmen in the Middle West from Pittsburgh to Omaha; an exceptional opportunity for live, aggressive men who can produce business with our strong line of women's, misses', juniors' and flappers' coats; salary or commission; address, giving details of trade sold and former connection; interview arranged later. Address Coats, Nemours Trading Corp., 151 5th Av.

SALESMEN having large following among the cutlery trade, wholesale hardware trade, mail order houses, and department stores wanted to sell safety razor stroppers of exceptional merit; those that can show results can secure steady and well-paying positions, with chances for advancement; salary or commission; state full particulars. C. S., 807 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced men's clothing; steady position, good salary. Lambert, 124 Nassau St.

SALESMAN WANTED.—To sell independent and Mazda nitrogen and tungsten lamps; liberal commission. Call 806 8th Av., City.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable correspondent; college education; foreign languages; $30. C 672 Times Downtown.

SHEET METAL WORKERS.—All-around sheet metal workers wanted; state age, if married, and experience in first letter. Z 147 Times Annex.

SHOE MAN.—EXPERIENCED RETAIL SALESMAN FOR A SELLING POSITION IN EASTERN STATES FOR A NATIONALLY KNOWN LINE; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR AN AGGRESSIVE YOUNG RETAIL SHOE SALESMAN TO SECURE A ROAD POSITION; EXCELLENT SALARY TO START, WITH RAPID ADVANCEMENT; POSITION WORTH FROM $4,000 TO $5,000 FIRST YEAR; ADDRESS, STATING FULL PARTICULARS ABOUT YOUR SHOE EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AGE, &C. NATIONAL ADVERTISER, L 498 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SHIPPING CLERK.—One accustomed to the retail furniture business; good salary and advancement. A 1000 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER and Office Assistant.—Young man, temporary. Apply 606 West 49th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be competent; salary $18 to $22. 30 East 57th St., room 15.

SOLICITORS, experienced, wanted to sell the new "Pabst," which, after July 1, took the place of the Pabst beverages; can be sold under the new prohibition law by grocers, restaurants, lunch, and soda stands, soda fountains, drug stores, &c., without any license whatsoever; liberal commission arrangement; great opportunity to the right men who are acquainted in above-mentioned lines; county rights for New England, New York, and New Jersey given to hustlers who can buy carload of 800 cases. Call in forenoon personally at office of Pabst Brewing Co., 606 West 49th St.

SOLICITORS for Jewish national institution; great opportunity for right person; commission. 160 East 25th St., Room 4.

SPANISH
mechanical or electrical
ENGINEER,
graduate from a
technical university abroad,
with practical experience
along machinery lines
in his native country
and in the United States,
wanted for
engineering translation work;
full day position.
Call between 1 and 2 o'clock,
with diploma and references.
Ask for Mr. Goldstein.
IRON AGE PUBLISHING COMPANY,
239 WEST 39TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER to busy executive; thoroughly confident and experienced; must be very rapid and accurate; good opportunity for right party; resident of Brooklyn preferred. Address, giving age and salary expected, N 670 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.
Young man for billing and general office work; advancement. Address, giving full particulars,
E. C. SMITH,
BOX AND OAKLAND STS., BROOKLYN.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED, WITH COMMERCIAL EXPERIENCE IN LARGE WHOLESALE IMPORTING HOUSE. Z. H., 210 TIMES UPTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, bookkeeper, capable, to manage chemical export and import. William Neuberg, 6 Cliff St., corner John.

STENOGRAPHER, English-Spanish; address, stating in full, knowledge and experience, giving age, references, and salary desired. L. D., 211 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 18 to 20 years, one year's experience; good chance for advancement; $18 to start. L 511 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, by Christian firm; bright beginner considered. Apply 9 o'clock, 253 West 47th St.

STOCK SALES MANAGER.
A well-established corporation would like to secure the services of an experienced and successful stock sales manager to organize and direct a crew of stock salesmen; this is an exceptional opportunity that offers substantial returns to the right man. F 175 Times.

STOCK CLERK.
Bright, ambitious young men, 17-20 years old, for stock department of large mercantile house; prospects of advancement excellent to those who can qualify.
CAMPBELL, METZGER & JACOBSON,
8 EAST 22D.

STOCK CLERK wanted by wholesale firm dealing in housecleaning supplies; must be experienced in stock keeping; steady employment, with advancement; state experience and salary wanted. N 673 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK, experienced, in flower and feather line only; good opportunity. Katz, 35 West 36th.

STOCK CLERK.—Learn notion business; boys 17. Address Stack, Box 139, Madison Square.

TEACHER, boys' school, country; boy leader, college graduate, $125 a month and maintenance. Apply Tuesday, Groff, 46 Cedar St. Telephone John 3977.

HELP WANTED—Male.

TEACHER.—Agricultural college graduate as teacher in boys' school; must have had ample experience in farm practice and management; $125 a month and maintenance. Apply Groff, Tuesday, 46 Cedar St. Phone John 3977.

TELEPHONE STOCK SALESMEN.
A New York financial house selling high class securities has opening for a few telephone and outside men; not "has beens" but producers; salary and liberal commission. Apply Suite 410, 1,482 Broadway.

TIME STUDY and efficiency man wanted, experienced, to take charge of betterment work in large metal factory in the East; only executive and experienced man need apply; state age, experience, and salary; reply in own handwriting. Z 417 Times Annex.

TRANSLATORS, Spanish, French, perfect knowledge of the languages; bring sample of own work. Room 921, Berkrow Bldg., 15 Park Row.

TRAVELING SALESMAN.
N. Y. branch of established, reputable manufacturer of paints, roofing specialties, &c., has opening for a forceful, well-appearing salesman; experience in our line not essential; permanent connection; splendid opportunity; salary and commission. The Garland Co., 41 Union Square.

TYPECUTTER, experienced, wanted, and also driver for single truck. Davidson Type & Iron Corp., 436 Kent Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED.
Motormen, Conductors, Guards, Towermen, Switchmen, Station Masters, Agents, Gatemen, Special Officers, Platform Men, Porters, Women Cleaners, Escalator Attendants, Yardmen, Elevator Men, Recreation Room Clerks, Carpenters, Roofers, Roofers' Helpers, Plumbers, Plumbers' Helpers, Machinists, Machinists' Helpers, Glaziers, Riggers, Station Painters, Structure Painters, Painters' Laborers, Telephone Wiremen, Telephone Cable Splicer, Lighting Wiremen, Stationary Engineers, Bridge Guards, Circuit Breaker Wiremen, Circuit Breaker Pipemen, Masons, Skilled Laborers, Laborers, Waterproofers, Structure Inspectors, Riveters, Drillers, Switch Repairmen, Elevator Repairmen, Pump Operators, Compressor Operators, Electricians, Pipe Fitters, Blacksmiths, Railmen, Signal Repairmen, Assistant Signal Repairmen, Signal Repairmen Helpers, Signalmen, Signalmen Helpers, Signalmen Laborers, Trackmen, Night Trackmen, Electrical Repairmen, Night Electrical Repairmen, Pipe Fitters' Helpers, Firemen, Shop Helpers, Tinsmiths, Tool Dressers, Shop Sweepers, Car Watchmen, Crane Operators, Inspectors of Car Cleaning, Painters' Helpers, Jackers, Inspectors of Wiring, Armature Winders, Wiremen, Wiremen's Helpers, Boiler Makers, Pattern Makers, Air Brake Inspectors, Car Inspectors, Wheel Inspectors, Controller Inspectors, Electrical Inspectors, Air Door Device Inspectors, Car House Helpers, Car Cleaners, Lamp Trimmers, Motor Inspectors, Car Body Inspectors, Air Brakemen, Brakemen's Helpers, Control Inspectors, Armature Oilers, Machinist Helper, Mason Helper, Pipe Coverer, Pipe Coverer's Helper, Rigger, Steamfitter, Steamfitter's Helper, Janitors, Janitors' Assistant, Ashmen, Boiler Cleaner, Crane Operator, Oilers, Oil System Attendant, Blower Oilers, Pumpmen, Pumpmen Assistant, Stoker Operator, Assistant Stoker Operator, Water Tenders, Wipers, Bucketmen, Conveyormen, Hoister, Trimmers, Trolleymen, Weigher, Smoke Inspector, Janitors, Janitor Assistant, Mason Helper, Tool boy, Boiler Cleaners, Oiler-Stoker, Oiler-Econ, Riggers' Helper, Cable Hand, Cable Jointers, Cable Riggers, Chauffeurs, Construction Clerks, Cable Boy, Cable Watchman, Auto Mechanic, Inspectors, Iron Worker, Sub-Station Operator, Rotary Tender, Iron Workers' Helpers, Second Switchboardmen, Electrical Machinist, Electrical Machinist Helper, Elevator Inspector, Generator Tenders, Generator Cleaners, Generator Repairmen, Generator Repairmen Helper.
Good pay—steady employment.
APPLY
6TH AND 12TH FLOORS, 165 BROADWAY.
INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY
FRANK HEDLEY,
Vice-President and General Manager.

WEAVERS wanted, on Jacquard looms. Niagara Shawl Co., 21 East Houston St.

WINDOW TRIMMER WANTED.—LARGE MANUFACTURER DESIRES CAPABLE MAN TO DESIGN AND INSTALL WINDOW DISPLAYS; PREFER MAN WITH DEPARTMENT STORE OR DRUG STORE EXPERIENCE; AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR MAN WITH INITIATIVE. ADDRESS, STATING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED, L 497 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years of age, in office of wholesale hardware firm to learn the hardware business, for which thorough training is necessary; high school graduate or attendant preferred; fixed line of promotion, starting on mailing desk at $9 per week, with advance in pay and position in three months. Address C 571 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, high school graduates, between the ages of 17 and 20, wanted by well known export house, (Christian;) moderate salary to start, with steady advancement to those intelligently applying themselves; reply in own handwriting, stating age, education, church affiliation, and business experience, if any. C 683 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN wanted by Wall St. bank to start as runners; good salary, bonuses and lunches; advancement assured. N 668 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in a downtown fire insurance office, familiar with figures and one who writes a good hand; must be willing and anxious to learn business; answer, stating age, salary, and experience. B 786 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN about 17 years of age in stock rooms of manufacturing concern to make himself generally useful; of American parentage, good education, come well recommended; state salary expected; references required. A 746 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, with knowledge of lighting fixture business, in office of large manufacturing concern; bright future for right party. Address, stating qualifications, salary desired, &c., H 400 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Yarn house, well known, needs services of an experienced young man to take care of stock, fill orders, and wait on customers; state references, experience, salary, &c. H 375 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25 TO 35.
Publishing house wants young man to assume charge of count of magazines in bindery. Mr. Le Long, 7th Floor, McCall Bldg., 236 West 37th.

YOUNG MAN, about 18 years of age, shipping department, retail fur store; good salary; chance for advancement; references required. Call 384 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN to operate Burroughs statement machine; only experienced operator wanted. Westchester Avenue Bank, Southern Boulevard and Westchester Av.

YOUNG MEN, with some actual shop experience, for work on instruments; permanent and opportunities for advancement; give experience and wages expected. C 142 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Open order department of large silk waist house requires bright man to take charge of selecting styles for open orders. Sheer Bros., 546 Broadway.

YOUNG MEN.—LEARN MAGAZINE BUSINESS; SALARY AND COMMISSION. CALL 8-10 TEMPLE COURT, 5 BEEKMAN ST., ROOM 506.

YOUNG MAN, who understands bookkeeping and stenography, for printing business; good opportunity. F 151 Times.

YOUNG BOY wanted in active law office; splendid opportunity. Apply Room 1,108, 68 William St.

YOUNG MAN, bank receiving teller, with experience; give age, present salary, telephone number N 692 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in cotton goods house, with some knowledge of converting; state experience and salary. C 679 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to make himself generally useful in fur house. Bonart Co., 37 West 28th St.

YOUNG MAN, typist, general office work; state age, experience, salary. E 222 Times.

YOUNG MAN to learn shipping; $16 weekly to start. John Yarns, 51 Mercer St.

YOUTHS, strong; do light inside work. Address Light, Box 139 Madison Square.

Instruction.

FIND SATISFACTION IN YOUR VOCATION.
If you are not satisfied with your present occupation, find out if you are naturally fitted to it. Perhaps you are in the right position, but have a personal trait that needs correcting to increase your success and happiness. Perhaps you are in the wrong position. A mental analysis and vocational consultation (arranged for by appointment) will answer your question as to the "right" occupation. For particulars and Booklet "K" call or write Merton Institute, 96 5th Av., at 15th St., New York. (Phone Chelsea 4054.)

YOUNG MAN offered excellent opportunity to study shorthand, law reporting, court or secretarial work in reputable court reporters' offices, day, evening; moderate tuition; remunerative situation assured when expert. F Lusk, 229 West 42d St. Bryant 9136.

EARN $25 TO $100 A WEEK.
Become a Motion Picture, Commercial, and Portrait Photographer; 3 months' practical course covers all. Day or night. Easy terms. Call or write for Catalog "T," N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 West 36th St.

SUMMER ACCOUNTANCY CLASSES now forming, day or early evening sessions; write for informative booklet, "Your Market Value" and bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

POSITION GUARANTEED.
$15 Wed., Aug. 20, day or night, pays for six weeks' complete course in stenography, typewriting, telegraphy. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

TRY FOR
JUNIOR ACCOUNTANT, NOVEMBER, 1919
SENIOR ACCOUNTANT, NOVEMBER, 1920

Faculty for figures, raw ability, ambition to devote a few spare hours a week to study, will enable you, if you act at once, to qualify for a junior accountancy position within a period of three months.

An opportunity to develop into senior accounting work—auditing, systematizing, income tax, by November, 1920.

In accordance with the most successful business training system ever devised, under the supervision of a corps of eminent certified public accountants who are renowned as practical teachers.

During the three months ending May, 1919, 715 men and women who are being given specialized vocational training by our institution received important promotions and salary increases aggregating $422,660. Our records show that 171 of these 715 members have completed, or nearly completed, their training, while 372 are not yet half way through.

WRITE OR TELEPHONE FOR OFFICE APPOINTMENT.
LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY,
112 WEST 42D ST.,
(General Eastern Office.)
Telephone Bryant 8920.
OPEN EVENINGS.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE AND RAILWAY TRAFFIC

TRAIN FOR POSITION AS RAILROAD AND INDUSTRIAL TRAFFIC MANAGER, TRAFFIC EXPERT, &C.

Positions a-plenty are available to men who have a thorough knowledge of domestic and foreign shipping—important to every manufacturer, corporation, railroad and exporter. Salaries from $50 to $200 weekly are paid the trained traffic man.

Through our home study course under the direction of able men who have specialized in this field you can qualify for this training in a relatively short time.

WRITE OR TELEPHONE FOR OFFICE APPOINTMENT.
LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY,
(General Eastern Office)
112 WEST 42D ST.
Telephone Bryant 8920.
OPEN EVENINGS.

MEN WANTED
EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.
Take advantage of this great reconstruction period; learn Mechanical Dentistry; brilliant opportunity for ambitious men of all ages to rise above small-salaried positions into a profession of unlimited possibilities; individual instruction by actual work; no book study; 3 months' course. Our method, perfected through 27 years' experience, recognized as best; day and evening sessions; easy payments. Equipment free. Call or write for Booklet C.
BODEE Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 W. 44th St., N.Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

PAYING POSITIONS WAITING
for wireless operators. Demand greatly exceeds supply. Our course of instruction equips you for commercial license in surprisingly short time. Finest teachers obtainable give personal attention. Call, write, or phone for free pass to class and judge for yourself.
"BEST RADIO SCHOOL IN AMERICA."
EAST SIDE Y. M. C. A.,
151 East 86th St., New York City.
Phone Lenox 6051.

SPECIAL COACHING COURSE IN ACCOUNTING
under nationally known C. P. A.'s. Personal attention by new plan. Prepares for COST, AUDITING, ACCOUNTING and C. P. A. work. Elective system. Low tuition. Easy terms. Satisfaction guaranteed. For full particulars, write, phone or call:
INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNTANTS SOC'Y,
309 BROADWAY, N. Y. C.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg. New York.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church St.,
New York City.
AMERICA'S PREMIER
EMPLOYMENT MEDIUM.
Established 1909.
CLERICAL DEPARTMENT.
FACTORY COST CLERK—Familiar handling vouchers, penman, sound knowledge bookkeeping; exceptional opportunity; start $20.
COLLECTION CORRESPONDENT — Legal knowledge necessary; downtown; $20-$25.
BROKERAGE CLERK—Exp. on clearing house sheets; downtown; $25-$30.
LEDGER CLERK—19-22, downtown mfgr.; preference, if operate adding machine; $20.
ASST. BKPR.—B'klyn, downtown, Fulton St.; able typewrite; start $18-$20.
BKPR.—OFFICE MAN.—Relieve President, uptown mfg. co.; simple bkkpg.; payroll, office detail; start $25.
BKPR.—As assistant to Internal Auditor; well known importers; knowledge acctg. preferred; accuracy absolutely essential; $25.
FIRE INS. BKPR.—Exp.; downtown; $20-$25.
SOUTH B'KLYN BKPR.-TYPIST—Large retail store; $25-$30.
LIVE WIRE BKPR.—For importers and exporters, downtown; must have spirit of investigation; competent; $25-$30.
CLERK.—Some knowledge freight rates; preference if former employe express company; start $18.
SHPG. CLERK.—Early hours, good future; $25-$30.
PAYROLL CLERK—Large L. I. City mfr., accurate, fair penman, future assured; start $18.
FOREIGN EXCHANGE CLERK—Must have banking exp.; be able to typewrite and handle correspondence; start $25.
SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.—Large savings organization; able leave town, single; must speak Polish; start $1,200-$1,300.
BKPR.-EVENING WORK.—7-9 P. M.; simple duties; moderate remuneration.
INVOICE CLERK.—Export firm, So. B'klyn.; good typ.; start $25.
CLERK—Fair handwriting, good figures, midtown; $18-$20.
BKPR.—Competent, thoroughly exp.; able accept responsibility; personality; $25.
TYPIST—Midtown wholesalers; $18.
TYPIST—Large well-known mfr.; $18.
STENOGRAPHERS — Openings for fifteen (15) competent men, with downtown firm of national reputation, offering initial salaries of $25, with assured prospects upon demonstration of ability.
Call early. 9-1. Room 715.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 VESEY ST.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENOGRAPHERS, architectural; $30.
STENOGRAPHER, manufacturing; $30.
STENOGRAPHER, detail clerk; $30.
Numerous positions, $25.
BOOKKEEPERS, $25-$30.
COST CLERK, $25.
TYPIST, $18.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY, (Near Wall St.)
C. P. HASSON, Pres.
J. J. McLAUGHLIN, Mgr.

THE
FOREMOST EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE.

STENOGRAPHER.—WE WANT A GOOD STENOGRAPHER. SCOTT L. LIBBY & CO., 141 BROADWAY.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 BROADWAY.
Accountants, senior, and semi-senior, juniors, $5,000-$1,500; wanted immediately.

AGENTS WANTED.

MEN, high class, can make large profits representing our goods; must be able to finance themselves. Kendalite, 1,777 B'way, near 58th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

ALEXANDER G. HARRIS.
CADILLAC 1919 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1918 4-pass. Phaeton.
CADILLAC 1918 Victoria Coupe.
MERCER 1917 4-pass. Sport.
MERCER 1917 Speedster.
MARMON 1918 Touring.
PAIGE 1918 Brooklands Roadster.
Phone Circle 1582. 1,700 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO., INC.,
1,778 BROADWAY, (57TH ST.)
1 FLIGHT UP. CIRCLE 1417.
YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.
1917 Mercer, 4-pass.; 1918 Hudson Cabriolet.
1917 Packard, 7-pass.; 1917 Buick Sedan.
1918 Roamer, 4-pg.; 1918-17 Hudson Town.
1917 Cadillac Limo; 1917 Hudson Limo.
1918-17 Hud. Sedan; 1918 Liberty Chummy.
1918 Dodge Sedan; 1918-17 Hudson Tour.
1918 Dodge Limousine.
OPEN SUNDAY AND EVENINGS.

AUTO BARGAINS.
DAVIS, 1917 tour. HUDSON, 1917 road.
HUDSON, 1917 sedan. MITCHELL, 1917 tour.
ROAMER, 1917, sedan. PACKARD, 1918 tour.
STUTZ, 1916, 4-pass. and 1914 Raceabout.
We do high class painting reasonably.
ZENITH MOTOR CAR CO.,
808 7th Av. Tel. Circle 6386-6387.

BUICK 1917 COUPE.
BUICK 1917 TOURING.
COLE 1917 SEDAN.
FRANKLIN BROUGHAM SEDAN.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St., (Broadway.)
HARRY A. BRENNER, Mgr.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1919 Mercer 4-pass. sport.
1919 Stutz speedster.
1918 Stutz 6-pass. touring.
1918 Stutz 4-pass. sport.
1918 Stutz speedster.
1918 Franklin Sedan.
1918 Franklin limousine.
1918 Marmon touring.
1918 Chandler limousine.
1918 National chummy roadster.
1918 Chandler Sedan.
1918 Cadillac 4-pass. sport.
1918 Reo 6-cylinder touring.
S. B. V. Roadster, special Fleetwood body.
1917 Cadillac 7-passenger touring.
1917 Mercer 4-passenger sport.
1917 Franklin touring.
1914 Mercer speedster, model J, rebuilt.
Buick touring.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 West 55th St.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

BUICK 1918 5 passenger 6 cylinder; in excellent condition; Kelly cord tires on rear; price $1,250. Gramercy 5855.

BUICK.—New 1920, 5-passenger touring; just purchased; will sell at cost only. Apply 1,368 Webster Av.

BUICK roadster, 6, smartly equipped, excellent condition; private owner. Madison Square 3040.

BUICK 1918 five-passenger; about new. Phone Columbus 2127, Mr. Roach.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BURRELLE'S
AUTO SHOW
of RECONSTRUCTED MOTOR CARS.
WE ISSUE A WRITTEN GUARANTEE
For Four Months With Every Car.
CADILLAC present series VICTORIA.
CADILLAC present series SEDAN.
CADILLAC present series LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC present series TOURING.
CADILLAC present series PHAETON.
CADILLAC type 55 4-PASS.
DANIELS 1919 Coupe, 4-Pass.
PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood Brougham.
MARMON 1917 Chummy Roadster.
MERCER 1919 4-Pass. Sport.
MERCER 1917 Roadster.
MURRAY 1917 Touring.
HUDSON 1919 Cabriolet, 4-Passenger.
SILVER SPECIAL KISSEL 1918.
FIAT 1918 Brougham Limousine.
BIDDLE 1918 Duesenberg, 4-Passenger.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER, 16-Valve.
STUTZ 1918 SPORT, 16-Valve.
STUTZ 1918 COPE, 16-Valve.
LATEST IMPORTATIONS.
AUSTRIAN DAIMLER Sport, 4-Passenger.
RENAULT Special, 4-Passenger Roadster.
LANCIA Special Colonial SEDAN.
LANCIA Special Collapsible BROUGHAM.
FIAT 30-35 Fleetwood ROADSTER.
MANY OTHERS. OPEN UNTIL 7 P. M.
1,680 B'way. Entire Bldg. Formerly Iceland.

CADILLAC TYPE 57 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 SEDAN.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 TOURING.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 4-PASSENGER.
CADILLAC TYPE 55 COUPE.
HUDSON 1918 SEDAN.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
HUDSON 1918 LANDAU-RUNABOUT.
HUDSON 1918 LIMOUSINE.
MARMON 1918 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
MERCER 1918-19 SPORTING 4-PASS.
MERCER 1917 TOURING.
MURRAY 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1919 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1919 RUNABOUT.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 BULLDOG 4 and 6 PASS.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway. Circle 2185.

CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
NATIONAL SPEEDSTER, 1919.
NATIONAL 1918 TOURING.
PACKARD TOURING, 1918.
PACKARD 1918 4-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1917 4-PASSENGER.
WHITE 1916, "30," SEDAN.
CADILLAC LIMOUSINE, 1916.
BUICK LIMOUSINE, 1917.
MERCER 1917 ROADSTER.
MERCER SPEEDSTER.
LIBERTY 1918 TOWN CAR.
MANY OTHERS.
LOBELL-ABORN, 239 WEST 55TH ST.

CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA. Wire Wheels.
PEERLESS 1918 SEDAN, elegant condition
PACKARD 3-25 LIMOUSINE.
PACKARD 1918, 3-35 COUPE, 4-PASS.
OWEN MAGNETIC SEDAN, slightly used.
HUDSON 1919 CABRIOLET.
MERCER 1919, brand new.
SIMPLEX 4-PASS. SPORT.
HYGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
1,657 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2667.
802-806 7th Av. Tel. Circle 1964.

CADILLACS.
ONE 1918 FOUR-PASSENGER.
TWO 1918 VICTORIAS.
ONE 1917 VICTORIA.
ONE 1917 SEVEN-PASSENGER.
ONE 1917 FOUR-PASSENGER.
ONE 1916 SEVEN-PASSENGER.
WE SPECIALIZE IN CADILLACS.
DE LAMATER MOTORS CORP.,
1,677 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 1246.

CADILLAC Victoria Coupe, present series.
CADILLAC Type 57 Sport model, 4 Pass.
CADILLAC Type 55 Suburban Sedan.
CADILLAC Type 55 Limousine, 7 Pass.
CADILLAC Type 55 Amesbury Touring.
S. G. V. Town Car, late model.
Packard Auto Exchange, 10 W. 60th St.

CADILLAC AUTO EXCHANGE,
N. W. Cor. 56th St. and 7th Av.; Circle 5308.
CADILLAC, Type 57, 7-pass. touring.
CADILLAC, Type 57, 4-pass. touring.
HUDSON 1918 "M" LANDAU-COUPE.
HUDSON 1918 "M" 7-PASS. SEDAN.
PACKARD 1918 7-PASS. TOURING.

CADILLAC "8-CYL." TOURING.
Almost new; six Rudge Whitworth wire wheels; new cord tires; will sacrifice for $2,500 cash. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

CADILLAC "8" SEDAN.
Almost new; seat covers, cord tires; sacrifice for $2,850. Tully, 2720 Circle.

CADILLAC 1917 limousine, mechanically perfect; any demonstration. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway. Circle 3572.

CADILLAC, 1917 landaulet; mechanically perfect; bargain; call see it. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

CADILLAC 1919, delivered only 6 weeks; 4-passenger phaeton, Series 57 EE; make offer. Phone Circle 1582.

CADILLAC, 1918, latest Series "57" limousine; $4,200; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC victoria coupe, 1918, slightly used; will sacrifice. Phone 2074 Coney Island.

CADILLAC, 1918 coupe; beautiful condition; make offer. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC, 1918, touring; practically brand new; bargain. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC, 1919 limousine; practically new; bargain; call see it. Meyer, 123 West 61th.

CHANDLER 1918 chummy, four-pass.; perfect condition; many extras; brand-new tires, cut outs, snubbers, special top; exceptional car; reasonable. Call Bath Beach 1032, after 6 P. M.

CHEVROLET 1919; rare bargain; touring; practically brand-new; latest equipment; any demonstration; must sacrifice; cash or time. 351 East 149th St. Melrose 10032.

DODGE BROS. SEDAN.
DODGE BROS. COUPE.
DODGE BROS. RUNABOUT.
DODGE BROS. COMMERCIAL.
The above cars have all been thoroughly gone over in our repair shop and are in the best of mechanical condition.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, INC.,
Used Car Dept. Phone Decatur 4100.
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

DODGE BROTHERS roadster, in exceptional condition for the man who wants something unusual; not a year old; price very reasonable. Capron, Stamford, Conn.

DODGE touring, good tires and condition; quick sale. Mr. Charton, 3,664 Boulevard, Jersey City.

DODGE 1917, 5-passenger touring car. Smith, 154 West 124th St. Morningside 151.

FORD 1918 model, $100 worth extras, $475. Call St. Nicholas 4024, Apt. 25, and arrange demonstration.

FORDS.—Tourings, Roadsters, Couplettes, Suburbans, Trucks. 20th Century Auto, 250 W. 54th.

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.
1918 FRANKLIN Chummy, run 6,100 miles.
1917 STUTZ Runabout, wire wheels.
1918 NATIONAL Touring, 7 passenger.
1918 STEARNS Touring, Victoria top.
1918 CHANDLER Touring, many extras.
LANCIA 4-passenger sport model.
USED CAR DEPT., E. G. KUH, Mgr.,
4th Floor. 225 West 58th St. 4th Floor.

FRANKLIN LIMOUSINE, Series 9-A; excellent condition; price right. FRANKLIN, 35 Halsey St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Market 2137.

HARTFORD coupe; excellent running condition; just the thing for hacking; will carry 10 people; low price. Telephone Melrose 104.

HAYNES, late model, economical; condition A1; full equipment; $1,100. Phone Union 1215-W.

HAYNES 1918 touring in perfect condition; price $1,500. 603 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J.

HUDSON sedan; elegant car; used private; will accept first cash offer; your car taken as part payment. Mrs. Loewe's car, Garage, 415 East 54th.

HUDSON, sedan, 1918, in fine condition; 7-passenger; bargain. Russell, 124 West 54th St. Phone Circle 1740.

HUDSON.—For sale, sedan 6-54; new cord tires; car overhauled; $1,200. Phone 3178 W. 14 Grove Terrace, Montclair.

HUDSON, 7 passenger, run 7,000 miles, fully equipped, new shoes; bargain, $1,600. Beck, 40 West 20th. Chelsea 5944.

HUDSON 1918 brougham, practically new; Westinghouse absorbers; new tires. Circle 5692.

HUDSON, 1918, 7-passenger, almost new; run 4,000 miles only. Harlem 1245.

KING 1917 model; wire wheels; driven 6,000 miles; selling to settle estate. Phone Bedford 3096 after 6 P. M.

LOCOMOBILE 1918, 6-48, touring; run only 14,500 miles; perfect condition; will repaint any color for purchaser; price $6,000. Phone Beekman 3681 Tuesday and Wednesday.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE sale of lands for unpaid 1917 taxes on property situated in the County of Nassau will begin at the Nassau County Court House, Mineola, N. Y., Monday, September 29, 1919, at 10 A. M. Lists of unpaid 1917 taxes have been made, and are now being published in the City Record of Glen Cove City, and the South Side Observer and Nassau Post of Rockville Centre, L. I. The sales books will remain open for examination in the County Treasurer's Office at Mineola, N. Y., until the day of sale. Any taxpayer interested may send a brief description of his property to the County Treasurer, and the amount of the unpaid 1917 tax, if any, will be forwarded to him.
WILLIAM E. LUYSTER,
County Treasurer, Nassau County, N. Y.
Mineola, N. Y., August 15, 1919.

ATLAS DETECTIVE BUREAU,
834 Fifth Av., Cor. 83d St.
Finger Print Experts. Dictograph Service.
Scientific, secret methods of doing all branches of legitimate detective work; investigating, shadowing, roping, &c.; reliable service. Day phones, Mad. Sq. 8431-1754; night phones, Lenox 3780, Audubon 9499.

A. QUACKENBUSH & CO., INC.
The resignations of Mr. A. Quackenbush and Mr. H. K. Waller, President and Vice President respectively, have been accepted by the Board of Directors of A. Quackenbush & Co., Inc., at the last meeting of the Board, to take effect Sept. 1.

ADOPTION.—A MIDDLE-AGED COUPLE without children desires to make nice country home more cheerful by adopting baby boy from parents of good standing. Particulars. Confidential. Z 418 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT TO FREDERICK Knoch, Sept. 10, 1916, corner 1st Av. and 23d St. Reward for information as to owner of car. Z 354 Times Annex.

IF SAMUEL ALEXANDER OF WASHington, D. C., will communicate with his lawyer will learn something to his advantage.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

LOCOMOBILE limousine, latest model; used very little; must be seen to be appreciated. Gotham Auto Exchange, 1,694 Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE.—Beautiful 1915, 6-38, Berlin limousine, in excellent condition; $2,175. A. B. Christie, 1,751-3 Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE 1917, 48 touring; practically new; an exceptional car. Phone Circle 5692.

MARIAN HANDLEY 4-pass. Roadster; mechanically perfect; new tires; just painted; first $1,250 takes it. R. & T. Motor Service Corp., 325 West 49th.

MARMON limousine brougham; excellent condition. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

MARMON Chummy Roadster, elegant condition; price reasonable. Phone Circle 1582.

MERCER raceabout; absolutely perfect, general condition. Smith, 154 West 124th St. Morningside 151.

MERCER, 1916 roadster; perfect beauty; bargain; call see it. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

MOYER 5 passenger touring; fully equipped; excellent condition. J. F. Nicholls, Marion Av. Garage, 194th St. and Marion Av.

NATIONAL, 1917, touring car, 7-passenger, in first-class running order, newly painted; extras; demonstration given; must be sold at once. Call Alexander Propper Co., 1,134 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

NATIONAL, 1916, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring car; this car is in exceptionally fine condition; must be seen to be appreciated. Bishop, McCormick & Bishop, telephone Decatur 4100, 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

NATIONAL, 1916, sport model, four Pullman seats, extra seat in tonneau; excellent condition. Wiesbader's Garage, 327 West 49th.

NEW YORKERS!
DON'T WALK! RIDE!
LEXINGTON—
The Lexington Motor Co. of New York offers YOU the opportunity of owning a rebuilt automobile at the price of an ordinary used car, 1918 five and seven-passenger LEXINGTONS at $800 to $1,400; these cars carry the new car guarantee.
Time payments considered.
LEXINGTON MOTOR COMPANY,
Broadway at 61st St., Phone Columbus 1260.
New York City.

PACKARD 8, present production, model 335, 7-passenger touring; run 8,000 miles.

BUICK sedan, 1918, model E50, 7-passenger; like new.

CHANDLER 4-passenger dispatch; wire wheels, new cord tire.

MERCER 1919 4-passenger; practically brand new; will sacrifice.

MARMON 1917 sedan; completely overhauled. Condition of cars guaranteed.

GOTHAM MOTOR CORP., 2 Columbus Circle. Telephone 2917, 5283 Circle.

PACKARD twin six, 1918, 3-25, five-passenger touring; mechanically perfect; paint in beautiful condition; five brand-new tires; very low mileage. Hayden, 1,493 Broadway, Room 202. Telephone Bryant 5841.

PACKARD, 1917, limousine cars, genuine 2-35 and 2-25, in finest condition all around; must be seen to appreciate; no dealers. Seen any morning at 121 West 52d.

PACKARD, 1918 sedan, 1918 touring, 1917 roadster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD touring, 14-48; excellent condition, for sale, reasonable; also 12-30 limousine. 209 West 96th.

PAIGE 1917, 7-pass.; carefully used; excellent condition, extras; $1,100. Depot Garage, Leonia, N. J.

PEERLESS limousine, present series; practically new; Silvertown cord tires. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway.

PEERLESS, 1918 limousine; practically new; bargain. Call see it. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

PEERLESS, 1918 speedster; beautiful condition; make offer. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PIERCE-ARROW, 38 touring, 1914, $2,000. 1,881 Madison Av. Telephone 3783.

SINGER Sedan; beautiful 4-pass., in perfect condition. Louis J. Fried, 43 East 12th St.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS,
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED.
1917 4-cylinder limousine.
1916 4-cylinder runabout.
Also OVERLAND 1918 5-passenger.
STEARNS USED-CAR DEPT.,
417 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STEARNS-KNIGHT for sale; 1917 model; eight-cylinder, 123-inch wheel base; landaulet; gray upholstery; Ajax Road King tires; good running condition. Address Arnold Sanchez, 229 West 43d St.

STEARNS-KNIGHT Landaulet, 1917 model, upholstered in gray, for sale by original owner; the car is in good running condition and has been conservatively used. Box Z 427 Times Annex.

STUDEBAKER, Economical Family Car; beautiful 1917 "six" cylinder touring, which has been "factory rebuilt" and looks and runs like new; an exceptionally comfortable and economical family car, which is guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction by the Studebaker factory; new model costs $2,283, but this rebuilt car will cost you only $1,085, delivered in New York City. Studebaker Corp. of America, Broadway and 56th St. See Mr. Christie.

STUDEBAKER Sedan, 1918, light six-cyl. 5-pass., in beautiful condition; special leather upholstery; wire wheels, &c.; perfect condition and factory guaranteed; a very good buy at $1,785. Studebaker Corp. of America, Broadway and 56th St.

STUDEBAKER Limousine; practically new "six," rebuilt, refinished, and fully guaranteed; costs new today $4,250; clearance sale price, $1,685. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Department, Broadway and 56th St.

STUDEBAKER Roadster; beautiful 3-pass. 1918 Studebaker, factory rebuilt and guaranteed; an extremely popular and practical model at a very reasonable figure. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,751 Broadway.

STUDEBAKER 1919 Sedan; driven 900 miles; absolutely perfect; must be sold immediately; cash. Ackerman, 225 W. 58th St.

STUTZ SPORTING ROADSTER,
almost new; handsomest car in city; painted red, black, gold stripe; six wire wheels and cord tires; special tire covers; front, rear bumpers; spotlight; special seat covers; will sacrifice quickly for $2,250. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

STUTZ 1919 model; semi-racer; 2 passenger; ran 800 miles; good as new. Address Leon Newman, Hotel Hamilton, West 73d St., New York.

STUTZ, 1918 Bearcat speedster; practically brand new; bargain. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

STUTZ roadster, 1916; beautiful car throughout. Sally Wiesbader's Garage, 327 West 49th.

STUTZ speedster, almost new; run less than 1,000 miles; $2,500. 5 Columbus Circle, Room 114; Columbus 2127.

STUTZ, 1916 roadster; immediate cash bargain; call see it. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

STUTZ 1918 touring; exceptionally fine condition. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

STUTZ roadster, 1916; almost new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

USED Federal and Bessemer Trucks; immediate delivery at bargain prices. Morton W. Smith Co., 146 West 52d. Circle 926.

WILLYS-KNIGHT
limousine, 1918; perfect in every detail; $1,700. Appointment, phone Bedford 950.

WINTON SIX.—Two beautiful Winton touring cars in excellent running condition. Winton Co., 380 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

Automobiles Wanted.

WHITE 30 touring or sedan, 1915 or 1916; state price. E 196 Times.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

If your present business or occupation is not sufficiently profitable better investigate our factory rebuilt tire proposition; exchange depots wanted everywhere; prosperity awaits the man of honesty and business ability; a nice, clean business and large profits; act quickly; call in person only. Eastman Rubber Works, 213 West 40th St., New York.

AUTOMATIC FLOOR CLEANERS, SAVE 40 PER CENT. LABOR; BROAD PATENTS; BIG DEMAND; COST $50; PRICE $175; REQUIRE MANUFACTURER. N 536 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Responsible broker, highest credentials, will finance part or entire issue of a good stock proposition. Z 411 Times Annex.

Wanted—To buy whole or part interest in surgical instrument factory; write full details. A. B., Room 1304, 347 5th Av.

Garage to lease for term of years; located in the best section in New York City. Apply Agrest, 28 Waverly Place. No agents.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Man with 20 years' retail experience in women's ready-to-wear, desires to engage in either retail specialty shop or wholesale manufacture of this or kindred line; has a moderate amount of capital to invest in enterprise with partner of proven merit. A 909 Times Harlem.

Wanted.—Hotel or elevator apartment house; invest $30,000 cash; balance terms. Philadelphia 198.

Private party will discount bills for small concerns; charges reasonable. H 209 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Silk jobber will consider active or silent partner with $35,000, to expand business; have established a most profitable business with and become identified as a factor in my specialty by all the foremost retailers and jobbers; only high calibre man with unquestionable credentials considered; state full particulars. Silks, Z 419 Times Annex.

One-half interest of tannery for sale; excellent opportunity; well represented in foreign market agencies in principal cities of the United States; floor space 3,500 square feet; concrete cellar. P. S., 446 Times Downtown.

Sailing for Germany and Scandinavian countries; desire to communicate with manufacturers and exporters of raw material and finished products suitable for these markets. Communicate with Benjamin Frankel, 135 Spring Street.

Automobile mechanic on foreign cars or body designer to take charge of either branch; $2,000 needed. Automotive Engineering and Construction Co., 780 East 8th St., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

DO YOU WANT CUBAN TRADE?
Established, well-connected sales office in finest building in Habana, Cuba, wishes to represent few more manufacturers of high grade, standard merchandise; our knowledge of the island, extensive showrooms, and road salesmen present an excellent opportunity for manufacturers with whom we wish to deal direct; a member of the firm now in this city. F 198 Times.

MANUFACTURERS DESIROUS OF SECURING FIRST CLASS AGENTS IN PARIS, TURIN AND WARSAW WILL PLEASE COMMUNICATE WITH RENKEN & YATES SMITH, 35 WEST 39TH ST., NEW YORK.

Gentleman speaking English, French and German will sail for Europe in a short time; willing to transact business or open agencies in foreign countries; going to France, Switzerland, and Germany. P. S., 95 Times.

Export for Scandinavia; am leaving for Copenhagen soon and desire to represent manufacturers or mills of the following lines: Hosiery, kimonos, sweaters, and underwear. E 201 Times.

English agency required by established firm of repute in London, Eng.; chemicals, machinery or good specialties considered if well supported; partner shortly visiting New York. Full particulars in first place to Harry S. Snead, 11 Bishop St., Montreal.

Have you a desirable spot in any city or village in State where you can establish a big paying business? No stock proposition. American Box Ball Company, 3,070 Van Buren St., Indianapolis, Ind.

Energetic young man, going to England and France, capable of buying and selling textile and general mdse. For interview, address F 170 Times.

Have attractive proposition to offer party contemplating entering export business. O 524 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

22,000 acres cattle land and forest; near port in Guatemala; to settle partenership; $6.50 acre; improvements. J. M. Davidson, 25 East 26th St.

Hairdressing, manicuring school, established 1902, doing fine business, for sale; unusual opportunity; party retiring. C. O., 226 Times Downtown.

Cleaning and dyeing business; established 40 years; widow will sacrifice. Address Lawyer, Box 48, Long Island City.

Patent just issued.—Lawn mower auto-sharpening device; sale or royalty. J. M. Davidson, 25 East 26th St.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Loans made on machinery, printing plants, trucks, automobiles. Security Finance, 41 Liberty.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobiles for Rent.

ATTRACTIVE touring and town car; day, week, month; moderate terms. Columbus 398.

FRANKLIN sedan wanted. Murray, 1,441 East 12th St., Brooklyn. Phone Midwood 2914-W.

PACKARD twin sixes to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 W. 43. Phones 4219-2530 Bryant.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 112 W. 52d St. Circle 2809. Reasonable rates.

CADILLAC cars for hire, by hour, day, week, month; owner drives. Columbus 7834.

PACKARD seven-passenger for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Plaza 3434.

PACKARDS; private appearance; first-class service. Call Circle 1868 for special rates.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTOMOBILE KNOWLEDGE
is a valuable asset to increase your earnings. Learn at New York's most complete school. Mechanical course, $45; with Driving, $65. Write for Catalogue I, or phone 5270 Circle.
STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL,
225 West 57th St., at Broadway.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St.—Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $60.25.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.,
1,121 BEDFORD AV., B'KLYN,
DEPT. C.

AUTO SCHOOL, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.—Largest and best school in U. S. Send for booklet and pass. Tel. Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

FOR SALE.

HOTEL GAS RANGE
for sale; four section and fitted with all modern improvements; these are such as extra large runners, special broiling equipment, &c.; in A-1 condition and a great bargain; come and see this range; ask for Steward, Restaurant Department, between 2:30 and 5 P. M.
JULIUS KAYSER & CO.,
453 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn.

We have a safe in excellent condition which we will give in exchange, together with a cash bonus, for a safe which is large enough to suit our purpose. Call at 390 5th Av., 3d floor. Ask for Mr. Maxwell.

Glass case with beautiful variety of stuffed birds; willing to sell for $200; valued $500; very antique for doctor's office. Wanderer, 1,310 Halsey St., Brooklyn.

Genuine mahogany library table, perfect condition. 207 West 98th, Apartment 2C.

Naval officer's overcoat for sale, reasonable. Phone Flatbush 7973-M evenings.

Addressograph, electric, at a bargain. N. Hurwitz, 109 West 26th.

Furniture.

Willow Furniture.—Special August sale. Direct from manufacturer. See us first; it will pay you. Big savings. Long Beach Willow Co., 229 East 41st St.

Wanted.—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3793.

For Sale—High-class office fixtures; no dealers. Call Empire Co., 71 Barclay St.

Purchase and Exchange.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
NONVISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $5.
VISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $7.50 UP.
Initial Payment Applies if Purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
339 Broadway, at Worth St. } Tel. 6406
20 East 23d St., opp. Madison Av. } Franklin.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. 4738 Barclay.

Dental equipment wanted, including instruments, for factory clinic; must be in good condition. Write full information, P. S. Dept., P. O. Box 476, Newark, N. J.

Underwood 5, good as new, $65. Palmer, 239 Fourth Av. 3841 Gramercy.

Automobile Supplies.

TRAILERS FOR PASSENGERS EASILY ATTACHED TO ANY AUTOMOBILE. THE TRAILMOBILE CO., 110 WEST 40TH ST. BRYANT 5875.

ARMY ORDERS.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Banister, Col. W. B., from Headquarters, Central Dept., Chicago, upon arrival of Col. C. C. McCulloch, Jr., and will proceed to Manila.
Crosby, Col. W. D., from Philippines, upon arrival of Col. W. B. Banister, then to U. S.
Thearle, Col. W. H., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Grissinger, Col. J. W., to Washington, to take the course at the Gen. Staff College.
Marietta, Col. S. U., to temp. duty in office of Surg. Gen., Washington, then to Hosp. No. 8, Otisville, N. Y.
Kerr, Lt. Col. M. M., hon. discharged.
Newbold, Maj. W. A., to Hosp. No. 30, Plattsburg Barracks.
Smith, Maj. A. B., to Army Hosp., Ft. Bayard.
Herpel, Maj. F. K., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Lewis, Maj. N. O., to Ft. Oglethorpe.
Aydelotte, Maj. J. T., to Hosp. No. 6, Ft. McPherson.
Patterson, Capt. W. T., to Hosp. No. 4, Ft. Porter.
Moore, Capt. J. J., to Letterman Hosp.
Kesmodel, Capt. K. F., to Hosp. No. 6, Ft. McPherson.
Chenoweth, Capt. E. B., to Hosp. No. 25, Ft. Harrison, for immediate discharge.
Hesner, 1st Lt. G. E., to Ft. Houston.
Moore, 1st Lt. W. V. O., to Canal Zone.
Irish, 1st Lt. C. G., to Canal Zone.
Farrell, 1st Lt. C. G., to Newport News.
Haines, 1st Lt. J. B., to Walter Reed Hosp., for course of instruction.
Sosman, 1st Lt. M. C., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Infantry.

Mitchell, Col. H. D., hon. discharged as Col., U. S. A., only.
Haskell, Col. E. E., assigned to 13th and will proceed to Camp Merritt.
Pendleton, Col. H., Jr., assigned to 9th and will proceed to Camp Travis.
Herron, Col. J. S., attached to 11th Cav., and will proceed to Monterey, Cal.
Hawkins, Col. F. B., to recruiting service, Columbus Barracks, as exec. off.
Layman, Lt. Col. W. G., to Camp Benning, Ga., at Inf. School of Arms.
Persons, Lt. Col. W. E. transferred to Jefferson Barracks for the necessary dental treatment.
Halls, Maj. H. M., to Boston, for discharge.
Bridges, Maj. T. S., detailed as Asst. Dist. Mil. Insp. of R. O. T. C., Dist. No. 2, New York City.
Reed, Maj. M., will report to the Chief, Militia Bureau, this city, for duty.
Watrous, Maj. L., detailed as Asst. Dist. Mil. Insp. of R. O. T. C., Dist. No. 7, Chicago.
Winters, Maj. W., to Camp Taylor.
Jacobs, Maj. J. R., detailed Prof. of Mil. Science, Western Acad., Alton, Ill.
Dollarhide, Capt. E. S., assigned to 20th.
Litsey, Capt. D. R., to Washington for duty in connection War Dept. Claims Board.
Barrs, Capt. A. E., to Camp Benning, for discharg.
Hickox, Capt. A. A., detailed for service in Q. M. C., and will proceed to Philippines, for duty as Asst. to the Dept. Qm.
Estes, Capt. J. McC., will report to Cmdg. Off., Camp Lee, for immediate discharge.
Champeney, Capt. A. S., and Levin, Capt. W., to Camp Dodge, re recruiting.
Boyd, Capt. J. W., to Ft. Riley, as Asst. to Post Supply Off.
Kinzey, Capt. B. Y., transferred to Camp. Hosp., Camp Dix, for further dental treatment.
Small, 1st Lt. W. R., to Ft. Oglethorpe for discharge.
Ould, 1st Lt. R., assigned to 6th, and will proceed to Camp Gordon.
Cannon, 1st Lt. J. K., to Ft. Douglas for discharge.
Harris, 1st Lt. R. C., to Hosp. No. 6, Ft McPherson, sick.
Anderson, 1st Lt. H., and Strohmeyer, 1st Lt. L. W., to Camp Dodge, re recruiting.
Redwood, Prov. 1st Lt. J. P., retired from active service.

Field Artillery.

Webb, Col. W. C., assigned to 77th, and will proceed to Camp Dodge.
Miner, Col. H. E., to Univ. of Chicago to take special course of instruction to fit him for duty as technical and research specialist.
Boiseau, Lt.Col. L. T., assigned to 19th, and will proceed to Camp Bragg.
Conolly, Lt.Col. W. R., to Mass. Inst. of Tech. to take course of instruction to fit him for duty as technical and research specialist.
Brady, Maj. T. J., assigned to 14th, Ft. Sill
Faes, Capt. J. G., to Camp Dodge for discharge.
Deal, Capt. O. E., and White, Capt. A. N., report to Cmdg.Off., Camp Bragg, for assignment to camp headquarters.
Johnson, 1st Lt. J. M., to Mass. Institute of Tech. to take special course.
Mesick, 1st Lt. J., to Univ. of Chicago to take special course of inst.
Carney, 1st Lt. C. C., will report to Col. F. A. Winter, Prest. of an army retiring board in this city for examination by the board, then to his present station.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Terrell, Col. J. P., to Ft. Scott and report to Cmdg.Gen., 31st Art. Brig.
Levy, Maj. R. M., to Ft. Hamilton and report to Cmdg.Gen., 39th Art. Brig.
Ramsey, Capt. H. A., to Ft. Hamilton and report to Cmdg.Gen., 39th Art. Brig.
Johnson, Capt. H. S., to Ft. Monroe.
Swain, 1st Lt. F. W., to Ft. Warren.
Flagg, 1st Lt. K. P., to Ft. Warren.

Quartermaster Corps.

Harmon, Maj. H. K., to Ft. Houston as Asst. to the Zone Supply Off.
Love, Maj. H. K., take station at Washington, as Asst. to the Chief of Construction Div. in addition to his present duties.
Flournoy, Capt. A. H., will assume duties as Const. Qm. for Expeditionary Depot at Baltimore, with station at Washington.
Weiss, Capt. L. C., will report to Cmdg. Gen. Camp Meade for duty as asst. to office in charge of utilities.
Simpson, 1st Lt. J. B., to Washington, take station, for duty as asst. to Chief of Conct. Div.

Air Service.

Milling, Col. T. de W., to Governors Island and report to Cmdg. Gen., Eastern Dept. in arrest.
Coker, Maj. R., to New York City, take station there as Dist. Mat. Disposal and Salvage Off.
Moffat, 1st Lt. J. I., transferred to Hosp. No. 8, Otisville, N. Y., sick.

Motor Transport Corps.

Joyner, Capt. H. N., to Boston, for duty with Northeastern Dept., M.T. officer.
Wilson, 1st Lt. R. E., to Camp Jesup.

Dental Corps.

Scott, Lt. Col. M. E., to Canal Zone.
Bratton, Capt. D., to Hosp. No. 43, Hampton, Va.

Sanitary Corps.

Cushman, Capt. G., to Hosp. No. 4, Ft. Porter.
Luz, 1st Lt. W. E., to Camp Funston.

Miscellaneous.

Herzy, Maj. Gen. M. L., and Rhodes, Maj. Gen. C. D., will report to the commandant, General Staff College, this city, to take the course.
McKinstry, Brig. Gen. C. H., to Governors Island, as Eastern Dept. Engineer.
Wilson, Col. R. H.; Murray, Col. C. H.; Corbusier, Col. W. H.; Martin, Lt. Col. M. C.; Wyeth, Lt. Col. M. C.; Phelps, Lt. Col. F. E.; Farr, Maj. C. W., and Kimball, Capt. W. A., are relieved from active duty.
Lyon, Lt. Col. R. M., Inf., and Homer, Maj. J. L., C. A. C., to the Academy, West Point.
Atkinson, Lt. Col. B. M., Air Service, and Hikok, Lt. Col. M. J., C. A. C., are detailed as members of the Joint Army and Navy Board to consider the suitability of Ford Island, Hawaiian Islands, as a joint aeronautical base, and to make recommendations as to joint use of the island.
Stamford, Lt. Col. H. W., relieved from further active duty.
McMillen, Maj. D. R., assigned to 19th Inf., and will proceed to Douglas, Ariz.
Schrader, Lt. Col. L. B., hon. discharged as Lt. Col., U. S. A., only.
Brady, Maj. T. J., hon. discharged as Maj., U. S. A., only.
Greenwell, Maj. S. A., Sig. Corps, will report to Adjt. Gen., Washington, for duty.
Moses, Maj. R. G., Engrs., assigned to duty in office of Chief of Engrs. and to station in Washington.
Grisell, Capt. E. L., relieved from further active duty.
Estes, Capt. B. E., Ord. Dept., to Boston.
Little, 1st Lt. W. H., Cav., hon. discharged as 1st Lt., U. S. A., only.

Resignations.

McCloy, J. S., Cav.; Williams, I. R., Inf., and Vietor, F. A., Cav., as Temp. Capts. and Prov. 2d Lts.
Perch, J. W., Inf.; Ives, I. M., Inf.; Parmley, L. F., Cav., and Miller, C. M., Jr., F.A., as Temp 1st Lt. and Prov 2d Lts.

Leaves.

Black, Maj. Gen. W. M., Engrs., 15 days.
Patton, Col. G. S., Jr., Tank Corps, 12 days' extension.
Dillon, Col. T. H., Engrs., 1 month.
Bradley, Lt. Col. A. E., M.C., 6 months.
Smith, Lt. Col. E. G., Inf., 15 days.
Lang, Lt. Col. J. W., Inf., 15 days.
Knight, Lt. Col. W. C., C.A.C., 10 days' extension.
Harrison, Maj. R. C., C.A.C., 15 days' extension.
Harrison, Maj. R. B., Inf., 10 days.
Brown, Maj. A. E., Inf., 10 days' extension.
Switzer, Capt. J. S., Jr., Inf., 21 days.
Fletcher, Capt. H. H., Inf., 1 month.
Poole, Capt. W. B., Q.M.C., 1 month extension.
Goodsell, Capt. R. A., Inf., 15 days.
Stanford, Capt. A. C., Cav., 1 month.
O'Brian, 1st Lt. P. F., Inf., 1 month extension.
White, 1st Lt. W. G., Inf., 15 days.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Pressure is low in the lower lake region, off the Middle Atlantic Coast, and in the Canadian Northwest, and high over the Canadian Maritime Provinces. During the last twenty-four hours showers and thunderstorms have occurred in the north portion of the West Gulf States and generally east of the Mississippi River except in the lower Ohio Valley and portions of the South Atlantic States. It has become somewhat cooler in the Gulf States, and temperatures have risen to decidedly above normal over the Canadian Northwest.

The outlook is for showers and thunderstorms Tuesday in the eastern lower lake region, the North Atlantic, the South Atlantic, and East Gulf States, and on Wednesday in the South Atlantic, East Gulf, and the North Atlantic States. Elsewhere throughout the country east of the Mississippi River the weather will be fair. The weather will become warmer in the Ohio Valley and the lake region Tuesday and Wednesday. Elsewhere throughout the country east of the Mississippi River temperature changes will be unimportant.

Winds off the Atlantic Coast—North of Sandy Hook, moderate to fresh east winds and showers Tuesday; Sandy Hook to Hatteras, moderate, variable winds and showers Tuesday; Hatteras to Florida Straits, moderate variable winds, mostly southwest, partly cloudy Tuesday; East Gulf Coast, gentle to moderate variable winds, local showers and thunder storms Tuesday.

FORECASTS: TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

New England—Showers Tuesday and Wednesday; not much change in temperature.

Eastern New York—Showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday; not much change in temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Local showers and thunder storms Tuesday and probably Wednesday; not much change in temperature.

District of Columbia and Delaware—Unsettled Tuesday. Wednesday, fair, slightly warmer.

Western New York and Western Pennsylvania—Local showers and thunder storms Tuesday. Wednesday, probably fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1919.	1918.		1919.	1918.
3 A. M.	63	64	4 P. M.	64	68
6 A. M.	64	62	6 P. M.	63	68
9 A. M.	64	63	9 P. M.	62	66
12 M.	65	69	11 P. M.	62	65

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 64; for the corresponding date last year it was 66; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 72.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 64, at 8 P. M. it was 63. Maximum temperature 65 degrees at noon, minimum 62 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity 97 per cent. at 8 A. M., 98 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.91 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.91 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M.		Loss.
4:15	449 E. Houston St.; not given	Slight
P.M.		
1:15	167th St. and Sheridan Av.; (auto,) William Rousell	Slight
1:35	278 E. 7th St.; (auto,) not given	Slight
1:55	1,008 3 Av.; Louis Levy	Slight
2:10	211 E. 3 St.; Herman Schwartzberg	Slight
11:00	St. Peters Av. and Frisbey Av., Bronx, (auto;) Bronx Elec. Co.	Slight

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Naile, Cmdr. F. E., to officer in charge Navy Recruiting Station, Philadelphia Dist.
Williams, Lt. Cmdr. F. P., to home; relieved all active duty.
Hawks, Lt. Cmdr. W., to Naval Recruiting Bureau, N. Y.
Clark, Lt. S. B., to temp. duty, Bur. Navigation, Navy Dept.
Blumenkrannz, Lt. W. M., to Mare Island Navy Yard.
Blanville, Lt. G. R., to Navy Yard, Puget Sound.
Beach, Lt. D. C., to Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C.
Davis, Lt. B. P., to Naval Training Station, San Francisco.
Dean, Lt. C. P., to Destroyer Squadron 3, Atlantic Fleet.
Baron, Lt. W. F., to Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Davis, Lt. P. N., to Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Greene, Lt. W. H., to receiving ship, Boston.
Fogg, Lt. C. E., to Naval Hosp., Portsmouth, N. H.
Usera, Lt. V. H., to temp. duty, receiving ship, at New York.
Storey, Lt. G. B., to duty N. T. S., N. O. B., Hampton Roads, Va.
STEVENSON, Lt. C. W., to the Agamemnon.
LIGHTNER, Lt. G. H., to Naval Hosp., Norfolk.
Manion, Lt. J. L., to Marine Barracks, Paris Island, S. C.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Retired, Lieut., 12 P. M., Aug. 16: J. McNulty, 68, (on his own application,) at $1,225 a year.

Transfers and assignments, Patrol., 8 A. M., Aug. 17: W. J. Rohrbach, T. D., Subdiv. B, to 29, assign. as att'nt and messenger discon. at 8 A. M., Aug. 18; from prec. indicated to Traff. Div., Subdiv. designated: To Subdiv. A, W. G. Reinig, 4; W. Donohue, 36; J. Leahy, 39; W. H. Scott, 76; E. A. Nelson, 91; A. R. Petit, 5; J. J. Cunningham, 39; C. E. Gilroy, 63; T. Maher, 76; E. Lucaire, 116.

To Subdiv. B: P. Keaveny, 6; R. Gavigan, 23; H. A. Hettler, 105; W. C. Schwarz, 22; M. J. Dillon, 29.

To Subdiv. C: J. Finkelstein, 5; A. A. Etchells, 36; J. Mahoney, 29; J. C. Kelly, 50; J. T. Shields, 57, assign. to bicycle duty discon.

Temporary assignments: Inspectors W. F. Boettler, 1 In. Dis., in command of 9 In. Dis., in addition to his other duties, 7:37 P. M., Aug. 16, during present strike; G. C. Liebers, 9 In. Dis., in command of 7 In. Dis., from 7:37 P. M. Aug. 16, during present strike and absence of Inspector on vacation. Acting Inspectors, B. J. Hayes, 12 In. Dis., in command of 14 In. Dis., in addition to his other duties, 7:37 P. M., Aug. 16, during present strike; W. A. Coleman, 14 In. Dis., to Headquarters Div., in office of the Chief Inspector, 7:37 P. M., Aug. 16, during present strike.

Patrol C. Herold, 29, to Headquarters Div., duty in Bur. of Tel., Manhattan, 30 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 17; R. C. Jewett, 53, to Headquarters Div., duty in Bur. of Tel., Manhattan, 14 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 18; R. J. Doherty, 103, to Headquarters Div., duty in Bur. of Tel., the Bronx, 30 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 19.

Full pay while on sick report: Patrol. T. J. Delaney, 26, 3:30 A. M., Aug. 9, during disability; J. P. Grogan, 47, 6:30 P. M., Aug. 7, during disability; F. T. Finnegan, 49, 12:30 P. M., Aug. 8, during disability; P. J. Farley, 18, 9:15 A. M., Aug. 7, during disability; E. Mahoney, Traff. Div., Subdiv. A, 5:10 P. M., July 23, during disability; C. K. Walter, Traff. Div., Subdiv. C, 7:45 P. M., Aug. 7, during disability.

Resignation accepted: Patrol. G. W. Dollinger, 12 P. M., Aug. 18.

Fire Department.

The following will report at the School of Instruction, 157-159 East 67th St., Manhattan, on Aug. 20, at time stated, for a period of thirty days, for test as prescribed by rules:

At 9 A. M.—J. J. Keenan, Eng. 2; Peter Hogstrom, Eng. 8; B. Hall, Eng. 11; T. F. Lynch, Eng. 20; J. J. Kelly, Eng. 21; D. J. Finnegan, Eng. 23; M. J. Flaherty, Eng. 27; H. C. Muhlker, Eng. 28; T. V. Guastavino, Eng. 32; D. A. Thompson, Eng. 34; W. B. Warner, Eng 72; C. E. A. McAuley, Eng. 202; J. A. Spode, Eng. 210; E. J. Connors, Eng. 221; C. I. Golden, Eng. 226; J. P. Layden, Eng. 229; G. Link, Eng. 251; R. J. Jaycoxe, Eng. 256; J. G. Olney, Eng. 269; O. Claus, Eng. 279; A. R. Kienzle, H. & L. 6; P. J. Evans, H. & L. 11; C. F. McGrath, H. & L. 12; F. E. Carney, H. & L. 101; F. J. McCaffrey, H. & L. 132.

At 1 P. M.—H. H. Doll, Eng. 2; M. F. Callanan, Eng. 3; F. J. Mattes, Eng. 7; J. B. Mooney, Eng. 12; M. J. Duffy, No. 2, Eng. 15; E. Jappel, Eng. 16; J. Murphy, Eng. 25; T. Behan, Eng. 27; R. P. Koch, Eng. 30; A. H. Rothaar, Eng. 216; J. J. Lynch, Jr., Eng. 224; C. Bolgiani, Eng. 240; F. Schlaich, Eng. 279; F. T. Ward, Eng. 280; E. M. F. Conway, H. & L. 3; J. J. Malone, H. & L. 11; J. C. Fleming, H & L. 12; J. F. Dowd, H. & L. 18; J. J. Bannon, H. & L. 20; J. Pahl, H. & L. 21; T. Murray, H. & L. 22; C. F. Wurtz, H. & L. 24; W. Ormsby, H. & L. 101; J. C. Willie, H. & L. 104; G. M. Luther, H. & L. 106.

The Civil Service.

City:

The following list for stoker, all boroughs, is announced: Elmer Sneed, Thomas Kiernan, Patrick Smyth, Edwin Braty, John Kong, August Engel, Michael McTighe, Patrick Corcoran, James Conlvage, John Farrell and Frederick Rodriguez.

United States.

The Commission announces for Sept. 16 an examination for oiler, for men only. A vacancy in the Post Office Department, Washington, D. C., at $840 a year, plus temporary increase granted by Congress of $240 a year will be filled from this examination. The duties will consist in assisting the electrician and other members of the mechanical force in the operation, maintenance and repair of the power plant of the Post Office Department. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on: Physical ability, 40; training and experience, 60. Applicants must have had at least six months' experience as an oiler or as an electrician's helper. They must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of the examination.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises........6:09 | Sun sets..........7:50

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:14	2:53	8:34	9:29
Governors Island	2:18	3:06	8:58	10:01
Hell Gate	4:15	4:48	10:42	12:00

Arrived—Monday, Aug. 18.

SS Agamemnon, Brest, Aug. 10.
SS Colon, Cristobal, Aug. 11.
SS Commodore Rollins, Kingston, Aug. 11.
SS Dochra, Buenos Aires, July 22.
SS Mariana, Buenos Aires, July 21.
SS J. D. Rockefeller, Point Lobos, Aug. 11.
SS Santa Flavia, Cibao, Aug. 11.
SS Johnston City, Charleston, Aug. 16.
SS Tibverton, Portland, Aug. 3.
SS Cornish City, Plymouth, Aug. 6.
SS Lake Franconta, St. Nazaire, Aug. 1.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Baltic	Gothenburg	July 24
Rotterdam	Amsterdam	July 15
Caronia	Liverpool	Aug. 9
Niagara	Bordeaux	Aug. 9
Prins der Nederlanden	Brest	Aug. 9
West Noska	Cristobal	July 29
War Hermit	Clyde	July 28
J. L. Luckenbach	Buenos Aires	July 14
Indier	Antwerp	July 20
Malancha	London	July 26
Mina Brea	Cardiff	July 24
Persier	Antwerp	July 25
Manxman	Bordeaux	July 30
Santa Tecla	Stockholm	July 30
Munaires	Buenos Aires	July 17
Vauban	Buenos Aires	July 28
Byron	Santos	July 24
San Juan	San Juan	Aug. 13
Wacouta	Havana	Aug. 13
Carrillo	Limon	Aug. 12
El Norte	Galveston	Aug. 14
Comal	Key West	Aug. 15
DUE TOMORROW.		
Touraine	Havre	Aug. 11
Munamar	Nipe	Aug. 16
Matsonia	Brest	Aug. 11
Louisville	Brest	Aug. 11
Pannonia	Taranto	July 31
Duca d'Abruzzi	Genoa	Aug. 5
Lenape	Jacksonville	Aug. 17
Zacapa	Limon	Aug. 13
Vestris	Liverpool	Aug. ..
Houma	Brest	Aug. 9
DUE THURSDAY.		
America	Brest	Aug. 12
Noordam	Plymouth	Aug. 12
Madawaska	Brest	Aug. 12
Troy	Brest	Aug. 10
DUE FRIDAY.		
Baltic	Liverpool	Aug. 12
Canopic	St. Michaels	Aug. 8
Santa Marta	Santa Marta	Aug. 15
Apache	Jacksonville	Aug. 20
DUE SATURDAY.		
Saxonia	Liverpool	Aug. ..
Comal	Galveston	Aug. 16
DUE SUNDAY.		
Pretoria	Brest	Aug. ..
DUE MONDAY.		
Stavangerfjord	Bergen	Aug. 15
Lorraine	Havre	Aug. 26
Carmania	Liverpool	Aug. 16
Brazos	San Juan	Aug. 21
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Aug. 22
El Occidente	Galveston	Aug. 20

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Matura, Trinidad	6:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Corsicana, Nuevitas	——	12:00 M.
Turrialba, Kingston	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
France, Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Caracas, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Trafalgar, St. Lucia	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Topajoz, Santos	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Vicia, Finland	——	12:00 M.
St. Michael, Natal	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Francisco, Hull	——	12:00 M.
Eastern Light, Havre	——	12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Frederik VIII., Christiania	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Vauban, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	12:00 M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Samland, Antwerp	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Unbe Mendi, Lisbon	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saugus, Buenos Aires	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Nantasket, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Munamar, Nipe	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
San Juan, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	——	12:00 M.
Vasari, Buenos Aires	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Caronia, Cherbourg	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Caracas, Porto Rico	9:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Wacouta, Bahamas	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
SAIL SUNDAY.		
Cap Finisterre, Brest	——	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Norman Monarch, at London, Aug. 13.
SS Monviso, at Ancona, Aug. 8.
SS Seekonk, at Bombay, Aug. 8.
SS General Morrison, at Genoa, Aug. 12.
SS Caldames, at Santander, Aug. 13.

Sailed.

SS United States, from Christiania, Aug. 14.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M., as follows:

China, via Seattle—SS Javary, Aug. 20.
Hawaii, via San Francisco, SS Sachem, Aug. 21.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China, and Netherlands East Indies, via San Francisco—SS Tenyo Maru, Aug. 22.
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands, East Indies, and Philippine Islands, via Seattle—SS Protesilaus, Aug. 25.
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) via Seattle—SS Arabia Maru, Aug. 25.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia, via San Francisco—SS Moana, Aug. 26.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.—SS Makura, indefinitely.

Post Office Notice.

Postmaster Patten invites attention to the following announcement by the Post Office Department:

The War Department has notified the Post Office Department that all surplus army foodstuffs in the New York zone, comprising the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut, have been or will be turned over to the Governors of those States for distribution through municipalities. Efforts to dispose of these supplies by parcel post, through Post Offices, have therefore been discontinued, and money that may have been deposited with orders for goods, at the General Post Office in this city or in any of its stations, will be refunded to intended consumers upon application.

Education Notes.

This is Victory Week for the 100,000 children attending the vacation playgrounds conducted by the Board of Education.

The Board of Education is planning to introduce a revised course of study in civics and citizenship in the evening elementary schools this Fall to further stimulate the Americanization of the foreign-born and non-English-speaking population in this city.

No opinion by the Corporation Counsel has been given yet to the Board of Education in the case of George J. Smith, one of the Board of Examiners, who, at a Whitman festival some time ago at the Hotel Brevoort, introduced as one of the speakers George Sylvester Viereck, and read a telegram from Emma Goldman, after a complimentary allusion to her. The opinion of the Corporation Counsel as to whether there was enough in the case to bring charges against Mr. Smith was asked some months ago, but it has not been given as yet.

JAPAN
CHINA and PHILIPPINES
Honolulu, Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki, Shanghai, Hongkong and Manila from San Francisco. Triple screw—22,000 tons—21 knot steamers. Every device for comfort and safety. For rates, booklets, etc., apply Toyo Kisen Kaisha, (Oriental S. S. Co.,) 165 Broadway, N. Y. Phone: Cortlandt 4364, or any local tourist or S.S. agent.

AUSTRALIA
HONOLULU, SUVA, NEW ZEALAND
The Palatial Passenger Steamers
R. M. S. "Niagara" 20,000 Tons — R. M. S. "Makura" 13,500 Tons
Sail from Vancouver, B. C.
For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry., 1,231 Broadway, N. Y., or to Canadian-Australian Royal Mail Line, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

Swedish American Line
S. S. STOCKHOLM 22,070 Tons Displ.
SEPT. 6-OCT. 22, NEW YORK DIRECT TO GOTHENBURG, SWEDEN. Short route to SCANDINAVIA. Close connections to Germany and all parts of Continent.
PASSENGER OFFICE, 24 State St., N. Y.

NORWEGIAN-AMERICA LINE
NORWAY—SWEDEN—DENMARK
Passenger Office, 8-10 Bridge St., N. Y.

AMERICAN & INDIAN LINE
Frequent Sailings to South Africa and India
Norton Lilly & Co., Produce Exch. Bldg., N. Y. Gen'l Agts. for Ellerman & Bucknall S. S. Co. Ltd.

NIAGARA TO THE SEA
The all-water route. For illustrated guide, address John F. Pierce, Dept. 102, Canada Steamship Lines, Montreal, Canada.

PASSPORT PHOTOS
Made while you wait, 50c and $1 per set.
U. S. PHOTO CO., 33 Broadway, N. Y.

CUNARD ANCHOR
Passenger and Freight Services.
NEW YORK to LIVERPOOL

Vauban	Aug. 22
Carmania	Aug. 30
Orduna	Sept. 13
Carmania	Oct. 4
Orduna	Oct. 18
Carmania	Nov. 8
NEW YORK to CHERBOURG and SOUTHAMPTON	
Mauretania	Sept. 17
Mauretania	Oct. 13
Mauretania	Nov. 8
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, HAVRE and SOUTHAMPTON	
Royal George	Aug. 30
Royal George	Oct. 4
Royal George	Nov. 1
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH & CHERBOURG	
Caronia	Aug. 23
Caronia	Sept. 24
Caronia	Oct. 29
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, HAVRE and LONDON	
Saxonia	Aug. 30
Saxonia	Oct. 4
Saxonia	Nov. 6
NEW YORK to PIRAEUS	
Pannonia	Aug. 28
NEW YORK to GLASGOW	
Columbia	Sept. 6
BOSTON to GLASGOW	
Elysia	Sept. 10
Scindia	Sept. 27

21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK

NEW YORK to LIVERPOOL
S. S. VICTORIA ABOUT SEPT. 15
$150 First Class.
PACIFIC LINE
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
South America
Regular Sailings From ENGLAND to
Brazil AND THE Argentine
by Royal Mail & Nelson Line
Central America
Regular Sailings from CRISTOBAL
SOUTH AFRICA BY UNION-CASTLE LINE
The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
The Nelson Lines
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agents, 26 Broadway, N. Y. Phone Broad 2360.
Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
AMERICAN
PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL

Haverford	Sept. 20

WHITE STAR
N. Y.—Cherbourg—Southampton

Lapland	Aug. 26
Adriatic	Sept. 20
Lapland	Oct. 4
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL	
Baltic	Aug. 30
Celtic	Sept. 6
Cedric	Sept. 20
Baltic	Oct. 8
NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA	
Canopic	Aug. 28
Cretic	Sept. 20

Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

JAVA-PACIFIC LINE
DIRECT JPL SERVICE
SAN FRANCISCO TO NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES
Batavia, Samarang, Soerabaia, Macassar
Sailing dates and rates on application.
S.S. BILLITON — S.S. SOERAKARTA
S.S. BINTANG — S.S. TJISALAK
S. S. BENGKALIS
J. D. Spreckels & Bros. Co., Gen. Agts. General Office, 2 Pine St., San Francisco. N. Y. Office, 17 Battery Pl. H. E. Burnett, Agt.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
via Plymouth & Boulogne-sur-Mer
S.S. NEW AMS'DAM, 11 A.M., Aug. 23
S. S. NOORDAM .... Sept. 3
S. S. ROTTERDAM .... Sept. 20
For Rates and Further Information Apply General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
PROPOSED DEPARTURES,
Subject to change without notice.
NEW YORK—HAVRE

FRANCE	AUG. 21
LA TOURAINE	AUG. 25
LA LORRAINE	AUG. 27
ROCHAMBEAU	SEPT. 5
FRANCE	SEPT. 9
LA SAVOIE	SEPT. 10
NEW YORK—BORDEAUX	
NIAGARA	AUG. 26

COMPANY'S OFFICE, 19 STATE ST., N. Y.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN
Denmark Norway Sweden
Fred'k VIII. Aug. 21
Untd States. Sept. 4
Oscar II... Sept. 16
Hellig Olav. Sept. 23
Passenger Office, 1 B'way, N. Y.

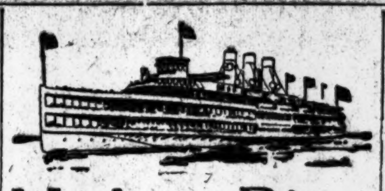
Transatlantica Italiana
Largest and Fastest Steamers of the Italian Mercantile Marine
Direct Passenger Service Between NEW YORK—GENOA—NAPLES
Giuseppe Verdi Sailing from NEW YORK Sept. 5
Dante Alighieri, Oct. —
1st Class, $250 up; 2d Class, $160 up
McDONNELL & TRUDA, General Agents, 5 State Street, New York.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
— LA VELOCE —
NEW YORK, NAPLES, GENOA.
Duca D'Aosta .... Aug. 21
Duca Degli Abruzzi .... Aug. 28
Taormina... Sept. 13 | America.... Sept. 30
ITALIA-AMERICA, INC., 1 State St., N. Y.

STEAMSHIP PASSAGES
To Europe, South America, West Indies, South Africa, Australia, China, Japan, etc. Official Agents for All Trans-Atlantic and Trans-Pacific S. S. Lines. Tours and Tickets by All Rail Routes. Complete arrangements for business or recreation travel, including hotel accommodation. Pullman reservations, rail tickets, &c.
THOS. COOK & SON,
245 Broadway, (opp. City Hall.)
561 Fifth Ave., (cor. 46th St.)
COOK'S TRAVELLER'S CHEQUES GOOD EVERYWHERE.

RAYMOND-WHITCOMB
TROUBLESS TRAVEL DE LUXE TO ANYWHERE FOR ANYTIME.

Canadian Pacific Rockies.
Banff—Lake Louise—Pacific Coast.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY,
F. R. PERRY, Gen. Agent, Passenger Dept., 1231 Broadway. New York City.



Hudson River by Daylight
DAILY, INCLUDING SUNDAY.
"Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," "Albany."
Direct Rail Connections. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.
Ideal one-day outings.

NORTH BOUND	Through Service Runs every day.	P'k'psie Service Runs every day.	Sat. Spe'l Saturdays only.
New York	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Desbrosses St	8:40	10:00	1:40
West 42d St	9:00	10:20	2:00
West 129th St	9:20	10:40	2:20
Yonkers	9:50	11:10	....
Bear Mountain	✚	†12:50	....
West Pt. (ex.Sun.)	....	† 1:15	....
Cornwall	....	† 1:40	5:25
Newburgh	†12:20	† 2:00	5:40
Poughkeepsie	† 1:10	† 2:50	6:30
Kingston Point	2:10	....	7:30
Catskill	3:25	....	9:00
Hudson	3:40	....	9:15
Albany	6:30	....	11:45

†Return steamer same day from points marked †. ✚Up thru steamer will not stop at Bear Mt. Saturdays and Sundays in August.
Telephone: Canal 9300.
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses St. Pier — New York

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
NEW YORK—ALBANY—TROY
DAILY SAILINGS FROM PIER 32, N. R., FOOT CANAL STREET, PEOPLE'S LINE DAILY, 6 P. M.; NIGHT EXPRESS LINE WEEKDAYS, 7 P. M.; SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS, 9 P. M.; WEST 132D ST. (ALL STEAMERS) HALF HOUR LATER. DUE ALBANY 6 O'CLOCK FOLLOWING MORNING. DIRECT RAIL CONNECTIONS AT ALBANY TO ALL POINTS NORTH, EAST AND WEST. PHONE CANAL 9000
Express Freight Service. Autos Carried
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

Iron Steamboat Co.
CONEY ISLAND
Schedule Subject to Change Without Notice
Lv. W. 129 St., 9:30, 10:40, 11:40, 12:40, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6:20, 7:30, 8:30 P. M. Pier 1, N. R., 10:15, 11:25, 12:25, 1:25, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 7, 8:20, 9:30 P. M. Coney, 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:30, 7:25, 8:25, 9:25, 10:30 P. M.
ROCKAWAY BEACH
Lv. W. 129 St., 9:30 A.M. Pier 1, N. R., 10:15 A.M. Rockaway, 5:30 P. M. TEL. WHITEHALL 1270.
SPECIAL DURING STRIKE on Subway and Elevated Lines Boats will be operated between W. 129th St. and Pier 1 Every Half Hour, beg. 8:00 A.M. Fare 25c.

ALL WATER ROUTE
NEWFOUNDLAND $110
12 Days—All Expenses
CALIFORNIA $275
Water-Rail—30 Days
OTHER TRIPS BY LAND OR SEA.
COURTESY—SATISFACTION.
AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL TRAFFIC AND TRAVEL BUREAU,
15 Park Row, Suite 811.
Telephone Barclay 1765

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.08 to $3.24.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, Daily and Sunday at 5:30 P. M. Phone Spring 9491.

WEEKDAY and SUNDAY TRIPS to
BEAR MOUNTAIN
45 MILES UP THE HUDSON
Str. "Grand Republic" Lvs. Battery Daily, 9 W. 132 St., 9:30A.M.
MUSIC. DANCING. REFRESHMENTS.
Round Trip Weekdays, 55c. Children, 30c. Sundays and Holidays, 85c. Children, 55c. (Including War Tax.)
Bear Mountain Line. Tel. Bowling Green 7538

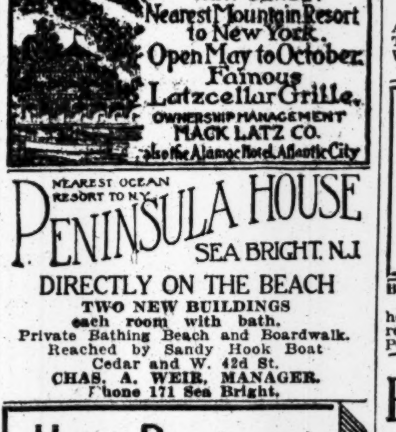
METROPOLITAN LINE
To BOSTON All the Way by Water. Always in Sight of Land.
Via CAPE COD CANAL
Daylight through the Canal both ways.
Leave Pier 18, Foot of Murray St., Daily (Sundays included) at 5:00 P. M. Fare $5.65. Tickets and information at Wharf. Tel. Barclay 5000.

RESORTS.
NEW YORK.
THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.
45 minutes to 42d St.; capacity 150; $14 up; sleeping porches, private baths, dancing, tennis, swimming pool, fishing; saddle horses, instructors. Ideal for Fall & Winter. Special Autumn Rates. Phone White Plains 1165. Booklet.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.
Raquette Lake Hotel, Raquette Lake, N. Y., where you enjoy real Adirondack Life comfortably. Open fireplaces, steam heat, electric lights, private baths; $19.00 and upward, American plan, after Sept. 1st.

NEW YORK—Long Island.
PROSPECT HOUSE
Shelter Island Heights, L. I., N. Y.
SHORE AND COUNTRY.
Special Labor Day Week-End.
All Sports. Acc. 300. Booklet B.

NEW JERSEY.



ALAMAC IN THE MOUNTAINS
(formerly The BRESLIN)
LAKE HOPATCONG
NEW JERSEY
Nearest Mountain Resort to New York.
Open May to October.
Famous Latzcellar Grille.
OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT MACK LATZ CO.
also the Alamac Hotel, Atlantic City

NEAREST OCEAN RESORT TO N.Y.
PENINSULA HOUSE
SEA BRIGHT, N.J.
DIRECTLY ON THE BEACH
TWO NEW BUILDINGS each room with bath.
Private Bathing Beach and Boardwalk.
Reached by Sandy Hook Boat Cedar and W. 42d St.
CHAS. A. WEIR, MANAGER.
Phone 171 Sea Bright.

Hotel Beechwood
Summit, N. J.
Five minutes from depot. Easy commutation via D., L. & W. and Hudson Tubes. Misses Gillan & Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn.
OPEN ALL YEAR.

THE WARREN
ON THE OCEAN
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
A house that's "different" in its fine appointments, unusual and artistic decorations, homelike atmosphere and service. Surrounded by green lawns and gardens, at the edge of the sea. Open September. New York Office Tel. Schuyler 7140.

HOTEL BUCKINGHAM
Avon-By-The-Sea, N. J.
In the heart of New Jersey's Pleasure Belt. Opens June 28. C. Pitman Baker, Jr., Mgr.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.
Hotel St. Charles
On the Ocean Front. Atlantic City, N. J. American Plan. Wm. A. Leech, Mgr.

THE WILTSHIRE
Virginia Av. and Beach.—Ocean view; capacity 350; private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, &c.; American plan; special weekly rates. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.
ALAMAC HOTEL
FIREPROOF
OCEAN FRONT, IN THE HEART OF ATLANTIC CITY.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
Hot and Cold Sea Water Baths.
Grill, Orchestra, Dancing, Garage.
MACK LATZ CO.
Also ALAMAC in-the-MOUNTAINS (formerly The Breslin) LAKE HOPATCONG, N.J.

Marlborough-Blenheim
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
HEALTH IS EFFICIENCY
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets
No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
Ownership Management Josiah White & Sons Co.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL
COTTAGES AND CASINO
On the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
Coolest location on the Coast
Near all Piers and Amusements
Swimming Pool, Tennis, Surf-bathing
Special Diet Kitchen
Cap. 600

The Breakers
Atlantic City, N. J.
ON OCEAN FRONT. FIREPROOF
Unusually attractive at all seasons of the year. Luxurious lobbies and spacious verandas overlooking the sea.
SEA WATER BATHS. GARAGE.
Magnificent Egyption Roof Garden.
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.
New Monterey Hotel
NORTH ASBURY PARK, N. J.
Directly on Ocean. All outside rooms.
NEW MONTEREY GRILL.
Entirely new—service a la carte and dancing—largest and most beautiful on the Jersey Coast. Ideal for motorists.
SHERMAN DENNIS, Manager.

Plaza Hotel
and famous Grill on the Ocean Front.
ASBURY PARK, N. J.
Headquarters for Auto Tourists.
European Plan. Modern Garage.

NEW ENGLAND.
Tour New England
WHEREVER YOUR INTEREST LIES, EITHER IN MAGNIFICENT SCENERY, REVOLUTIONARY LORE, MAMMOTH WAR INDUSTRIES OF 1918, OR JUST A GOOD VACATION WITH MOTORING OVER SPLENDID ROADS IN THE DELIGHTFUL CLIMATE, NEW ENGLAND WILL PLEASE YOU. WAYSIDE INNS, MODERN CITY HOTELS AND GREAT RESORTS OFFER EVERY FORM OF COMFORT AND RECREATION.
Send for free illustrated road map in colors
"New England Tours"
published by the NEW ENGLAND HOTEL ASSOCIATION, comprising over two hundred of the best hotels and resorts.
WILLIAM M. KIMBALL, Secretary,
Draper Hotel. Northampton, Mass.

GREEN INN
Narragansett Pier, R. I.
September is Glorious at Narragansett
City conveniences; open fires. Every facility for comfort.
Literally—a particular place for particular people.

Edgewood Inn
Greenwich, Conn.
45 minutes from Grand Central Station
Under management of MISSES GILLAN & EDWARDS.
Also Managers of The Beechwood, Summit, N. J.

GREENWICH INN
Ideal September Resort.
SOUND BEACH, CONN.
Water; within easy commuting distance. Golf, Tennis, Bathing, Music.
Make Reservations Now.
Phone 35 Sound Beach.

KATHMERE INN
SOUND BEACH, CONN.
Directly on the Sound.
Special Rates, September and October. Fishing, Bathing, Tennis.
HARRY S. PURDY.

PENNSYLVANIA.
CHURLEIGH INN PARK AND LAKE
Atop of Mountains, Stroudsburg, Pa. Wonderful scenic views and effects. Canoeing, Bathing, Fishing, Tennis, Clock Golf, Daily Orchestra Concerts, Dancing. Garage. Daily varied tournaments and diversions under personal direction of Mr. H. B. Stewart, formerly of CHURCHILL'S, N. Y., and late of FOREST PARK, PA. Prizes for Land and Water Sports and Dancing.
Rates $4.00 Per Day Up.
American Plan. Cuisine Par Excellence. Two hour express trains, D., L. & W. R. R. Write for booklet and road map.
LOWENSTEIN & HAUSER, Props.

THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE
THE KITTATINNY
Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
The leading hotel of this famous region; open to December. Capacity 500. Strictly modern. Golf, tennis, saddle horses, bathing, boating; orchestra, concerts, dances. Exceptional cuisine, American plan; also a la carte grill. Garage. Booklet, auto maps, and terms upon request. JOHN PURDY COPE.

BUCKWOOD INN, (Absolutely Fireproof,) Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa.—Celebrated 18-hole golf course, tennis, bathing. Fine motor roads. Situated in the foothills of the Poconos. C. V. Murphy, Manager.

WASHINGTON, D. C.
Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.00 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

INSTRUCTION.

2 DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOLS
IN THE HEART OF 50,000 POSITIONS
TRIBUNE BUILDING No. 154 NASSAU STREET MANHATTAN — BREVOORT BUILDING BEDFORD AVE., AT FULTON ST. BROOKLYN
Telephones: Beekman 2723 and Prospect 7486
HOURS { DAYS, 9:30 A. M. to 3 P. M. NIGHTS, any time after 5 P. M.
Individual Instruction. Both Schools Open All Summer. Ask for Catalog

PUBLIC SPEAKING
Private and class lessons. Join evening class Aug. 19. Write Walter Robinson, Carnegie Hall, for free booklet.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL
542-544 Fifth Ave. (45th St.) Oldest and preeminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent positions. Write for catalog T. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 West 45th St. Secretarial training, individual instruction; advanced registration and references required. Must be over 16 years old. Day; evening.

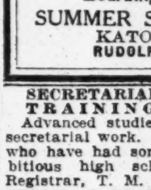
INCREASE your earning power by home study; specialized training for business positions. The Emerson Institute, 334 5th Av.

PREPARE FOR BUSINESS POSITIONS. Stenography, Bookkeeping, Accountancy. Write 23d St. Y. M. C. A., 215 W. 23d St., N. Y.

KATHARINE GIBBS SCHOOL of SECRETARIAL TRAINING
For Educated Women
Broad and advanced curriculum covering all phases of business training pertaining to office, literary, social, and home life. All work individualized so that each student advances as rapidly as she is able.
Fall term opens October 1st. Send for booklet.
ARCHITECTS BUILDING, 101 Park Avenue, NEW YORK CITY
Telephone Vanderbilt 5567

PREPARE NOW
The demand for well trained office assistants, accountants, stenographers, and secretaries was never so great as now. Thousands of attractive positions (stepping stones to higher places) are opening every day for those who are qualified to fill them. Safeguard your future by starting to-day
AT THE
school which has over sixty years of success behind it; the school which has graduated thousands of young men and women fully equipped and able to make their way in the business world.
DAY SCHOOL OPENS SEPT. 2
PACKARD COMMERCIAL SCHOOL
Lexington Ave. and 35th St.

The Clark School for Concentration
A SCHOOL WHERE RECORDS ARE MADE
Boarding and Day Pupils
SUMMER SCHOOL FOR BOYS
Now in Session
Summer School and Camp for Girls in Shawangunk Mts.
The Principal will be at the Main Office (Girls' School) from 12 to 2 P. M. and from 4 to 6 P. M. daily to interview parents. Phone Columbus 744.
Boys' School, 72d St. & West End Ave. Girls' School, 301 West 72d St.
CATALOG ON REQUEST



Clason Point Military Academy
Catholic School for Boys (Boarding and Day)
110-acre Park, athletic field. L. I. Sound. Military instruction. Member Reserve Officers' Training Corps. Grammar and college preparatory. Under Christian Brothers. 37th year begins Sept. 15th.
Catalog. Rev. Bro. Robert, Director, Bronx, N.Y.C.

Scoville School for Girls
2042 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.
DAY AND BOARDING PUPILS
Full Preparatory and Advanced Studies meeting present demands. Established 40 years. Term begins Oct. 2. Catalogue on request.
Miss Rosa B. Chisman. Tel. Harlem 3437.

Collegiate School For Boys
Founded 1638
Is a College Preparatory School with strong Primary and Junior Grades. Modern school building. Large Gymnasium. Military Drill and Supervised Athletics. Afternoon outing classes.
241-43 W. 77th St., New York
282d year begins Sept. 30th. Catalogue
A. F. Warren, Headmaster

Florence Nightingale School for Backward Children
Boarding and day pupils
SUMMER SCHOOL & CAMP
KATONAH, N. Y.
RUDOLPH S. FRIED, Principal.

SECRETARIAL AND EXECUTIVE TRAINING FOR WOMEN.
Advanced studies that lead to worthwhile secretarial work. Of special interest to girls who have had some college work or to ambitious high school graduates. Address Registrar, T. M. Scudder.
THE SCUDDER SCHOOL
244, 246, 248, 316 West 72d St., N. Y. C.

LAW SCHOOL FORDHAM UNIVERSITY
WOOLWORTH BLDG., NEW YORK.
Afternoon Classes 4:15 to 6:15
Evening Classes 7:30 to 9:30
COURSES OPEN TO WOMEN.
Term Begins Sept. 25. CASE SYSTEM.
WRITE FOR BULLETIN "N."

Brooklyn Law School
305 Washington St. Brooklyn, New York
Fall Term Begins Monday, Sept. 29th
Send for Catalogue
One Minute from both Brooklyn and Manhattan Borough Hall Subway Stations.

PEABODY
BALTIMORE, MD.
The Leading Endowed Musical Conservatory in the Country
Scholarships. Operatic training. Tuition in all grades and branches. Circulars mailed.

Kelvin School
G. A. L. Dionne, Headmaster, 331 W. 70th St. 16th year. College preparatory school where your interest and your son's are faithfully served. Office hours, 9 to 12. Telephone, Columbus 3396.

Hamilton Grange School
513 WEST 142D STREET
From Kindergarten to College. For Boys and Girls. Under direction of Scoville School, 2042 Fifth Avenue. Tel. Harlem 3437.

BERLITZ SCHOOL
Languages
Manhattan: 28-30 West 34th Street
Brooklyn: 218 Livingston Street
SCHOOL OPEN ALL SUMMER

WILBRAHAM ACADEMY
Fits for life and for college work. Modern gymnasium. Athletic field. 250 acres. Enrollment—60 boys. Moderate rates. GAYLORD W. DOUGLASS, Headmaster, Wilbraham, Mass.

DWIGHT SCHOOL 72 Park Av. bet. 38-39 Sts.
College & Regents. 40th year. Moderate Fees.
Makes a study of the individual student.

THE CARPENTER SCHOOL
310 West End Ave. Col. 4390. 20th year begins Oct. 1. A day school for 72 boys. Hours 9-5. Outdoor exercise 1:30-4.

The Paine Uptown School 1931 B'way or 116 W. 65th St.
Highly recommended for efficiency of our Visual-individual method. Open all summer.

Miss Mary Schoonmaker's School for Girls
345 W. End Av. near 76th St. Thirty-first year.
REOPENS WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 1st

THE HART TUTORING SCHOOL,
251 West 75th St. Tel. Columbus 9360.
Tutoring in all branches. Two years' work in one. Pupils admitted at any time. Entrance by certificate to leading colleges.

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL OPENS OCT. 1
Write for Catalog and Rules Governing Admission to Bar Examinations.
DEAN GEORGE CHASE, 215 W. 23d St., New York

Learn LANGUAGES once forever ?
at BUCCINI SCHOOL, 220 W. 59th. Est. 1908

Williston Seminary for Boys. 79th year. Lower school in separate building. Booklet. Archibald V. Galbraith, A.B., (Harvard '99,) Prin., Easthampton, Mass.

Stamford Military Academy. Catalogue on request. Walter D. Gerken, A. M. Principal, Shippan Point, Stamford, Conn.

WORCESTER ACADEMY.—85 years given to the care and training of boys. Samuel F. Holmes, M. A., Principal, Worcester, Mass.

NEWTON ACADEMY for boys 9 to 16. Modern equipment. Personal attention. Catalog. Address Principal, Box U, Newton, N. J.

School Information
Maintained by the schools to help you. Free information and catalogs of all boarding schools in the U. S.
Call, Write or 'Phone
AMERICAN SCHOOLS' ASSOCIATION
Times Bldg., New York
Phone Bryant 3960

STENOGRAPHERS SECRETARIES AND TYPISTS WANTED

The demand is unprecedented — pay is liberal, work congenial. We prepare you in 30 days by the 30-Day Syl-lab-ic System, (which we control). Other schools take 6 months. Call, write or phone for 3 FREE trial lessons and convince yourself.
MOON'S SCHOOLS
50 E. 42d St., (opp. Grand Central Sta.); 537 W. 181st St., (Subway Bldg.); 316 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

MARQUAND "The Opportunity for YOUR BOY"
Thorough preparation for College or for Business—
A School of Recognized Superiority—The Choice of Discriminating Parents—Mature, broad-minded, college-trained Instructors—Small Groups, individual attention—Supervised Study—Carefully directed Physical Training and Athletics. Two-million-dollar Equipment.
For Prospectus giving Marquand Methods and Purposes address: Headmaster,
MARQUAND SCHOOL FOR BOYS
Brooklyn Central Y.M.C.A., 55 Hanson Pl.

Accountancy
Summer classes—Pace courses—early evening sessions—comfortable downtown lecture rooms. Ask for special summer school information. Pace Institute, 30 Church Street, New York.

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, Typewriting, Civil Service and Penmanship Departments. Day and Evening Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue.
Eastman-Gaines
123d St. & Lenox Ave.

STENOGRAPHIC & SECRETARIAL COURSES
REGISTERED BY REGENTS
PERSONALLY SUPERVISED BY MISS FRITZ
A SCHOOL WHICH PRACTICES THE EFFICIENCY IT TEACHES
ROSE L. FRITZ SCHOOL
WINNER OF 40 CHAMPIONSHIPS
SEND FOR CATALOGUE 334-5th AVENUE

NEW YORK PREPARATORY SCHOOL 31st Year
Day and Evening Depts.
New York—72 Park Ave., bet. 38-39 Sts.
Brooklyn—Corner Franklin and Jefferson Avenues.
REGENTS and COLLEGE Examinations
also West Point and Annapolis
Send for Catalog and "Success in Regents Exams."
New Term Begins September 15

BALLARD SCHOOL
Increases earning power of women — Business courses, Languages, Nursing, Dressmaking, Millinery, Cookery, Arts, Handcrafts.
Central Y. W. C. A., Lex. Ave. & 53d St.

The Children's School
Boys, Girls, 2 to 10 yrs.
All-day activities; hot lunches; large roof playground, carpentry, music, dancing, French, and Science. Write for booklet.
Margaret Naumburg, 32-34 W. 68th St., N. Y.

The Brown School of Tutoring
241 West 75th St. Phone Col. 8894
Open all Summer. Also lessons given at homes of pupils, Long Island, Jersey Coast, etc. Thorough preparation for all examinations. Fall term opens Sept. 29th.

Educational Sanitarium for
MENTALLY DEFICIENT CHILDREN
The Larches, Cranbury, N. J.

The Rutgers Preparatory School,
New Brunswick, N. J.
Prepares for any college or technical school. Give particulars about your boy.
Address, The Secretary, WILLIAM P. KELLY, Headmaster.

Massee Country School
Rapid preparation for college. Two years' work in one. All sports. Military training. Junior Department for boys 6 years up. Address W. W. MASSEE, Ph. D., Box 900, Bronxville, N. Y.

MERCERSBURG ACADEMY
In Picturesque Cumberland Valley.
Preparation for College or Business under Christian masters from great universities. Gymnasium. Modern equipment. For catalog address Headmaster, Mercersburg, Pa.

MODERN CO-OPERATIVE
SPANISH LANGUAGE ACADEMY.
Simplified, radically new method in Spanish. Admission to four classes daily without extra charge. 'Phone: Bryant 7142. 112 West 42d St.

INSTRUCTION—Dancing.
24 Years at This Address Means Something
Remey SCHOOL of DANCING
54th St. & Eighth Av. Tel. 4664 Cir.

MODERN SOCIETY DANCING
taught by refined young lady. Hours 9 to 9. Classes in the evening. Doris J. Durling, 55 West 46th St. Telephone Bryant 8020.

INSTRUCTION—Swimming.
LEARN TO SWIM—
AND SAVE LIFE
Mary Beaton, R.L.S.S.

Instructor to many famous colleges and to prominent Americans. Exclusive Pool. Filtered running water. Adults and children. Write—phone—call.
1 WEST 67TH STREET. COLUMBUS 4264.

POSTPONES LEBAUDY CASE.

Counsel for Sister to Investigate Marriage of Slain Man.

MINEOLA, L. I., Aug. 18.—The action begun here some time ago by the Countess Jeanne Marie Theresa Lebaudy de Fels, sister of the late Jacques Lebaudy, shot and killed here last February by his wife, Marguerite, was postponed today by Surrogate Howell, on motion of Henry A. Uterhart, counsel for the Countess, until Sept. 6.

The action brought by the Countess de Fels is to restrain Mrs. Marguerite Lebaudy from acting as administratrix of her husband's estate, and to discharge her from that office. The Countess asserts that the woman known as Mrs. Marguerite Lebaudy was never legally married to Jacques Lebaudy. According to the representations on which the postponement was obtained, Uterhart is to start for France at once to visit the little town of La Paloud, where Mrs. Lebaudy was born. There, he said, he will take evidence from those able to throw any light on her relation with Lebaudy.

It is possible that Uterhart will not be back by Sept. 6, in which case the action is to be postponed again. Paul E. DeFere, counsel for Mrs. Lebaudy, consented to the adjournment.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Blue beaded bag, Sunday, in taxi from Hotel Astor to Plaza, containing about $500 in bills and seven loose diamonds, ruby ring, diamond and pearl ring, pendant platinum and diamonds and platinum chain; two of the pieces of jewelry are heirlooms valued highly on account of associations; very liberal reward paid for return of jewelry. Phone 2133 Rector, Room 1420, 115 Broadway.

LOST—Lady's wrist bag on Pennsylvania Pullman car or in Market St. Newark Station, Train 26 from Pittsburgh, Sunday evening, containing one brooch pin with four diamonds, one gold lavalliere, one gold watch, initialed "G. P. D.," one small stick pin and change; suitable reward. R. B. A. Williams, 44 Whitehall St., Bowling Green 9554.

LOST—Sunday night, train 96, from Albany, small black leather-covered card case, containing business cards, checks, Pullman ticket, memoranda; reward. George C. Jell, 102 West 38th.

LOST—Walrus leather brief case, left in taxi Monday A. M.; contains Cadillac list and papers of personal value only; a consistent reward offered. R. A. Bernstein, 281 5th Av.

LOST—Diamond fleur de-lis ring, between Lord & Taylor's and Macy's, Friday afternoon; liberal reward for return; sentimental value attached. T. G. Schmittberger, 740 West End Av. Telephone 7170 Riverside.

LOST.—Gold watch and gold fob chain, somewhere in district of Oyster Bay, on Sunday, Aug. 17, monogram on cover of watch reads S. B. S. Finder liberally rewarded by returning same to Acme Underwear Co., 140 West 36th St.

LOST—Friday night, sable neck piece, in taxi, painted black and white, from Broadway to St. Hubert Hotel, 57th St.; $50 reward to chauffeur if returned to Miss Osgood, St. Hubert Hotel, 120 West 57th St.

LOST.—I left small bag in automobile arriving 18 West 9th St. about 6 o'clock Monday night. Please return and receive suitable reward. Lester H. Monks, 18 West 9th St., New York.

LOST—Reward, silver mesh bag, inscription "Patty," on frame; lost in Penn. Station, or on train from Bradley. Alice P. Lewis, 523 West 187th St.

LOST.—Knight Templer pin with initials A. B. C.; return to Great Northern Hotel; Room 1233; reward well paid.

LOST—Blue aquamarine brooch with small diamonds and pearls, between 77th and 80th Sts. and West End Av.; reward. 424 West End Av.

LOST—On 5th Av., between Lord & Taylor's and Library, blue enamel earring, three pendants; suitable reward. C. E. Williams, 505 5th Av.

LOST—Chased gold-front wrist watch, Waltham make, between 48th and 49th Sts., on Broadway; reward. Mrs. S. K. Hill, Hotel Holley, 36 Washington Square West.

LOST—Aug. 18, wrist watch, blue enamel trimming, between Knickerbocker Hotel and Altmans. Reward. Room 629, Knickerbocker Hotel.

LOST—Reward $100. Sapphire bar pin; large diamond in centre of pin; small diamonds at each end with little emerald; reward to be given at Columbia Trust, 34th and 5th Av.

LOST—Silver meshbag Aug. 18, 34th St. entrance Hotel McAlpin and B. R. T.; reward. Hotel McAlpin Lost and Found Department.

LOST—Sunday, carved gold-linked bracelet, Broadway, 102d to 111th St., or on Broadway southbound car. Return Zayas, 323 West 83d.

LOST—Ladies' gold watch, Penn. Station, or 6th Av. car to 42d St., monogram H. H. D. child's picture on front lid; reward. C 662 Times Downtown.

LOST—Fur piece, brown marten, Monday noon, Gimbel's or on 32d St.; reward. Mrs. Pierson, 21 West 82d St. Schuyler 10490.

LOST—Purse, owner's only money, between 33d St., Gerard Hotel. Reward, $50. T. F. Mefford, Gerard Hotel.

LOST—Platinum dinner ring, 19 diamonds, lavatory Hotel Remington; liberal reward. Z 428 Times Annex.

LOST—Two pearl studs in Ritz Hotel; liberal reward for return of same, and no questions asked. Ludwig Stein, 212 5th Av.

LOST—$100 reward for return of Chow dog, lost in Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. M. Jaffe, 279 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

LOST—Silver mesh bag, Saturday, Aug. 16, between 23d St. and Cortlandt St. Ferry. Reward. J. Giles, 229 West 57th St.

LOST—Leather portfolio on Riverside Drive bus; finder please return to Benjamin Brick, 569 West 150th. Aud. 3837.

LOST—Leather bag containing silver box, eyeglasses, &c.; 181st St., or Broadway; reward. Miss Ruddell, 90 Pinehurst Av.

LOST—Bunch of keys in 20th Century Taxi, Sunday night; reward for return. H 388 Times.

LOST—Platinum ring set with diamonds, at Stern Bros.; liberal reward. Mrs. A. Doble, Biltmore Hotel.

LOST—Hudson seal cape; Rialto Theatre; Sunday night; liberal reward. Rosenblum, 1,266 54th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Gray parrot, red tail, from 770 St. Nicholas Av.; reward. Phone Aud. 6799.

LOST—Diamond horseshoe pin, at or near Little Club. Vanderbilt 4217.

LOST—Gold monogram fob, initialed C. R. B. Reward. Telephone Greeley 2030.

LOST—Small package surgical instruments; reward. F 164 Times.

$100 REWARD,
Return diamond and sapphire bracelet, lost Aug. 4. I. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

REWARD—Mosaic pin lost Aug. 15, in Centre St., or Municipal Building. Phone Franklin 6100.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—$100 reward for the return or information leading to recovery of Pekinese dog, lost from Cadillac car near Knickerbocker Hotel, Aug. 14. All information confidential; owner heartbroken; no questions asked. Address 215 West 101st St., Apt. 7A. Phone Riverside 6000.

$50 REWARD.
BOSTON TERRIER, FEMALE, DARK BRINDLE AND WHITE, SCREW TAIL; LOST AUG. 5, 60TH ST. AND BROADWAY. ROHRER, 40 WEST 61ST ST.

LOST—Little white puppy on 41st St., between Broadway and 6th Av.; liberal reward offered. Motoverdie, 41st., between Broadway and 6th Av.

Found.

FOUND.—Owner of camera left in taxicab Sunday night may obtain it by describing camera and exposures. C 689 Times Downtown.

FOUND—Wednesday, West 70th St., lady's gold watch. Owner can have same upon identification. A. Hempel, 373 4th Av.

FOUND—Valuable vest pocket knife. A. C. Worth, 192 West St.

FOUND—On Wall St., Saturday, diamond stick pin; communicate Hanover 7415.

ACCOUNTANCY
Post Graduate Course qualifying for Public and Private Practice and
C. P. A. EXAMINATIONS
COMPLETE COURSE 18 MONTHS
Class Tuesday, 7 to 9 P. M.,
Commencing
SEPTEMBER 2d
Entrants carefully selected and must possess practical knowledge of Double Entry Bookkeeping. (Those not qualified may enter Special Bookkeeping and Elementary Accounting Class forming Sept. 15th.)
PRACTICAL and THOROUGH
Practical and professional training—methods thorough and intensive. Class personally conducted by
Frank Broaker, C. P. A. No. 1,
Secretary First Board of Certified Public Accountant Examiners.
Broaker Accountics Corp'n, Inc.
BROAKER BUILDING
63 FIFTH AV., N. E. Cor. 13th St.
Telephone Stuyvesant 831.
Call or phone for personal interview

BROCKDORFF QUIT BEFORE COLLEAGUES

German Foreign Minister Did Not Wait for Resignation of Scheidemann Cabinet.

THINKS HE COULD HAVE WON

If the German People Had Been Willing to Back Him Up in a Refusal of the Peace Terms.

Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, the former German Foreign Minister and head of the German delegation at Versailles, did not wait for the resignation of the Scheidemann Cabinet in a body, but sent in his resignation to President Ebert when he learned that the peace terms were to be accepted. In his letter of resignation as published in German papers just received here, he declares he believes he could have carried through his policy if the German people had been willing to back him up and face the penalties the Allies held over Germany if she refused to sign. Brockdorff's letter to President Ebert follows:

"When I took over the direction of the foreign policy of Germany, I stated as my problem to maintain the freedom of the German nation and to make a bearable peace for the German people. When taking over the office I laid down certain conditions which I have honorably adhered to to the best of my ability.

"The foreign policy which I have carried on could only support itself upon spiritual weapons. Germany, through its military defeat, its political revolution, and through the economic pressure of the armistice terms was eliminated as a material power factor. Nevertheless I think I may say that it has been possible for me to raise Germany's political credit abroad. I ascribe this success to the fact that I have never for an instant departed from the lines which I laid down for the foreign policy.

"In full consciousness of its import. I have stated certain minimum demands for the coming peace in such strong terms that I cannot let them drop without eliminating myself as a statesman to be taken seriously. These minimum demands are concerned with territorial questions, the refusal of unjust blame for our people, and the declaration of our social and economic freedom. I have stood firm on these questions before the public, and bound the enemy therein, for they should know that a limit was set for the arrogance of the victor in a firm will.

"I have returned from Versailles in the certain hope of carrying my policy to a successful conclusion if the German people stood behind me and were ready to accept the heavy dangers with which the enemy threatens them and seeks to fright them—dangers of which I am in no way ignorant. The negotiations in Weimar have convinced me that because of home policy, and especially the preponderating interpretation of the state of mind of our sorely tried people, it seems to the Government impossible to risk the stake without which I could not reach my goal. It was, I am convinced, no light gamble. It required firmness and self confidence. I have confidence in myself, and I have not lost confidence, in spite of everything, in the German people.

"The Germans are now in the world the protagonists of the democratic idea. It is a question of a world mission which it is called upon to fulfill and which it cannot fulfill if it gives itself up. A clear and unmistakable advocacy of a policy of democratic self-determination and social justice is for the future the raison d'être of the German people. This and the inexorable fight against capitalism and imperialism, whose document the peace proposal of our opponents is, assures it a great future.

"Now I must turn away before the door of success. It has become impossible for me to carry on further the foreign policy of Germany. I will not, however, thus declare that a national official has the right to refuse his co-operation if the force of circumstances leads the Government to take decisions he himself does not approve of. It is not a question whether to me personally the carrying on of the policy forced by the acceptance of the peace terms seems endurable or not. But I would consider it a grave political error and fatal to the foreign policy of the nation if I remained in office. For every other German Minister a change of front toward the peace terms is possible and justified if the home conditions demand it.

"The Minister of Foreign Affairs, however, who took part in this change of front after he had publicly repudiated it, would endanger the respect and credit of the nation. Just so far as his policy appears incapable of carrying out must he sink in foreign estimation. If Germany now accepts the peace terms of the enemy, the political result which this huge sacrifice will bring is the quieting of the foreign situation, the calming of feelings of hate and revenge, the withdrawal of enemy troops and an opening for real peace negotiations. This part would be endangered, perhaps sacrificed, if the new relations had to be arranged by one who had rejected the terms as sharply as I did.

"If it is signed, with or without reservation, if it is now sought by concessions beyond the limits I set to buy a softening of the peace terms, which I do not believe, this policy must be carried on by a new Minister of Foreign Affairs, by a man who is less 'loaded down' than I am.

"I deeply regret to give trouble to the Government and to you, honored Herr Reichspräsident, through my refusal, but I hold myself, as the responsible director of German foreign policy, as bound to adhere to the request to be relieved of my office."

Before Ebert replied to this letter the whole Scheidemann Cabinet had resigned. The German President told Brockdorff that he had discharged his duties with great skill and firmness and that the fact that he had not achieved success was due to the force of circumstances.

LITHUANIANS FIGHT REDS.

Catholic Federation to Form Plans at Worcester Congress.

WORCESTER, Mass., Aug. 18.—The annual congress of the Federation of Lithuanian Catholic Societies of America, was opened here today with solemn religious services in St. Casimir's Church, attended by Bishop Beaven of Springfield, who welcomed the delegates to the diocese.

The delegates, during their sessions of the week, will formulate plans to combat Bolshevism among their people. Rev. John J. Jakaitis of Worcester, presided.

IDEAL
CHOCOLATE
ALMOND BARS
YOU'LL "re-discover" chocolate in IDEAL.
The Flavor comes from 19 years of Knowing How.
IDEAL COCOA & CHOCOLATE COMPANY
NEW YORK U S A MILLS LITITZ PA

6 FIREMEN HURT IN CRASH.

Newark Salvage Corps Auto Hits Squad Truck and Overturns.

Six firemen were injured, two of them seriously, and several others were badly shaken up here yesterday in a collision between the Salvage Corps auto and Squad Company No. 2 Truck, at Orange and First Streets, Newark.

Both cars were on their way to Orange and Third Streets in response to an alarm occasioned by the backfiring of an auto. The squad car, preceding the Salvage Corps car, was given a signal to stop at First Street. As it slowed up, the Salvage Corps car, which was close behind, struck one of the front steps of the other car and then turned over on its side. The injured were taken to the City Hospital, where four of them were treated for cuts and bruises, and then went home. The other two are still in the hospital suffering from possible skull fracture.

Those injured were Louis Hueber and John Reilly of the Squad Company and John Wachter, Richard Corlies, Thomas Dowd, and John Quigley of the Salvage Corps. Hueber and Wachter are the ones in the hospital.

DREYFUSS LEFT $1,305,318.

Bulk of Wealth Will Benefit Jewish Philanthropies.

An appraisal, filed yesterday, of the estate of Ludwig Dreyfuss, who died on March 6, 1918, and left the bulk of his wealth to Jewish organizations, shows that the total estate was $1,305,318, of which he gave $1,041,520 for life to his widow.

Upon her demise, $627,000 goes to the United Hebrew Charities and $210,000 to the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies. He gave $240,000 more to several score of hospitals and institutions. He had $600,000 deposited with Goldmann, Sachs & Co., and $661,264 in securities.

Henry White at Scheveningen.

PARIS, Aug. 17.—Henry White of the American peace delegation has gone to Scheveningen, Holland, for a week's rest.

Re-organizing On a Profit-Sharing Basis

INDUSTRY is undergoing a change. The worker asks for recognition and a voice in the conduct of affairs. It is a condition that requires solution and should be constructively met.

The bonus system in some form or other is helping matters in many business organizations today.

It may not be advisable to institute these methods in every case, but your organization may be one to be decidedly benefited by its application.

SEIDMAN & SEIDMAN
Certified Public Accountants
41 PARK ROW
NEW YORK.
Western Office—Grand Rapids, Mich.

EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED

It's a distinct aid to any housekeeper who desires to economize, and at the same time have appetizing, nourishing and satisfactory cooking at every meal. That's

LEA & PERRINS
SAUCE
THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Italian
BITTER-SWEET
Chocolates
Filled with luscious fruits
Wonderful
My girl says so!
Hatch
HATCH — HE PAYS THE PARCEL POST
35th St. & Herald Sq.
Bway. & 30th
Bway. & 45th

Adding and Calculating Machines
BOUGHT SOLD
RENTED REPAIRED
Machines from $42.50 up.
For Value plus Service
Write, call or phone
Cortlandt 2445 or 7509.
Cities Adding Machine Service Co.
156-158 Broadway.

Reduced to Figures This Is What These Tires Save

Maintenance with The Motor Hauling Company, Inc., of New York, one of the largest cartage concerns in the country, is a singularly fine science—every penny in upkeep and depreciation being carefully tabulated.

Read now why the great fleet of The Motor Haulage Company rides *only* on the sleek, burly treads of Goodrich De Luxe Truck Tires, as told by the books of this concern.

Our yearly record shows the following tire economies:

Average mileage, front wheels	15,000 miles
Average mileage, rear wheels	12,300 miles
Gasoline consumption reduced	10%
Oil consumption reduced	10%
Repairs, maintenance, etc.	15%

Why not reduce your high cost of haulage? Here are figures to show you the solution—buy De Luxe Tires, *made only by Goodrich.*

10,000 Miles Adjustment

We Sell and Apply De Luxe Tires

AKRON RUBBER TIRE CO.,
605 West 48th St. Telephone Bryant 7314.
E. SCHOONMAKER CO., Inc.,
89 Walker St.
DOUGLAS DEAN CO.,
594 East 134th St. Telephone Melrose 2730.
C. J. DALTON,
90th St. and 1st Ave.
SERBA RUBBER CO., Inc.,
451 W. 16th St. Phone Farragut 7119.

GOODRICH
"Best In The Long Run"
GOODRICH
DE LUXE
TRUCK TIRES

Count the cost after two years

THERE are many methods of cost accounting used in figuring maintenance and operating expenses of trucks, but every system recognizes that time spent in the repair shop is a dead loss.

"Money saved" by buying cheap equipment is soon eaten up by the time lost during repairs, to say nothing of the money spent on repairs. The owner is left with an impaired truck that is practically worthless except as a "trade-in" to induce him to repeat the experience.

After one or two experiments like this, most owners learn that built-in quality is true economy and costs less in a very short time.

Owners know the real economy of Pierce-Arrows.

Pierce Arrow

Delivers more work in a given time;
Loses less time on the job and off the job;
Costs less to operate and less to maintain;
Lasts longer, depreciates less and commands a higher resale price at all times.

HARROLDS MOTOR CAR CO.
233-239 West 54th Street
New York, N. Y.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR CO.
416 Central Avenue
Newark, N. J.

The news that affects your income most

THE news that affects your income most is coming out of Washington these days.

News of taxes, of great changes in industry, of foreign trade and commercial readjustments.

The big men of industry recognize this fact; they make it a point to keep in touch.

Ask the biggest men you know what magazine they like the most.

Take a leaf from the note book of the nation's business leaders; they read

The NATION'S BUSINESS
The magazine that executives read
PUBLISHED BY THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF THE U. S. AT WASHINGTON